Class 11: Structural Bioinformatics

Angelita Rivera (PID A15522236)

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A quick look into PDB

```
db <- read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv", row.names = 1)
head(db)
```

```
##                           X.ray   NMR   EM Multiple.methods Neutron Other  Total
## Protein (only)          142303 11804 5999              177      70    32 160385
## Protein/Oligosaccharide   8414    31  979                5       0     0   9429
## Protein/NA                7491   274 1986                3       0     0   9754
## Nucleic acid (only)       2368  1372   60                8       2     1   3811
## Other                      149    31    3                0       0     0    183
## Oligosaccharide (only)      11     6    0                1       0     4     22
```

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
method.sums <- colSums(db)
round((method.sums/method.sums["Total"]) * 100,2)
```

```
##            X.ray              NMR               EM Multiple.methods
##            87.55             7.36             4.92             0.11
##          Neutron            Other            Total
##             0.04             0.02           100.00
```

X-ray is 87.55% and EM is 4.92%.

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
round((db$Total/method.sums["Total"]) * 100, 2)
```

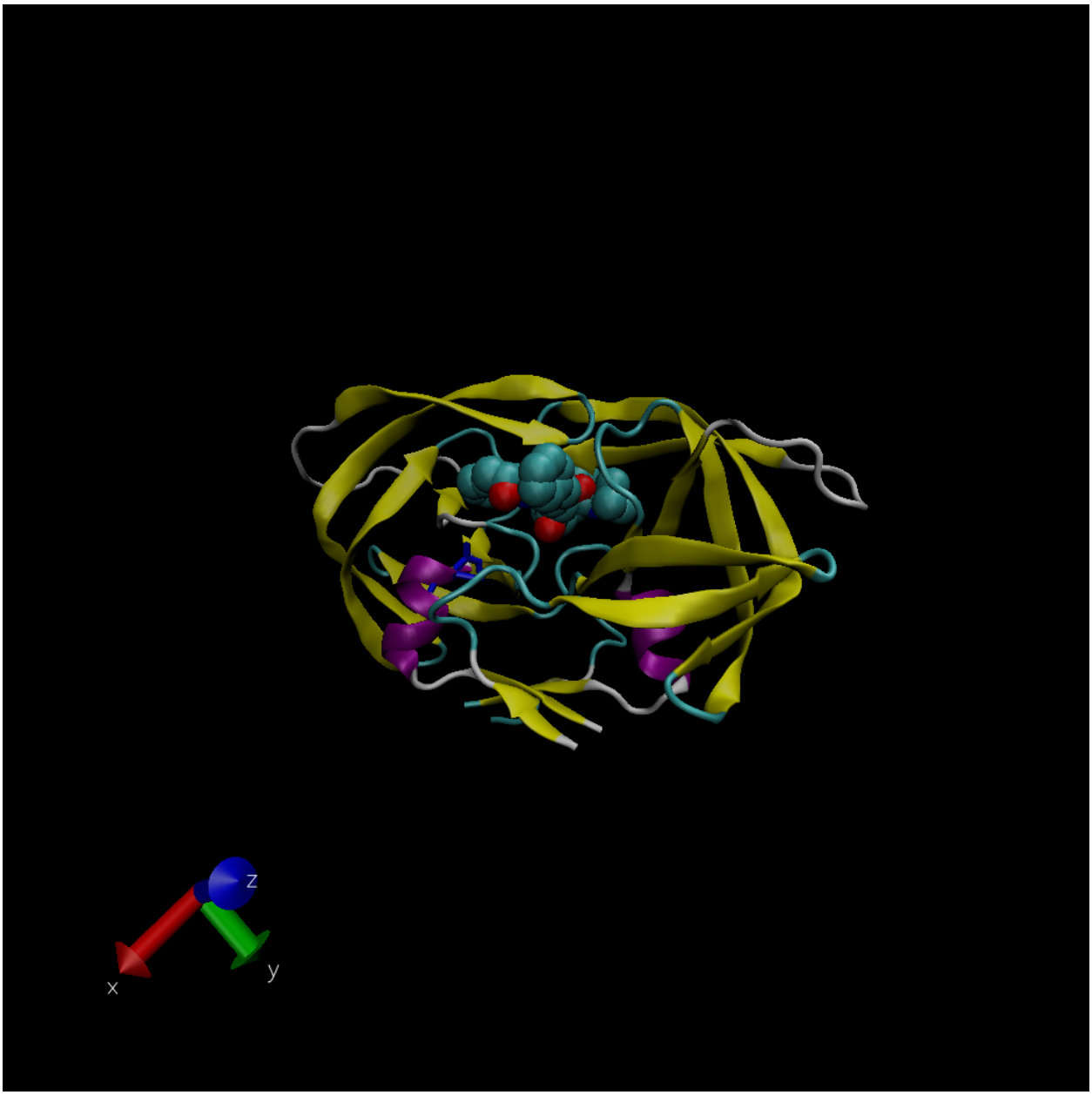
```
## [1] 87.36  5.14  5.31  2.08  0.10  0.01
```

