

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
from pandas .plotting import scatter_matrix
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

1 DATA CLEANING_Dataset_1_Airbnb and Visualization

```
In [3]: df = pd.read_csv('Airbnb_Dataset.csv')
```

```
In [4]: dh = pd.read_csv('HR_Dataset.csv')
```

```
In [5]: df.shape
```

Out[5]: (249, 16)

```
In [8]: df.head(2)
```

Out[8]:

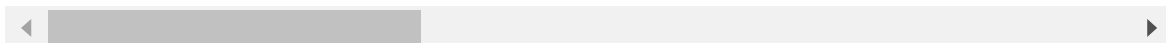
irhood	latitude	longitude	room_type	price	minimum_nights	number_of_reviews
ensington	40.64749	-73.97237	Private room	149		1
Midtown	40.75362	-73.98377	Entire home/apt	225		1



```
In [9]: df.tail(2)
```

Out[9]:

	id	name	host_id	host_name	neighbourhood_group	neighbourhood
247	62427	Great East Village Apartment Rental	303882	Brie	Manhattan	East Vill
248	62430	BROWNSTONE SUNDRENCHED BEAUTY	197755	Sheila	Brooklyn	Bushw



In [14]: `df.columns`

Out[14]: Index(['id', 'name', 'host_id', 'host_name', 'neighbourhood_group', 'neighbourhood', 'latitude', 'longitude', 'room_type', 'price', 'minimum_nights', 'number_of_reviews', 'last_review', 'reviews_per_month', 'calculated_host_listings_count', 'availability_365'], dtype='object')

In []:

In []:

In [10]: `df.index`

Out[10]: RangeIndex(start=0, stop=249, step=1)

In [11]: `# check for dimension`
`df.ndim`

Out[11]: 2

In [12]: `# check for basic information`
`df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 249 entries, 0 to 248
Data columns (total 16 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   id                    249 non-null   int64
 1   name                  249 non-null   object
 2   host_id               249 non-null   int64
 3   host_name             249 non-null   object
 4   neighbourhood_group    249 non-null   object
 5   neighbourhood         249 non-null   object
 6   latitude              249 non-null   float64
 7   longitude             249 non-null   float64
 8   room_type             249 non-null   object
 9   price                 249 non-null   int64
10  minimum_nights        249 non-null   int64
11  number_of_reviews     249 non-null   int64
12  last_review           242 non-null   object
13  reviews_per_month     242 non-null   float64
14  calculated_host_listings_count  249 non-null   int64
15  availability_365       249 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(7), object(6)
memory usage: 31.3+ KB
```

In [15]: `# delete unnecessary coumns`
`df.drop(['reviews_per_month', 'calculated_host_listings_count'], axis=1, inp`

