Position Property : -

The position property in CSS tells about the method of positioning for an element or an HTML entity and the positioning of an element can be done using the top, right, bottom, and left properties.

static

* The element is positioned according to the Normal Flow of the document.

relative

* The element is positioned according to the normal flow of the document, and then offset relative to itself based on the values of top, right, bottom, and left.
* The offset does not affect the position of any other elements;
* thus, the space given for the element in the page layout is the same as if position were static.

absolute

* The element is removed from the normal document flow, and no space is created for the element in the page layout.
* The element is positioned relative to its closest positioned ancestor (if any) or to the initial containing block.
* Its final position is determined by the values of top, right, bottom, and left.

fixed

* The element is removed from the normal document flow, and no space is created for the element in the page layout.
* The element is positioned relative to its initial containing block, which is the viewport in the case of visual media.
* Its final position is determined by the values of top, right, bottom, and left.

sticky

* position: sticky is a mix of position: relative and position: fixed.
* It acts like a relatively positioned element until a certain scroll point and then it acts like a fixed element.