

# **LAB #2 PID Control using MATLAB/Simulink Simulations**

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IN FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR:  
MTRE 4002L

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The goal of this lab is to serve as an introduction to PID controllers. This was done by building several systems that included the different parts of the PID controller to build up to the final full PID controller. The systems built are the following, P, PI, PD, and finally the full PID controller.

## 2. QUESTION 1 – P Controller

In question 1 we built a basic P controller. Various parameters were given to analyze of which the results are recorded in Table 1. From looking at the trend of the graphs, it can be seen that  $K_p$  impacts how fast the response has its rise time most aggressively.

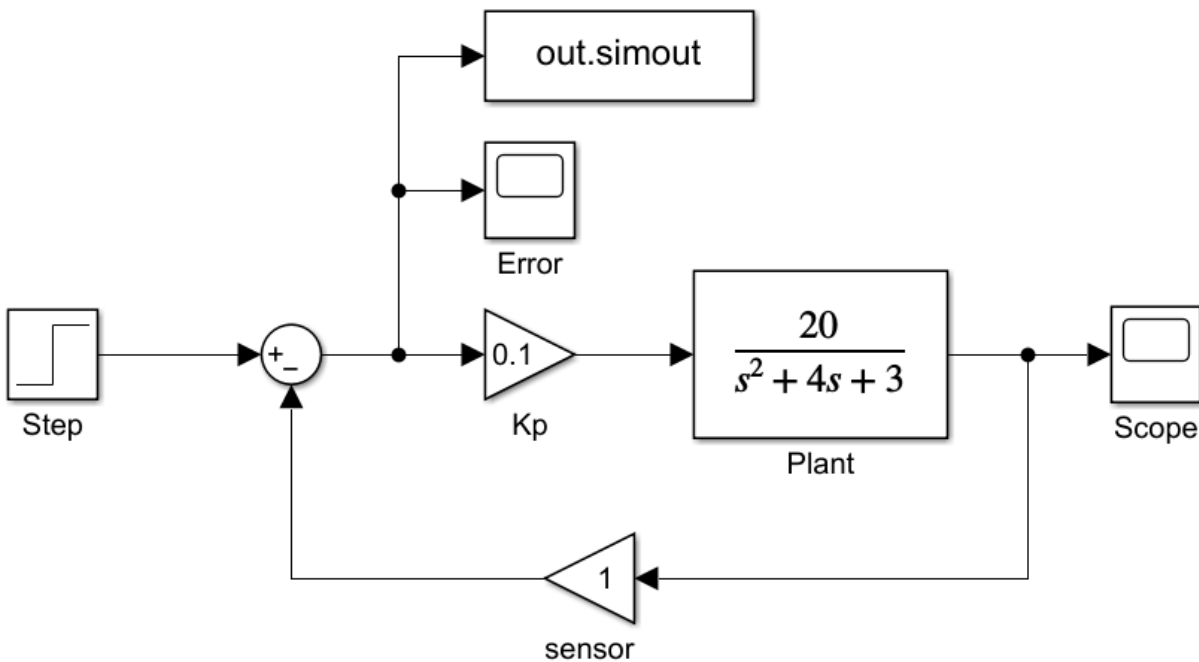
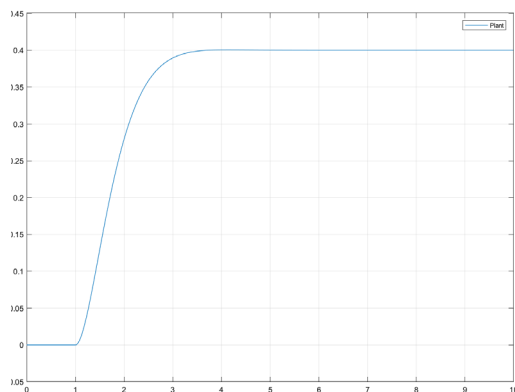
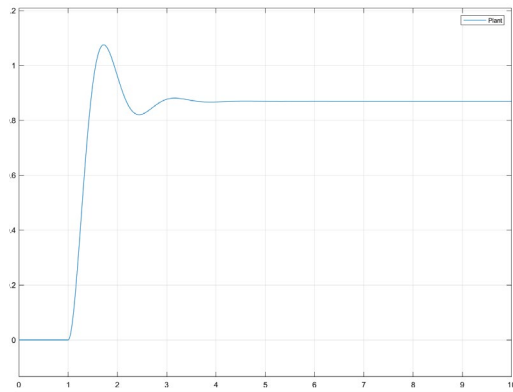


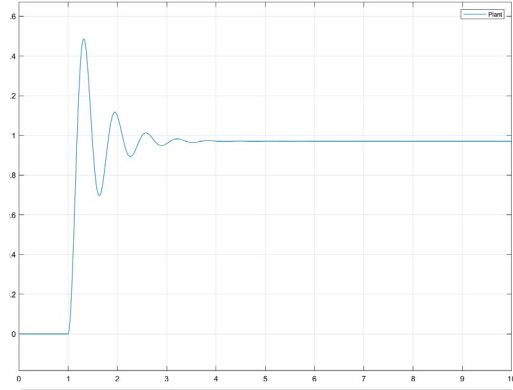
Figure 1



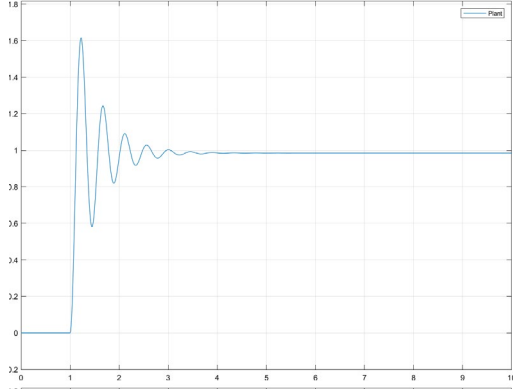
RiseTime:	1.2782
SettlingTime:	3.0749
SettlingMin:	0.3608
SettlingMax:	0.4007
Overshoot:	0.1867
Undershoot:	0
Peak:	0.4007
PeakTime:	4.1400