```
In [16]: # delete the null amount values  
df.dropna(inplace =True)
```

```
In [17]: df.shape
```

```
Out[17]: (242, 14)
```

```
In [18]: # check all columns name
```

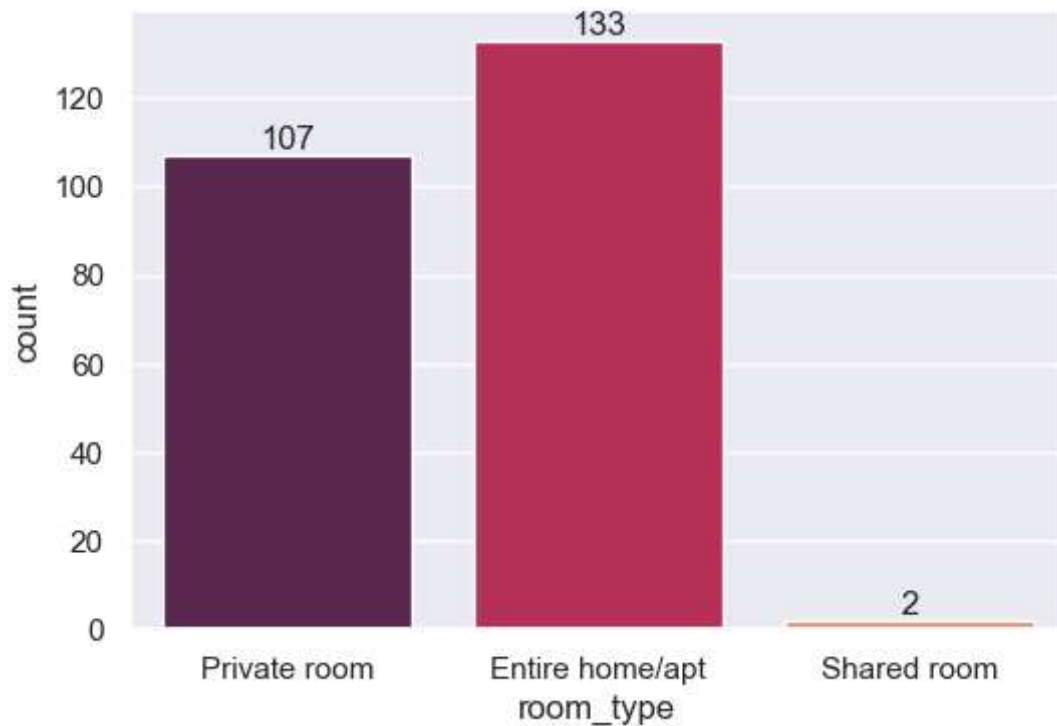
```
for i in df.columns:  
    print(i)
```

```
id  
name  
host_id  
host_name  
neighbourhood_group  
neighbourhood  
latitude  
longitude  
room_type  
price  
minimum_nights  
number_of_reviews  
last_review  
availability_365
```

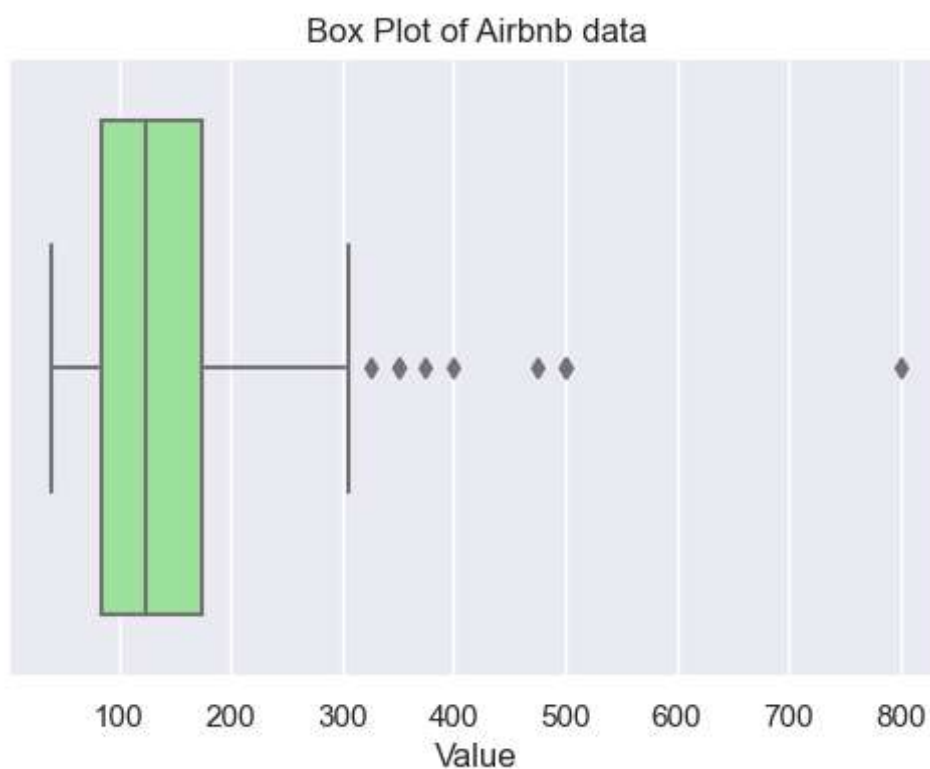
```
In [ ]: # change data ttype if required  
# change the amount dtype fro folat to int  
  
