

red neuronal recurrente. series temporales

In [2]:

```
import tensorflow as tf
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

In [3]:

```
pwd
```

Out[3]:

'C:\\Users\\SARA'

In [4]:

```
cd Downloads
```

C:\\Users\\SARA\\Downloads

In [6]:

```
leche = pd.read_csv('original.csv',index_col='Month')
```

In [7]:

```
leche.head()
```

Out[7]:

Milk Production	
Month	
1962-01-01 01:00:00	589.0
1962-02-01 01:00:00	561.0
1962-03-01 01:00:00	640.0
1962-04-01 01:00:00	656.0
1962-05-01 01:00:00	727.0

In [8]:

```
leche.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 168 entries, 1962-01-01 01:00:00 to 1975-12-01 01:00:00
Data columns (total 1 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   Milk Production  168 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(1)
memory usage: 2.6+ KB
```

In [9]:

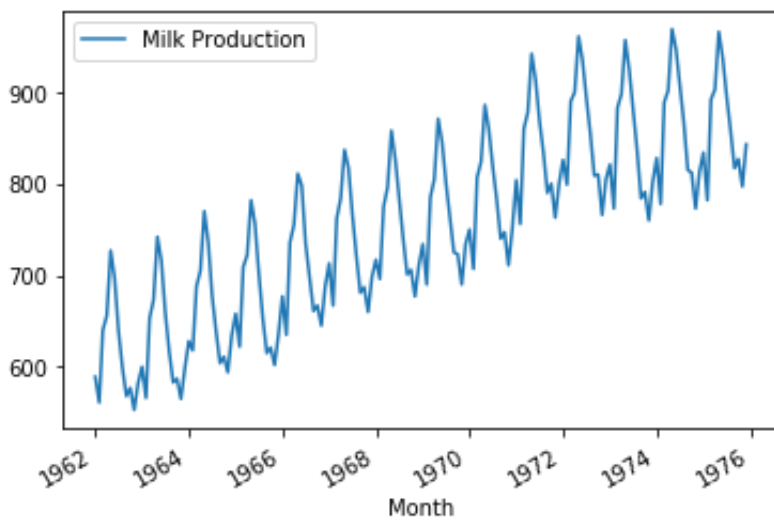
```
leche.index = pd.to_datetime(leche.index)
```

In [10]:

```
leche.plot()
```

Out[10]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1f367851fc8>



In [11]:

```
conjunto_entrenamiento = leche.head(150)  
conjunto_pruebas = leche.tail(18)
```

In [12]:

```
conjunto_entrenamiento
```

Out[12]:

Milk Production	
Month	
1962-01-01 01:00:00	589.0
1962-02-01 01:00:00	561.0
1962-03-01 01:00:00	640.0
1962-04-01 01:00:00	656.0
1962-05-01 01:00:00	727.0
...	...
1974-02-01 01:00:00	778.0
1974-03-01 01:00:00	889.0
1974-04-01 01:00:00	902.0
1974-05-01 01:00:00	969.0
1974-06-01 01:00:00	947.0

150 rows × 1 columns

In [13]:

```
conjunto_pruebas
```

Out[13]:

Milk Production	
Month	
1974-07-01 01:00:00	908.0
1974-08-01 01:00:00	867.0
1974-09-01 01:00:00	815.0
1974-10-01 01:00:00	812.0
1974-11-01 01:00:00	773.0
1974-12-01 01:00:00	813.0
1975-01-01 01:00:00	834.0
1975-02-01 01:00:00	782.0
1975-03-01 01:00:00	892.0
1975-04-01 01:00:00	903.0
1975-05-01 01:00:00	966.0
1975-06-01 01:00:00	937.0
1975-07-01 01:00:00	896.0
1975-08-01 01:00:00	858.0
1975-09-01 01:00:00	817.0
1975-10-01 01:00:00	827.0
1975-11-01 01:00:00	797.0
1975-12-01 01:00:00	843.0

In [15]:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
normalizacion = MinMaxScaler()
entrenamiento_normalizado = normalizacion.fit_transform(conjunto_entrenamiento)
pruebas_normalizado = normalizacion.transform(conjunto_pruebas)
```