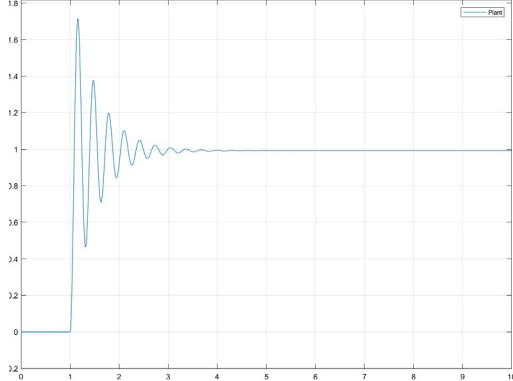
RiseTime: 0.3108  
 SettlingTime: 2.7517  
 SettlingMin: 0.7996  
 SettlingMax: 1.0753  
 Overshoot: 23.6580  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.0753  
 PeakTime: 1.7200



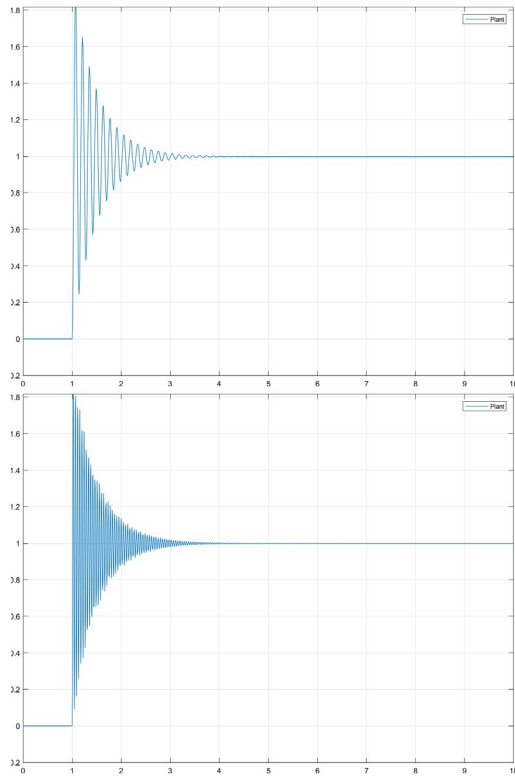
RiseTime: 0.1185  
 SettlingTime: 2.9438  
 SettlingMin: 0.6963  
 SettlingMax: 1.4867  
 Overshoot: 53.1308  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.4867  
 PeakTime: 1.3200



RiseTime: 0.0804  
 SettlingTime: 2.8391  
 SettlingMin: 0.5817  
 SettlingMax: 1.6159  
 Overshoot: 64.0090  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.6159  
 PeakTime: 1.2200



RiseTime: 0.0553  
 SettlingTime: 2.9129  
 SettlingMin: 0.4657  
 SettlingMax: 1.7162  
 Overshoot: 72.9028  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.7162  
 PeakTime: 1.1600



RiseTime: 0.0236  
 SettlingTime: 2.9069  
 SettlingMin: 0.2449  
 SettlingMax: 1.8660  
 Overshoot: 86.8822  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.8660  
 PeakTime: 1.0700

RiseTime: 0.0086  
 SettlingTime: 3.0177  
 SettlingMin: 0.0914  
 SettlingMax: 1.9033  
 Overshoot: 90.3539  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.9033  
 PeakTime: 1.0246

Table 1

Proportional Gain ( $k_p$ )	Rise Time ( $T_r$ )	Peak Time ( $T_p$ )	Setting Time ( $T_s$ )	Percent Overshoot (%OS)	Steady-state Error ( $e_{ss}$ )	Is it a stable system? (Yes/No)	Type of the System (Under/Over/Critically damped System?)
0.1	1.2782	4.1400	3.0749	0.1867	0.6000	Yes	Critically Damped
1	0.3108	1.7200	2.7517	23.6580	0.1304	Yes	Under Damped
5	0.1185	1.3200	2.9438	53.1308	0.0291	Yes	Under Damped
10	0.0804	1.2200	2.8391	64.0090	0.0148	Yes	Under Damped
20	0.0553	1.1600	2.9129	72.9028	0.0074	Yes	Under Damped
100	0.0236	1.0700	2.9069	86.8822	0.0015	Yes	Under Damped
1000	0.0086	1.0246	3.0177	90.3539	1.50e-4	Yes	Under Damped

### 3. QUESTION 2 – PI Controller

In question 2 we built a basic PI controller. Various parameters were given to analyze of which the results are recorded in Table 2. Please note that some responses in this set proved to go out of bounds of the graph which resulted in inaccurate results for some values. These values have been put in italics to mark their inaccuracy. These values are kept due to keeping consistently with what MATLAB outputs. It must be noted that when a response to go out of bounds of the plot it will never reach a steady state. It can be assumed that  $K_i$  is the parameter that effects the steady state error portion of the response as when that value is increased the response oscillates and may even go out of the bounds of the plot.