df['price']=df['price'].astype(int)
```

```
In [ ]: # to check statistics of data  
df.describe()
```

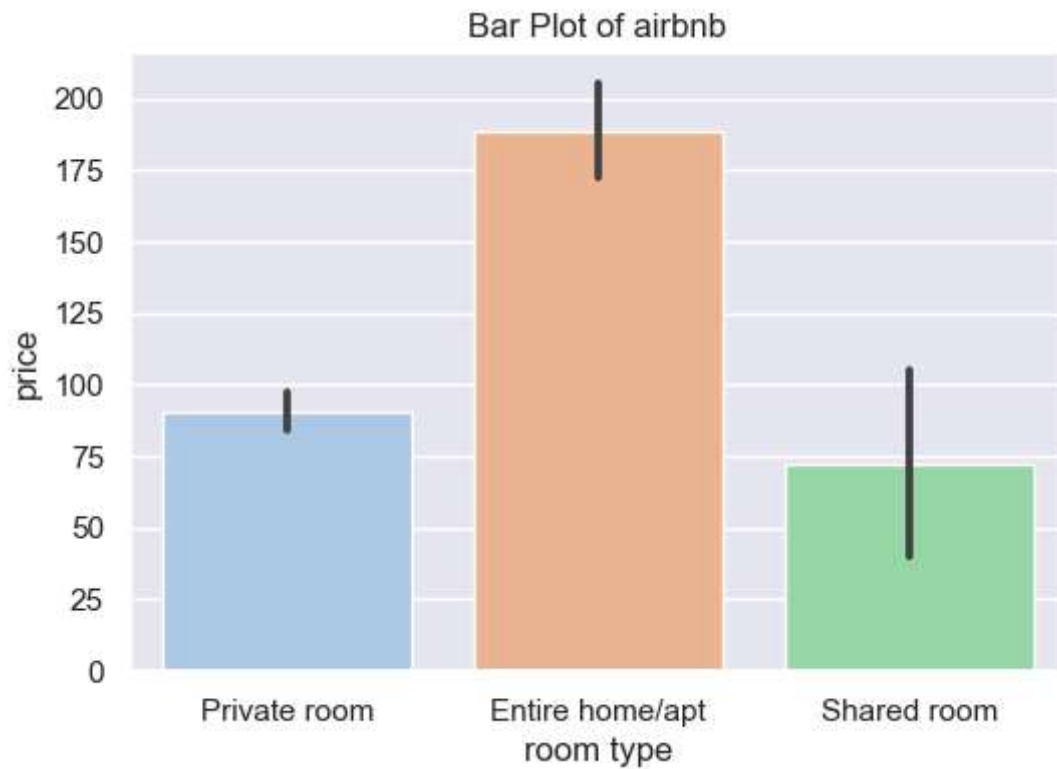
```
In [19]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(6,4)})  
plot = sns.countplot(x='room_type', data=df, palette='rocket')  
for count in plot.containers:  
    plot.bar_label(count)  
plt.show()
```



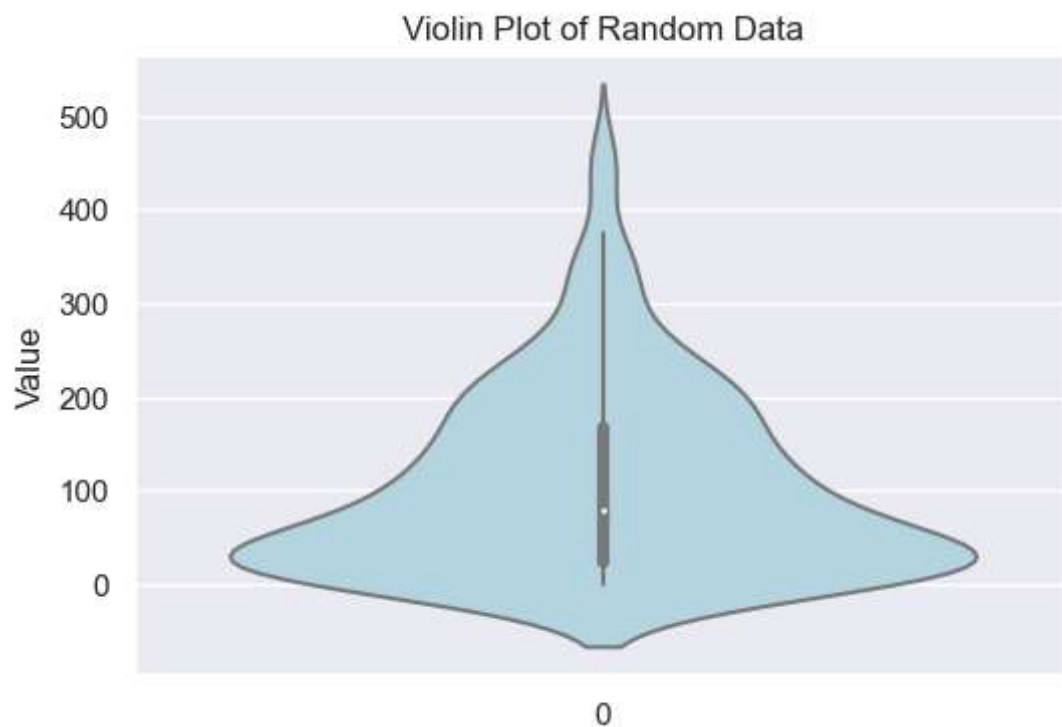
```
In [24]: sns.boxplot(x=df['price'], color='lightgreen')  
plt.title('Box Plot of Airbnb data')  
plt.xlabel('Value')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [27]: sns.barplot(x=df['room_type'], y=df['price'], palette='pastel')
plt.title('Bar Plot of airbnb')
plt.xlabel('room type')
plt.ylabel('price')
plt.show()
```



