

NAME

Class::ISA - report the search path for a class's ISA tree

SYNOPSIS

```
# Suppose you go: use Food::Fishstick, and that uses and
  # inherits from other things, which in turn use and inherit
  # from other things. And suppose, for sake of brevity of
  # example, that their ISA tree is the same as:
  @Food::Fishstick::ISA = qw(Food::Fish Life::Fungus Chemicals);
  @Food::Fish::ISA = qw(Food);
  @Food::ISA = qw(Matter);
  @Life::Fungus::ISA = qw(Life);
  @Chemicals::ISA = qw(Matter);
  @Life::ISA = qw(Matter);
  @Matter::ISA = qw();
  use Class::ISA;
  print "Food::Fishstick path is:\n ",
        join(", ", Class::ISA::super_path('Food::Fishstick')),
That prints:
  Food::Fishstick path is:
   Food::Fish, Food, Matter, Life::Fungus, Life, Chemicals
```

DESCRIPTION

Suppose you have a class (like Food::Fish::Fishstick) that is derived, via its @ISA, from one or more superclasses (as Food::Fish::Fishstick is from Food::Fish, Life::Fungus, and Chemicals), and some of those superclasses may themselves each be derived, via its @ISA, from one or more superclasses (as above).

When, then, you call a method in that class (\$fishstick->calories), Perl first searches there for that method, but if it's not there, it goes searching in its superclasses, and so on, in a depth-first (or maybe "height-first" is the word) search. In the above example, it'd first look in Food::Fish, then Food, then Matter, then Life::Fungus, then Life, then Chemicals.

This library, Class::ISA, provides functions that return that list -- the list (in order) of names of classes Perl would search to find a method, with no duplicates.

FUNCTIONS

the function Class::ISA::super_path(\$CLASS)

This returns the ordered list of names of classes that Perl would search thru in order to find a method, with no duplicates in the list. \$CLASS is not included in the list. UNIVERSAL is not included -- if you need to consider it, add it to the end.

the function Class::ISA::self_and_super_path(\$CLASS)

Just like super_path, except that \$CLASS is included as the first element.

the function Class::ISA::self_and_super_versions(\$CLASS)

This returns a hash whose keys are \$CLASS and its (super-)superclasses, and whose values are the contents of each class's \$VERSION (or undef, for classes with no \$VERSION).

The code for self_and_super_versions is meant to serve as an example for precisely the kind



of tasks I anticipate that self_and_super_path and super_path will be used for. You are strongly advised to read the source for self_and_super_versions, and the comments there.

CAUTIONARY NOTES

- * Class::ISA doesn't export anything. You have to address the functions with a "Class::ISA::" on the front
- * Contrary to its name, Class::ISA isn't a class; it's just a package. Strange, isn't it?
- * Say you have a loop in the ISA tree of the class you're calling one of the Class::ISA functions on: say that Food inherits from Matter, but Matter inherits from Food (for sake of argument). If Perl, while searching for a method, actually discovers this cyclicity, it will throw a fatal error. The functions in Class::ISA effectively ignore this cyclicity; the Class::ISA algorithm is "never go down the same path twice", and cyclicities are just a special case of that.
- * The Class::ISA functions just look at @ISAs. But theoretically, I suppose, AUTOLOADs could bypass Perl's ISA-based search mechanism and do whatever they please. That would be bad behavior, tho; and I try not to think about that.
- * If Perl can't find a method anywhere in the ISA tree, it then looks in the magical class UNIVERSAL. This is rarely relevant to the tasks that I expect Class::ISA functions to be put to, but if it matters to you, then instead of this:

```
@supers = Class::Tree::super_path($class);
do this:
    @supers = (Class::Tree::super_path($class), 'UNIVERSAL');
```

And don't say no-one ever told ya!

* When you call them, the Class::ISA functions look at @ISAs anew -- that is, there is no memoization, and so if ISAs change during runtime, you get the current ISA tree's path, not anything memoized. However, changing ISAs at runtime is probably a sign that you're out of your mind!

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