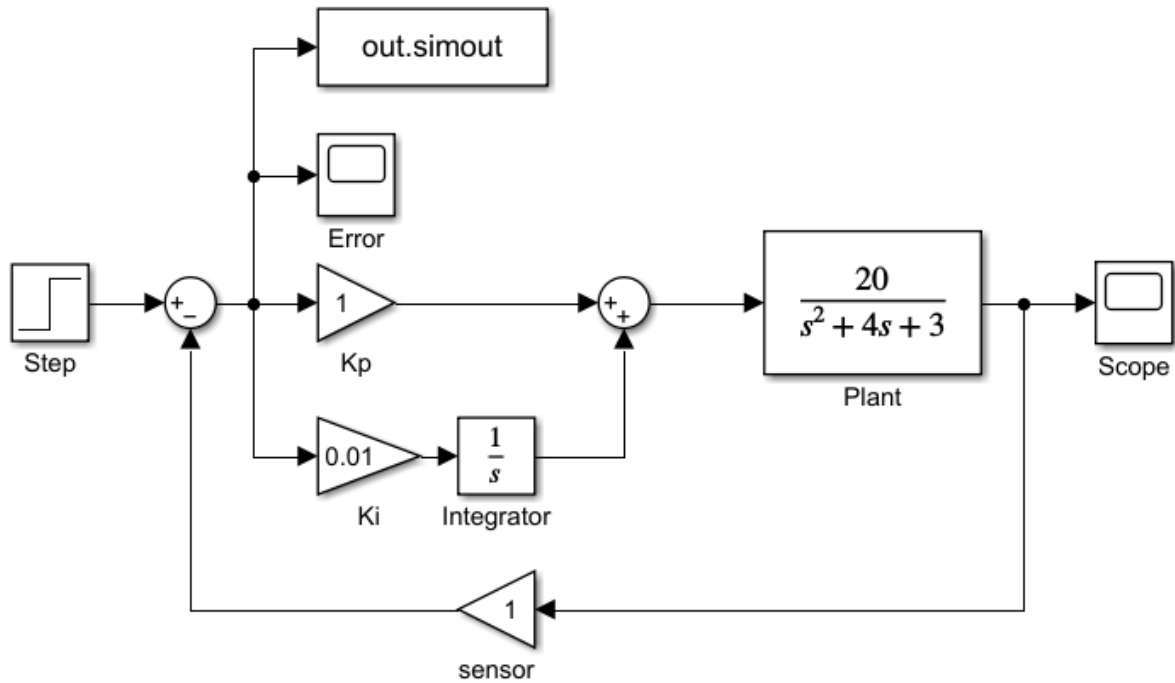
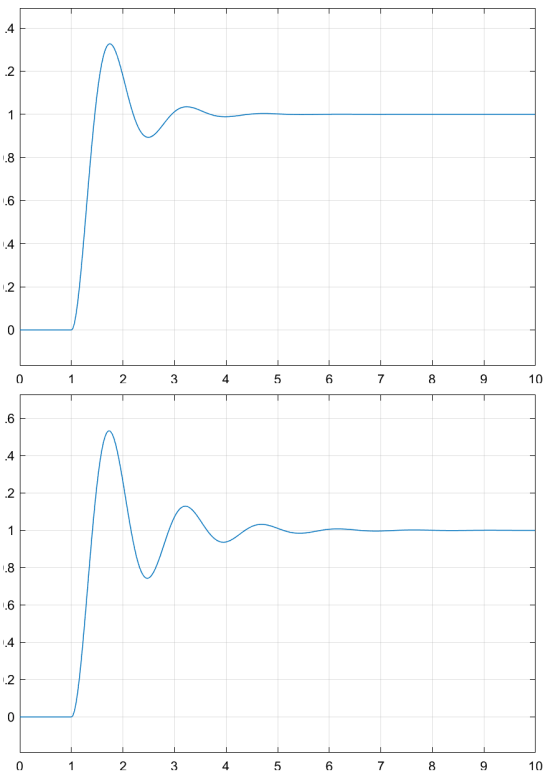
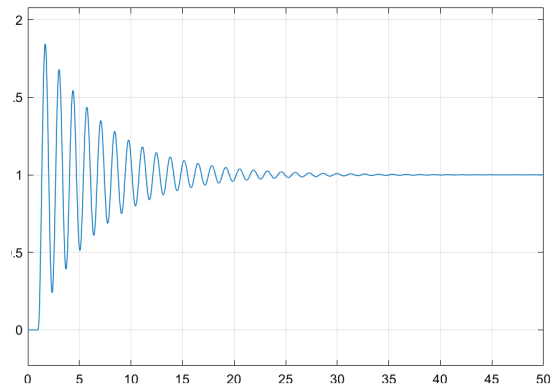


