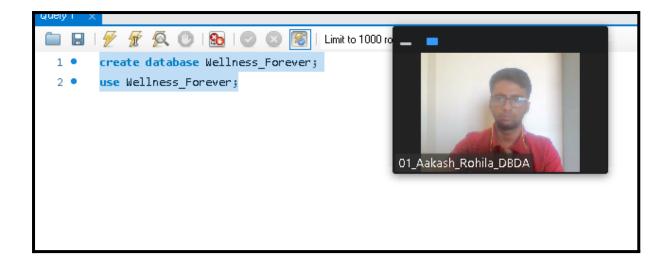
MySQL

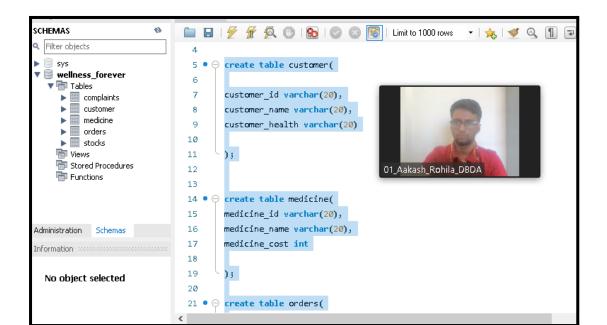
Create Database system for Medical Store(Like Wellness Forever)

create database Wellness_Forever; use Wellness_Forever;



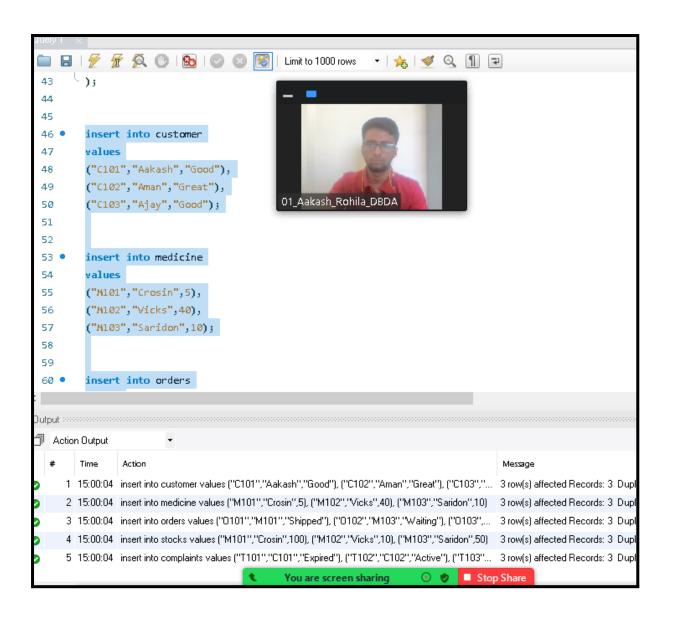
1. Create minimum 5 tables(5)

```
create table customer(
customer_id varchar(20),
customer name varchar(20),
customer_health varchar(20)
);
create table medicine(
medicine id varchar(20),
medicine_name varchar(20),
medicine_cost int
);
create table orders(
order_id varchar(20),
order_name varchar(20),
order_status varchar(20)
);
create table complaints(
complaint id varchar(20),
customer_id varchar(20),
complaint_issue varchar(20)
);
```



2. Insert minimum three records in each of the table(2)

insert into customer values ("C101","Aakash","Good"), ("C102","Aman","Great"), ("C103","Ajay","Good"); insert into medicine values ("M101", "Crosin", 5), ("M102","Vicks",40), ("M103", "Saridon", 10); insert into orders values ("O101","M101","Shipped"), ("O102","M103","Waiting"), ("O103","M102","Shipped"); insert into stocks values ("M101","Crosin",100), ("M102","Vicks",10), ("M103", "Saridon", 50); insert into complaints values ("T101","C101","Expired"), ("T102","C102","Active"), ("T103","C102","Expired");



3. Each table must have Primary Key(2)

```
alter table complaints
add primary key(complaint_id);

alter table customer
add primary key(customer_id);

alter table medicine
add primary key(medicine_id);

alter table orders
add primary key(order_id);

alter table stocks
add primary key(medicine_id);
```

```
🔚 | 🗲 📝 👰 🕛 | 🟡 | 🐷 | 😸 | Limit to 1000 rows
79
80 •
       alter table complaints
       add primary key(complaint_id);
81
82
       alter table customer
83 •
       add primary key(customer id);
84
86 •
       alter table medicine
       add primary key(medicine_id);
87
                                                 01 Aakash Rohila DBDA
88
       alter table orders
89 •
       add primary key(order_id);
90
91
       alter table stocks
92 •
93
       add primary key(medicine_id);
94
95
```

