IEEE 754 Notes

5th February 2004

Pre IEEE 754 Examples

- Most: $x \neq y$ and x y = 0
- $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x*x+y*y}} > 1$ on older Crays for some x, y.
- Overflow if 1.0 * x, x large but not largest value
- 1.0 * x looses terminal 4 bits
- Multiplication less accurate than addition (Cray)
 - e.g.: last 3 bits unreliable

Identities (exact computations)

1.
$$x = -y$$

2.
$$2^N * x, 2^{-N} * x, N \in \mathbb{N}$$

3.
$$x * y = x * y = y * x$$

4.
$$x + y = x + y = y + x$$

5.
$$x - y = x + (-y) = -(y - x)$$

6.
$$\min(x, y) \le \frac{x+y}{2} \le \max(x, y)$$

7.
$$\frac{1}{2} \le \frac{x}{y} \le 2 \Rightarrow x - y$$
 is exact

8.
$$x = N * y, N \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = N$$

9.
$$\{a \le c, b \le d\} \Rightarrow a + b \le c + d$$

10.
$$\{0 \le a \le c, \ 0 \le b \le d\} \Rightarrow a * b \le c * d$$

11.
$$\pm \infty + x = \pm \infty$$

12.
$$\pm \infty * x = \pm \infty$$

13.
$$\frac{x}{\pm \infty} = \pm 0$$

14.
$$\frac{\pm \infty}{x} = \pm \infty$$

15.
$$(x+y) + z \neq x + (y+z)$$

16. lexicographic ordering