```
In [29]: sns.violinplot(data=df['number_of_reviews'], color='lightblue')
plt.title('Violin Plot of Random Data')
plt.ylabel('Value')
plt.show()
```



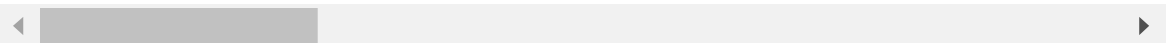
2 Data cleaning Data Set 2 HR Dataset and Visualization

```
In [31]: dh.head(2)
```

```
Out[31]:
```

	Employee_Name	EmpID	MarriedID	MaritalStatusID	GenderID	EmpStatusID
0	Adinolfi, Wilson K	10026	0	0	1	1
1	Ait Sidi, Karthikeyan	10084	1	1	1	5

2 rows × 36 columns



```
In [32]: dh.tail()
```

```
Out[32]:
```

	Employee_Name	EmpID	MarriedID	MaritalStatusID	GenderID	EmpStatusID
306	Woodson, Jason	10135	0	0	1	1
307	Ybarra, Catherine	10301	0	0	0	5
308	Zamora, Jennifer	10010	0	0	0	1
309	Zhou, Julia	10043	0	0	0	1
310	Zima, Colleen	10271	0	4	0	1

5 rows × 36 columns



```
In [ ]: dh.shape
dh.column
dh.index
```

```
In [34]: df.ndim
```

```
Out[34]: 2
```

In [36]: `df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 242 entries, 0 to 248
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                    242 non-null   int64
1   name                  242 non-null   object
2   host_id               242 non-null   int64
3   host_name             242 non-null   object
4   neighbourhood_group    242 non-null   object
5   neighbourhood          242 non-null   object
6   latitude              242 non-null   float64
7   longitude             242 non-null   float64
8   room_type             242 non-null   object
9   price                 242 non-null   int64
10  minimum_nights         242 non-null   int64
11  number_of_reviews      242 non-null   int64
12  last_review            242 non-null   object
13  availability_365        242 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(6), object(6)
memory usage: 36.5+ KB
```