Figure 2

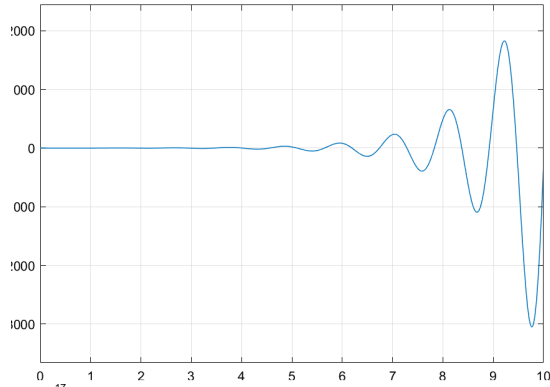


RiseTime: 0.3061  
 SettlingTime: 3.4798  
 SettlingMin: 0.8932  
 SettlingMax: 1.3267  
 Overshoot: 32.6706  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.3267  
 PeakTime: 1.7500

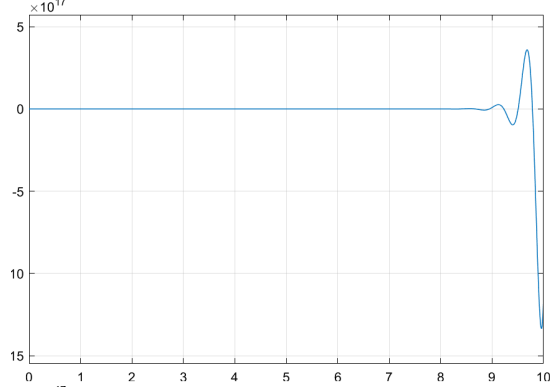
RiseTime: 0.2722  
 SettlingTime: 4.9069  
 SettlingMin: 0.7430  
 SettlingMax: 1.5330  
 Overshoot: 53.3309  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.5330  
 PeakTime: 1.7300



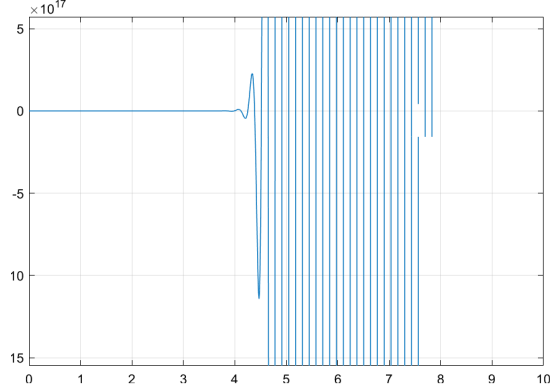
RiseTime: 0.2325  
 SettlingTime: 24.0007  
 SettlingMin: 0.2399  
 SettlingMax: 1.8444  
 Overshoot: 84.4067  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.8444  
 PeakTime: 1.6800



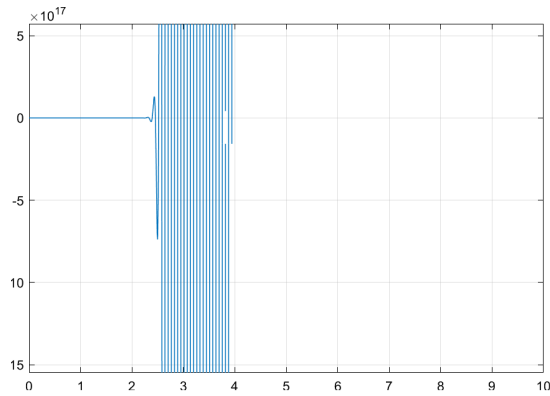
RiseTime: 2.1998  
 SettlingTime: 9.9974  
 SettlingMin: -3.0496e+03  
 SettlingMax: 1.8290e+03  
 Overshoot: 991.7894  
 Undershoot: 654.8151  
 Peak: 3.0496e+03  
 PeakTime: 9.7700



RiseTime: 0.0983  
 SettlingTime: 9.9963  
 SettlingMin: -1.3361e+18  
 SettlingMax: -1.0522e+18  
 Overshoot: 15.7082  
 Undershoot: 31.1786  
 Peak: 1.3361e+18  
 PeakTime: 9.9600



RiseTime: 0.0355  
 SettlingTime: 9.9989  
 SettlingMin: -1.4831e+47  
 SettlingMax: -1.4831e+47  
 Overshoot: 0  
 Undershoot: 33.1838  
 Peak: 1.4831e+47  
 PeakTime: 10



RiseTime: 0.0223  
 SettlingTime: 9.9993  
 SettlingMin: 2.6651e+108  
 SettlingMax: 3.3622e+108  
 Overshoot: 26.1570  
 Undershoot: 22.3372  
 Peak: 3.3622e+108  
 PeakTime: 9.9897

Table 2

Proportional Gain ( $k_p$ )	Integral Gain ( $k_i$ )	Rise Time ( $T_r$ )	Peak Time ( $T_p$ )	Setting Time ( $T_s$ )	Percent Overshoot (%OS)	Steady-state Error ( $e_{ss}$ )	Is it a stable system? (Yes/No)	Type of the System (Under/Over/Critically damped System?)
1	1	0.3061	1.7500	3.4798	32.6706	1.44e-6	Yes	Under Damped
1	2	0.2711	1.7300	4.9069	53.3309	1.94e-4	Yes	Under Damped
1	4	0.2325	1.6800	24.0007	84.4067	-0.1041	Yes	Under Damped
1	10	2.1998	9.7700	9.9974	991.7894	280.3184	No	Under Damped
1	100	0.0983	9.9600	9.9963	15.7082	1.15e+18	No	Under Damped
1	1000	0.0355	10	9.9989	0	1.48e+47	No	Under Damped
1	10000	0.0223	9.9897	9.9993	26.1570	-2.66e+108	No	Under Damped

#### 4. QUESTION 3 – PD Controller

In question 3 we built a basic PD controller. Various parameters were given to analyze of which the results are recorded in Table 3.  $K_d$  can be analyzed to affect the time to reach steady state. This effect can be clearly seen the further down in Table 3. As this parameter is increased the settling time becomes very large.



