

# Design of a Mental Calculation App for Paramedic Students

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# Initial Situation



<https://pixabay.com/en/car-art-photos-artistic-2092862/>

# Overview

Problem – Paramedic students and maths

- Nature of the problem and needs analysis

Part of the solution – Mathematics App

- Game play
- Targeting learning
- Feedback

Collaboration

- John Latham, Andy Bell (Paramedicine Lecturers)
- Brendan Hall (Academic Skills Advisor)

## Problem Definition

How do we empower students to calculate drug doses correctly and with confidence?

Traditional approach: Lecture content

- Essential - but only addresses part of the problem

Other parts of the problem

- Do students have sufficient foundational skills in maths?
- Do students prioritise maintaining these skills?



# University Expectations

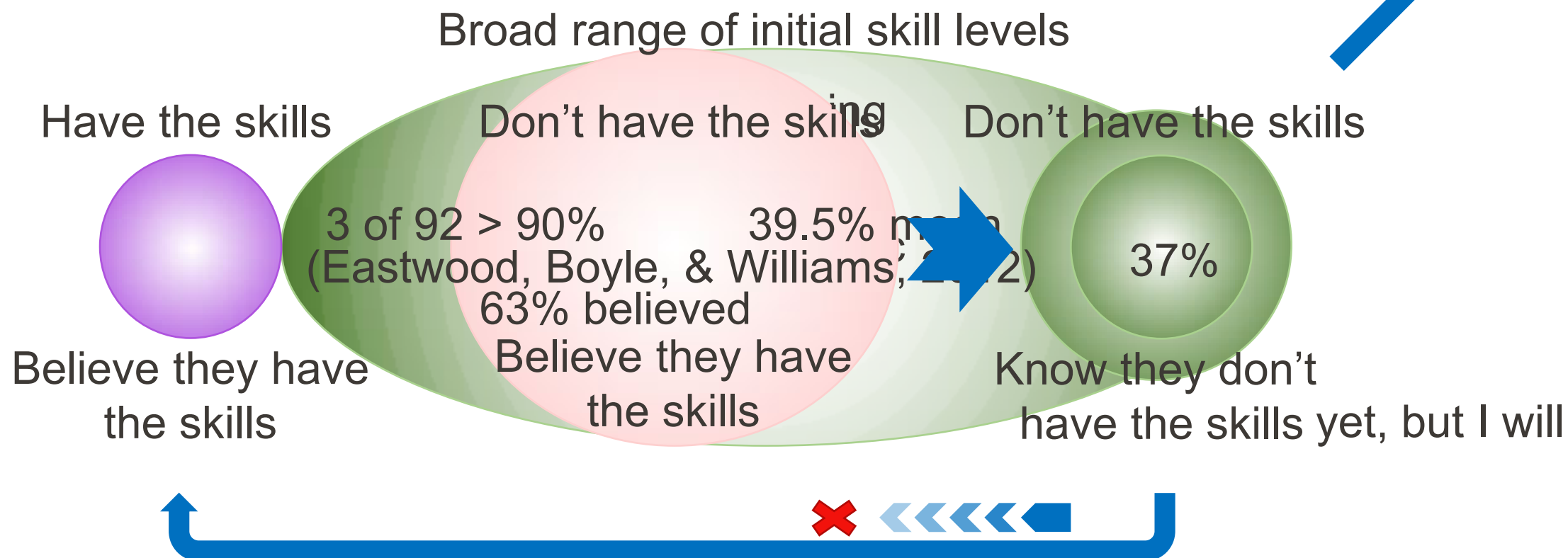
**Table 1.** Mathematical requirements prior to entering a Paramedicine courses\* in Australia.

Courses with specified prerequisites	Number of courses
Mathematics is a prerequisite	2
Mathematics is an indicator of ability**	2
Mathematics not a prerequisite	12
<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>

\* The information for this table was obtained from state university entry bodies, including Victorian [Tertiary Admissions Centre](#) (VTAC, 2017), [Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre](#) (QTAC, 2017), [University Admissions Centre](#) (UAC, 2017), [Tertiary Institutions Service Centre](#) (TISC, 2017), and university websites ([Flinders University](#), 2017).

\*\* Prerequisites for these courses have a list of 3 to 6 year-12 subjects and require the students to have completed two from the list. The list includes mathematics, but students can meet these requirements without completing the mathematics subjects.

