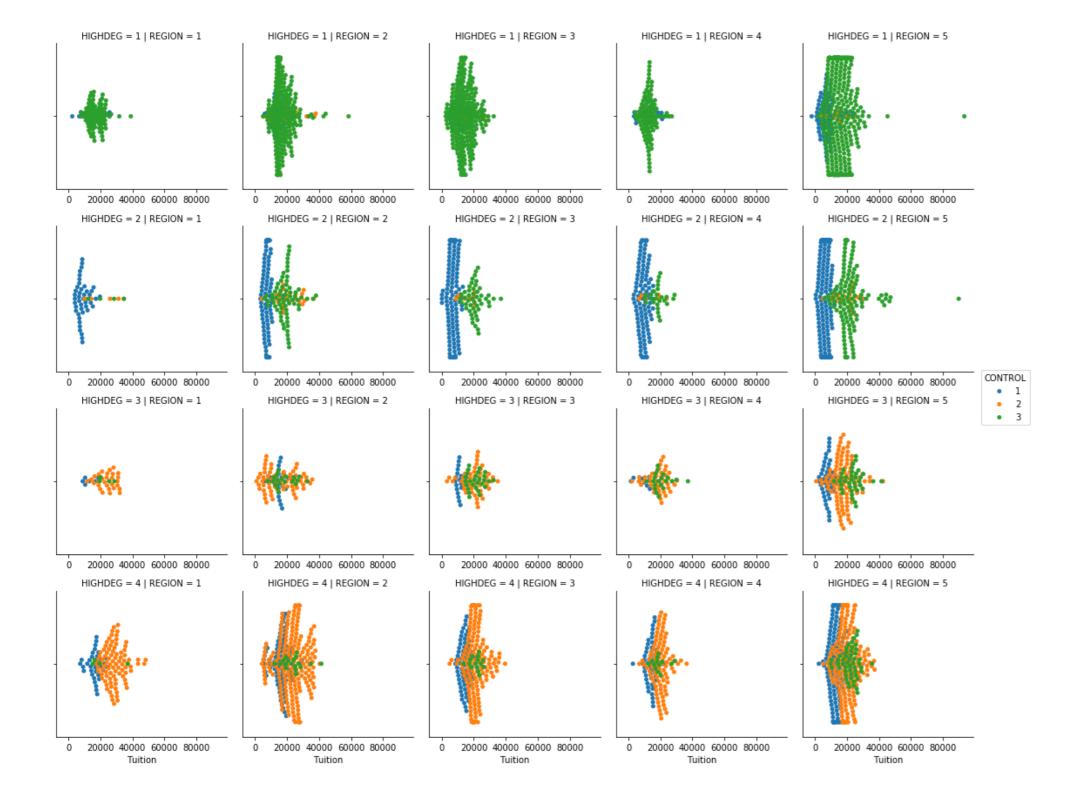
# Using FacetGrid, factorplot and Implot

INTERMEDIATE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH SEABORN



Chris Moffitt
Instructor





### Tidy data

- Seaborn's grid plots require data in "tidy format"
- One observation per row of data

