## // C++ program to demonstrate accessing of data members

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Geeks {
  // Access specifier
public:
  // Data Members
  string geekname;
  // Member Functions()
  void printname() { cout << "Geekname is:" << geekname; }</pre>
};
int main()
  // Declare an object of class geeks
  Geeks obj1;
  // accessing data member
  obj1.geekname = "Abhi";
  // accessing member function
  obj1.printname();
  return 0;
}
```

There are 2 ways to define a member function:

- Inside class definition
- Outside class definition

To define a member function outside the class definition we have to use the scope resolution :: operator along with class name and function name.

## // C++ program to demonstrate function

## // declaration outside class

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Geeks
{
   public:
    string geekname;
   int id;

// printname is not defined inside class definition
   void printname();
```

```
// printid is defined inside class definition
  void printid()
  {
        cout <<"Geek id is: "<<id;</pre>
};
// Definition of printname using scope resolution operator ::
void Geeks::printname()
{
  cout << "Geekname is: "<< geekname;
int main() {
  Geeks obj1;
  obj1.geekname = "xyz";
  obj1.id=15;
  // call printname()
  obj1.printname();
  cout << endl;
  // call printid()
  obj1.printid();
  return 0;
}
// Program to illustrate the working of
// objects and class in C++ Programming
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// create a class
class Room {
  public:
       double length;
       double breadth;
       double height;
       double calculateArea() {
       return length * breadth;
```

```
}
       double calculateVolume() {
       return length * breadth * height;
};
int main() {
       // create object of Room class
       Room room1;
       // assign values to data members
       room1.length = 42.5;
       room1.breadth = 30.8;
       room1.height = 19.2;
       // calculate and display the area and volume of the room
       cout << "Area of Room = " << room1.calculateArea() << endl;</pre>
       cout << "Volume of Room = " << room1.calculateVolume() << endl;</pre>
       return 0;
}
// Program to illustrate the working of
// public and private in C++ Class
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Room {
  private:
       double length;
       double breadth;
       double height;
  public:
       // function to initialize private variables
       void initData(double len, double brth, double hgt) {
       length = len;
       breadth = brth;
```

```
height = hgt;
       }
       double calculateArea() {
       return length * breadth;
       }
       double calculateVolume() {
       return length * breadth * height;
       }
};
int main() {
       // create object of Room class
       Room room1;
       // pass the values of private variables as arguments
       room1.initData(42.5, 30.8, 19.2);
       cout << "Area of Room = " << room1.calculateArea() << endl;</pre>
       cout << "Volume of Room = " << room1.calculateVolume() << endl;</pre>
       return 0;
}
/*C++ program to Read and print details of a student using class program in
C++.*/
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class student
  private:
        char name[30];
        int rollNo;
        int total;
        float perc;
  public:
        //member function to get student's details
        void getDetails(void);
        //member function to print student's details
```

```
void putDetails(void);
};
//member function definition, outside of the class
void student::getDetails(void){
  cout << "Enter name: ";</pre>
  cin >> name;
  cout << "Enter roll number: ";
  cin >> rollNo;
  cout << "Enter total marks outof 500: ";
  cin >> total;
  perc=(float)total/500*100;
}
//member function definition, outside of the class
void student::putDetails(void){
  cout << "Student details:\n";
  cout << "Name:"<< name << ",Roll Number:" << rollNo << ",Total:" << total << ",Percentage:"
<< perc;
}
int main()
  student std;
                       //object creation
  std.getDetails();
  std.putDetails();
  return 0;
}
```