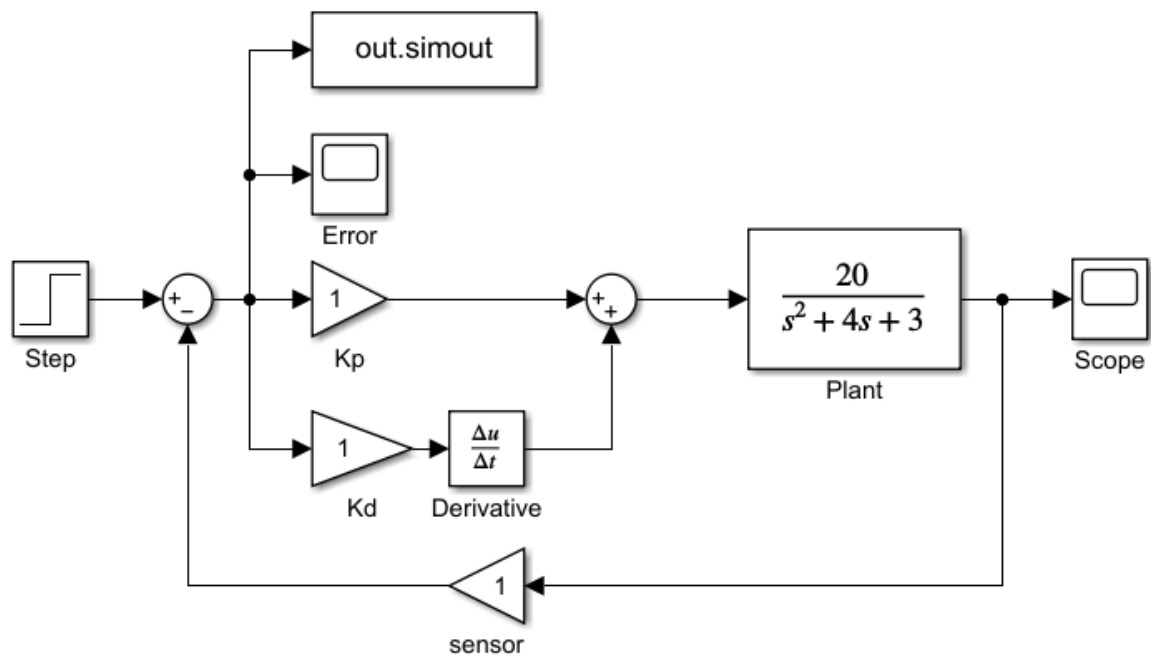
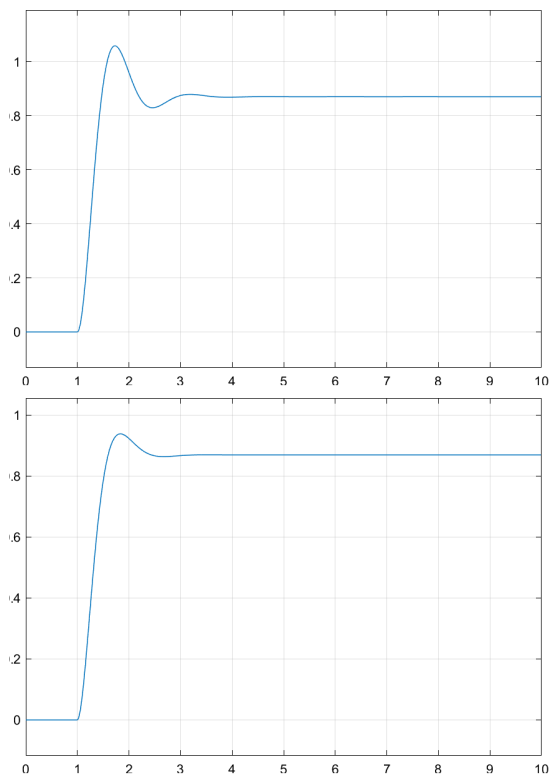
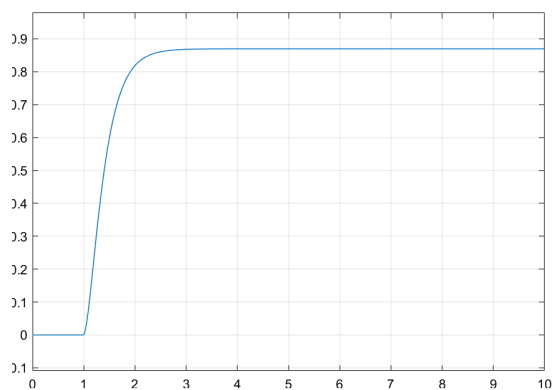


Figure 3

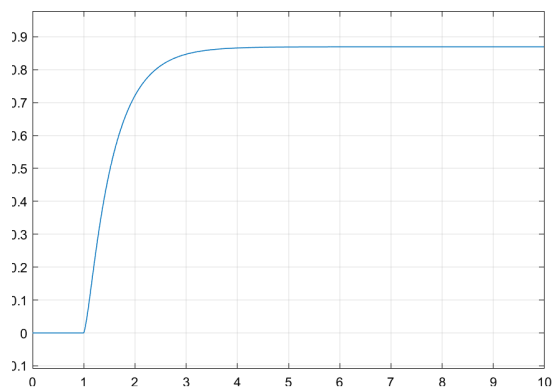


RiseTime: 0.3181  
 SettlingTime: 2.7448  
 SettlingMin: 0.7921  
 SettlingMax: 1.0577  
 Overshoot: 21.6334  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.0577  
 PeakTime: 1.7234