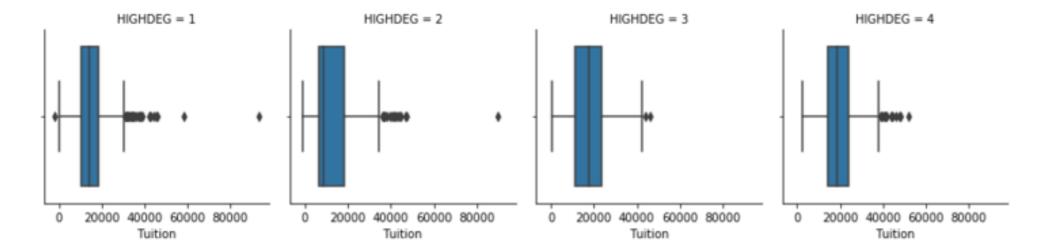
	INSTNM	OPEID	REGION	SAT_AVG_ALL	PCTPELL	PCTFLOAN	ADM_RATE_ALL	UG	AVGFACSAL	COMPL_RPY_5YR_RT	DEBT_MDN
0	Alabama A & M University	100200	5	850.0	0.7249	0.8159	0.653841	4380.0	7017.0	0.477631579	14600
1	University of Alabama at Birmingham	105200	5	1147.0	0.3505	0.5218	0.604275	10331.0	10221.0	0.673230442	14250
2	Amridge University	2503400	5	NaN	0.7455	0.8781	NaN	98.0	3217.0	0.636363636	11082
3	University of Alabama in Huntsville	105500	5	1221.0	0.3179	0.4589	0.811971	5220.0	9514.0	0.762222222	15000
4	Alabama State University	100500	5	844.0	0.7567	0.7692	0.463858	4348.0	7940.0	0.43006993	15274

#### **FacetGrid**

- The FacetGrid is foundational for many data aware grids
- It allows the user to control how data is distributed across columns, rows and hue
- Once a FacetGrid is created, the plot type must be mapped to the grid

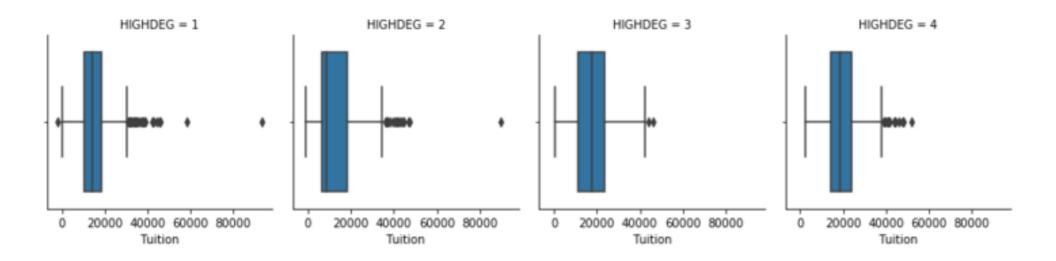
### FacetGrid Categorical Example

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, col="HIGHDEG")
g.map(sns.boxplot, 'Tuition',
    order=['1', '2', '3', '4'])
```



### factorplot()

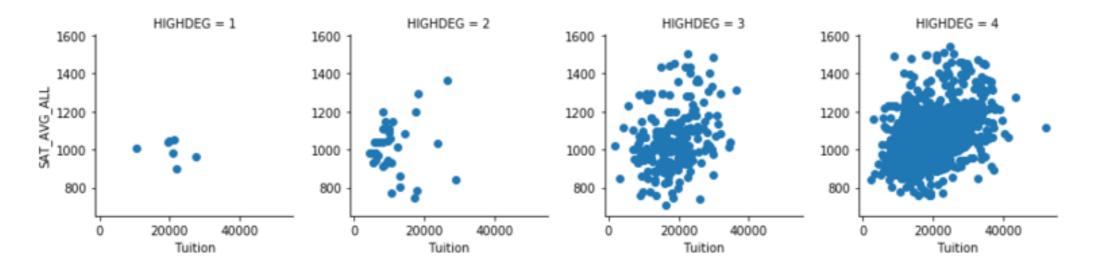
- The factorplot is a simpler way to use a FacetGrid for categorical data
- Combines the facetting and mapping process into 1 function



### FacetGrid for regression

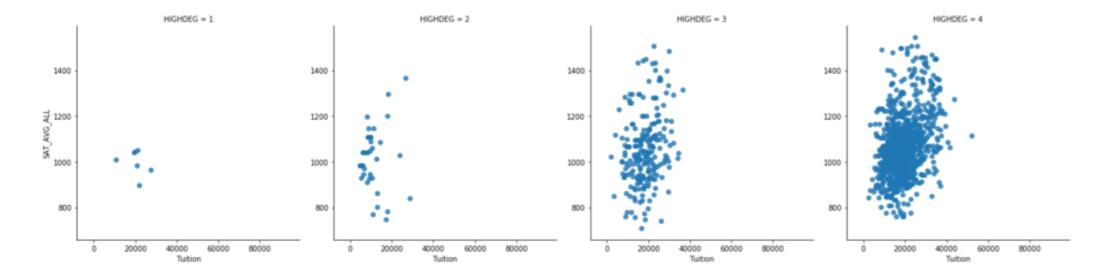
• FacetGrid() can also be used for scatter or regression plots

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, col="HIGHDEG")
g.map(plt.scatter, 'Tuition', 'SAT_AVG_ALL')
```