In [37]: `df.describe()`

Out[37]:

	id	host_id	latitude	longitude	price	minimum_nights	ni
count	242.000000	2.420000e+02	242.000000	242.000000	242.000000	242.000000	
mean	31667.024793	1.518822e+05	40.729170	-73.964527	144.272727	8.479339	
std	17953.882898	4.062905e+05	0.048392	0.029916	92.279028	20.365172	
min	2539.000000	2.787000e+03	40.631880	-74.080880	40.000000	1.000000	
25%	16430.250000	5.136225e+04	40.688108	-73.985222	85.000000	2.000000	
50%	28651.500000	1.023750e+05	40.720280	-73.965835	125.000000	3.000000	
75%	46864.000000	1.935678e+05	40.759568	-73.948373	175.000000	5.000000	
max	62430.000000	6.197784e+06	40.864820	-73.765970	800.000000	200.000000	

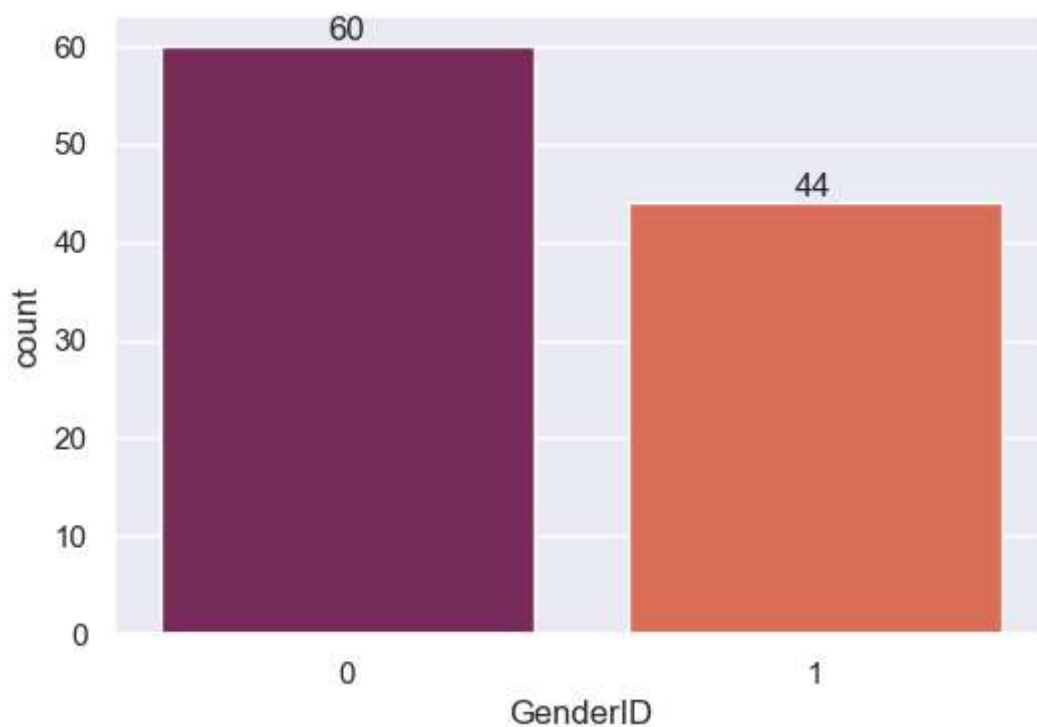
In [38]: `dh.dropna(inplace = True)`

```
In [39]: for i in dh.columns:  
         print(i)
```

