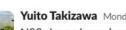


Al Policy Clinic Meeting #3

CAIDP Research Group September 22, 2025

Japan is drafting Al **Basic Plan to** support Japan Al Act



Yuito Takizawa Monday at 10:57 AM

NO3. Japan Launches Al Strategy Headquarters to Formulate Basic Plan [#Japan] (.yt) (#sg08_f25)

Summary

On September 12, 2025, the Japanese government held the first meeting of its newly established "Artificial Intelligence Strategy Headquarters." This body will function as the central command for national AI policy. Its primary objective is to formulate a basic AI plan that encompasses R&D, promotion of Al utilization, and strategies for addressing associated risks. The government has stated its ambition to make Japan the "most Al-friendly country in the world" for development and application.

Analysis

The direct leadership of the Prime Minister and the inclusion of all cabinet ministers underscores Al's elevation to a top-tier national priority, integral to industrial competitiveness and national security. The four-pillar framework indicates a

comprehensive strategy that balances aggressive industrial promotion ('Using AI', 'Creating AI') with essential governance and societal safeguards ('Enhancing Reliability', 'Collaborating with AI').

CAIDP Relevance

For CAIDP, the development of guidelines under the third pillar is a key area to watch, as it will define how Japan protects rights and interests while pursuing its pro-innovation agenda.



Peru approves Al Law



Arianna Valentini Monday at 11:08 AM 😅 #>







N01. Peru publishes National AI Law to promote economic and social development. [#Peru] (.av) (#sg-15-f25)

On September 10th, the Government of Peru has approved the Regulation for Law No. 31814, which promotes the use of artificial intelligence (AI) to drive the country's economic and social development. The regulation establishes the Secretaría

de Gobierno y Transformación Digital (SGTD) under the PCM as the technical-normative authority responsible for oversight, defining standards, guidelines, and good practices to ensure safe, ethical, and responsible use of AI.

It mandates the incorporation of AI education across all levels, supports teacher training, research labs, and innovation hubs; and introduces algorithmic transparency, human supervision in high-risk systems, and protections against misuse including discrimination, mass surveillance, or manipulation. The regulation also promotes experimentation environments for startups, micro-enterprises, public sector entities, academia, with participation from private sector and civil society.

This regulation represents a significant step toward establishing a governance framework for artificial intelligence (AI), setting ethical principles, supervisory roles, and rules for high-risk uses while promoting AI education and

entrepreneurship. However, it has critical weaknesses: it lacks its own enforcement and sanction mechanisms, relying on existing institutions with limited capacity; it uses vague definitions of what constitutes "high-risk" or "misuse," creating room for legal uncertainty; and it risks placing heavy



Colombia to fast track its Al Act



María Serrano Monday at 11:10 AM



N01. Colombia's President compels Congress to "fast-track" the AI Bill [#CO](.ms)(#sg-11-f25)

Summary

Colombia's President, Gustavo Petro, compels Congress to fast-track the Artificial Intelligence Bill, which seeks to establish a modern regulatory framework ensuring transparency, responsibility, and human rights protection. Drafted by the Ministry of Science (MinCiencias), it classifies AI systems by risk, imposing stricter control on high-risk applications affecting life, health, or liberty. The Ministry of Science will act as a national AI authority, overseeing regulation, certification, and supervision. The proposal includes administrative, civil, criminal, and ethical responsibilities, aiming to foster innovation under ethical principles, and to position Colombia as a regional pioneer aligned with international standards. Fast-tracked, Congress must process it within thirty days per chamber, securing a timely and solid

Analysis

legal framework.

Fast-tracking may give Colombia short-term legal clarity and strategic edge in AI governance. However, speed risks undermining sufficient deliberation and oversight, which paradoxically could weaken the very principles it seeks to protect and possibly limit the Bill's adaptability to a continuously evolving and highly complex field.

