

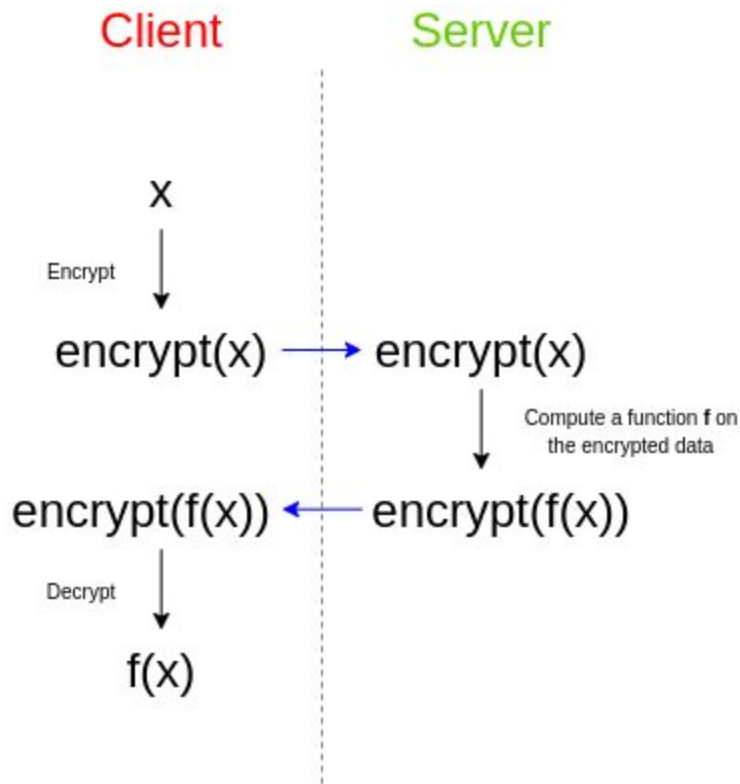
# Homomorphic Encryption

**Aakanksha Duggal**

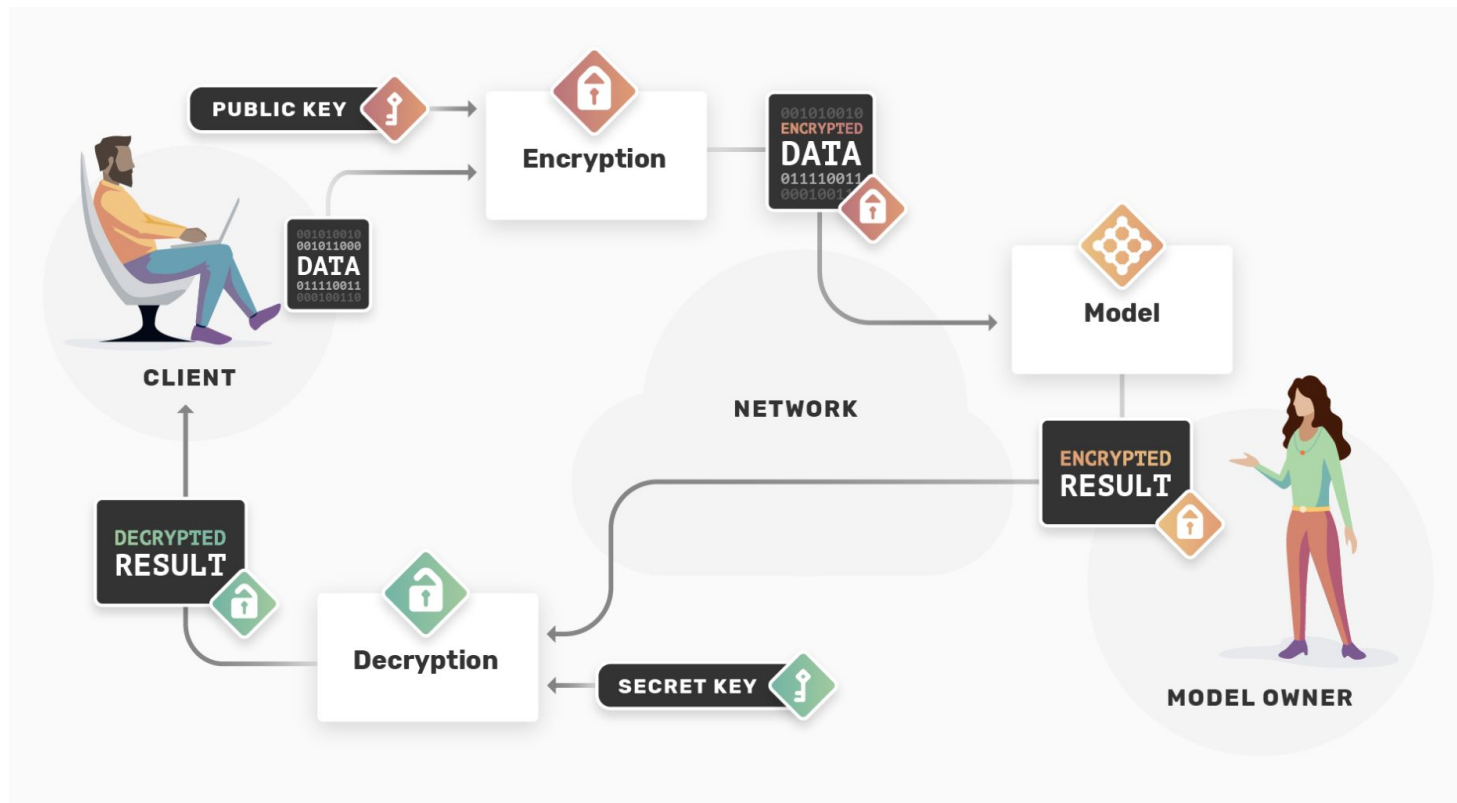
*Senior Data Scientist*

*ET Data Science Team*

# What is Homomorphic Encryption?



# What is Homomorphic Encryption?



# Applications of Homomorphic Encryption



**Telco**  
Telecommunications



**Software  
Companies**



**Transportation**  
Car



**Government  
(general)**  
Government



**Aerospace/defense**  
Fighter jet



**Healthcare**  
Heart monitor

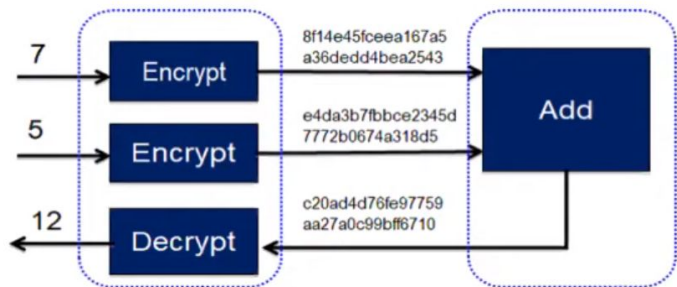


**Financial services**  
Money



**Hybrid cloud  
infrastructure**

# Homomorphic Encryption



## Advantages

- Perform inference on encrypted data
- No interaction between the data and the model owners
- Data Storage outsourcing

## Disadvantages

- Computationally expensive
- Limited calculations and operations

# Homomorphic Encryption

## Partially HE (PHE)

Supports only one operation  
"+ Or x"

Paillier Partially HE

## Somewhat HE (SHE)

Supports only two operations  
But limits to a certain operations.

BFV Scheme

## Fully HE (FHE)

Can support any number of  
complex operations.

CKKS and BGV Scheme

# Comparison Study

	+	-	x					
Pallier (PHE)	✓		✓					
BFV (SHE)	✓	✓	✓					
CKKS (FHE)	✓	✓	✓					

# Comparison Study

	+	-	x	Python-paillier				
Pallier (PHE)	✓		✓	✓				
BFV (SHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗				
CKKS (FHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗				



# Comparison Study

	+	-	x	Python-paillier	PySEAL/ SEAL-python			
Pallier (PHE)	✓		✓	✓	✗			
BFV (SHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓			