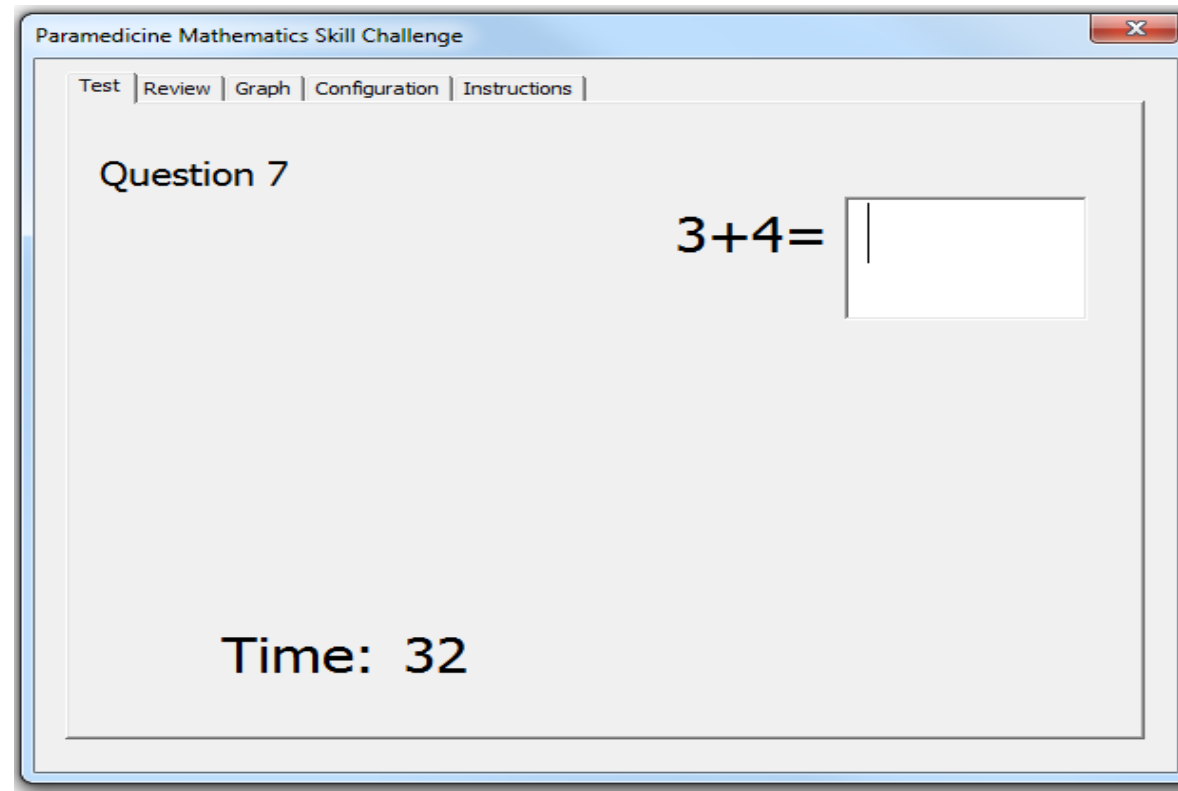
## Conceptual Skills



Do you believe that you have any issues or difficulties with the maths calculations?

**How do we close the skill gap *without* undermining the students' self-belief?**

# How do we close the skill gap *without* undermining the students' self-belief?



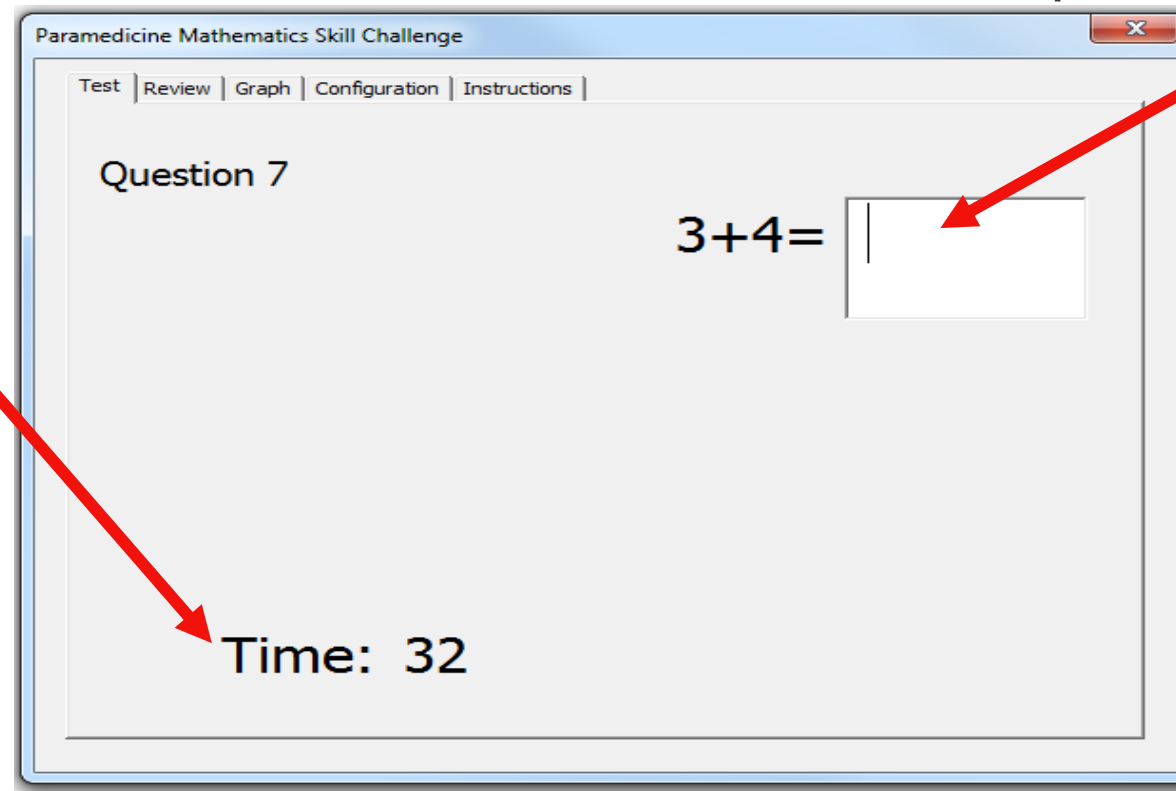
The screenshot shows a software window titled "Paramedicine Mathematics Skill Challenge". It features a tabbed interface with "Test", "Review", "Graph", "Configuration", and "Instructions". The "Test" tab is active, displaying "Question 7" with the math problem  $3+4=$  followed by an empty input box. At the bottom of the window, a timer shows "Time: 32".