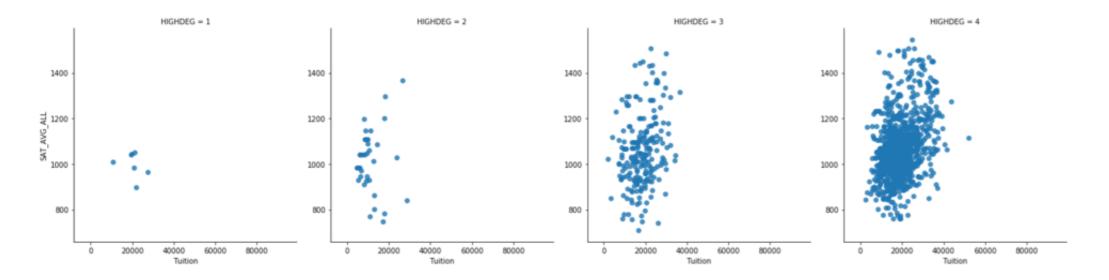


### **Implot**

• Implot plots scatter and regression plots on a FacetGrid



### Implot with regression



## Let's practice!

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# Using PairGrid and pairplot

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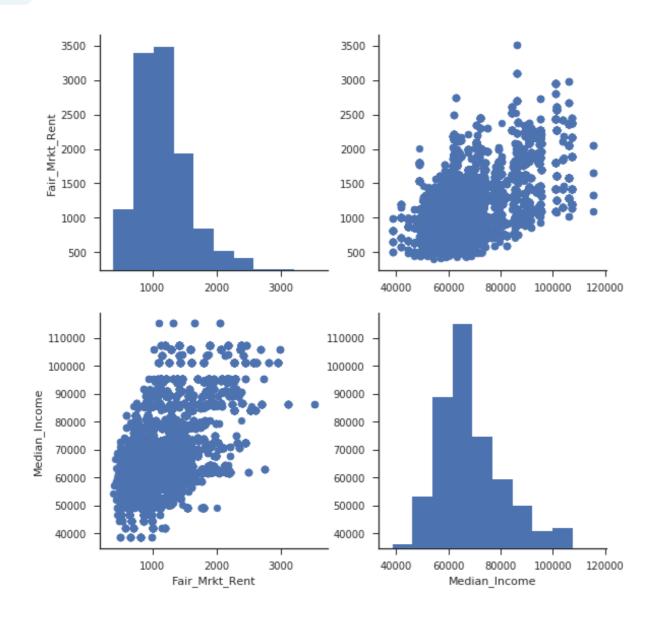


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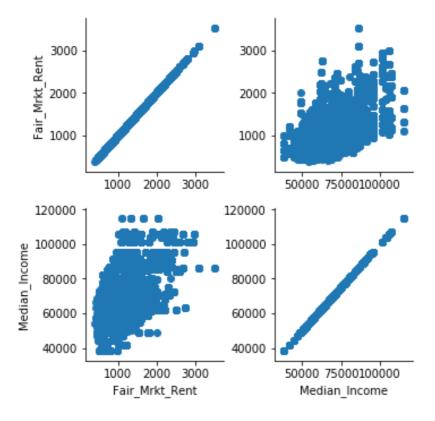
### Pairwise relationships