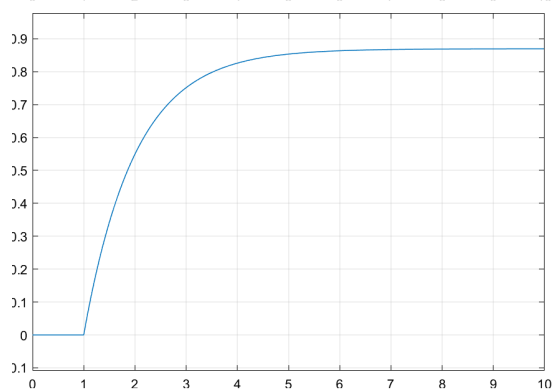
RiseTime: 0.3997  
 SettlingTime: 2.2400  
 SettlingMin: 0.7877  
 SettlingMax: 0.9388  
 Overshoot: 7.9587  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.9388  
 PeakTime: 1.8334



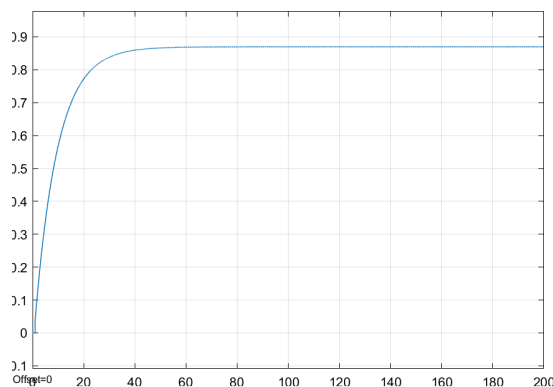
RiseTime: 0.7470  
 SettlingTime: 2.3113  
 SettlingMin: 0.7851  
 SettlingMax: 0.8696  
 Overshoot: 0  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.8696  
 PeakTime: 10



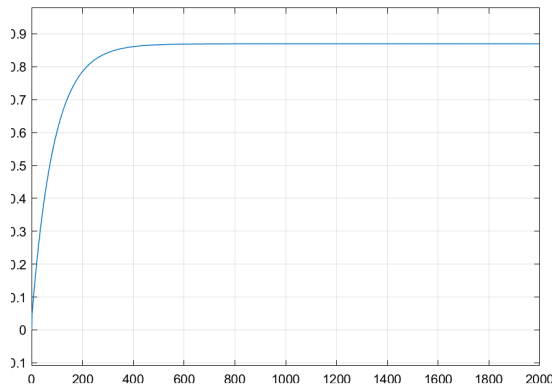
RiseTime: 1.1838  
 SettlingTime: 3.1331  
 SettlingMin: 0.7829  
 SettlingMax: 0.8696  
 Overshoot: 0  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.8696  
 PeakTime: 10



RiseTime: 2.2018  
 SettlingTime: 4.9141  
 SettlingMin: 0.7832  
 SettlingMax: 0.8695  
 Overshoot: 0  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.8695  
 PeakTime: 10



RiseTime: 19.4910  
 SettlingTime: 35.2625  
 SettlingMin: 0.7829  
 SettlingMax: 0.8696  
 Overshoot: 0.0105  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.8696  
 PeakTime: 199.9646



RiseTime: 191.4564  
 SettlingTime: 337.9327  
 SettlingMin: 0.7826  
 SettlingMax: 0.8696  
 Overshoot: 0  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.8696  
 PeakTime: 2000

Table 3

Proportional Gain ( $k_p$ )	Derivative Gain ( $k_d$ )	Rise Time ( $T_r$ )	Peak Time ( $T_p$ )	Setting Time ( $T_s$ )	Percent Overshoot (%OS)	Steady-state Error ( $e_{ss}$ )	Is it a stable system? (Yes/No)	Type of the System (Under/Over/Critically damped System?)
1	0.01	0.3181	1.0577	2.7448	21.6334	0.1304	Yes	Under Damped
1	0.1	0.3997	1.8334	2.2400	7.9587	0.1304	Yes	Under Damped
1	0.3	0.7470	10	2.3113	0	0.1304	Yes	Critically Damped
1	0.5	1.1838	10	3.1331	0	0.1304	Yes	Over Damped
1	1	2.2018	10	4.9141	0	0.1306	Yes	Over Damped
1	10	19.4910	199.9646	35.2625	0.0105	0.1305	No	Over Damped
1	100	191.4564	2000	337.9327	0	0.1304	Yes	Over Damped

## 5. QUESTION 4 – PID Controller

In question 4 we built a basic PID controller. Various parameters were given to analyze of which the results are recorded in Table 4. Incorporating all three of these parameters we are given a highly tunable controller. With the responses given one can see that we have a plethora of different characteristics that might be desirable in many different applications.