Primary Source

Presidency of Colombia, Presidente Petro envía mensaje de urgencia para proyecto de Ley de Inteligencia Artificial (Sep. 10, 2025),



Malaysia launches national Al framework



Saima Tariq Monday at 12:16 PM







NO2. Malaysia announces formal AI Nation Framework at ASEAN AI Malaysia Summit 2025 [#Malaysia] (.stk) (#sg05_f25)

Summary

On September 11, 2025, Malaysia officially announced the Al Nation Framework during the ASEAN AI Malaysia Summit

2025. This government-led policy framework establishes five strategic pillars focused on Al governance, digital trust, workforce development, infrastructure, and investment facilitation. The framework provides a formal national policy roadmap to democratize Ai, boister digital inclusion, and foster public-private cooperation, backed by commitments to enforceable guidelines and regulatory oversight to ensure ethical and secure Al adoption across sectors.

Analysis

Malaysia's AI Nation Framework represents a significant policy milestone as an officially endorsed national strategy, marking a clear governmental commitment to AI governance with actionable pillars. Its emphasis on regulatory oversight and digital trust addresses key governance challenges, setting a national standard for equitable and responsible AI adoption. The integration of strategic investment and workforce policies illustrates a holistic government approach balancing innovation promotion with societal safeguards. This framework is a valuable case study for CAIDP on effective AI policy design in emerging markets.

Primary Source:

Prime Minister's Office of Malaysia, "PM Anwar Outlines Five Pillars For Malaysia's Al Nation Framework," Bernama, (Sep. 11,





What was not SAIPN?

- Old dates (not news)
- Announcement of conferences or events (not policy)
- Announcement of public input / consultation (not policy)
- Announcements of investments in infrastructure that follow from AI strategies (not HR, rule of law, democracy related policy)



How do we communicate SAIPN to others?







Center for AI and Digital Policy

Conter for Al and 81,577 followers

CAIDP Update 7.33 - Al Policy News (Sept. 15, 2025)

- FTC Launches AI Chatbot Investigation After State Warnings on Teen Deaths
- EU Commission to Study Social Media Age Restrictions Citing Algorithmic Harms
- China Publishes Draft AI Ethics Management Measures
- Albania Announces Al System for Public Procurement
- South Korea Establishes National Al Strategy Committee
- Peru Enacts AI Regulation with Three-Tier Risk Framework
- FTC Finalizes Workado Enforcement Action, Notes CAIDP's Comments
- CAIDP California Advocates for AI Safety Bills Awaiting Governor's Signature
- 磨 渝 CAIDP Urges Federal AI Safeguards as Senate Hearing Reveals Need to Suspend Grok
- CAIDP Advises Ukraine on AI Regulations for Energy Sector
- Al Calde President Participates in Al Safety Asia Tokyo Roundtable
- CAIDP Policy Group Coordinator Participates in Aspen Institute Program

Federal Trade Commission European

Union #china #albania #southkorea Workado Gavin Newsom United States Senate #ukraine #energy #Aleducators #Alsafety Merve Hickok Julian Theseira Christabel Randolph Aspen Institute Central Europe

Fun with emojis 😉



Communications depends on context - purpose and audience



Effective communications require creativity



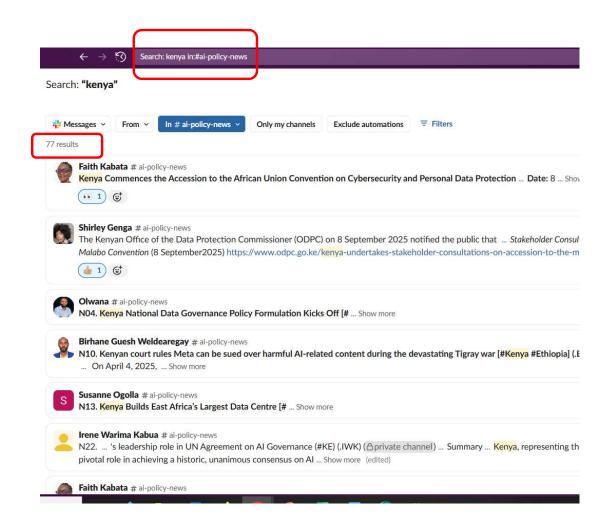


Use of SAIPN



SAIPN on Slack is reference & knowledge base for all of us!