## Features

Time-based challenge

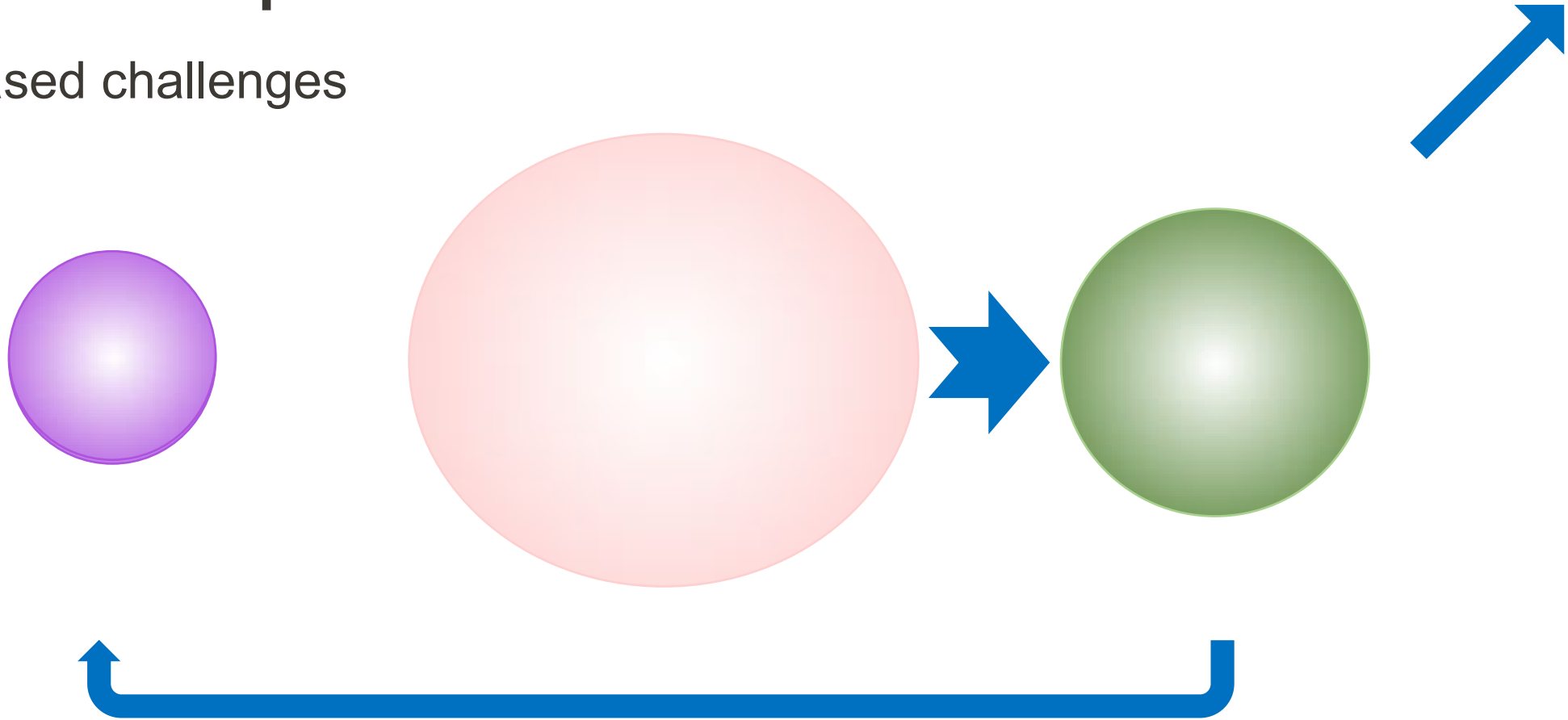
Answer as many problems  
as possible within 60 seconds



The screenshot shows a software window titled "Paramedicine Mathematics Skill Challenge". Inside the window, there is a tabbed interface with tabs for "Test", "Review", "Graph", "Configuration", and "Instructions". The "Test" tab is currently selected. Below the tabs, the text "Question 7" is displayed. To the right of the question, the equation  $3+4=$  is shown, followed by a rectangular input box. At the bottom left of the main content area, the text "Time: 32" is displayed. Two red arrows are overlaid on the image: one points from the text "Time-based challenge" to the "Time: 32" text, and the other points from the text "Answer as many problems as possible within 60 seconds" to the input box.