CKKS (FHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓			

# Comparison Study

	+	-	x	Python-paillier	PySEAL	pyFHE		
Pallier (PHE)	✓		✓	✓	✗	✗		
BFV (SHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓		
CKKS (FHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓		

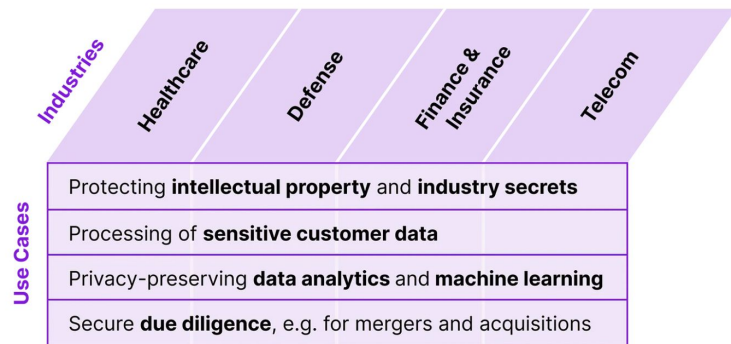
# Comparison Study

	+	-	x	Python-paillier	PySEAL	pyFHE	PyFHEL	
Pallier (PHE)	✓		✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	
BFV (SHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	
CKKS (FHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	

# Comparison Study

	+	-	x	Python-paillier	PySEAL	pyFHE	PyFHEL	TenSEAL
Pallier (PHE)	✓		✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
BFV (SHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
CKKS (FHE)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

# Homomorphic Encryption vs Confidential computing



Use cases and industries for which HE and CC are relevant

## HE

- **No specialized hardware**
- Lack of hardware for compute intensive tasks
- Lack of attestation mechanism

## CC

- **Works with hardware**
- Limited to a certain places to execute
- attestation mechanism ensures data and code integrity

# Thank you, questions?

- Github - <https://github.com/redhat-et/homomorphic-learning/>



[linkedin.com/company/red-hat](https://www.linkedin.com/company/red-hat)



[youtube.com/user/RedHatVideos](https://www.youtube.com/user/RedHatVideos)



[facebook.com/redhatinc](https://www.facebook.com/redhatinc)



[twitter.com/RedHat](https://twitter.com/RedHat)