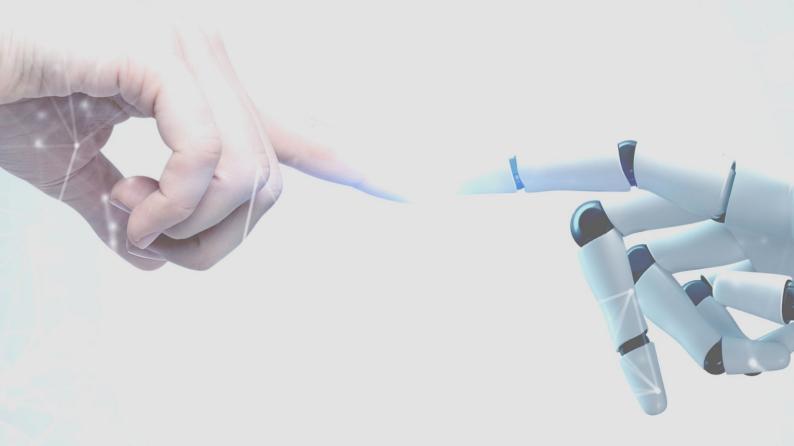
CSA4002

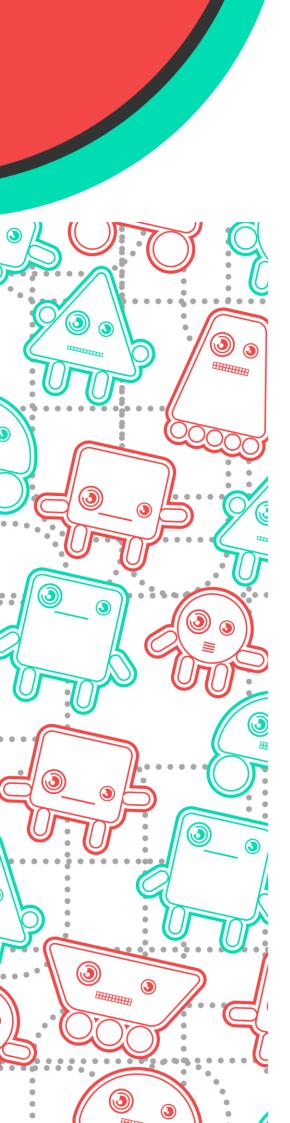
DR. DURGA PRASAD

HANDS ON Local Color of the loca



PREPARED BY

AAKASH MATTOO
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ABOUT Cobe

Lobe is generally used for training the machine learning models. It is a free, easy to use tool.

It is quite convenient to use as it has simplified the **machine learning** process into three easy steps.

- Collecting and labelling images.
- Training the model and analysing results.
- Play, test, improve the model.





We have to use the lobe machine learning tool and need to train two different models having binary classification as well as multiclass classification.

-procedure

We need to follow the following procedures to get desired results:

- We need to collect bursts of images using our webcam, or drag in a folder of images from the computer and quickly label images to create a machine learning dataset.
- 2. Thereafter, the model automatically trains itself on our computer without any setup or configuration. We need to understand the strengths and weaknesses of your model with live visual results.
- 3. Use the trained model with a webcam or images from your computer. Improve your results by giving your model feedback on its predictions, then finally export it wherever needed.

-results

Using the above procedure to work upon the binary classification and thereafter we need to do the same training for the multiclass classification. We just need to show examples of what you want it to learn, and it automatically trains a custom machine learning model.



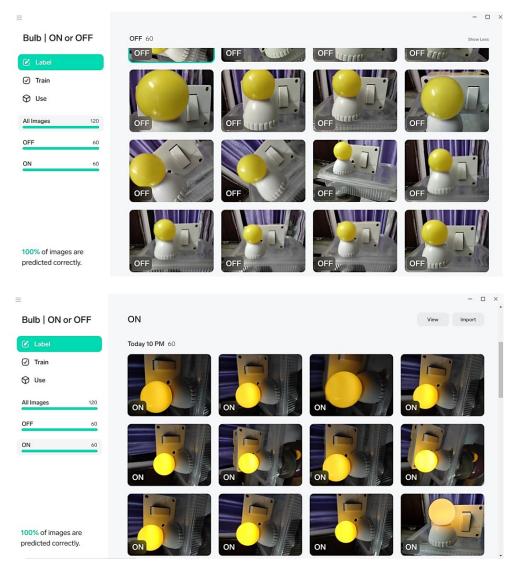




Binary classification refers to those classification tasks that have **two class labels**. It generally involves one class that is the *normal state* and another class that is the *abnormal state*.

So, for the above classification we have chosen a dataset which consists two types of images. We are training over model so that it can detect whether the Bulb is on or

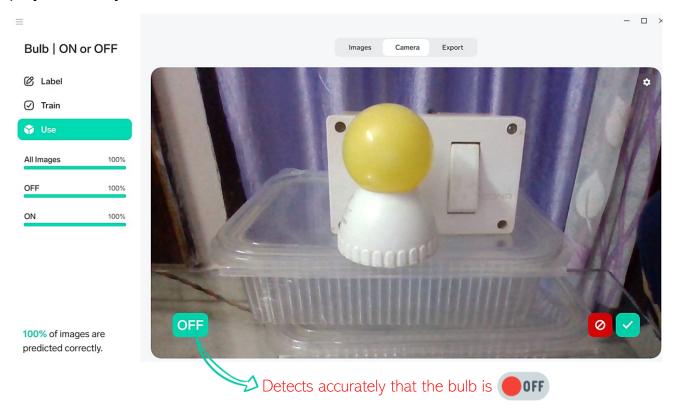
We have trained the model with approximately, 60 images from each of the two classes and the dataset contains a total of 120 images.