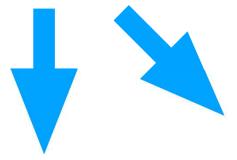
SAIPN and **CAIDP**



CAIDP Update 7.32 - AI Policy News (Sept. 8, 2025)

- State Attorneys General Demand OpenAl Accountability Following ChatGPT-Linked Deaths
- China Enforces Comprehensive AI Content Labeling Rule
- Uruguay First Latin American Nation to Sign Council of Europe Al Treaty
- australia to Restrict Access to Al "Nudify" Tools Through Company Obligations
- Google Avoids Chrome Breakup While Facing Over \$4 Billion in Global Fines
- EU Launches Al Transparency Consultation Amid Enforcement Delay Concerns
- Anthropic to Pay at Least \$1.5 Billion in Historic AI Copyright Settlement
- 록 Egypt Ranks First in Africa for AI Readiness Despite Critical Implementation Gaps
- 🛕 CAIDP AI Policy Clinics Attract Record Global Participation for Fall 2025
- NYT Investigation Bolsters Coalition's Federal Grok Ban Push
- CAIDP Executive Director Addresses AI Contestability at European Criminology Conference







Center for AI and Digital Policy Statement to the UN General Assembly 2025

22 September 2025

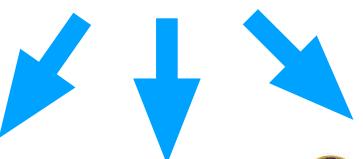
Your Excellencies,
Antonio Guterres, Secretary General
Amandeep Gill, Under-Secretary-General and Special Envoy for Digital and Emerging
Technologies, Office for Digital and Emerging Technologies

The Center for AI and Digital Policy (CAIDP) welcomes the opportunity to provide recommendations on AI policy for the 80th United Nations (UN) General Assembly. Over the last several years, CAIDP has worked closely with many UN agencies and institutions on the development of AI policy frameworks. We commend the continued progress of the UN toward an AI future that is inclusive, sustainable, and safeguards the rights of all.





SAIPN and Al Policy





Secretary-General

Home About ▼ Vision ▼ The Team ▼ Daily Agenda ▼ Statements/Reports ▼ Media ▼

Statement attributable to the Spokesperson for the Secretary-General – on the General Assembly decision on new artificial intelligence governance mechanisms within the United Nations

Stéphane Dujarric, Spokesman for the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General warmly welcomes the General Assembly's decision to establish two new mechanisms within the United Nations to promote international cooperation on the governance of artificial intelligence (AI).

The establishment of the United Nations Independent International Scientific Panel on AI and the Global Dialogue on AI Governance marks a significant step forward in global efforts to harness the benefits of artificial intelligence while addressing its risks. This pathbreaking milestone underlines Member States' commitment to build on the Global Digital Compact adopted as part of the Pact for the Future in September 2024.

⊗» OECD

Governing with Artificial Intelligence

The State of Play and Way Forward in Core Government Functions



FEDERA W.

Office of the Secretary

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20580

August 22, 2025

The Center for AI and Digital Policy (CAIPD)

Re: In the Matter of Workado, LLC, f/k/a Content at Scale AI FTC File No. 232-3092

Dear CAIPD:

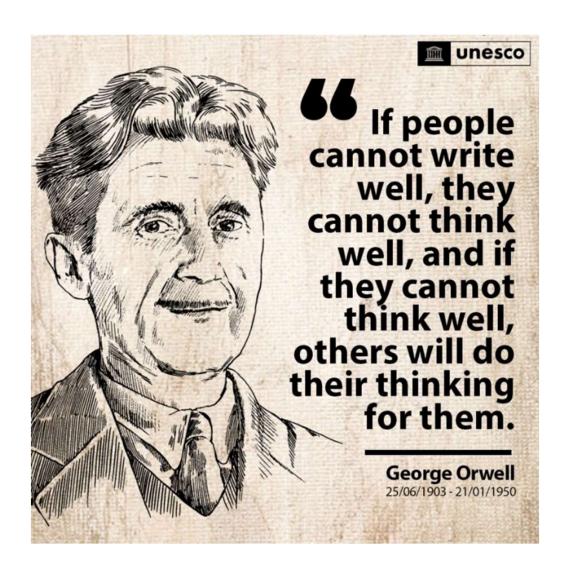
The Commission's analysis is aided by hearing from a variety of sources, and we appreciate your comment regarding the above-referenced matter. The Commission has placed your comment on the public record pursuant to Section 4.9(b)(6)(ii) of the Commission's Rules of Practice, 16 C.F.R § 4.9(b)(6)(ii).



Research Methods



Communication is Critical







CAIDP Style Guide - Orwell's Advice

Avoid cliches.

Never use a long word where a short one will do.

If it is possible to cut a word out, always cut it out.

Never use the passive where you can use the active.

Never use a foreign phrase, a scientific word, or jargon if there is an everyday equivalent.

Clear, consistent communications is critical for effective policy and advocacy



More Writing Tips

Write short, simple, declarative sentences

Excerpt original text where possible. Do not paraphrase.

Avoid compound modifiers, e.g. "promote and encourage." Pick one

Avoid ambiguous pronoun references, e.g. "it" and "they." Be precise

Use writing tools, such as Grammarly

"Fewer words. More impact."



QUESTION: Why write short, simple sentences in AI policy statements?



Terms to Avoid - "multistakeholder"

Many policy debates are won or lost because one side is able to frame the debate with key terms that presuppose outcomes.

Avoid "multistakeholder" which is often set out an alternative to actual democratic institutions.

Say "process for public participation" if there is opportunity for meaningful public participation and the expectation that there will be actual outcomes based on public input.

Note that CAIDP Public Voice page calls attention to meaningful opportunities for public participation



Terms to Avoid - "platform"

Avoid "platform" which implies a high degree of neutrality that rarely exists in practice (most companies profile and target users based on their activities)

"platform" diminishes the agency (and reduces the liability) for the company offering the service.

Say "company," "corporation," "business," or "gatekeeper" - if referring to one of companies which dominate the market / control access to essential tech services



Terms to Avoid - "sharing"

Avoid "**sharing**" when describing the processing of personal data. Organizations do not "share" something that belongs to someone else.

Only the person to whom the data pertains may share their personal data

☆ Say "sell," "transfer," "release," or "disclose."



Terms to Avoid - "balancing"

Avoid "balancing" when discussing policy objectives You might hear "we need to balance innovation and human rights." This is (1) a cliche, (2) reflects a fundamental misunderstanding of effective public policy, and (3) is lazy. Do not accept a zero-sum analysis.

Write "we should promote innovation AND protect fundamental rights."



Terms to Avoid - "democratizing"

"Democracy" is an arrangement of **political** institutions. Democracies requires the **rule of law** and the **protection of human rights**.

Technology does not "democratize." Often, it has the opposite effect as preexisting democratic institutions are diminished with multi-stakeholder entities

Ok to say "popularize" or "promote public access." For example, open source Al models do not "democratize" Al.

"Open source models promote public access to Al."



Terms to Avoid - "cookies"

For several reasons, the term "cookie" should not be used in tech policy. The main issues are that it is an imprecise technical term, it is misleading and confusing to the public, and it fails to encompass the full scope of modern tracking technologies.

