

N1.

$$z = \sqrt{1-x^3} + \ln(y^2-1)$$

$$\begin{cases} 1-x^3 > 0 & (1) \\ y^2-1 > 0 & (2) \end{cases}$$

$$(1) \quad \begin{aligned} x^3 &\leq 1 \\ x &\leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \quad \begin{aligned} y^2 &> 1 \\ |y| &> 1 \\ y &\in (-\infty; -1) \cup (1; +\infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Def } \begin{cases} x \in (-\infty; 1] \\ y \in (-\infty; -1) \cup (1; +\infty) \end{cases}$$

N2.

$$z = \left(1 + \frac{\ln x}{\ln y}\right)^3$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 3 \left(1 + \frac{\ln x}{\ln y}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln y}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 3 \left(1 + \frac{\ln x}{\ln y}\right)^2 \cdot \ln x \cdot \left(\frac{-1}{\ln^2 y}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{y}$$

N3

$$z = \sqrt{2xy + \cos \frac{x}{y}} \quad \text{b.m. } (1; 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2xy + \cos \frac{x}{y}}} \cdot 2y + \left(-\sin \frac{x}{y}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2xy + \cos \frac{x}{y}}} \cdot 2x + \left(-\sin \frac{x}{y}\right) \cdot \frac{-x}{y^2}$$

$$dz = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} dy = \left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{2xy + \cos \frac{x}{y}}} - \frac{\sin \frac{x}{y}}{y} \right) dx \oplus$$

$$\oplus \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2xy + \cos \frac{x}{y}}} + \frac{\sin \frac{x}{y} \cdot x}{y^2} \right) dy$$

$$\cos(1) = 0,54$$

$$\sin(1) = 0,84$$

$$dz(1,1) = \left(\frac{1}{2+0,54} - \frac{0,84}{1} \right) dx + \left(\frac{1}{2+0,54} + \frac{0,84}{1} \right) dy$$

N4

$$z = x^2 + xy + y^2 - 6x - 9y$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 2x + y - 6 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = x + 2y - 9 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = 6 - 2x \\ x + 12 - 4x - 9 = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} y = 6 - 2x \\ 3x = 3 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} y = 4 \\ x = 1 \end{cases}$$

Критическая точка: $M(1; 4)$.

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = 1$$

$$\Delta = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = 4 - 1 = 3 > 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = 2 > 0$$

$\Rightarrow M(1; 4)$
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