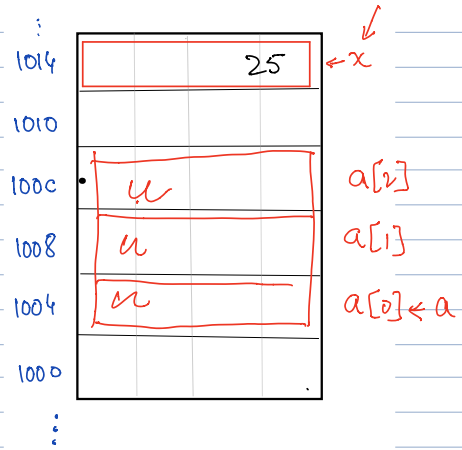


28-01-2019

## COLLECTING RELATED DATA

```
int x;
x = 25; ←
```

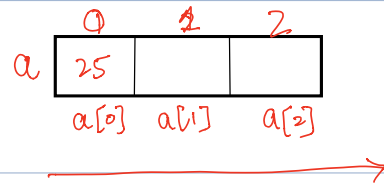
```
x = 5;
int a[x]; ← invalid
int a[3]; ← constant
```



type name # of elements  
 int a[3];  
 a[0] = 25;

## Arrays

- ✓ Homogeneous (same type)
- ✓ contiguous

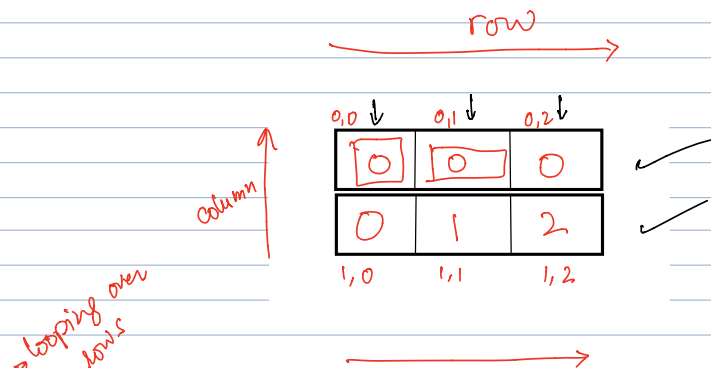


```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    cout << a[i] << endl;
}
```

$i \Rightarrow$

## 2-D Arrays:

```
int a[2][3];
```



```

for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
        a[i][j] = i * j; // setting values.
        cout << i * j;
    }
}

```

row  
looping over columns

Character Arrays:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

```

a

H	e	l	l	o	\0
0	1	2	3	4	5

↑ null terminator

```

int main() {
    string char a[] = "Hello";
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
        cout << a[i] << endl;
    }
    cout << a;
}

```

string.

5

→ Hello\_

- A char array  
≡ string

H  
e  
l  
l  
o  
↓  
?

string a = "Hello";

```

for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
    cout << a[i] << endl;
}

```

→ Hello\_

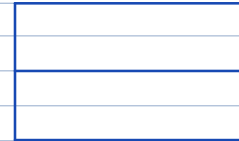
cout << a.length();  
cout << a.empty();

## Structs:

"A student has a name and a roll number."

Objective: create a structure to store student information.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
new datatype ← struct student {
    string name;
    int roll_no;
};
```

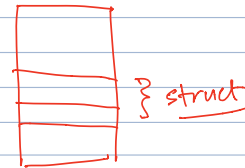
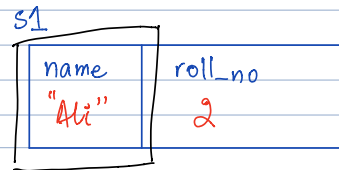


```
int main() {
    type ← int a; ← name
```

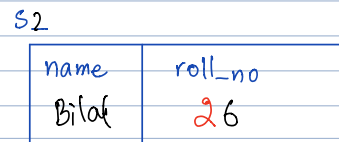
```
    student s1;
```

```
    s1.name = "Ali";
    // "enter the box"
```

```
    // s1.roll_no = 2
```



```
student s2;
s2.name = "Bilal";
s2.roll_no = 26;
```



```
X type X
int a[5]; ← # of elements
student s[5]; ← an array of students

s[0].name = "Ali";
```

