

Assignment 1 (Relational Algebra)

* Write the following query in relational algebra using the following university schema: →

classroom (building, room_number, capacity)

department (dept_name, building, budget)

course (course_id, title, dept_name, credits)

instructor (ID, name, dept_name, salary)

section (course_id, sec_id, semester, year, building, room_number, time_slot_id)

teaches (ID, course_id, sec_id, semester, year)

student (ID, name, dept_name, tot_cred)

takes (ID, course_id, sec_id, semester, year, grade)

advisor (s_ID, i_ID):

prereq (course_id, prereq_id)

① Find the title of courses in the comp. sci department that have 3 credits.

→ $\Pi_{\text{title}} (\sigma_{\text{dept_name} = \text{'comp. sci'} \wedge \text{credits} = 3} (\text{course}))$

② Find the highest salary among all instructors.

→ $G_{\text{max}}(\text{salary})(\text{instructor})$

③ Find all instructors earning the highest salary.

→ $\text{instructor} \bowtie (G_{\text{max}}(\text{salary}) \rightarrow M_{\text{salary}}(\text{instructor}))$

④ Find the IDs of all students who were taught by an instructor name "Sullivan" (Join multiple table)

→ $\Pi_{\text{id}} (\sigma_{\text{name} = \text{'Sullivan'}} (\text{takes} \bowtie \text{teaches}))$

⑤ Find the IDs & names of all students who have not taken any course offering before 2009. (using set difference)

→ $\pi_{ID, name}(\text{student}) - \pi_{ID, name}(\sigma_{\text{year} < 2009}(\text{student} \bowtie \text{takes}))$

- ⑥ For each department, find the maximum salary of instructors in that department. You may assume that every department has at least one instructor.

→ $\text{dept_name} \text{ } \rho_{\text{max}}(\text{salary}) (\text{instructor})$

- ⑦ Find the lowest, across all department, of the pre-department maximum salary computed by the preceding query. (use assignment operation to get the maximum salary per department first)

→ $\rho_{\text{min}}(\text{max_sal}) (\text{dept_name} \text{ } \rho_{\text{max}}(\text{salary}) \text{ as max_sal} (\text{instructor}))$

- ⑧ Find the enrollment of each section that was offered in fall 2009.

→ $\text{course_id}, \text{sec_id} \text{ } \rho_{\text{count}}(*) \text{ as enrollment} (\sigma_{\text{year} = 2009 \wedge \text{semester} = \text{fall}} (\text{takes}))$

- ⑨ Find the maximum enrollment i.e the no. of students, across all sections in fall 2009.

→ $R_1 \leftarrow \text{course_id}, \text{sec_id} \text{ } \rho_{\text{count}}(*) \rightarrow \text{enrollment} (\sigma_{\text{year} = 2009 \wedge \text{semester} = \text{fall}} (\text{takes}))$

⇒ $\text{Result} = \rho_{\text{max}}(\text{enrollment}) (R_1)$

- ⑩ find the section that had the maximum enrollment in Fall 2009

→ $R_1 \leftarrow \text{course_id}, \text{sec_id} \text{ } \rho_{\text{count}}(*) \text{ as enrollment} (\sigma_{\text{year} = 2009 \wedge \text{semester} = \text{fall}} (\text{takes}))$

$R_2 \leftarrow \rho_{\text{max}}(\text{enrollment}) \text{ as enrollment} (R_1)$

$\text{Result} = R_1 \bowtie R_2$