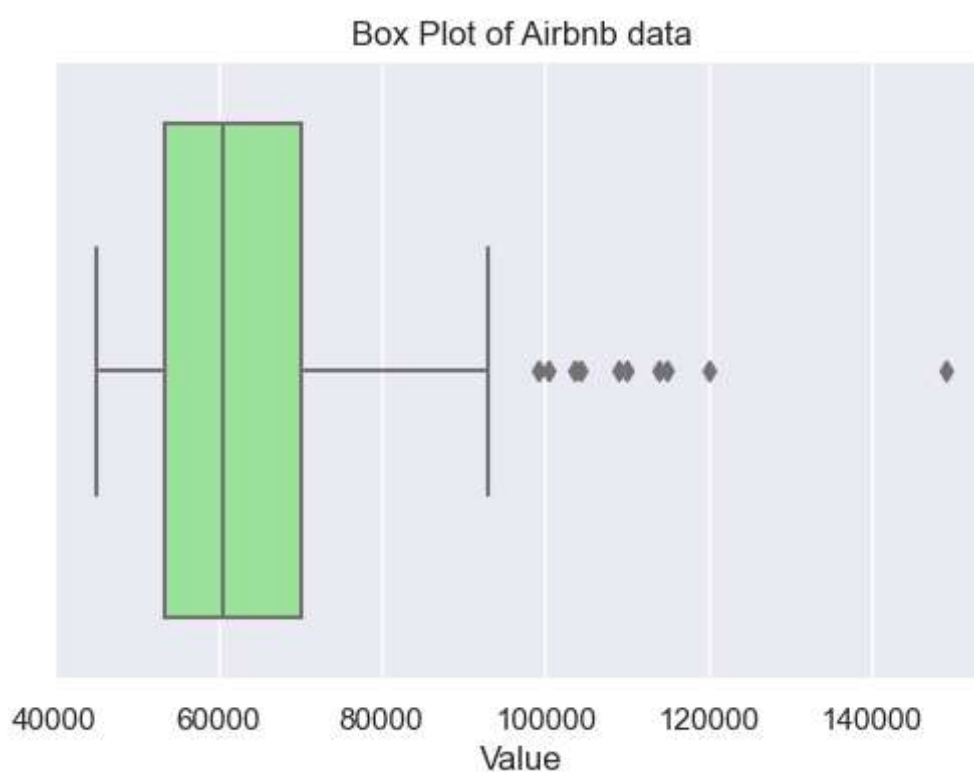
```
Employee_Name  
EmpID  
MarriedID  
MaritalStatusID  
GenderID  
EmpStatusID  
DeptID  
PerfScoreID  
FromDiversityJobFairID  
Salary  
Termd  
PositionID  
Position  
State  
Zip  
DOB  
Sex  
MaritalDesc  
CitizenDesc  
HispanicLatino  
RaceDesc  
DateofHire  
DateofTermination  
TermReason  
EmploymentStatus  
Department  
ManagerName  
ManagerID  
RecruitmentSource  
PerformanceScore  
EngagementSurvey  
EmpSatisfaction  
SpecialProjectsCount  
LastPerformanceReview_Date  
DaysLateLast30  
Absences
```



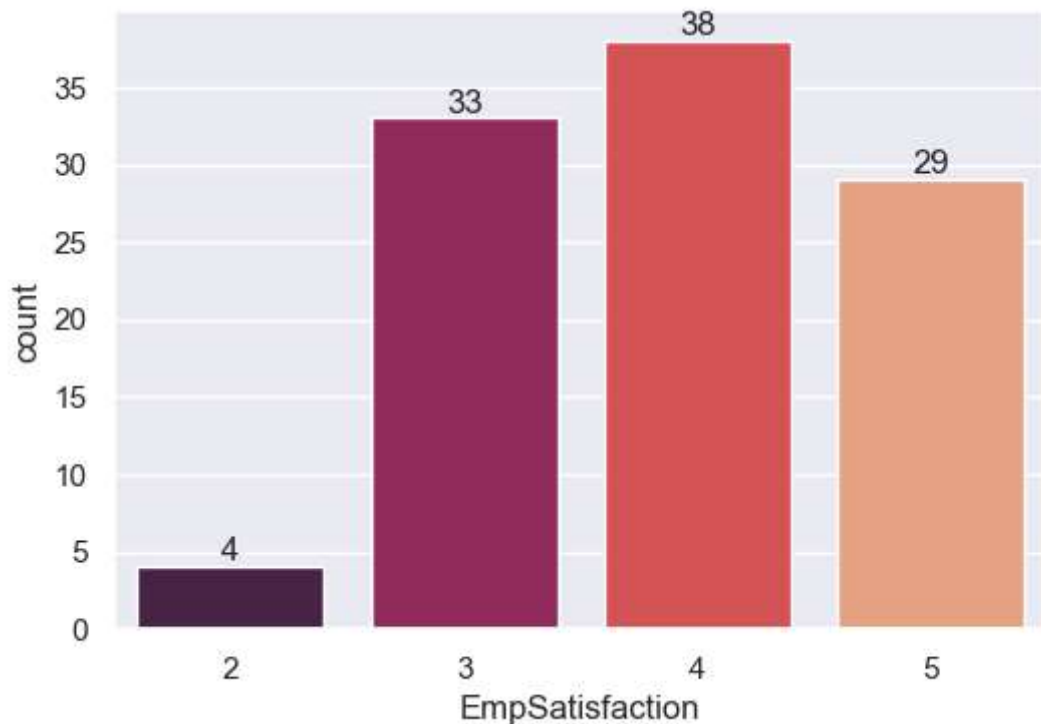
```
In [40]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(6,4)})  
plot = sns.countplot(x='GenderID', data=dh, palette='rocket')  
for count in plot.containers:  
    plot.bar_label(count)  
plt.show()
```



