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Tujuan

Setelah menyelesaikan bab ini, anda seharusnya dapat melakukan hal-hal berikut:

- Membuat backup database secara konsisten
- Membuat backup database anda tanpa harus mematikannya
- Membuat incremental backup
- Mengotomatiskan pembuatan backup database
- Memonitor flash recovery area

Terminologi

- Backup strategy boleh mengikutkan :
 - Keseluruhan database (whole)
 - Bagian dari database (partial)
- Backup type boleh berupa :
 - Segala informasi dari seluruh data files (full)
 - Hanya informasi yang telah berubah sejak pembuatan backup sebelumnya (incremental)
- Backup mode boleh berupa :
 - Offline (consistent, cold)
 - Online (inconsistent,hot)

Terminologi

Backup bisa disimpan sebagai:

- Image Copies
- Backup Seats

Data File #1
Data File #2
Data File #3
Data File #4
Data File #5
Data File #6
Image copies

Data File #1	Data File #2
Data File #3	Data File #4
Data File #5	Data File #6

Backup set

Recovery Manager (RMAN)

Enterprise Manager menggunakan Recovery Manager (RMAN) untuk melaksanakan operasi-operasi backup dan recovery.

- Baris perintah client untuk fungsi-fungsi advanced
- Kontrol yang sangat kuat dan bahasa scripting
- Mempublikasi API yang mengijinkan antar muka dengan software backup yang paling populer
- Backs up data, kontrol, archieved log, dan file-file server paramater
- Backs up file-file ke dalam disk atau tape.

Mengkonfigurasi Setting Backup

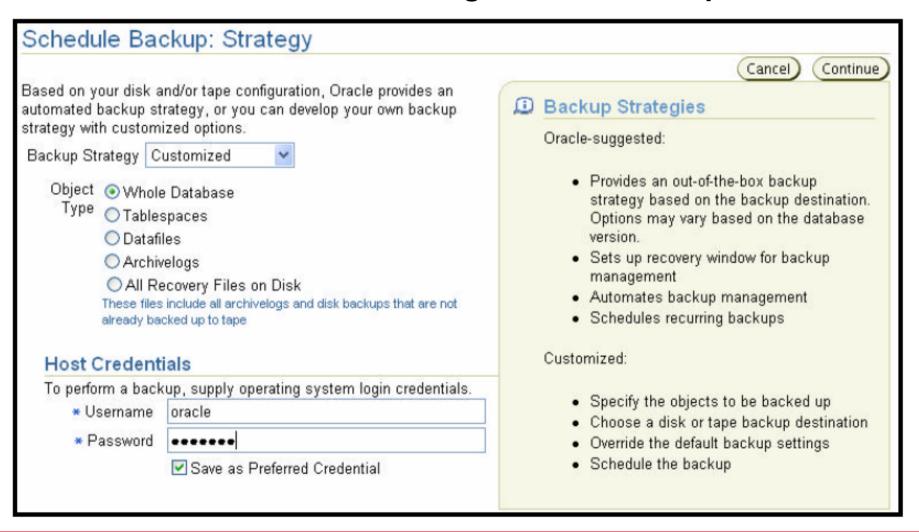
Configure Backup S	Settings	
Device Backup Set Policy	<u></u>	
Disk Settings		
Parallelism	1	Test Disk Backup
	Concurrent streams to disk drives	
Disk Backup Location		
	An existing directory or diskgroup name where database files will be backed up. If you do not specify a location, database files will be backed up to the flash recovery area location.	
	Backup Set An Oracle proprietary format which has to be restored before use.	
	Compressed Backup Set An Oracle proprietary format in compressed format which has to be restored before use.	
	○ Image Copy A bit-by-bit copy of database files that can be used as-is to perform recovery.	
Host Credentials		
To save the backup settin	ngs, supply operating system login credentials.	
* Pass	sword	
	✓ Save as Preferred Credential	