PairGrid shows pairwise relationships between data elements

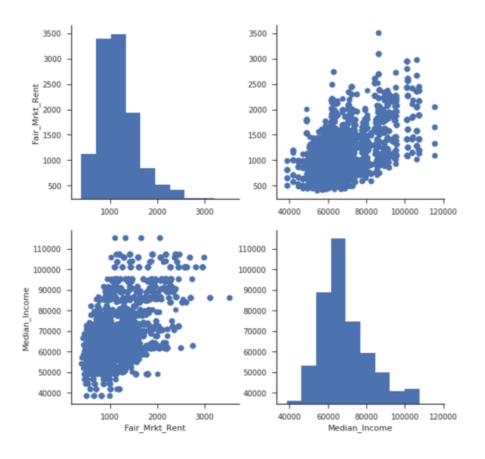


### Creating a PairGrid

• The PairGrid follows similar API to FacetGrid

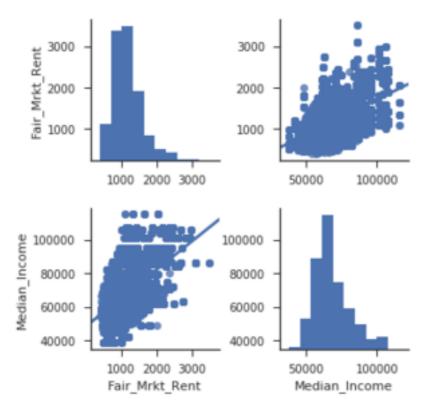


### Customizing the PairGrid diagonals



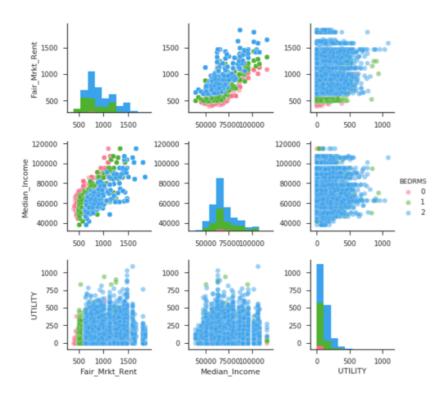
### **Pairplot**

• pairplot is a shortcut for the PairGrid





### **Customizing a pairplot**



## Let's practice!

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# Using JointGrid and jointplot

