Diabetic Readmission Risk Prediction

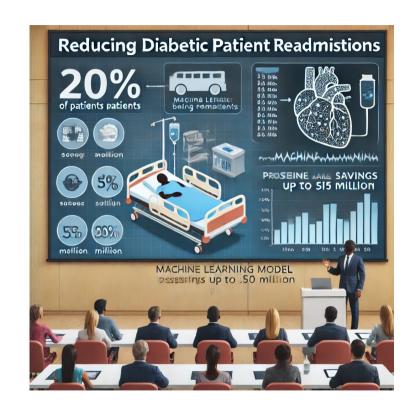
Jonathan Agustin

Zach Robertson

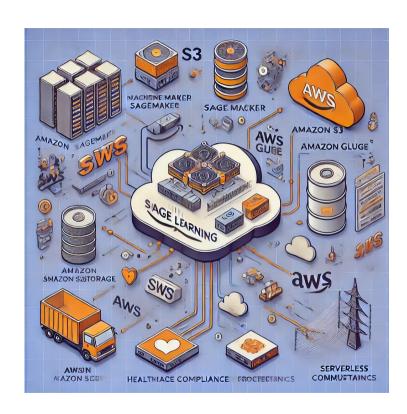
Lisa Vo



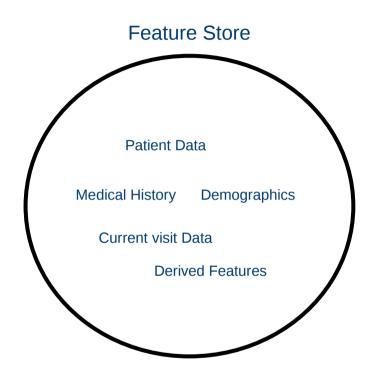
Hospitals face high costs due to diabetic patient readmissions, with 20% of patients returning within 30 days of discharge. Our solution uses machine learning to predict high-risk patients, enabling interventions that could reduce readmission rates by 10%, saving mid-sized hospitals up to \$5 million annually and improving patient health outcomes.



Our machine learning system architecture is built on AWS, using Amazon SageMaker for model training and deployment. Data is stored in Amazon S3, processed through AWS Glue, and computations are handled serverlessly via AWS Lambda. This design ensures scalability, regulatory compliance, and minimal maintenance.

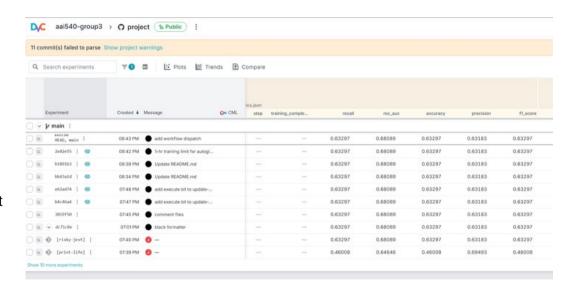


Our system uses the SageMaker Feature Store to organize key patient data into groups such as demographics, medical history, current visit data, and derived features. This organization allows easy feature reuse, version control, and ensures reproducibility.



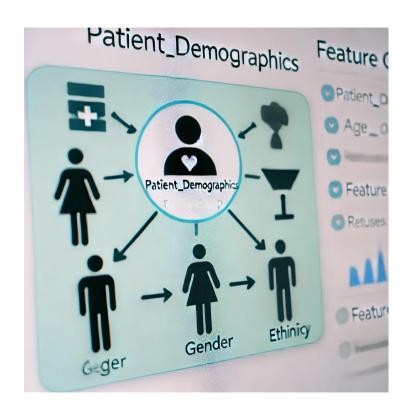
We manage our data using AWS SageMaker Feature Store, which organizes the data used by our machine learning model into several feature groups:

- **1.** Patient Demographics Includes age, gender, and ethnicity.
- **2. Medical History** Contains previous diagnoses and treatments.
- Current Visit Data Provides details about the patient's most recent hospital stay.
- **4. Derived Features** Newly calculated data points that enhance predictive accuracy.





In our 'patient_demographics' feature group, data like age, gender, and ethnicity are stored. This approach promotes collaboration across teams and ensures feature consistency and trackability over time.

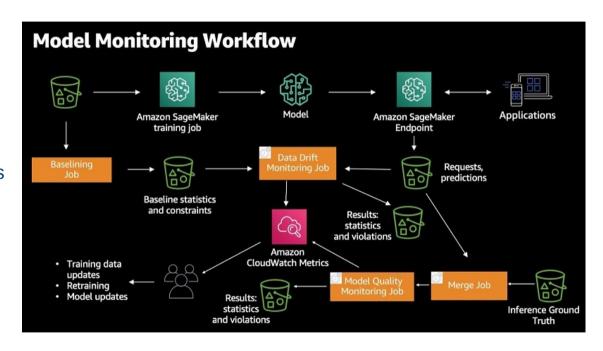


We monitor system performance using AWS CloudWatch, tracking metrics like CPU utilization, memory usage, and API latency. Alerts are set for predefined thresholds to ensure proactive issue resolution.



Amazon CloudWatch

SageMaker Model Monitor tracks prediction distribution, feature importance, and accuracy over time. This allows us to detect performance degradation and shifts in prediction patterns.



We use Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor to continuously track the performance of our machine learning model. This tool helps us in the following ways:

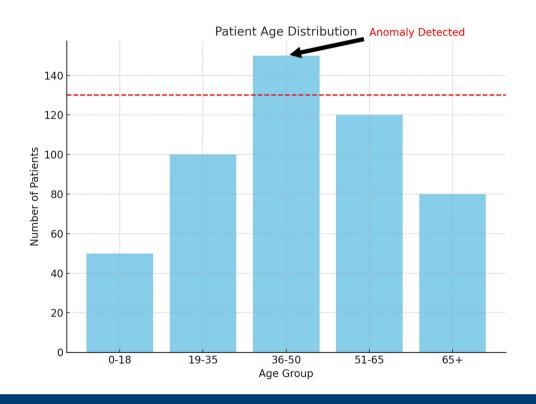
- **1. Prediction Distribution:** Monitors if the model is predicting high risk for more (or fewer) patients than usual.
- **2. Feature Importance:** Tracks changes in the importance of features, alerting us if the model starts relying too much on a single feature.
- **3. Accuracy Over Time:** Detects any degradation in model performance, allowing us to take corrective action promptly.



Example

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Custom data quality checks, such as monitoring patient age distribution, are in place to detect issues with the data ingestion process, ensuring reliable and accurate input for the model.



Our continuous integration and deployment pipeline, implemented with GitHub Actions, automates updates to the system, ensuring smooth and reliable model deployment.