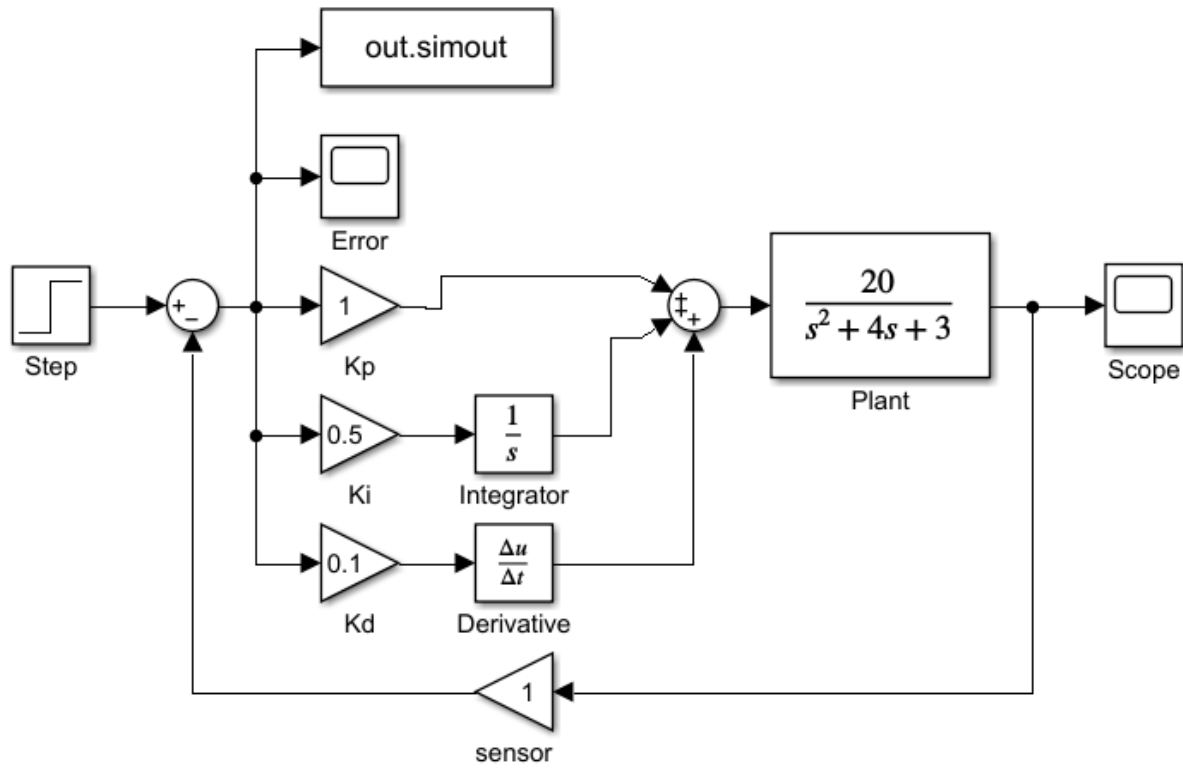
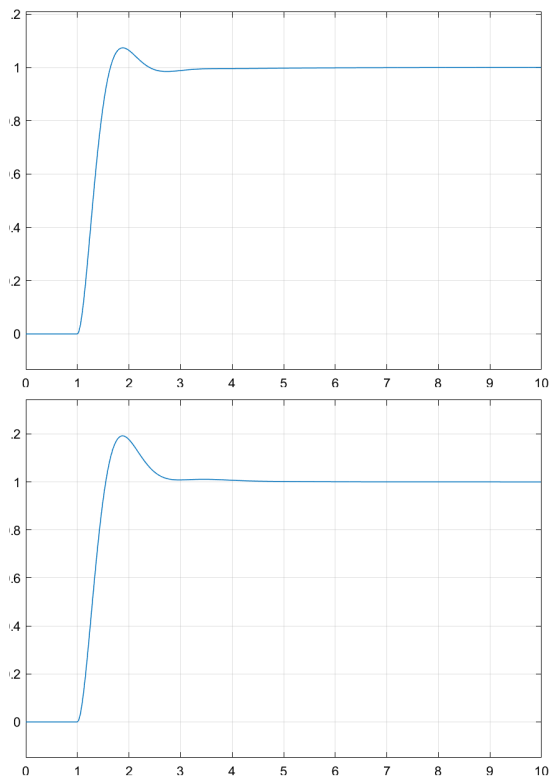
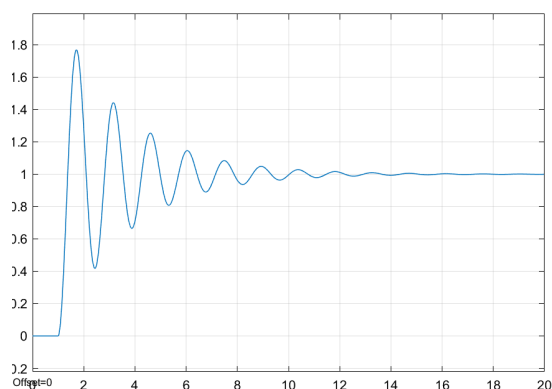


Figure 4

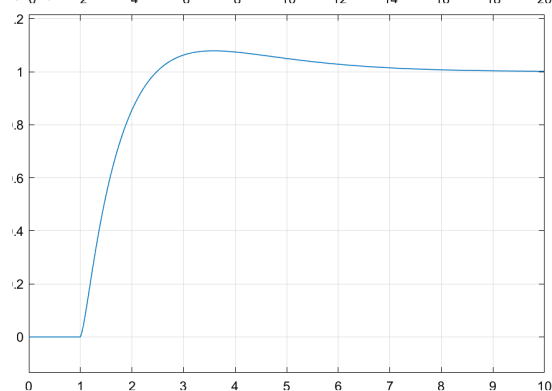


RiseTime: 0.4272  
 SettlingTime: 2.2524  
 SettlingMin: 0.9110  
 SettlingMax: 1.0735  
 Overshoot: 7.3782  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.0735  
 PeakTime: 1.8834