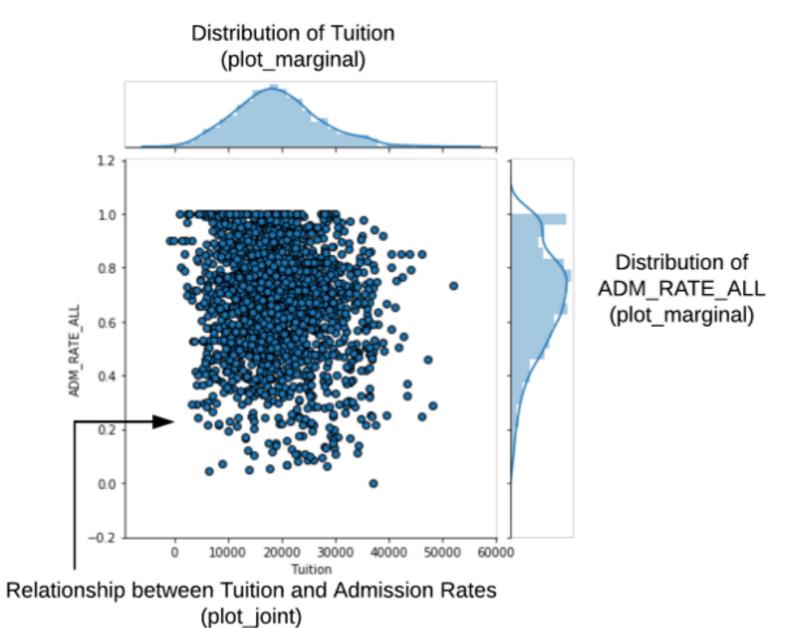
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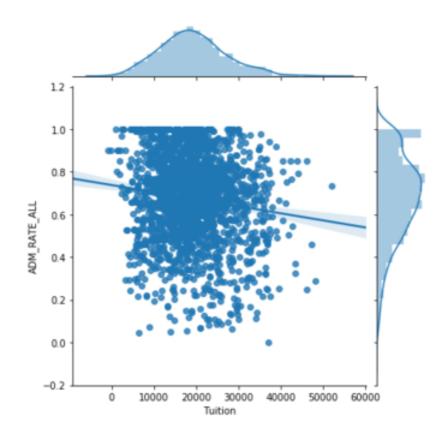
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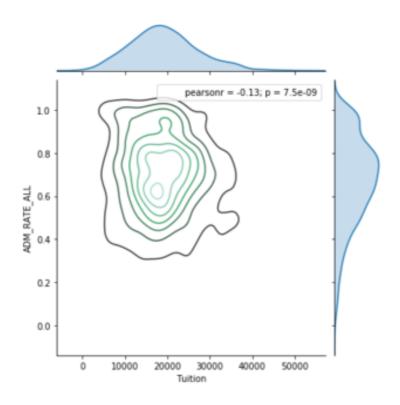
### JointGrid() Overview



