Data Structures and Fundamentals of Programming

Problem 1

In C++ implement a **generic** class, called Queue<T>, that uses a **single-linked list** implementation. This should implement the **queue** abstract data type (ADT). It should be generic on the type of the data to be stored. Give all class definitions and implement the following for Queue:

- Default constructor
- Destructor
- Copy-constructor
- Assignment operator using standard copy semantics
- enqueue (T) takes a parameter of type T and adds it to the queue
- T dequeue () removes an item from the queue

Your implementation can **NOT** use STL or any other libraries (standard or otherwise).

Problem 2

In C++, implement a String abstract data type (ADT) using a dynamically allocated array. The array of char should be NULL terminating. This dynamic version of the String will only allocate **exactly** the amount of memory necessary to store the characters. That is, the length will **always** be the same as the capacity. However, the size of the dynamic array needs to have an extra char for the NULL terminator.

You must implement the following methods:

- Default constructor that sets the object to the empty string.
- Constructor that takes a const char array and converts it into a string.
- Copy constructor
- Destructor
- Swap swaps two strings in constant time regardless of the size of the array.
- Assignment operator using standard copy semantics
- Concatenation (String operator+(const String&) const;) that concatenates any two strings and returns a new string with the proper amount of allocated memory.

Your implementation can **NOT** use STL or any other libraries (standard or otherwise). You **cannot** use std::string.

Problem 3

In C++ implement a **binary search tree** abstract data type (ADT) that uses **dynamic memory allocation**. Make it a tree of integers. Along with the class definition(s), you must implement the following methods for the class:

- Default constructor
- Destructor **must** be recursive or use a recursive method to deallocate the tree.
- Copy-constructor **must** be recursive or use a recursive method to copy the tree.
- insert which takes a parameter of type integer and creates a new node that is added to the tree in the correct position based on the rules of a binary search tree.

Your implementation can **NOT** use STL or any other libraries (standard or otherwise).