Mengkonfigurasi Setting Backup

Backup Policy					
Automatically backup the change	e control file ar	nd server parameter file (SPFILE	e) with eve	ry backup and o	database structural
Autobackup Disk Location					
		tory or diskgroup name where the co fy a location, the files will be backed o			
Optimize the whole data been backed up	base backup b	y skipping unchanged files suc	h as read-	only and offline	datafiles that have
Enable block change tra	cking for faster	incremental backups			
Block Change Tracking File					
	Specify a locati	on and file, otherwise an Oracle man	aged file will	be created in the	database area.
Tablespaces Exclu	ded From V	/hole Database Backup			
Populate this table with the tablespaces to this table.	ne tablespaces	you want to exclude from a wh	ole databa		e the Add button to add
			_	Add	
Select Tablespace Nan		Tablespace Number	Status	Contents	
No Items Selecte			e a basilous		
W TIP These tablespaces	can be backe	d up separately using tablespa	се васкир		
Retention Policy					
Retain All Backups					
You must manually delete any b	ackups				
Retain backups that are number of days (point-in-tim		a recovery to any time within th	e specified	d Days	31 Recovery Window
			Backups	1	
				WARREST TO STATE OF THE PARTY O	Redundancy

Menjadwal Backup: Strategi

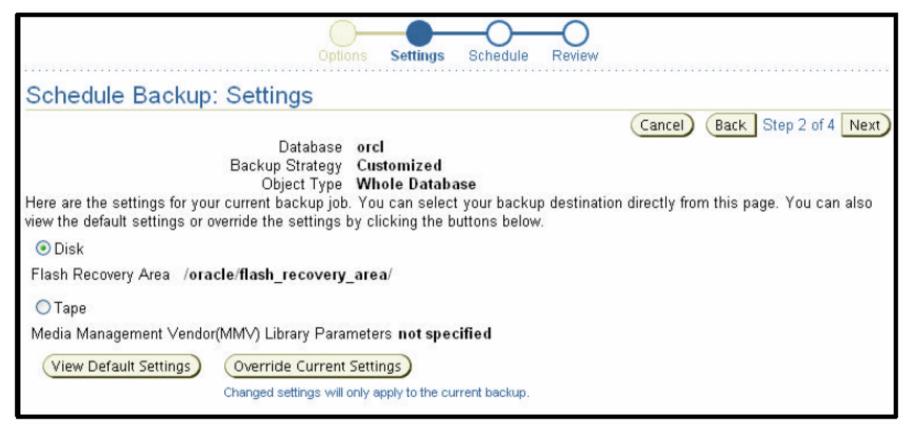
Memilih keseluruhan atau sebagian untuk backup database



Menjadwal Backup: Option

Backup Strategy Object Type	Customized Whole Database
Backup Type	
● Full Backup	
Use as the base of an incremental back	ckup strategy
 Incremental Backup (Level 1) Level 1 incremental backup includes all the changed be 	plocks since the most recent level 0 backup (cumulative).
Refresh the latest datafile copy on dis	k to the current time using the incremental backup
Backup Mode	
Online Backup The backup can be performed when the database is	OPEN.
Offline Backup If the database is OPEN at the time of backup, the databackup.	tabase will be shut down and mounted before the backup. The database will be opened after
Advanced	
☑ Back up all archived logs on disk	
Delete all archived logs from disk afte	er they are successfully backed up
Use proxy copy supported by media ma If proxy copy of the selected files is not supported, F	nagement software to perform a backup Recovery Manager will perform a conventional backup.
Delete obsolete backups Delete backups that are no longer needed to satisfy	the retention policy.
Maximum Files per Backup Set The maximum	m number of input files in each backup set.