## How does it help?

Time based challenges

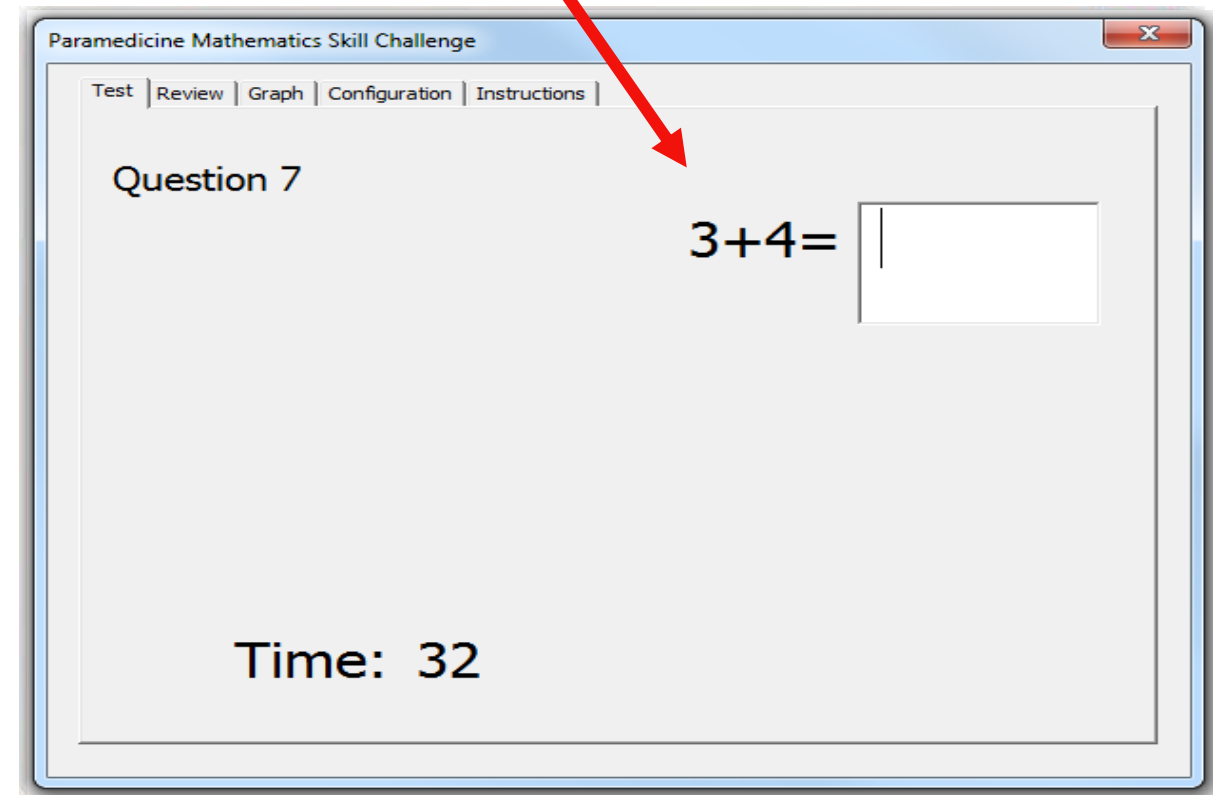


## How does it help?

Time based challenges  
Challenges = Practice  
Levels

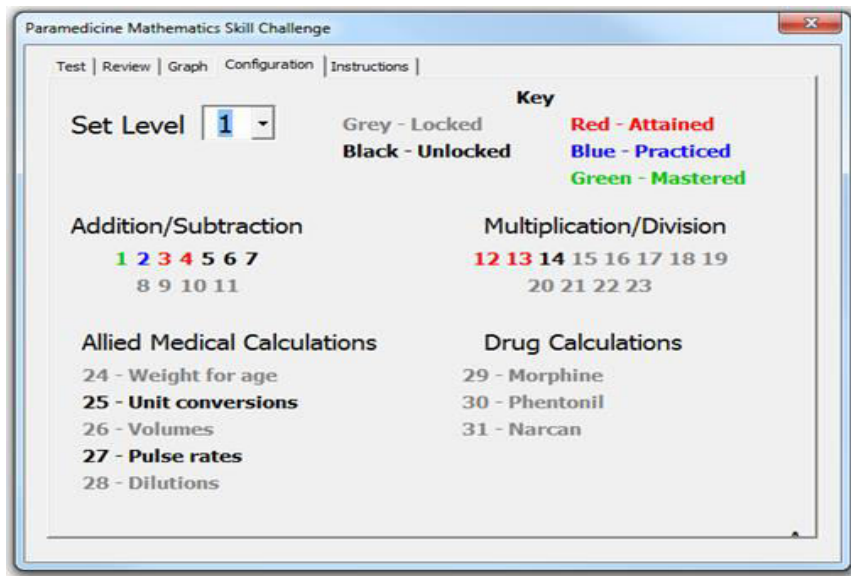
Level	Explanation
1	Adding first 5 numbers together
2	Adding all digits together
3	Subtractions up to 5
4	Subtractions any single digit
5	Mixture of add and subtract up to 5
6	Mixture of add and subtract any digit
7	Adding 2 digit numbers with a single digit