87.36% are protein.

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

There are 1828 HIV-1 protease structures in the current PDB.

VMD structure visualization image



Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

Hydrogen atoms are too small to see compared to oxygen, since it is the smallest atom.

Q5: There is a conserved water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have (see note below)?

MK1902.

Using Bio3D

I need to load the library.

```
library(bio3d)

pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")
```

```
##   Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
```

```
pdb
```

```
##
##  Call:  read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
##
##    Total Models#: 1
##      Total Atoms#: 1686,  XYZs#: 5058  Chains#: 2  (values: A B)
##
##      Protein Atoms#: 1514  (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
##      Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0  (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
##
##      Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172  (residues: 128)
##      Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
##
##    Protein sequence:
##       PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
##       QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
##       ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
##       VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
##
## + attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
##         calpha, remark, call
```

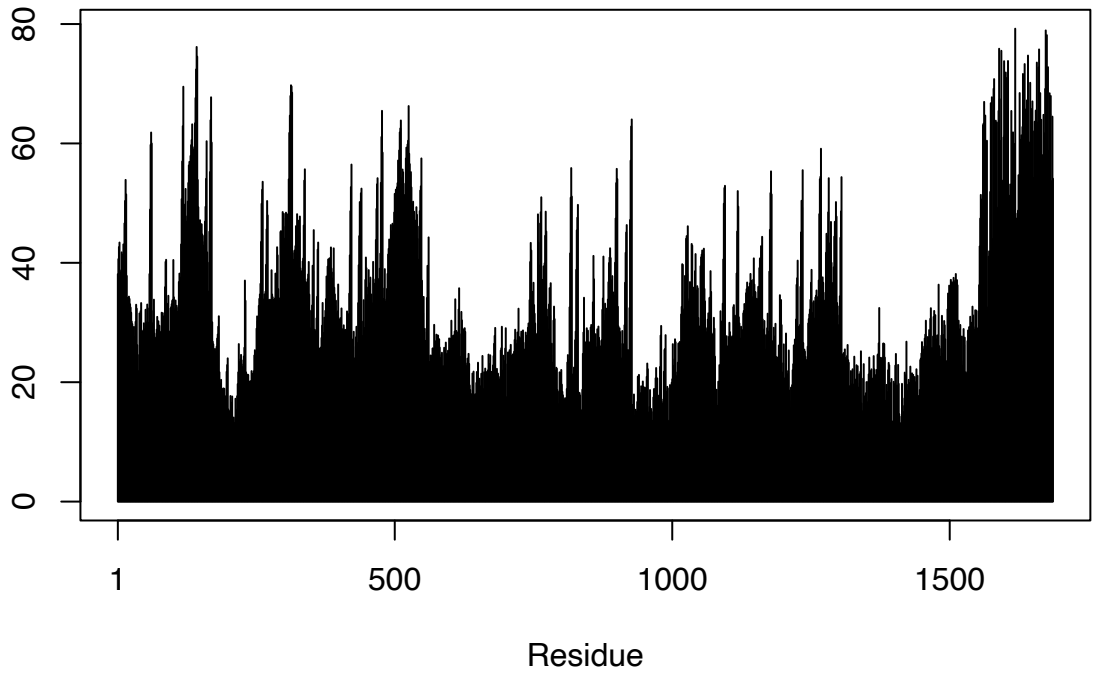
```
aa123(pdbseq(pdb))
```

```
##   [1] "PRO" "GLN" "ILE" "THR" "LEU" "TRP" "GLN" "ARG" "PRO" "LEU" "VAL" "THR"
##  [13] "ILE" "LYS" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "GLN" "LEU" "LYS" "GLU" "ALA" "LEU" "LEU"
##  [25] "ASP" "THR" "GLY" "ALA" "ASP" "ASP" "THR" "VAL" "LEU" "GLU" "GLU" "MET"
##  [37] "SER" "LEU" "PRO" "GLY" "ARG" "TRP" "LYS" "PRO" "LYS" "MET" "ILE" "GLY"
##  [49] "GLY" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "PHE" "ILE" "LYS" "VAL" "ARG" "GLN" "TYR" "ASP"