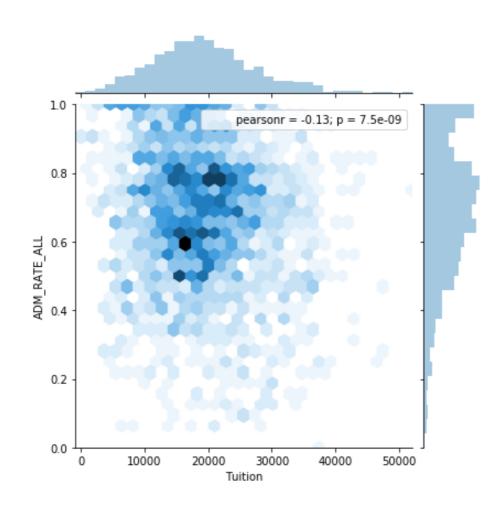
#### **Basic JointGrid**



#### Advanced JointGrid

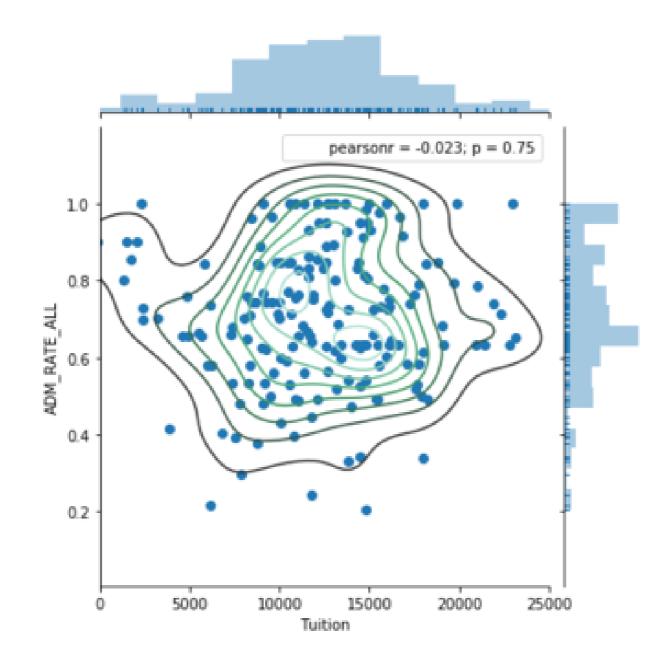


### jointplot()



#### Customizing a jointplot

### Customizing a jointplot



## Let's practice!

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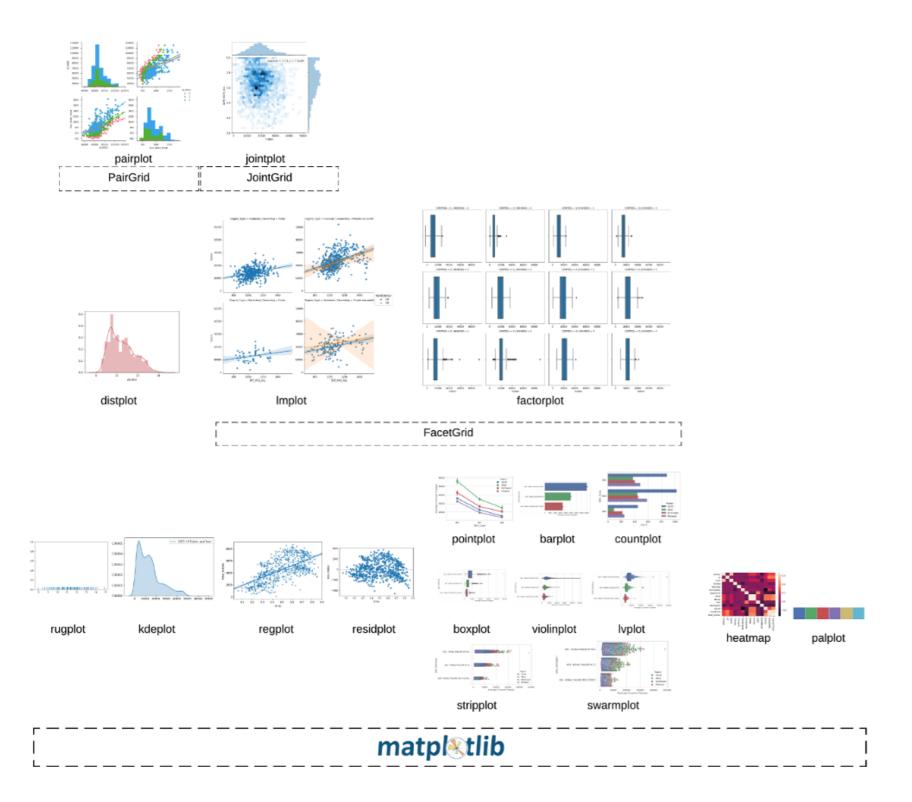
## Selecting Seaborn Plots

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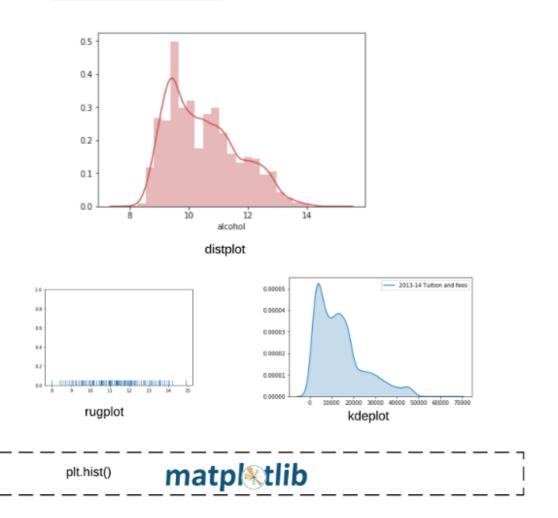
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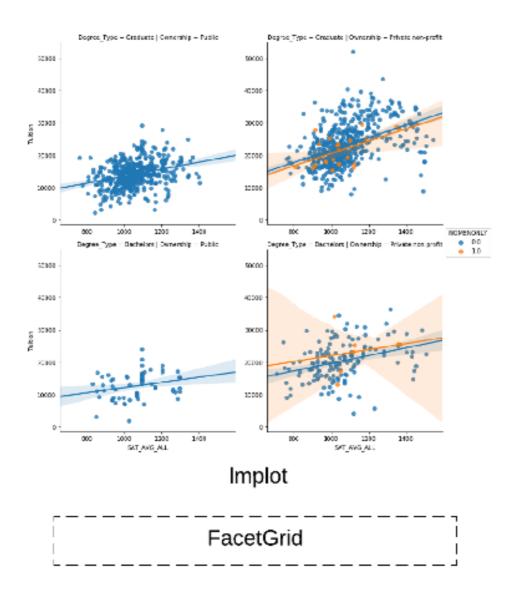
### **Univariate Distribution Analysis**