Menjadwal Backup: Setting

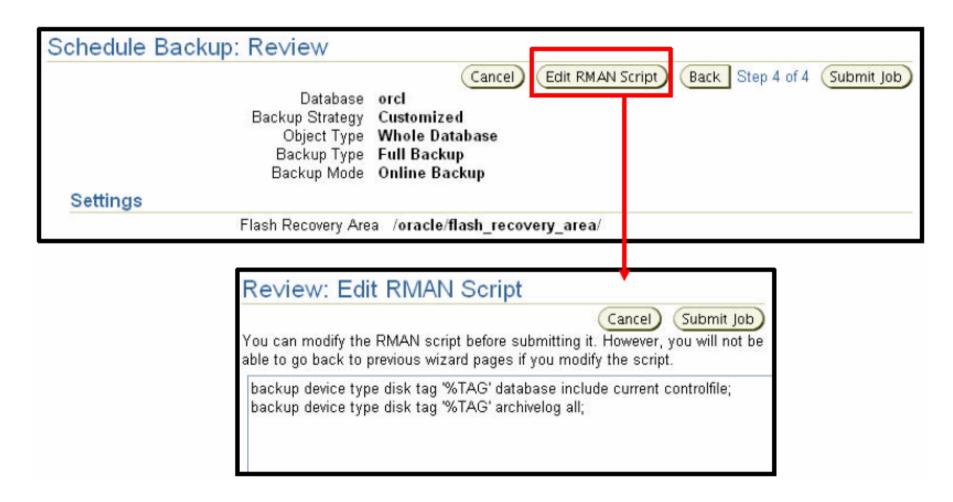


Setting konfigurasi persistent backup sebelumnya, dapat ditimpa dengan untuk backup saat ini dengan meng-klik Override Current Settings.

Menjadwal Backup: Jadwal

Schedule Backup: Schedule		
Backup Strategy (orcl.oracle.com Customized Whole Database	Next
* Job Name Job Descripton		
Schedule Time Zone GMT -7:00 Start Immediately		
○ Later Date Feb 16, 2004 (example: Feb 16, 2004) Time 2 ○ 00 ○ AM ○ PM Repeat	Repeat Until	
● One Time Only		
○Interval Frequency 1 Minutes ✓	O Custom Date Feb 16, 2004 (example: Feb 16, 2004)	
○ Yearly	Time 6 ▼ 15 ▼ ○ AM PM (Ignored except when repeating by minutes or hours.)	

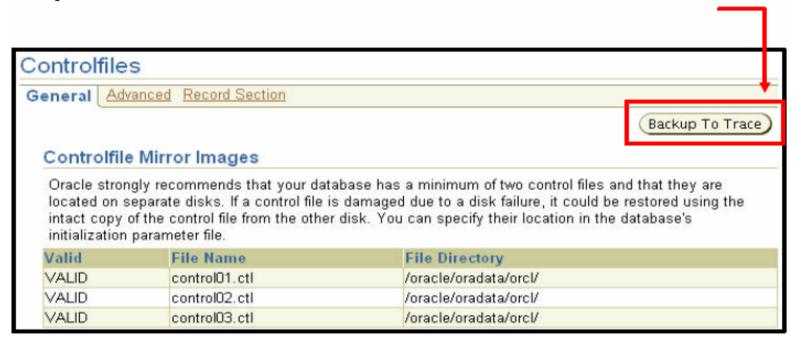
Menjadwal Backup: Review



Klik Edit RMAN Script untuk mereview perintah2 RMAN

Mem-backup Control File ke Trace

Control file mempunyai opsi tambahan untuk melakukan backup

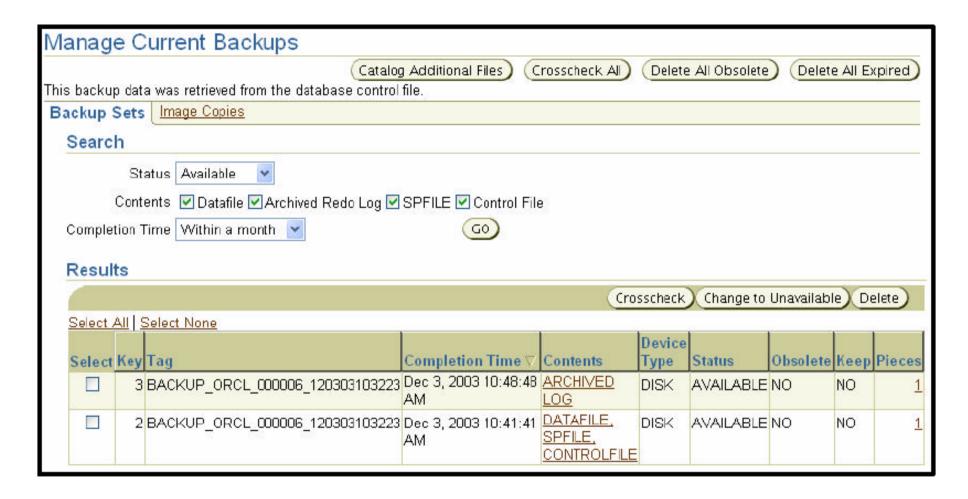


Backup control file ke trace dapat digunakan untuk recovery bila terjadi kehilangan semua control file