##  [61] "GLN" "ILE" "LEU" "ILE" "GLU" "ILE" "CYS" "GLY" "HIS" "LYS" "ALA" "ILE"
##  [73] "GLY" "THR" "VAL" "LEU" "VAL" "GLY" "PRO" "THR" "PRO" "VAL" "ASN" "ILE"
##  [85] "ILE" "GLY" "ARG" "ASN" "LEU" "LEU" "THR" "GLN" "ILE" "GLY" "CYS" "THR"
##  [97] "LEU" "ASN" "PHE" "PRO" "GLN" "ILE" "THR" "LEU" "TRP" "GLN" "ARG" "PRO"
## [109] "LEU" "VAL" "THR" "ILE" "LYS" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "GLN" "LEU" "LYS" "GLU"
## [121] "ALA" "LEU" "LEU" "ASP" "THR" "GLY" "ALA" "ASP" "ASP" "THR" "VAL" "LEU"
## [133] "GLU" "GLU" "MET" "SER" "LEU" "PRO" "GLY" "ARG" "TRP" "LYS" "PRO" "LYS"
## [145] "MET" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "PHE" "ILE" "LYS" "VAL" "ARG"
## [157] "GLN" "TYR" "ASP" "GLN" "ILE" "LEU" "ILE" "GLU" "ILE" "CYS" "GLY" "HIS"
## [169] "LYS" "ALA" "ILE" "GLY" "THR" "VAL" "LEU" "VAL" "GLY" "PRO" "THR" "PRO"
## [181] "VAL" "ASN" "ILE" "ILE" "GLY" "ARG" "ASN" "LEU" "LEU" "THR" "GLN" "ILE"
## [193] "GLY" "CYS" "THR" "LEU" "ASN" "PHE"
```

Plot of B-factor

```
plot.bio3d(pdb$atom$b, sse = pdb)
```

```
## Warning in plotb3(...): Length of input 'sse' does not equal the length of input
## 'x'; Ignoring 'sse'
```



The ATOM records

```
head(pdb$atom)
```

```
##   type eleno elety  alt resid chain resno insert      x      y     z o     b
## 1 ATOM     1     N <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.361 39.686 5.862 1 38.10
## 2 ATOM     2    CA <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 30.307 38.663 5.319 1 40.62
## 3 ATOM     3     C <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.760 38.071 4.022 1 42.64
## 4 ATOM     4     O <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 28.600 38.302 3.676 1 43.40
## 5 ATOM     5    CB <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 30.508 37.541 6.342 1 37.87
## 6 ATOM     6    CG <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.296 37.591 7.162 1 38.40
##   segid elesy charge
## 1  <NA>     N   <NA>
## 2  <NA>     C   <NA>
## 3  <NA>     C   <NA>
## 4  <NA>     O   <NA>
## 5  <NA>     C   <NA>
## 6  <NA>     C   <NA>
```