- distplot() is the best place to start for this analysis
- rugplot() and kdeplot() can be useful alternatives



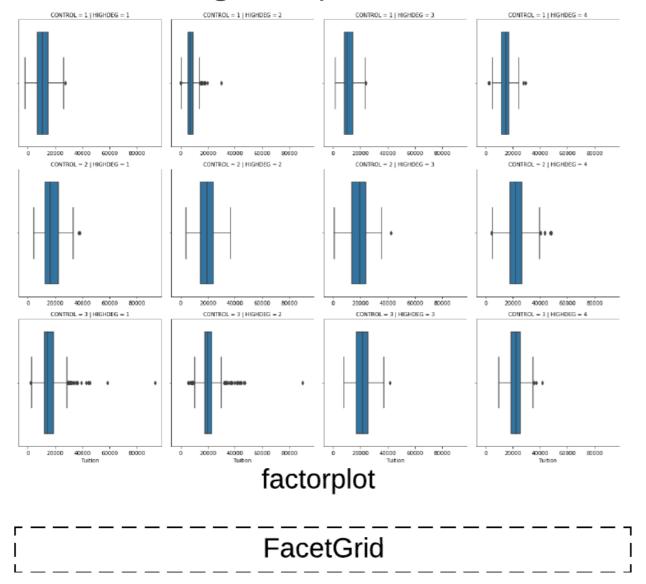
### Regression Analysis

• lmplot() performs regression analysis and supports facetting



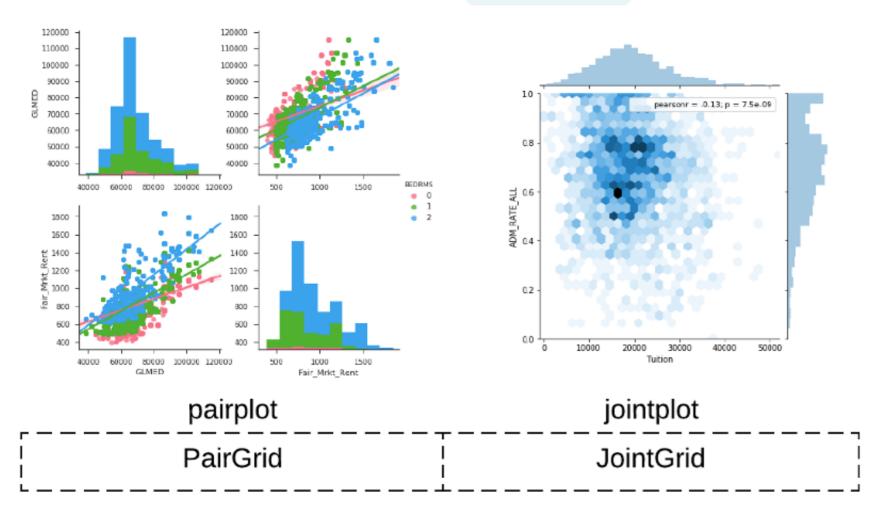
### **Categorical Plots**

Explore data with the categorical plots and facet with



### pairplot() and jointplot()

- Perform regression analysis with lmplot
- Analyze distributions with distplot



### Thank You!

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