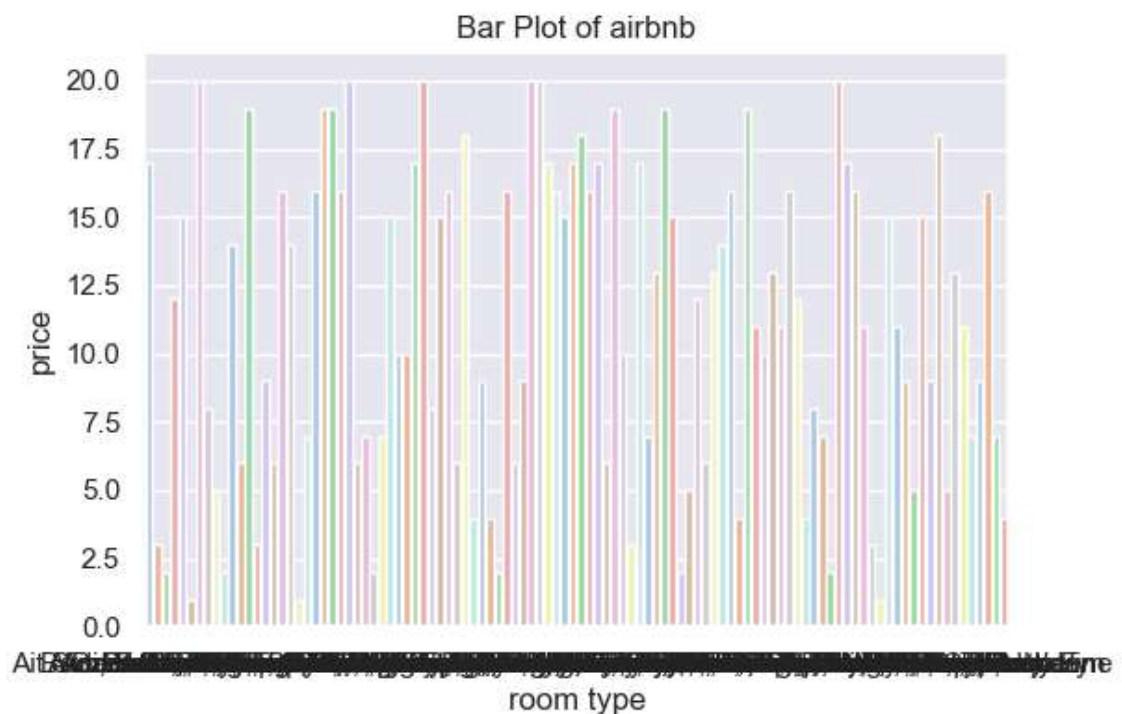
```
In [41]: sns.boxplot(x=dh['Salary'], color='lightgreen')  
plt.title('Box Plot of Airbnb data')  
plt.xlabel('Value')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [42]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(6,4)})
plot = sns.countplot(x='EmpSatisfaction', data=dh, palette='rocket')
for count in plot.containers:
    plot.bar_label(count)
plt.show()
```