Randomised values = infinite repeatability

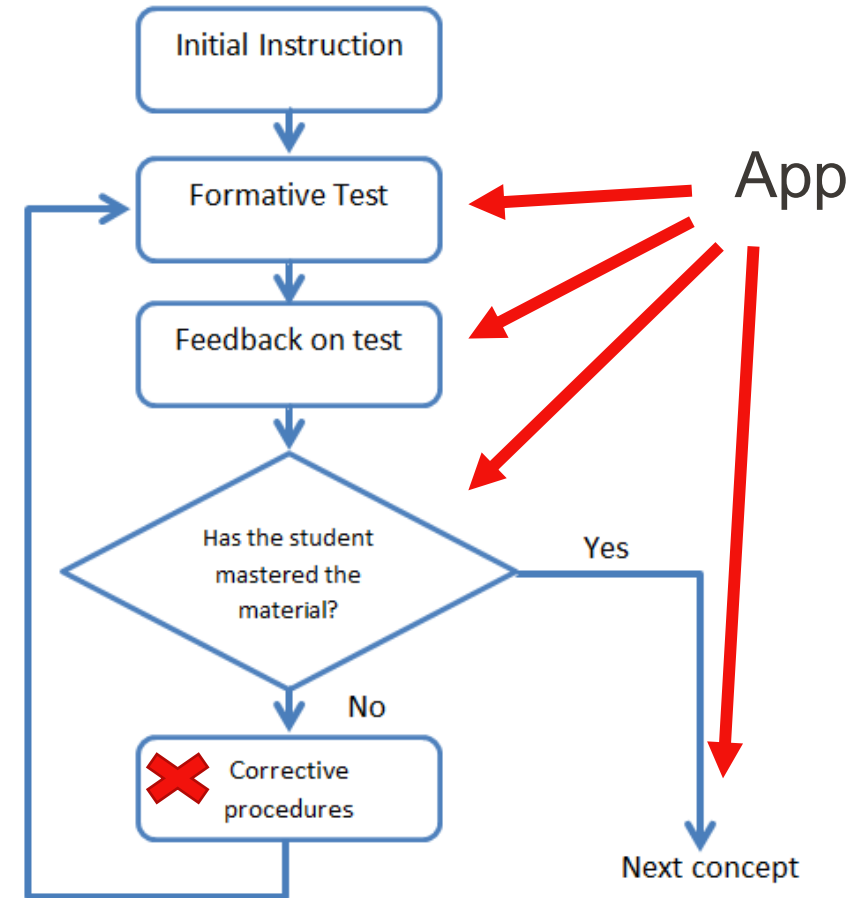


## How does it help?

Time based challenges  
Challenges = Practice  
Levels