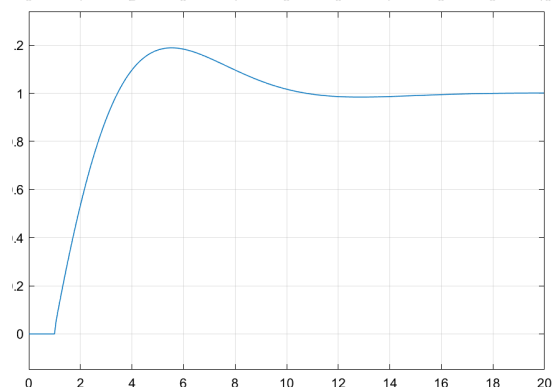
RiseTime: 0.3775  
 SettlingTime: 2.6532  
 SettlingMin: 0.9005  
 SettlingMax: 1.1919  
 Overshoot: 19.1920  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.1919  
 PeakTime: 1.8734



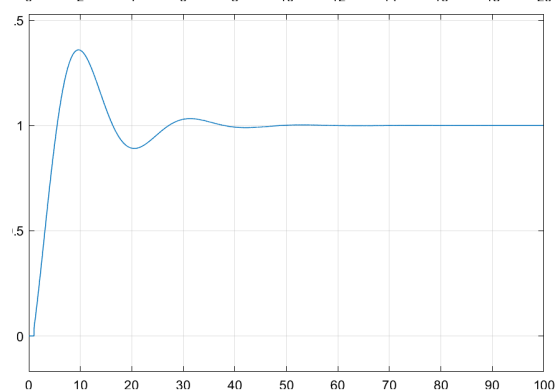
RiseTime: 0.2477  
 SettlingTime: 11.1522  
 SettlingMin: 0.4175  
 SettlingMax: 1.7686  
 Overshoot: 76.9313  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.7686  
 PeakTime: 1.7134



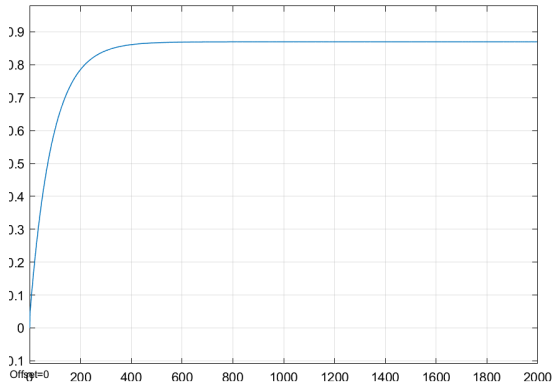
RiseTime: 1.0070  
 SettlingTime: 6.4249  
 SettlingMin: 0.9044  
 SettlingMax: 1.0789  
 Overshoot: 7.7073  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.0789  
 PeakTime: 3.5834



RiseTime: 1.8912  
 SettlingTime: 9.8503  
 SettlingMin: 0.9023  
 SettlingMax: 1.1890  
 Overshoot: 18.7495  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.1890  
 PeakTime: 5.5334



RiseTime: 3.6157  
 SettlingTime: 34.6526  
 SettlingMin: 0.8912  
 SettlingMax: 1.3599  
 Overshoot: 35.9871  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 1.3599  
 PeakTime: 9.6497



RiseTime: 191.4194  
 SettlingTime: 337.7783  
 SettlingMin: 0.7826  
 SettlingMax: 0.8696  
 Overshoot: 0.0036  
 Undershoot: 0  
 Peak: 0.8696  
 PeakTime: 1.9999e+03

Table 4

Proportional Gain ( $k_p$ )	Integral Gain ( $k_i$ )	Derivative Gain ( $k_d$ )	Rise Time ( $T_r$ )	Peak Time ( $T_p$ )	Setting Time ( $T_s$ )	Percent Overshoot (%OS)	Steady-state Error ( $e_{ss}$ )	Is it a stable system? (Yes/No)	Type of the System (Under/Over/Critically damped System?)
1	0.5	0.1	0.4272	1.8834	2.2524	7.3782	1.57e-6	Yes	Under Damped
1	1	0.1	0.3775	1.8734	2.6432	19.1920	-6.34e-11	Yes	Under Damped
1	5	0.1	0.2477	1.7134	11.1522	76.9313	3.91e-4	Yes	Under Damped
1	0.5	0.5	1.0070	3.5834	6.4249	7.7073	-5.69e-7	Yes	Under Damped
1	0.5	1.5	1.8912	5.5334	9.8503	18.7495	-0.013	Yes	Under Damped
1	0.5	5	3.6157	9.6497	0.8912	35.9871	-1.36e-5	Yes	Under Damped
1	0	100	191.4194	1.9999e+03	337.7783	0.0036	0.1305	Yes	Critically Damped

## 6. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this lab was a very helpful exercise in visualizing what each component does in a PID controller. Understanding each component on their own was enlightening and will certainly aid in designing controllers. Additionally, this has shown to show the power of MATLAB in analyzing PID controllers.