

5.2 TCP Echo Server: `main` Function

Our TCP client and server follow the flow of functions that we diagrammed in [Figure 4.1](#). We show the concurrent server program in [Figure 5.2](#).

Create socket, bind server's well-known port

9-15 A TCP socket is created. An Internet socket address structure is filled in with the wildcard address (`INADDR_ANY`) and the server's well-known port (`SERV_PORT`, which is defined as 9877 in our `unp.h` header). Binding the wildcard address tells the system that we will accept a connection destined for any local interface, in case the system is multihomed. Our choice of the TCP port number is based on [Figure 2.10](#). It should be greater than 1023 (we do not need a reserved port), greater than 5000 (to avoid conflict with the ephemeral ports allocated by many Berkeley-derived implementations), less than 49152 (to avoid conflict with the "correct" range of ephemeral ports), and it should not conflict with any registered port. The socket is converted into a listening socket by `listen`.

Wait for client connection to complete

17-18 The server blocks in the call to `accept`, waiting for a client connection to complete.

Concurrent server

19-24 For each client, `fork` spawns a child, and the child handles the new client. As we discussed in [Section 4.8](#), the child closes the listening socket and the parent closes the connected socket. The child then calls `str_echo` ([Figure 5.3](#)) to handle the client.

Figure 5.2 TCP echo server (improved in [Figure 5.12](#)).

tcpdiserv/tcpserv01.c

```

1  #include      "unp.h"

2  int
3  main(int argc, char **argv)
4  {
5      int      listenfd, connfd;
6      pid_t    childpid;
7      socklen_t cliilen;
8      struct sockaddr_in cliaddr, servaddr;

9      listenfd = Socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

10     bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
11     servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
12     servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl (INADDR_ANY);
13     servaddr.sin_port = htons (SERV_PORT);

14     Bind(listenfd, (SA *) &servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));

15     Listen(listenfd, LISTENQ);

16     for ( ; ; ) {
17         cliilen = sizeof(cliaddr);
18         connfd = Accept(listenfd, (SA *) &cliaddr, &cliilen);

19         if ( (childpid = Fork()) == 0 ) { /* child process */
20             Close(listenfd); /* close listening socket */
21             str_echo(connfd); /* process the request */
22             exit (0);
23         }
24         Close(connfd); /* parent closes connected socket */
25     }
26 }
```