## Bloom's Mastery Learning



## How does it help?

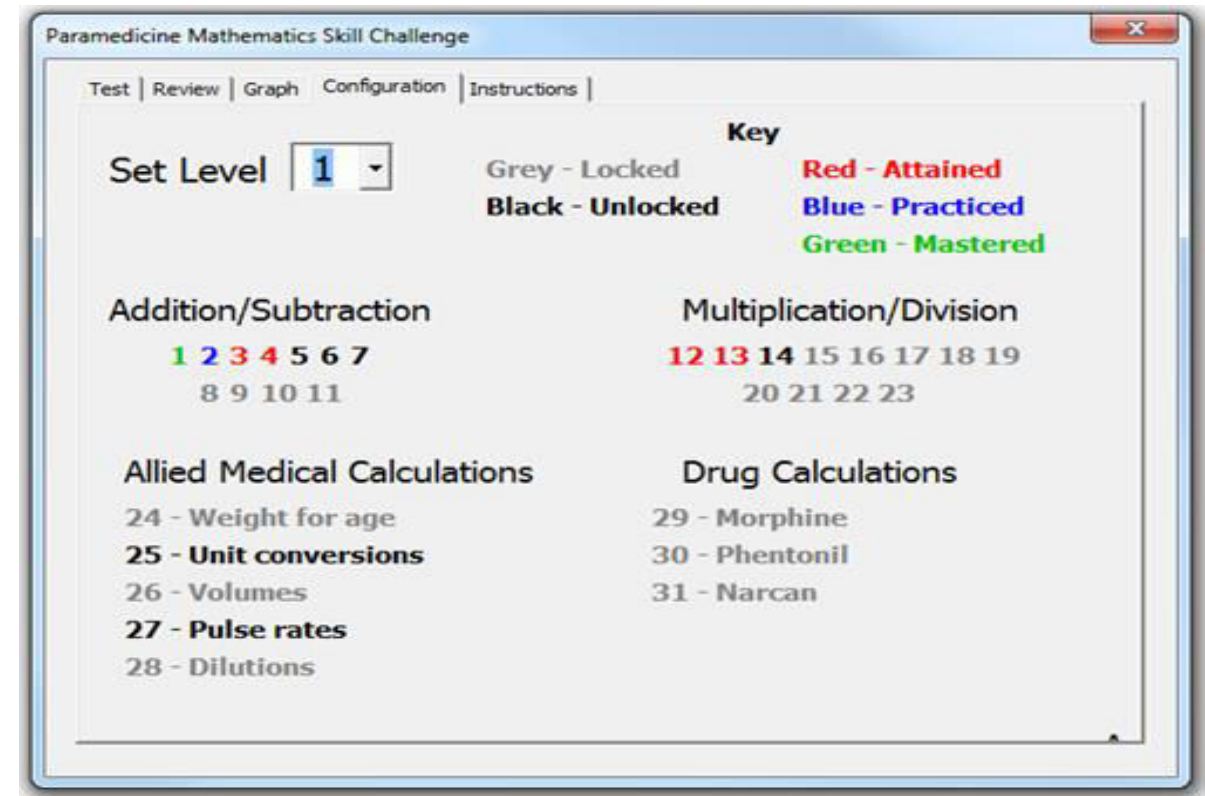
Time based challenges

Challenges = Practice Levels

Contextualised skills

Allied Medical Calculations