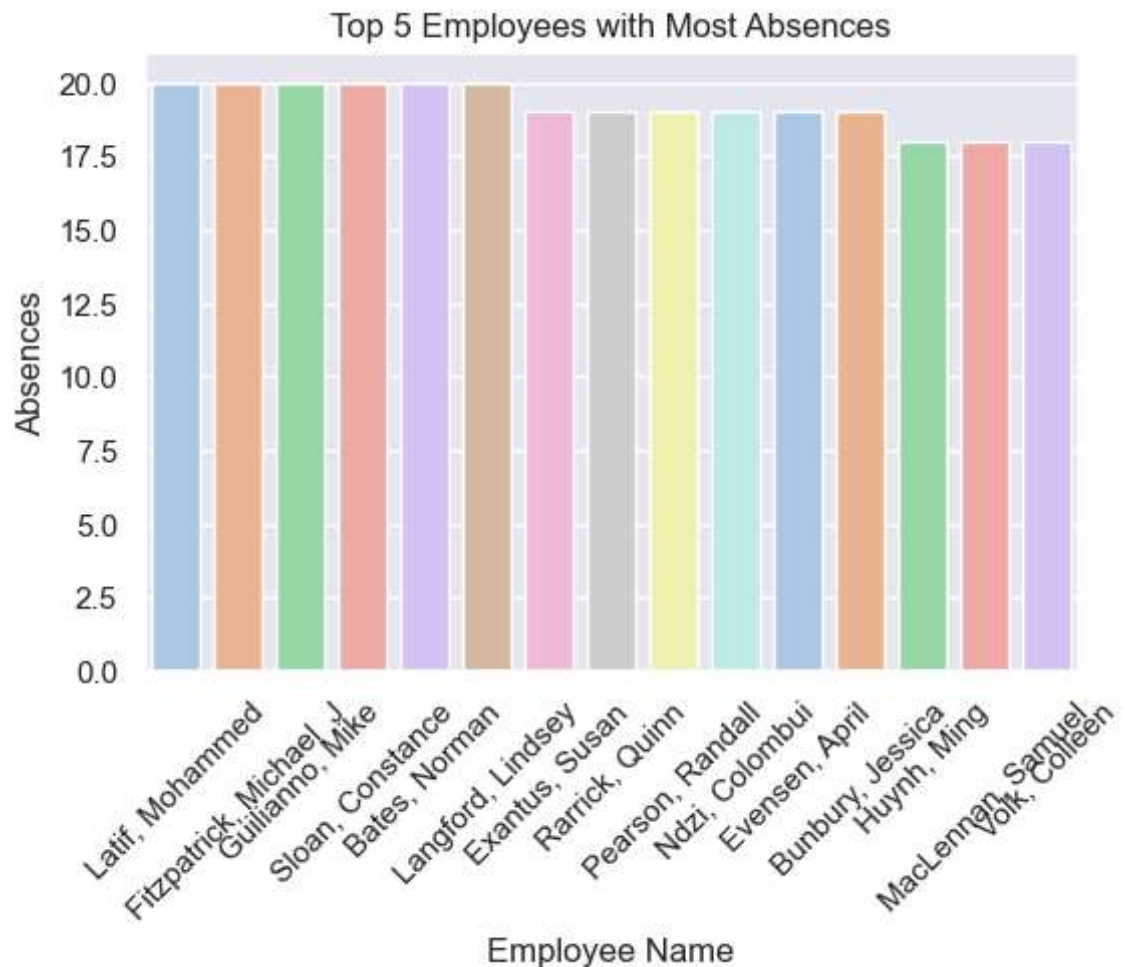
```
In [45]: sns.barplot(x=dh['Employee_Name'], y=dh['Absences'], palette='pastel')
plt.title('Bar Plot of airbnb')
plt.xlabel('room type')
plt.ylabel('price')
plt.show()
```



```
In [49]: # Sort the DataFrame by 'Absences' column in descending order
sorted_df = dh.sort_values(by='Absences', ascending=False)

# Select the top 5 rows
top_5 = sorted_df.head(15)

# Plot bar plot for the top 5 rows
sns.barplot(x=top_5['Employee_Name'], y=top_5['Absences'], palette='pastel')
plt.title('Top 5 Employees with Most Absences')
plt.xlabel('Employee Name')
plt.ylabel('Absences')
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.show()
```



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