The term is technically inaccurate

- A "magic cookie" is outdated. The term originated from "magic cookies" in Unix,
 which were packets of data exchanged by programs. The modern web cookie
 derived from this concept but has evolved far beyond it. Modern technology policy
 needs to move beyond this outdated and narrow term.
- It excludes modern tracking methods. Many current tracking techniques do not
 involve cookies. These include fingerprinting, unique device identifiers, pixels, tags,
 server-side tracking, and more. Policy that focuses solely on "cookies" is
 technologically obsolete and does not address these other methods.

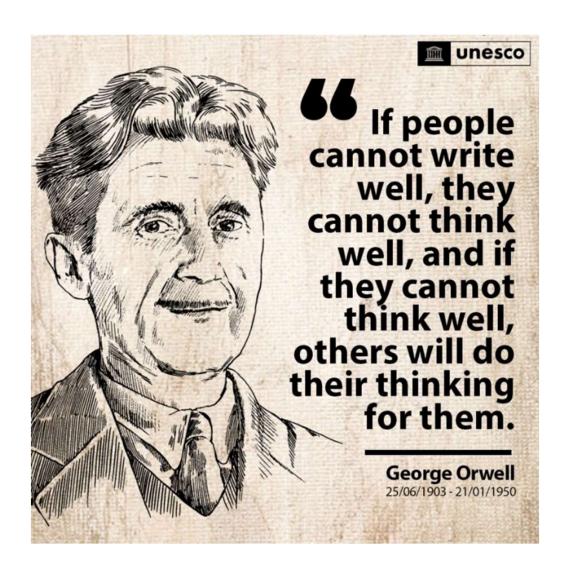
It is confusing and misleading to the public

- The name is trivializing. The name "cookie" is an informal, playful term that
 trivializes the serious privacy implications of data tracking. It gives the public a false
 sense of security, downplaying how their data is being collected and used.
- It obscures data practices. The language around cookie notices is often
 deliberately vague, making it difficult for the average person to understand what
 data is being collected, why, and by whom. The focus on the term "cookie" distracts
 from the actual data processing, consent, and user-profiling that are the true policy
 concerns.
- It creates consent fatigue. The constant repetition of "cookie" pop-ups and
 consent forms has led many users to reflexively click "accept," undermining the
 entire purpose of informed consent. This manipulative practice, known as a "dark
 pattern," exploits a term the public doesn't fully understand.

Ok to say "persistent unique identifiers" For example, "Do you accept your persistent unique identifiers to be collected by this website and be tracked?"



QUESTION: Why do we put such emphasis on word choice?







Critical *thinking* is the basis of meaningful communication



Citations

Cite to primary sources.

Favor more recent publications over earlier publications

Do not restate in the text information that will be found in the citation, such as the date of publication, unless it is significant



Primary Source is Paramount



A *primary source* is the origination point, eg the promulgation of a law, the publication of a report, the issuance of policy guidance A *secondary source* reports on the primary source, eg a news article, or republishes from a primary source. But it is not the originating source.

A *tertiary source* is a chatbot output. It distills information from primary and secondary sources. Oftentimes, there will be links to the primary and secondary sources.

Secondary and tertiary sources can be helpful, but do not rely on them. Locate and cite the primary source and then make your own assessment.



Style Variance

In the policy world, different documents serve different purposes.

The **CAIDP Index** is a scholarly publication. The tone should be <u>objective</u>, <u>factual</u>, and <u>authoritative</u>.

CAIDP statements are policy recommendations. The tone is <u>persuasive</u>, <u>direct</u>, and <u>evidence-based</u>. (Not simply opinion).

The CAIDP Update is journalism. The tone is engaging, informative, and timely.

Accuracy is always a necessity.



What would Orwell say about ChatGPT? (Answer in chat)



Research Methods and CAIDP Index - *AI and Democratic Values*





THE GOALS OF THE AIDV INDEX

- (1) Document Al policies and practices of countries,
 - (2) Establish a methodology based on global norms,
 - (3) Provide basis for comparative evaluation, and
- (4) Encourage countries to ensure that AI is trustworthy and human-centric





CAIDP INDEX BY THE NUMBERS

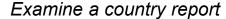
80 detailed country reports

1,600+ pages

Approx 7,000 footnotes

1,000 researchers from over 120 countries

Most extensive comparative study of AI policies and practices in the world



Assess the writing style

Is it clear, well-written, and easily understood?