4. Connect atleast 3 tables using Foreign Key(2)

```
alter table customer set medicine_id = "M101" where customer_id = "C101"; update customer set medicine_id = "M103" where customer_id = "C102"; update customer set medicine_id = "M102" where customer_id = "C102"; update customer set medicine_id = "M102" where customer_id = "C103"; alter table customer add foreign key (medicine_id) references medicine(medicine_id);

alter table complaints add foreign key (customer_id) references customer(customer_id);

alter table orders add foreign key (order_name) references Medicine(medicine_id);
```

```
add medicine_id varchar(20);

update customer set medicine_id = "Mi01" where customer_id = "C101";
update customer set medicine_id = "Mi03" where customer_id = "C102";
update customer set medicine_id = "Mi02" where customer_id = "C103";

alter table customer
dodd foreign key (medicine_id) references medicine(medicine_id);

alter table complaints
dodd foreign key (customer_id) references customer(customer_id);

alter table orders
dd foreign key (order_name) references Medicine(medicine_id);

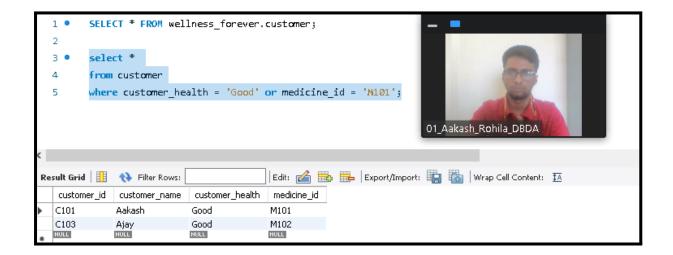
alter table orders
dd foreign key (order_name) references Medicine(medicine_id);
```

5. Write an appropriate command to Use of Where with OR clause (2)

select *

from customer

where customer_health = 'Good' or medicine_id = 'M101';



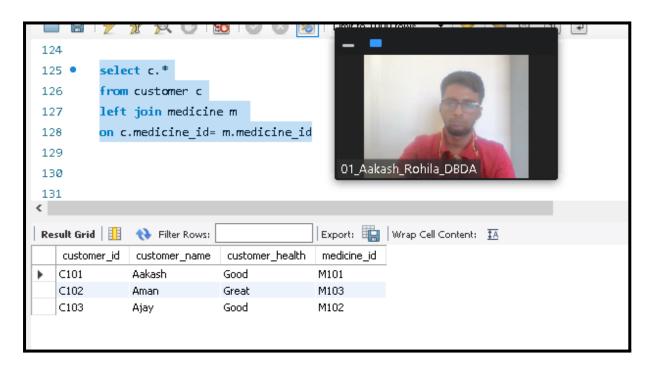
6. Write a command to show first five records from any one table (2)

select * from medicine limit 5;



7. Use of JOIN (left or right, any one types) (4)

select c.*
from customer c
left join medicine m
on c.medicine_id= m.medicine_id



8. Create at least one procedure (with one INPUT and one OUTPUT parameter) based on the created tables with appropriate utility (4)

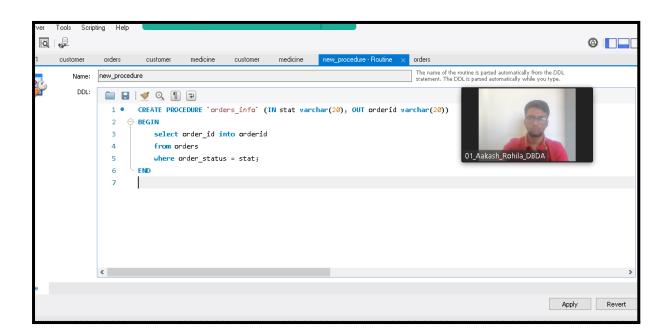
"Below procedure will fetch all the order_id of those orders whose status has been passed as a parameter, it can be useful when you want to know the order_id of those orders which have not been shipped."

