

Tarefa 05 de Métodos II - Antônio Anderson Costa Pereira - 422029

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Fórmula da Quadratura de Gauss-Legendre de 4 pontos

Elementos da fórmula de Gauss-Legendre com 4 pontos de interpolação:

$$I = \int_{x_i}^{x_f} f(x) dx \approx \frac{x_f - x_i}{2} \sum_{k=1}^4 f(x(\alpha_k)) w_k$$

Valores de $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ e α_4 :

$$P_4(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2^4 4!} \frac{d^4}{d\alpha^4} [(\alpha^2 - 1)^4] = \frac{35\alpha^4 - 30\alpha^2 + 3}{8} = 0$$

Logo resolvendo $35\alpha^4 - 30\alpha^2 + 3 = 0$, temos:

$$\alpha_1 = \sqrt{\frac{15 + 2\sqrt{30}}{35}}$$

$$\alpha_2 = -\sqrt{\frac{15 + 2\sqrt{30}}{35}}$$

$$\alpha_3 = \sqrt{\frac{15 - 2\sqrt{30}}{35}}$$

$$\alpha_4 = -\sqrt{\frac{15 - 2\sqrt{30}}{35}}$$

Cálculo de $x(\alpha_1), x(\alpha_2), x(\alpha_3)$ e $x(\alpha_4)$:

$$x(\alpha_1) = \frac{x_f + x_i}{2} + \frac{x_f - x_i}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{15 + 2\sqrt{30}}{35}} \right)$$

$$x(\alpha_2) = \frac{x_f + x_i}{2} + \frac{x_f - x_i}{2} \left(-\sqrt{\frac{15 + 2\sqrt{30}}{35}} \right)$$

$$x(\alpha_3) = \frac{x_f + x_i}{2} + \frac{x_f - x_i}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{15 - 2\sqrt{30}}{35}} \right)$$

$$x(\alpha_4) = \frac{x_f + x_i}{2} + \frac{x_f - x_i}{2} \left(-\sqrt{\frac{15 - 2\sqrt{30}}{35}} \right)$$

Cálculo de w_1, w_2, w_3 e w_4 : Como α_1 e α_2 são simétricos em relação a origem então w_1 e w_2 são iguais, o mesmo se repete para α_3 e α_4 com w_3 e w_4 . Logo basta calcular w_1 e w_3 .

$$\begin{aligned}
L_1(\alpha) &= \frac{(\alpha - \alpha_2)(\alpha - \alpha_3)(\alpha - \alpha_4)}{(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2)(\alpha_1 - \alpha_3)(\alpha_1 - \alpha_4)} = \\
&= \frac{(\alpha + \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\alpha - \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\alpha + \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}})}{(\sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}} + \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}} - \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}} + \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}})} \\
&= \frac{\alpha^3 + \alpha^2 \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}} - \alpha(\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}) - (\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}) \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}}}{\frac{8\sqrt{30}}{35} \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
L_3(\alpha) &= \frac{(\alpha - \alpha_1)(\alpha - \alpha_2)(\alpha - \alpha_4)}{(\alpha_3 - \alpha_1)(\alpha_3 - \alpha_2)(\alpha_3 - \alpha_4)} = \\
&= \frac{(\alpha - \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\alpha + \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\alpha + \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}})}{(\sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}} - \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}} + \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}})(\sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}} + \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}})} = \\
&= \frac{\alpha^3 + \alpha^2 \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}} - \alpha(\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}) - (\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}) \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}}}{\frac{-8\sqrt{30}}{35} \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
w_1 = w_2 &= \int_{-1}^1 L_1(\alpha) d\alpha = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}} - 2 \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}} (\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35})}{\frac{8\sqrt{30}}{35} \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}}} = \\
&= \frac{2(\frac{-10+6\sqrt{30}}{105}) \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}}}{\frac{8\sqrt{30}}{35} \sqrt{\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}}} = \frac{-5 + 3\sqrt{30}}{6\sqrt{30}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
w_3 = w_4 &= \int_{-1}^1 L_3(\alpha) d\alpha = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}} - 2(\frac{15+2\sqrt{30}}{35}) \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}}}{\frac{-8\sqrt{30}}{35} \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}}} = \\
&= \frac{-2 \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}} (\frac{10+6\sqrt{30}}{105})}{\frac{-8\sqrt{30}}{35} \sqrt{\frac{15-2\sqrt{30}}{35}}} = \frac{5 + 3\sqrt{30}}{6\sqrt{30}}
\end{aligned}$$

Assim temos todos os elementos para formarmos a Quadratura de Gauss-Legendre com 4 pontos.