Is the tone objective, factual, and authoritative

Assess the citation

Is it authoritative? A primary source?

Does a date appear? Does the
link work?



In November 2020, the Nigerian government launched³⁶⁸⁵ the country's first Artificial Intelligence and Robotics Centre in a bid to position the country for the Fourth Industrial Revolution that is anchored on emerging technologies. The Centre's focus is to serve as the digital laboratory for advancing skills development and innovation in emerging technologies with an emphasis on AI and the Internet of Things (IoT).

Earlier, Nigeria announced that it was working with the United Arab Emirates on Solar Energy and Artificial Intelligence³⁶⁸⁶ after a meeting held in Nigeria between Nigeria's Minister of Science and Technology, and the Ambassador of the United Arab Emirates to Nigeria. The government announced that the National Agency for Science and Engineering Infrastructure would be responsible to develop AI in Nigeria. The government also established Nigeria's Robotics and Artificial Intelligence Centre.

Nigeria Communications Commission (NCC), the telecoms regulator, also announced the establishment of a new department on digital economy under the Office of the Executive Vice Chairman/CEO. The focus of the office is on implementing programs and policies aimed at fully supporting and promoting the national digital economy agenda of Nigeria's Federal Government. The department is domiciled under the office of the Chief Executive Officer to indicate the criticality of the objectives. Nigeria

³⁶⁸⁴ Voice of Nigeria, Agency Calls For Contribution To National Artificial Intelligence Policy, (Aug 11, 2022), https://von.gov.ng/agency-calls-for-contribution-to-national-artificial-intelligence-policy/

³⁶⁸⁵ Ogunfowoke A, Innovation Village FG Launches Nigeria's first Artificial Intelligence and Robotics Centre' (Nov. 20, 2020) https://innovation-village.com/fg-launches-nigerias-first-artificial-intelligence-and-robotics-centre/

³⁶⁸⁶ O Shogbola Nigeria and UAE to cooperate on Artificial Intelligence and Solar Energy (Oct. 24, 2018), https://perma.cc/GN67-8M8R



Assignment for Week #3 - Critically analyze key features of Research Methods (RM) in CAIDP Index 2025

Review CAIDP Index 2025, read the Executive Summary and one country report of interest to you

Q1: Reflect on the writing style of the country report. Is it objective? Factual? Purposeful?

Authoritative?

Q2: Select a footnote in the country report. Examine the document cited. Is it authoritative? Does the link work? List 2-3 key search terms that the researcher could have used to locate the source.

Post your RM analysis **ONLY** in your #subgroup channel. Tag your subgroup - #sg0X_F25.

Present your RM Analysis in Friday session in Slack huddle



Assignment for Week #3 - (continued)

Download: Assignment Toolbox from Moodle for full instructions, examples, and template

Remember - timely completion of this assignment counts toward CAIDP Certification Requirements.



CAIDP Update 7.32 - AI Policy News multiple levels of engagement





CAIDP Update 7.32

September 8, 2025



Council of Europe Celebrates One-Year Anniversary of Al Treaty

The first-ever legally binding global <u>treaty</u> on artificial intelligence and human rights was opened on September 5, 2024, one year ago. It promotes innovation while safeguarding human rights, democracy and the rule of law. 42 states have now endorsed the AI Treaty.