CREATE PROCEDURE `orders_info` (IN stat varchar(20), OUT orderid varchar(20)) BEGIN

select order_id into orderid from orders where order_status = stat; END

call orders_info('waiting',@orderid);

select @orderid





9. Create a ONE trigger of BEFORE UPDATE ON any one of the table(4)

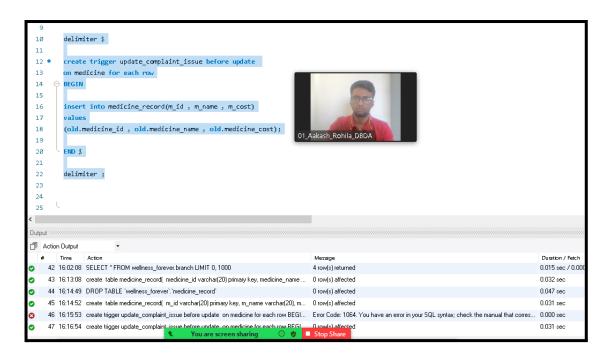
create trigger update_complaint_issue before update on medicine for each row BEGIN

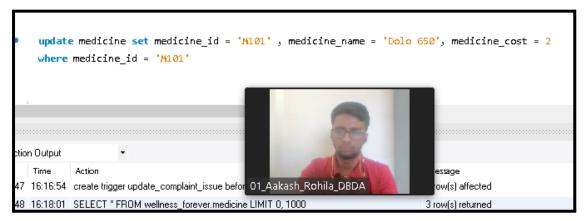
insert into medicine_record(m_id , m_name , m_cost) values (old.medicine id , old.medicine name , old.medicine cost);

END\$

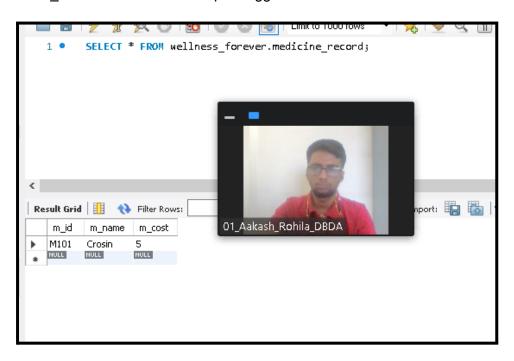
delimiter;

update medicine set medicine_id = 'M101', medicine_name = 'Dolo 650', medicine_cost = 2 where medicine_id = 'M101'





"As one can see when I update my medicine data my old record is recorded automatically in my medicine_record table with the help of trigger command"



MongoDB

Create Database in MongoDB for Medical Store System. - 7 Marks

use medicine_store;
db;

```
> db
medicine_store
> _
```

1. Write the command for creating collection & for inserting documents in collections (minimum 3 documents) (3)

db.medicine.insert([{name : "Crosin", medicine_cost : 10}, {name : "Vicks",medicine_cost : 40}, {name : "Saridon" , medicine_cost : 5}]);

```
| Descriminant riompc - monto
| Description of the content of the
```

2. For use of AND clause within function (2)

```
}
> db.medicine.find({$and : [{name : "Crosin"},{medicine_cost : {$lt : 15}}]},{_id : 0})
{ "name" : "Crosin", "medicine_cost" : 10 }
>
```

3. For sorting the result in descending order using some field (2)

Cassandra

Write the command for following - 6 Marks

First start cassandra server with the following command in cmd: >cassandra

Then start another cmd command and write 'cqlsh' to start working with cassandra commands.



1. Create a Keyspace with all required parameters (2)

```
cqlsh> create keyspace medicine with replication = {'class': 'SimpleStrategy' , 'replication_factor': 1};
cqlsh> show keyspaces
Improper show command.
cqlsh> desc
Improper desc command.
cqlsh> desc keyspaces

system_schema system medicine employee
system_auth library system_distributed system_traces

cqlsh>

O1_Aakash_Rohila_DBDA
```

2.Create a table 'Branch' with appropriate columns.(2)

```
create table branch(
product_id text primary key,
products text,
product_cost int
);
```

desc tables;

```
cqlsh:medicine> create table branch( product_id text primary key, products text, product_cost int );
cqlsh:medicine> desc tables

branch
cqlsh:medicine>

01_Aakash_Rohila_DBDA
```

3. Insert values like Medicines, Bisucits, FruitJuices and SoftDrinks in one of the column 'Products' of table 'Branch' (2)

```
insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
values
('P101',50,'Medicines');

insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
values
('P102',5,'Bisucits');

insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
values
('P103',90,'FruitJuices');

insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
values
('P104',40,'SoftDrinks');
```

```
:qlsh:medicine> insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
             ... values
... ('P102',5,'Bisucits');
:qlsh:medicine> insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
             ... values
             ... ('P103',90,'FruitJuices');
:qlsh:medicine>
:qlsh:medicine> insert into branch(product_id,product_cost,products)
             ... values
... ('P104',40,'SoftDrinks');
:qlsh:medicine> select * from branch;
product_id | product_cost | products
       P103
                          90 | FruitJuices
       P101
                          50 I
                                Medicines
       P104
                          40
                                 SoftDrinks
       P102
                           5 |
                                   Bisucits
                                                              01_Aakash_Rohila_DBDA
(4 rows)
alsh:medicine>
```