Assignment 4 - Circuit Modeling

For Part 1, we are DC sweeping V1 from -10 to 10 and plotting V0. Then we AC sweep and plot V0 as a function of w. Next, we plot the AC gain as a function of random pertubations on C.

```
close all
clear
R1 = 1;
G1 = 1/R1;
c = 0.25;
R2 = 2;
G2 = 1/R2;
L = 0.2;
R3 = 10;
G3 = 1/R3;
a = 100;
R4 = 0.1;
G4 = 1/R4;
Ro = 1000;
Go = 1/Ro;
C = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]
    -c c 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 -L 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
G = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]
    -G2 G1+G2 -1 0 0 0 0
    0 1 0 -1 0 0 0
    0 0 -1 G3 0 0 0
    0 0 0 0 -a 1 0
    0 0 0 G3 -1 0 0
    0 0 0 0 0 -G4 G4+Go];
Vdc = zeros(7,1);
Vac = zeros(7,1);
F = zeros(7,1);
f1 = figure;
f2 = figure;
f3 = figure;
f4 = figure;
for v = -10:0.1:10
    F(1,1) = v;
    Vdc = G\backslash F;
```

```
set(0, 'CurrentFigure', f1)
    plot(v, Vdc(7,1), 'r.')
    hold on
    plot(v, Vdc(4,1), 'b.')
    hold on
    title('Vo and V3 in DC case')
    xlabel('Vin')
    ylabel('V')
end
w = logspace(1,2,500);
F(1) = 1;
for o = 1:length(w)
    Vac = (G+C*1j*w(o)) \setminus F;
    set(0, 'CurrentFigure', f2)
    semilogx(w(o), abs(Vac(7,1)), 'y.')
    hold on
    title('Vo( AC setting)')
    dB = 20*log(abs(Vac(7,1))/F(1));
    set(0, 'CurrentFigure', f3)
    plot(o, dB, 'c.')
    hold on
end
cs = 0.25 + 0.05.*randn(1,1000);
VOg = zeros(1000,1);
for m = 1:length(VOg)
    c = cs(m);
    C(2,1) = -c;
    C(2,2) = c;
    Vac = (G+C*1j*pi)\F;
    VOg(m,1) = abs(Vac(7,1))/F(1);
end
set(0, 'CurrentFigure', f4)
hist(VOg, 50);
```