CAIDP Update 7.32 - AI Policy News (Sept. 8, 2025)

- State Attorneys General Demand OpenAl Accountability Following ChatGPT-Linked Deaths
- China Enforces Comprehensive Al Content Labeling Rule
- Uruguay First Latin American Nation to Sign Council of Europe Al Treaty
- australia to Restrict Access to AI "Nudify" Tools Through Company Obligations
- Google Avoids Chrome Breakup While Facing Over \$4 Billion in Global Fines
- EU Launches AI Transparency Consultation Amid Enforcement Delay Concerns
- Anthropic to Pay at Least \$1.5 Billion in Historic AI Copyright Settlement
- ≡ Egypt Ranks First in Africa for Al Readiness Despite Critical Implementation Gaps
 ♠ CAIDP Al Policy Clinics Attract Record Global Participation for Fall 2025
- CAIDP Establishes Guidelines for LLM Use in AI Policy Research
- NYT Investigation Bolsters Coalition's Federal Grok Ban Push
- CAIDP Executive Director Addresses AI Contestability at European Criminology Conference

...



CAIDP Celebrates <<September 5>> "Al Governance Day"

On September 5, 2024, the Council of Europe Framework Convention on Artificial Intelligence, Human Rights, Democracy, and the Rule of Law was open for signature.

Just as the Council of Europe recognized << January 28>> as global "Data Protection Day," celebrating the date when the original Council of Europe Privacy Convention was open for signature, the Center for Al and Digital Policy has designated << September 5>> as "Al Governance Day"

In the next year, we will work to:

- Encourage more countries to endorse the Al Treaty
- 2 Encourage countries that have endorsed the AI Treaty to ratify the Treaty so that it has legal force
- 3 Promptly implement and enforce the AI Treaty!

Join us as we work to safeguard human rights, democracy and the rule of law!





CAIDP Urges Bosnia and Herzegovina to Endore the International AI Treaty

In a public statement, the Center for Al and Digital Policy (CAIDP) has respectfully urged the government of Bosnia and Herzegovina to sign and ratify the Council of Europe Al Treaty.

CAIDP has launched a global campaign for the Council of Europe AI Treaty. The Treaty is a landmark international agreement designed to safeguard human rights, democracy, and the rule of law. More than 42 nations have already signed this first internationally binding treaty for the governance of AI.

- Bosnia and Herzegovina developed a national strategy for digitalization and innovation in 2021, aligned with the EU and the UN Sustainable Development Goals.
- Bosnia and Herzegovina joined the Council of Europe in 2002 and has since signed or ratified 90 conventions, including the European Convention on Human Rights and the Istanbul Convention.
- The Council of Ministers has endorsed accession to the Al Treaty and tasked the Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees to sign the Convention.
- Bosnia and Herzegovina has partnered with the Council of Europe, UNDP, and other international organizations to advance digital transformation and AI capacitybuilding.
- Bosnia and Herzegovina participated in drafting the AI Treaty and conducted broad national consultations and impact assessments.

The AI Treaty makes clear that AI systems must comply with fundamental principles:

- Human dignity and individual autonomy
- ► Equality and non-discrimination
- ► Respect for privacy and data protection
- ► Transparency and oversight
- ► Accountability and responsibility
- nellelelle.









UN General Assembly High-Level Week starting...

UN Digital Cooperation Day







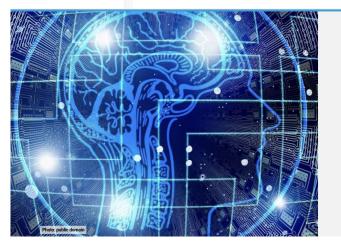
Monday, 22 September 2025 9:00 - 20:00 ET

Ease · 605 3rd Avenue · New York City

In-person, with live broadcast for certain sessions (see links below)

Express your interest in attending 🗹

Confirmed Speakers



Center for Al and **Digital Policy**

25 September 3 pm - 6 pm | Trusteeship Council Chamber

High-level Meeting to Launch the Global Dialogue on Al Governance

Bringing together Member States, Observers, UN specialized agencies, and diverse stakeholders, the high-level informal meeting will launch the Global Dialogue on Artificial Intelligence Governance at the United Nations and will explore key dimensions of inclusive and accountable AI governance.