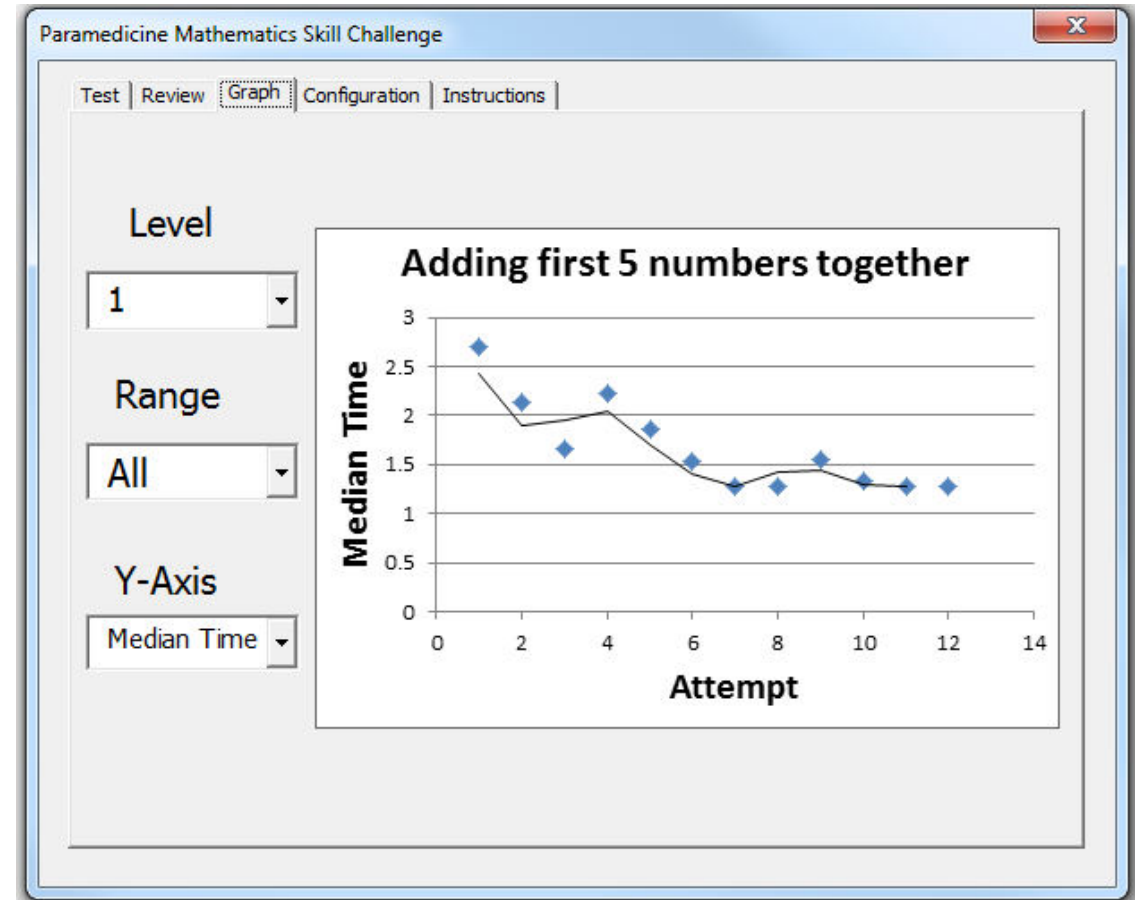
Drug calculations



# Feedback

Fast feedback

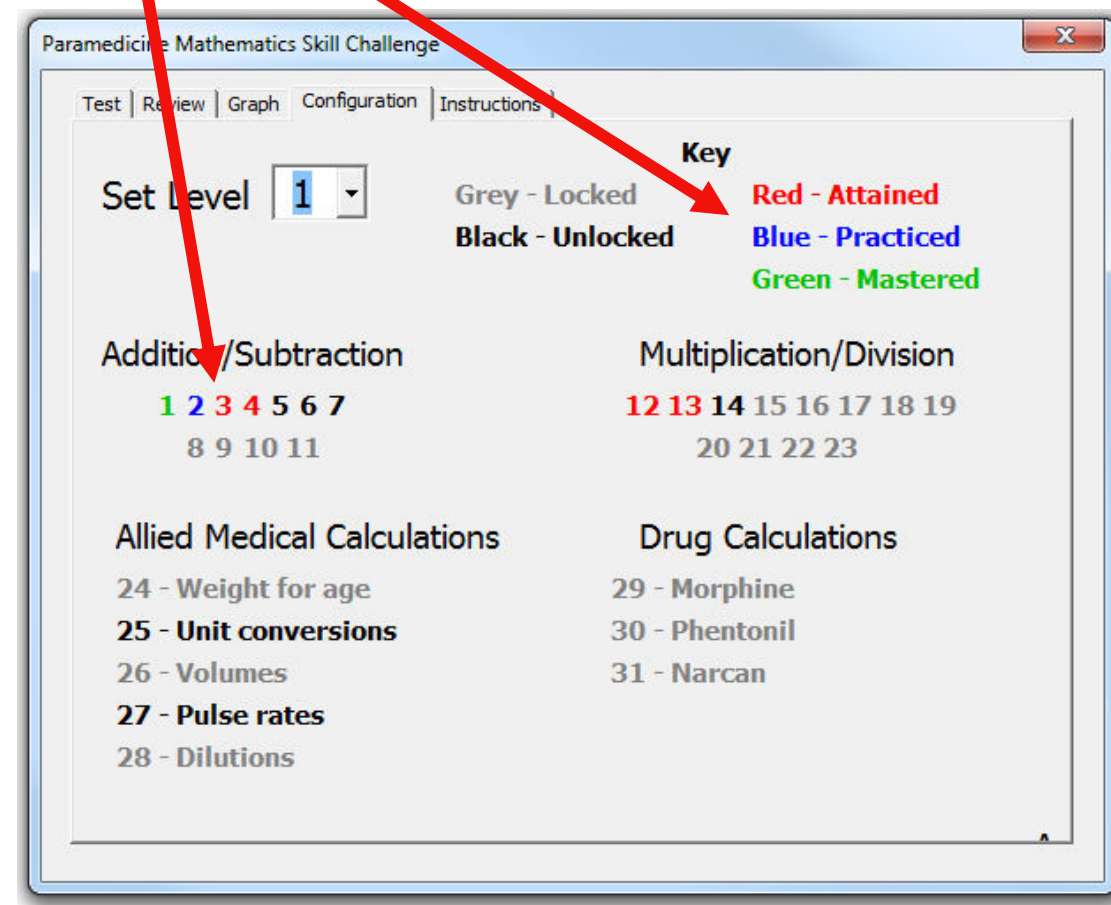
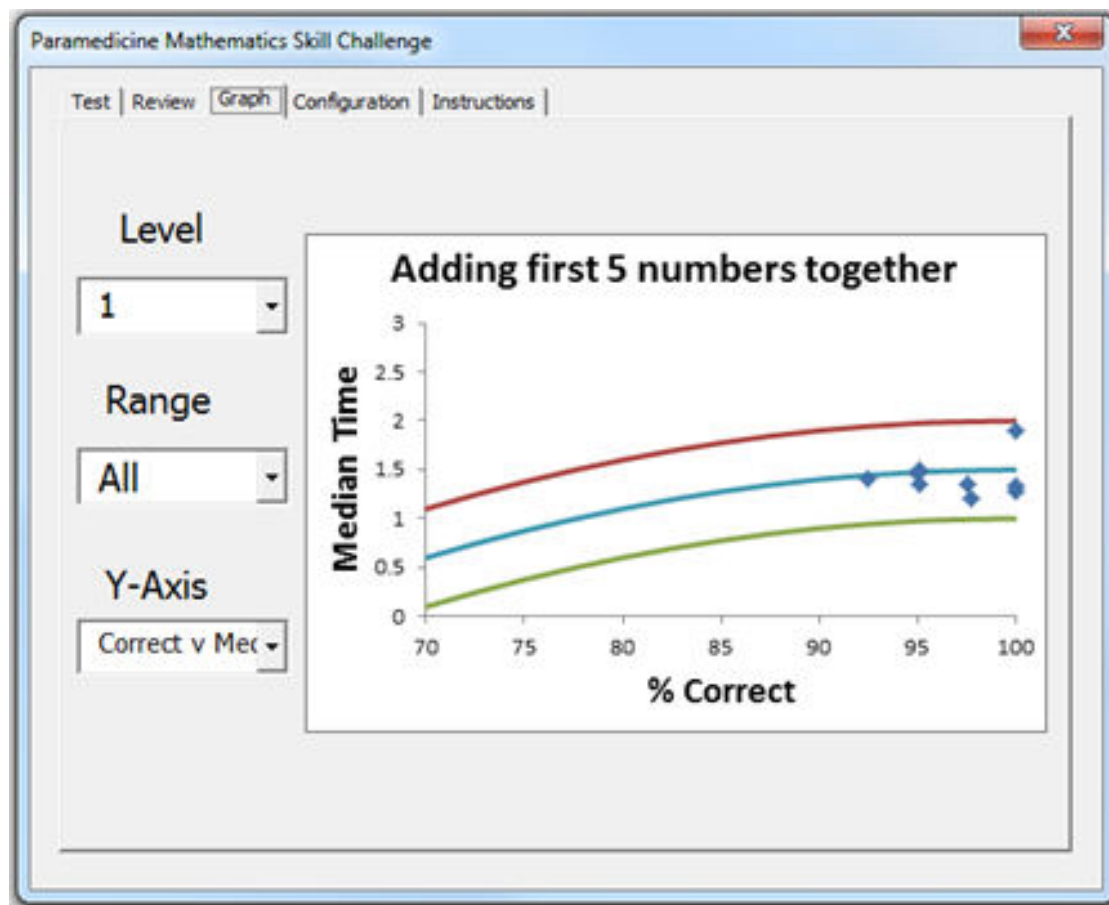
Long term feedback





