Task 3

Room: Nmap

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https://tryhackme.com/p/HackedP

Task 1: Deploy

Deploy the target VM. No further action is required beyond starting it

Task 2: Introduction

1. What networking constructs are used to direct traffic to the right application on a server?

Ports

- 2. How many of these are available on any network-enabled computer? 65535
- 3. How many of these are considered "well-known"? 1024

Task 3: Nmap Switches

```
root@ip-10-201-59-110:~# nmap -h
Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org )
Usage: nmap [Scan Type(s)] [Options] {target specification}
TARGET SPECIFICATION:
   Can pass hostnames, IP addresses, networks, etc.
   Ex: scanme.nmap.org, microsoft.com/24, 192.168.0.1; 10.0.0-255.1-254
-iL <inputfilename>: Input from list of hosts/networks
-iR <num hosts>: Choose random targets
--exclude <host1[,host2][,host3],...>: Exclude hosts/networks
--excludefile <exclude_file>: Exclude list from file
  HOST DISCOVERY:
   -sL: List Scan - simply list targets to scan
-sn: Ping Scan - disable port scan
    -Pn: Treat all hosts as online -- skip host discovery
    -PS/PA/PU/PY[portlist]: TCP SYN/ACK, UDP or SCTP discovery to given ports -PE/PP/PM: ICMP echo, timestamp, and netmask request discovery probes -PO[protocol list]: IP Protocol Ping
    -n/-R: Never do DNS resolution/Always resolve [default: sometimes]
   --dns-servers <serv1[,serv2],...>: Specify custom DNS servers
--system-dns: Use OS's DNS resolver
    --traceroute: Trace hop path to each host
  CAN TECHNIQUES:
    -sS/sT/sA/sW/sM: TCP SYN/Connect()/ACK/Window/Maimon scans
    -sU: UDP Scan
    -sN/sF/sX: TCP Null, FIN, and Xmas scans
--scanflags <flags>: Customize TCP scan flags
    -sI <zombie host[:probeport]>: Idle scan
    -sy/sZ: SCTP INIT/COOKIE-ECHO scans
   -s0: IP protocol scan
    -b <FTP relay host>: FTP bounce scan
 PORT SPECIFICATION AND SCAN ORDER:
   -p 
    -r: Scan ports consecutively - don't randomize
    --top-ports <number>: Scan <number> most common ports
--port-ratio <ratio>: Scan ports more common than <ratio
```

- 1. What is the first switch listed in the help menu for a syn scan?
 - -sS
- 2. Which switch would you use for a udp scan?
- -sU
- 3. If you wanted to detect which operating system the target is running on, which switch would you use ?
- -O
- 4. Nmap provides a switch to detect the version of the services running on the target. What is this switch?

- 5. The default output provided by nmap often does not provide enough information for a pentester. How would you increase the verbosity?

 -v
- 6. Verbosity level one is good, but verbosity level two is better! How would you set the verbosity level to two?

-VV

- 7. What switch would you use to save the nmap results in three major formats? -oA
- 8. What switch would you use to save the nmap results in a "normal" format? -oN
- 9. A very useful output format: how would you save results in a "grepable" format? -oG
- 10. How would you activate this setting?

-A

11. How would you set the timing template to level 5?

-T5

- 12. How would you tell nmap to only scan port 80?
- -p 80
- 13. How would you tell nmap to scan ports 1000-1500?
- -p 1000-1500
- 14. How would you tell nmap to scan all ports?

-F

- 15. How would you activate a script from the nmap scripting library (lots more on this later!) ?
- --script
- 16. How would you activate all of the scripts in the "vuln" category?
- --script=vuln

Task 4: Scan Types

Task 5: TCP Connect Scans

- 1. Which RFC defines the appropriate behavior for the TCP protocol? RFC 793
- 2. If a port is closed, which flag should the server send back to indicate this?
 RST

Task 6: SYN Scans

- 1. There are two other names for a SYN scan. What are they? Half-open, Stealth
- 2. Can Nmap use a SYN scan without Sudo permissions (Y/N)?

Ν

Task 7: UDP Scans

- If a UDP port doesn't respond to an Nmap scan, what will it be marked as?
 open|filtered
- 2. When a UDP port is closed, by convention the target should send back a "port unreachable" message. Which protocol would it use to do so? ICMP

Task 8: NULL, FIN and Xmas Scans

- Which of the three scan types uses the URG flag?
 Xmas
- 2. Why are NULL, FIN, and Xmas scans generally used? Firewall evasion
- 3. Which common OS may respond to a NULL, FIN, or Xmas scan with a RST for every port?

Microsoft Windows

Task 9: ICMP Network Scanning

1. How would you perform a ping sweep on the 172.16.x.x network (Netmask: 255.255.0.0) using Nmap (CIDR notation)? nmap -sn 172.16.0.0/16

Task 10: NSE Scripts Overview

- What language are NSE scripts written in?
 Lua
- 2. Which category of scripts would be a very bad idea to run in a production environment?
 Intrusive

Task 11: Working with the NSE

1. What optional argument can the ftp-anon.nse script take? maxlist

Task 12: Searching for Scripts

1. What is the filename of the script which determines the underlying OS of the SMB server?

smb-os-discovery.nse

2. What does the smb-os-discovery.nse script depend on? Smb-brute

Task 13: Firewall Evasion

1. Which simple (and frequently relied upon) protocol is often blocked, requiring the use of the -Pn switch?

ICMP

- 2. Which Nmap switch allows you to append an arbitrary length of random data to the end of packets?
- --data-length

Task 14: Practical

```
root@ip-10-201-59-110:~# sudo nmap -p1-5000 -sS 10.201.90.107 -Pn -vv
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-08-09 06:54 BST
Initiating ARP Ping Scan at 06:54

Scanning 10.201.90.107 [1 port]

Completed ARP Ping Scan at 06:54, 0.04s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 06:54
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 06:54, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 06:54
Scanning ip-10-201-90-107.ec2.internal (10.201.90.107) [5000 ports]
Discovered open port 3389/tcp on 10.201.90.107
Discovered open port 53/tcp on 10.201.90.107
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 10.201.90.107
Discovered open port 135/tcp on 10.201.90.107
Discovered open port 21/tcp on 10.201.90.107
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 06:55, 30.14s elapsed (5000 total ports)
Nmap scan report for ip-10-201-90-107.ec2.internal (10.201.90.107)
Host is up, received arp-response (0.00031s latency).
Scanned at 2025-08-09 06:54:39 BST for 30s
Not shown: 4995 filtered ports
Reason: 4995 no-responses
PORT STATE SERVICE REASON

//tcp open ftp syn-ack ttl 128

//tcp open domain syn-ack ttl 128

//tcp open http syn-ack ttl 128
 135/tcp open msrpc
                               syn-ack ttl 128
 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server syn-ack ttl 128
 MAC Address: 16:FF:F2:AC:17:6F (Unknown)
Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 30.31 seconds
```

1. Does the target respond to ICMP (ping) requests (Y/N)?

Ν

2. Perform an Xmas scan on the first 999 ports of the target — how many ports are shown to be open or filtered?

999

3. What is the reason for the above result?

No response

4. Perform a TCP SYN scan on the first 5000 ports of the target — how many ports are shown to be open?

5

5.Deploy the ftp-anon script against the box. Can Nmap login successfully to the FTP server on port 21 (Y/N)?

Υ