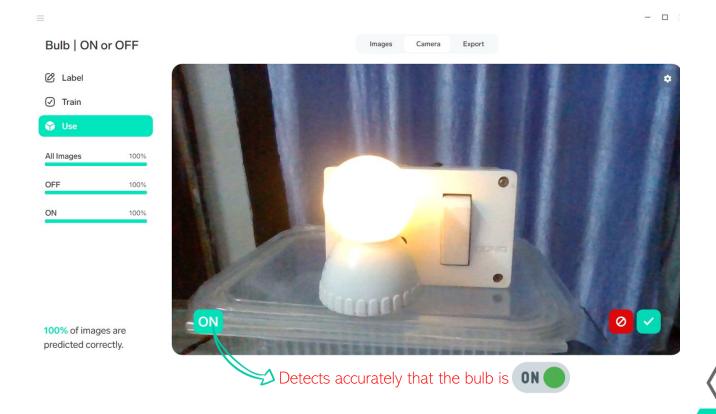






Now, the model is trained and predicts the images with 100% accuracy. We will test, play and analyse our model.







5 | P a g e

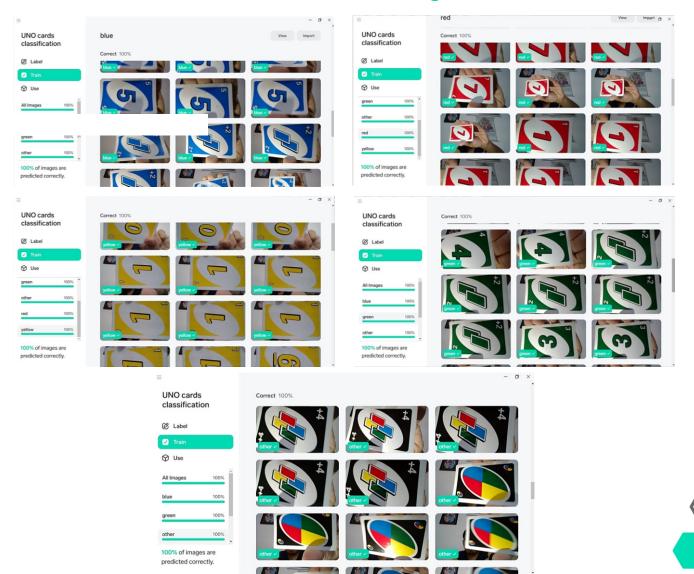




Multi-class classification refers to those classification tasks that have **more than two class labels.** Unlike binary classification, examples are classified as belonging to one *among a range of known classes*. The number of class labels may be very large on some problems.

So, for the above classification we have chosen a dataset which consists of variety of UNO cards. We are training over model so that it can detect the colours of different cards into red, blue, green, yellow and other.

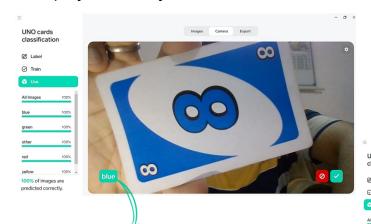
We have trained the model with approximately, 60 images from each of the five classes and the dataset contains a total of 350+ images.



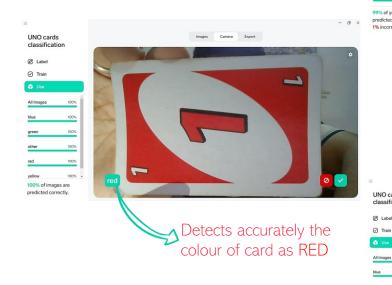
19BAI10152

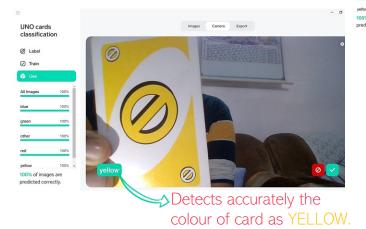


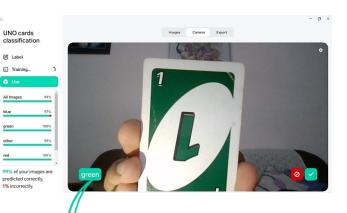
Now, the model is trained and predicts the images with 100% accuracy and we will test, play and analyse our model.



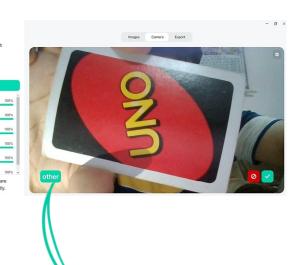
Detects accurately the colour of card as BLUE.







Detects accurately the colour of card as GREEN.

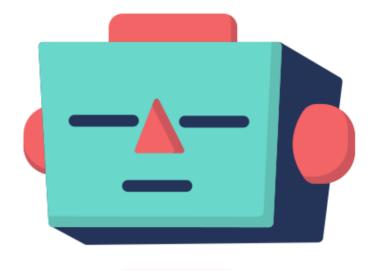


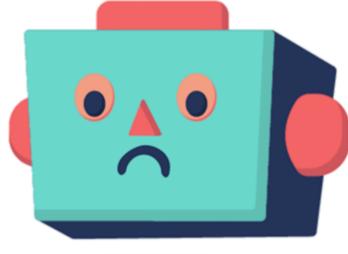
Detects accurately the card as OTHER.

Aakash Mattoo 19BAI10152

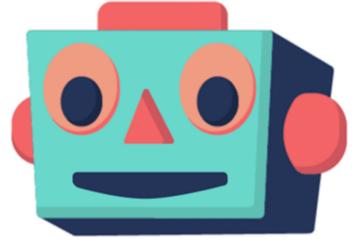








submitted by Aakash Mattoo 19BAI10152



submitted to Dr. Durga Prasad

submitted on September 11, 2021

