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// CSCI 301
// Computer Science 2
// File: format.cxx
// This program reads an input file of text and writes an output file of the
// same text, formatted into lines no longer than a maximum length. The
// names of the input and output files and the maximum line length are
// read from the terminal. Functions open the files, and continue prompting
// for file names until names are entered than can be successfully opened.
// Another function reads the maximum line length, which must fall within
// bounds set by two program constants.
// The program reads and writes words from the input file one at a time.
// It keeps track of the length of the current line so far; if the next
// word would cause that line to exceed the maximum length, the program
// terminates that line, writes the word on the next line, and resets the
// line length. The program writes a blank after each word, except perhaps
// the last word on a line. A word is a string of contiguous non-blank
// characters, and we assume that no input word is longer than the input line
// length set for the run.
#include
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using namespace std;
                    // Minimum line length
// Maximum line length
const int MIN = 30;
const int MAX = 80;
typedef char string[MAX+1];
void open input file ( ifstream& in f );
// Opens for input a file named from the terminal.
// Postcondition: A file stream has been opened for input.
void open output file ( ofstream& out f );
// Opens for output a file named from the terminal.
// Postcondition: A file stream has been opened for output.
int read int ( int small, int large );
// Reads an input value within specified bounds.
// Precondition: small and large are positive integers, with small <= large.
// Postcondition: The function returns a value in [small,large] entered from
// the terminal.
int main()
 int line len; // The length of the current output line so
far
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max length = read int(MIN, MAX); // Read the maximum line length.
 line len = 0;
                            // Initially, the line length is zero.
 in file >> s;
                            // Read from the input file.
 while (! in file.eof()) // Are we done yet?
                            // Identify the string's length.
   s len = strlen(s);
   if (line_len + s_len <= max_length) // If there is room on the line
     out file << s;
                            // Write to the output file.
    line len = line len + s len; // Increment the line length.
                             // Start a new line.
   else
   {
    out file << endl << s; // Write to the output file.
    line len = s len; // Reset the line length.
   if ( line len < max length ) \ // If there is room for a blank ...
    out file << ' ';
                          // Write to the output file.
     ++line len;
   in file >> s;
                            // Read from the input file.
                          // Write to the output file.
 out file << endl;</pre>
                            // Close the input file.
 in file.close();
                            // Close the output file.
 out file.close();
 return EXIT SUCCESS;
}
void open input file ( ifstream &in f )
 char input file name[80];
 { in f.clear();
   cout << "Enter input file name: ";</pre>
   cin >> input file name;
   in f.open(input file name);
 } while ( in f.fail() );
void open_output_file ( ofstream &out_f )
 char output file name[80];
 do
 { out f.clear();
   cout << "Enter output file name: ";</pre>
   cin >> output file name;
   out f.open(output file name);
  } while ( out f.fail() );
```