# Extrinsic Motivation

Colours show attainment



# Summary

App helps because:

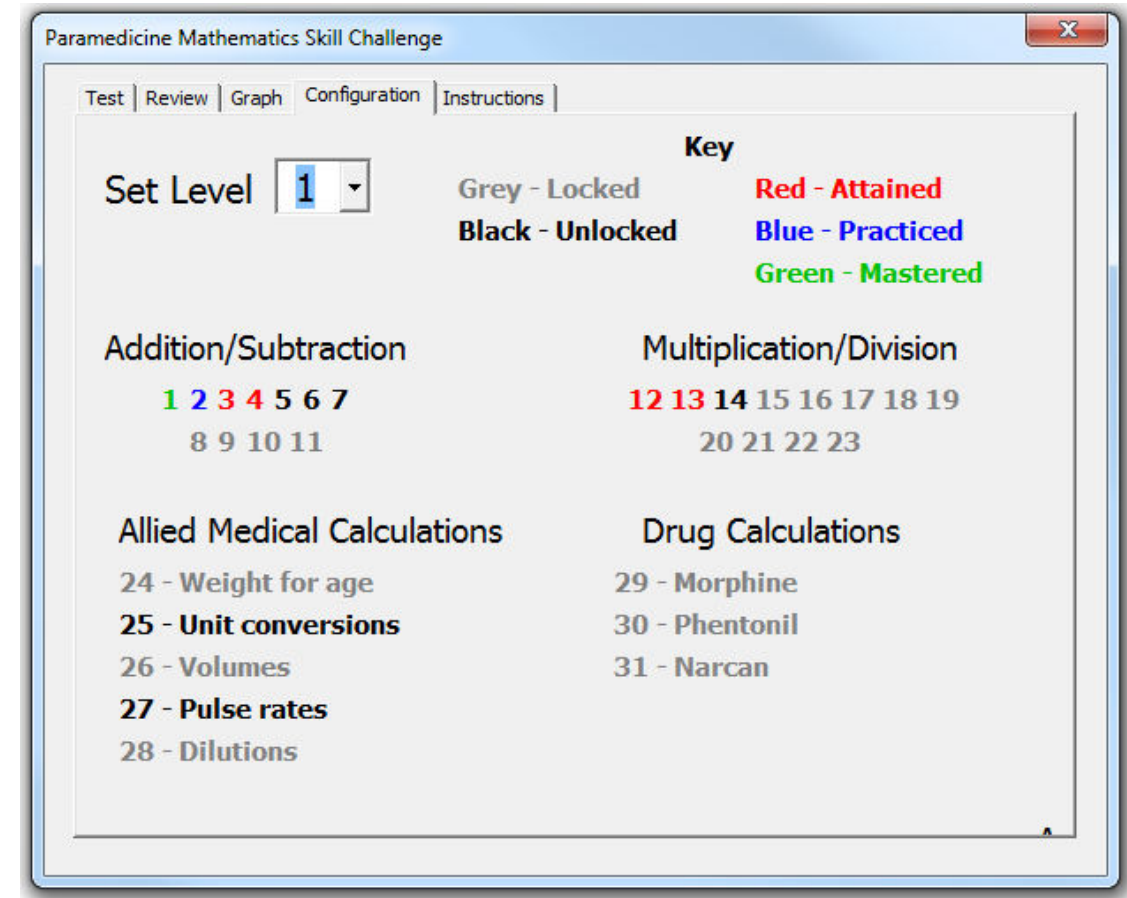
Equalises cohort, targets speed

Repeatable practice

Provides feedback

Provides motivation

Contextualised problems



# Questions



## References

Bloom, B. S. (1984). The 2 sigma problem: the search for methods of group instruction as effective as one-to-one tutoring. *Educational Researcher*, 13(6), 4–16. doi:10.2307/1175554

Choudhary, R., & Malthus, C. (2017). The impact of targeted mathematics/numeracy tutorials on maths anxiety, numeracy and basic drug calculation exam marks. *Journal of Academic Language and Learning*, 11(1). Retrieved from <http://journal.aall.org.au/index.php/jall/article/view/424/266>

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