Mem-backup Control File ke Trace

```
CREATE CONTROLFILE REUSE DATABASE ORCL NORESETLOGS ARCHIVELOG
    MAXLOGFILES 16
    MAXLOGMEMBERS 3
    MAXDATAFILES 100
    MAXINSTANCES 8
    MAXLOGHISTORY 226
LOGFILE
  GROUP 1 '/oracle/oradata/orcl/redo01.log' SIZE 10M,
  GROUP 2 '/oracle/oradata/orcl/redo02.log' SIZE 10M.
  GROUP 3 '/oracle/oradata/orcl/redo03.log' SIZE 10M
DATAFILE
  '/oracle/oradata/orcl/system01.dbf',
  '/oracle/oradata/orcl/undotbs01.dbf',
  '/oracle/oradata/orcl/sysaux01.dbf',
  '/oracle/oradata/orcl/users01.dbf'.
  '/oracle/oradata/orcl/example01.dbf'
CHARACTER SET WESISOSS59P1;
-- Commands to re-create incarnation table
-- Below log names MUST be changed to existing filenames on
-- disk. Any one log file from each branch can be used to
-- re-create incarnation records.
-- ALTER DATABASE REGISTER LOGFILE
  '/oracle/flash recovery area/ORCL/archivelog/2003 12 05/o1 mf 1
  1 %u .arc';
-- ALTER DATABASE REGISTER LOGFILE
  '/oracle/flash recovery area/ORCL/archivelog/2003 12 05/o1 mf 1
  1 %u .arc':
-- Recovery is required if any of the datafiles are restored
  backups,
-- or if the last shutdown was not normal or immediate.
RECOVER DATABASE
-- All logs need archiving and a log switch is needed.
ALTER SYSTEM ARCHIVE LOG ALL;
-- Database can now be opened normally.
ALTER DATABASE OPEN;
-- Commands to add tempfiles to temporary tablespaces.
-- Online tempfiles have complete space information.
-- Other tempfiles may require adjustment.
ALTER TABLESPACE TEMP ADD TEMPFILE
  '/oracle/oradata/orcl/temp01.dbf'
     SIZE 20971520 REUSE AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 655360 MAXSIZE
  32767M;
```

Mengelola Backup

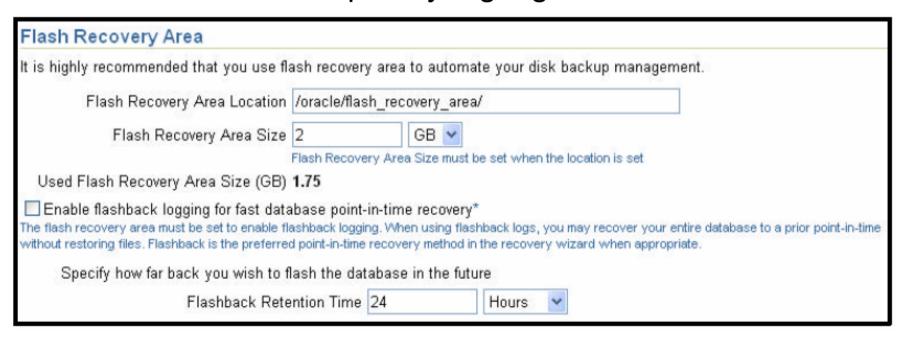


Klik Edit RMAN Script untuk mereview perintah2 RMAN

Flash Recovery Area

Monitor Flash Recovery Area

- Mengatur flashback logging
- Ukuran recovery area
- Monitor kebutuhan space yang digunakan



Ringkasan

Pada bab ini, anda seharusnya telah mempelajari bagaimana cara untuk:

- Membuat database backup secara konsisten
- Membuat backup database anda tanpa harus mematikannya
- Membuat incremental backup
- Mengotomatiskan pembuatan database backup
- Memonitor flash recovery area