In [16]:

```
pruebas_normalizado
```

Out[16]:

```
array([[0.85336538],
       [0.75480769],
       [0.62980769],
       [0.62259615],
       [0.52884615],
       [0.625    ],
       [0.67548077],
       [0.55048077],
       [0.81490385],
       [0.84134615],
       [0.99278846],
       [0.92307692],
       [0.82451923],
       [0.73317308],
       [0.63461538],
```

```
[0.65865385],  
[0.58653846],  
[0.69711538]]])
```

In [17]:

```
def lotes(datos_entrenamiento, tamaño_lote, pasos):  
    comienzo = np.random.randint(0, len(datos_entrenamiento) - pasos)  
    lote_y = np.array(datos_entrenamiento[comienzo:comienzo+pasos+1]).reshape(1,pasos+1)  
    return lote_y[:,-1].reshape(-1,pasos,1), lote_y[:,1:].reshape(-1,pasos,1)
```

In [18]:

```
numero_entradas = 1  
numero_pasos = 18  
numero_neuronas = 120  
numero_salidas = 1  
tasa_aprendizaje = 0.001  
numero_interacciones_entrenamiento = 5000  
tamaño_lote = 1
```

In [20]:

```
x = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, numero_pasos, numero_entradas])  
y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, numero_pasos, numero_salidas])
```

In [22]:

```
capa = tf.contrib.rnn.OutputProjectionWrapper(tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num_units=numero_neuronas,  
activation=tf.nn.relu), output_size=numero_salidas)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:

The TensorFlow contrib module will not be included in TensorFlow 2.0.

For more information, please see:

- * <https://github.com/tensorflow/community/blob/master/rfcs/20180907-contrib-sunset.md>
- * <https://github.com/tensorflow/addons>
- * <https://github.com/tensorflow/io> (for I/O related ops)

If you depend on functionality not listed there, please file an issue.

WARNING:tensorflow:From <ipython-input-22-09106b3195e6>:1: BasicLSTMCell.__init__ (from tensorflow.python.ops.rnn_cell_impl) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

This class is equivalent as tf.keras.layers.LSTMCell, and will be replaced by that in Tensorflow 2.0.

In [25]:

```
salidas, estados = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(capa, x, dtype=tf.float32)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From <ipython-input-25-cb7ea36aed52>:1: dynamic_rnn (from tensorflow.python.ops.rnn) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `keras.layers.RNN(cell)`, which is equivalent to this API

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SARA\anaconda3\envs\pruebasTensorflow\lib\site-packages\tensorflow_core\python\ops\rnn_cell_impl.py:735: Layer.add_variable (from tensorflow.python.keras.engine.base_layer) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `layer.add_weight` method instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SARA\anaconda3\envs\pruebasTensorflow\lib\site-packages\tensorflow_core\python\ops\rnn_cell_impl.py:739: calling Zeros.__init__ (from tensorflow.python.ops.init_ops) with dtype is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Call initializer instance with the dtype argument instead of passing it to the constructor

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SARA\anaconda3\envs\pruebasTensorflow\lib\site-packages\tensorflow_core\contrib\rnn\python\ops\core_rnn_cell.py:104: calling Constant.__init__ (from tensorflow.python.ops.init_ops) with dtype is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Call initializer instance with the dtype argument instead of passing it to the constructor

In [29]:

```
funcion_error = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(salidas-y))
optimizador = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=tasa_aprendizaje)
entrenamiento = optimizador.minimize(funcion_error)
```

In [36]:

```
init = tf.global_variables_initializer()
saver = tf.train.Saver()
```

In []:

```
with tf.Session() as sesion:
    sesion.run(init)
    for iteracion in range(numero_interacciones_entrenamiento):
        lote_x, lote_y = lotes(entrenamiento_normalizado, tamaño_lote, numero_pasos)
        sesion.run(entrenamiento, feed_dict={x:lote_x, y:lote_y})
        if iteracion %100 == 0:
            error = funcion_error.eval(feed_dict={x:lote_x, y:lote_y})
            print(iteracion, "\t Error ", error)

    saver.save(sesion, "./modelo_series_temporales")
```

```
0 Error 0.33034793
100 Error 0.039746553
200 Error 0.056806043
300 Error 0.013076048
400 Error 0.008069343
500 Error 0.012311291
600 Error 0.009009735
700 Error 0.01185267
800 Error 0.0070071113
900 Error 0.0065021026
1000 Error 0.005237412
1100 Error 0.0073427376
1200 Error 0.008048352
```

In []:

In []:

In []:

In []: