Programmierung paralleler Rechnerarchitekturen, Winter 2014/15

Exercise 6

Task 6.1 (Conways Game of Life - bigger, faster, better). The *Game of Life* initially conceived by John Conway is a common example for a *cellular automaton*.

For this "game" an rectangular area is partitioned in square cells. Each cell has eight neighboring cells (north-east, north, north-west, west ...). Each cell is either alive or dead. The state of a cell in the next turn depends solely on the number of living neighboring cells of this turn, according to the following rules:

- A cell "dies" if it has less than 2 or more than three neighbors.
- A cell stays "alive" if it has exactly 2 neighbors.
- A cell becomes "alive" if it has three neighbors.

More information about the *Game of Life* is available on the internet, e.g. wikipedia http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Conway%27s_Game_of_Life.

Hint: This cellular automaton approach is used in certain areas for solving real problems. An example is the Lattice Boltzmann method (compare http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lattice_Boltzmann_methods for more details.

In Moodle you will find a file called "Exercise_06.zip". It contains a simple (and slow) serial implementation of the Game of Life.

- a) Analyze and understand the serial version of the provided Game of Life.
- b) Parallelize the serial version of the Game of Life using MPI. Use whatever MPI functions that you consider appropriate.
- c) Investigate the used data structures. Create Custom-MPI data types for the different Halo (Ghost-Cell) regions.
 - **Hint:** It may be beneficial, if there would be a separate type for the top and bottom, left and right and for the corner cases.
- d) Add an additional OpenMP parallelization to your MPI implementation.
- e) Perform several benchmarks for your hybrid version. Use different Process / Thread Counts. What can you observe?

Hint: You may perform whatever steps you deem necessary to achieve a well running parallel version of the Game of Life code. Note, that you should not modify the input-output format. **Hint:** You may use a so called glider for testing:



Please note: The border of the game shall, according to the global variable 'BOUNDRY', consist of

- a) permanently alive cells (BOUNDRY=BOUNDRY_ALIVE),
- b) permanent dead cells (BOUNDRY=BOUNDRY_DEAD)
- c) or a periodic copy of the other sides game-border (BOUNDRY=BOUNDRY_PERIODIC).

This shall be determined at compile-time.

The code expects a command line in the form of

gameOfLife N M InputFile.cgolf NumSteps NumOutput Output1 ... Output(n-1)

Here N and M denote the dimensions of the game field, InputFile.cgolf the compressed inputfile, NumSteps the number of steps and NumOutputSteps the number of snapshots to be taken. A final output is to be generated at the end of the game.

On MICE and PEACOCK there are additional initial configurations for your tests in the /opt/lehre/Exe06 directory.