

Computer Science Assignments (2019-20):

- ✚ HTML Project.
- ✚ GIMP Project.

About the Assignments:

HTML Project:

Topic: Create a website with atleast 5 pages linked to each other using HTML and CSS.

Date: 16 June 2019 (Summer Holidays Task)

Submitted to: Ms. Arushi Sharma ma'am

Submitted by: Aarav Mahajan X-‘B’ Roll no. ‘1’

Following ideas have been used:

- Basic Knowledge of HTML and CSS
- Understanding of various tags, basic elements.
- Skills used: Creativity, problem solving, debugging the code, Preparation and implementation of the ideas.

Softwares used:

- Notepad ++
- Atom code editor
- Visual Studio Code
- Google Chrome.
- GIMP

Coding of Websites:

Topic: PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Page 1:Home Page

```
1. <!DOCTYPE html>
2. <html>
3. <head>
4. <title> Welcome To The World of Programming!!</title>
5. </head>
6. </img>
7.
8. <body text="purple" face="comic sans" style="background-
   image:url('html background.jpg');background-
   position:center;"><strong> <em><h1><marquee behavior="alternate" bgcolor="oran
   ge" hspace="2%" width="100%"> <ins/>Programming Languages!!</marquee></stron
   g> </em></h1>
9. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="purple">
10. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="green">
11. <table bgcolor="pink" border="1"> <caption> <strong> <h2> <ins/><font color="s
   ky blue"/>Popular Programming Languages </h2></strong></caption>
12. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="HOME.html">HOME</a></i></b></th>
13. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="HTML.html">HTML </a></i></b></th>
14. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="JAVA.html">JAVA</a> </i> </b></th>
15. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="CSS.html">CSS</a></i> </b></th>
16. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="PYTHON.html">PYTHON </a></i> </b></th>
17. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="FEEDBACK.html">FEEDBACK </a></i> </b></th>
   </table>
18. <article align="center" > <h2><strong> <em> <span style="color:violet"> What
   are <ins>Programming Languages? </span></ins> </em> </strong> </h2><
   /img>
19. <p align="center"><font size="5px" color="yellow" face ="calibri"> A <ins><sp
   an style="color:orange;font-
   weight:bold">Programming Language</span></ins> is a formal language, which com
   prises a set of instructions that produce various kinds of output. Programming
   languages are used in computer programming to implement algorithms.</font>
20. <br><br>
21. <font face="aerial" size="4px" color="red"> <b> Most programming languages con
   sist of <ins> instructions</ins> for computers. There are <ins>programmable mac
   hines</ins> that use a set of specific instructions, rather than general progr
   amming languages. Early ones preceded the invention of the digital computer, t
   he first probably being the automatic flute player described in the 9th centur
   y by the brothers Musa in Baghdad, during the Islamic Golden Age.
22. Since the early 1800s, programs have been used to direct the behavior of mach
   ines such as Jacquard looms, music boxes and player pianos. The programs for th
   ese machines (such as a player piano's scrolls) did not produce different beha
   vior in response to different inputs or conditions.
23. Thousands of different programming languages have been created, and more are b
   eing created every year. Many programming languages are written in an imperati
```

```

ve form (i.e., as a sequence of operations to perform) while other languages use the declarative form (i.e. the desired result is specified, not how to achieve it). </b></font>
24. </article>
25. 
26. <map name="top programming languages">
27. <area shape="circle" coords="107,184,35" href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTML">
28. <area shape="circle" coords="238,33,85" href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PHP">
29. <area shape="circle" coords="255,165,30" href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Python_(programming_language)">
30. <area shape="circle" coords="514,76,35" href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cascading_Style_Sheets">
31. <area shape="circle" coords="635,166,44" href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_(programming_language)">
32. <area shape="circle" coords="134,255,24" href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/C_Sharp_(programming_language)">
33. </map><h3><font color="yellow-green"><p align="center"> <cite> <ins><strong>Click the links above for more Information.</strong></ins></cite></p></font></h3>
34. <hr color="red" width="1500px" size="10px">
35. <hr width="1500px" size="10px" color="yellow">
36. </body></html>

```

Tags Used:

<html> <head> <title><body> <map> <article> <table> <caption> <ins><style><i>

Inline CSS used:

style="display:block;margin-right:auto;margin-left:auto;width:140px;height:100px;

Page 2: HTML

```

1. <!DOCTYPE html>
2. <html>
3. <head>
4. <title> HYPER TEXT MARKUP LANGUAGE</title>
5. </head>
6. </img>
7. <body text="red" face="verdana" style="background-image:url('html back.jpg')"><strong><em><h1> <marquee direction="left" bgcolor="Magenta" hspace="2%" width="100%"> <ins> Hyper Text Markup Language </ins></marquee> </h1></em></strong>

```

```

8. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="blue">
9. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="yellow">
10. <table bgcolor="pink" border="1"> <caption> <strong> <h2><font color="red" fa
    ce="open sans"> <ins>Popular Programming Languages</ins> </font></h2></strong>
    </caption>
11. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="HOME.html">HOME </a></i></b></th>
12. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="HTML.html">HTML </a></i></b></th>
13. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><a href="JAVA.html"> JAVA </a></i> </b></th>
14. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="CSS.html">CSS</a></i> </b></th>
15. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="PYTHON.html">PYTHON </a></i> </b></th>
16. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="FEEDBACK.html"> FEEDBACK</a></i> </b></th>
    </table>
17. <article align="center"> <strong> <i><h2><span style="color:orange"> <em/>WHAT
    IS <ins>HTML</ins>??</span></h2></i></strong></article> </img>
18. <article align="left" color="orange">
19. <h2> <u> <em/>HTML -: </u></h2>
20. <p><font face="open sans" color="gradient"><h3> Hypertext Markup Language (HTM
    L) is the standard markup language for creating web pages and web applications
    . With Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) and JavaScript, it forms a triad of corner
    stone technologies for the World Wide Web.
21. <blockquote cite="https://www.computerhope.com/jargon/h/html.htm"/>First devel
    oped by <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tim_Berners-
    Lee"><ins/>"Tim Berners-
    Lee"</a> in 1990, HTML is short for Hypertext Markup Language. HTML is used to
    create electronic documents (called pages) that are displayed on the World Wi
    de Web. Each page contains a series of connections to other pages called hyper
    links. Every web page you see on the Internet is written using one version of
    HTML code or another.HTML (HyperText Markup Language) is the most basic buildi
    ng block of the Web. It defines the meaning and structure of web content. Othe
    r technologies besides HTML are generally used to describe a web page's appear
    ance/presentation (CSS) or functionality/behavior (JavaScript).
22.
23. "Hypertext" refers to links that connect web pages to one another, either with
    in a single website or between websites. Links are a fundamental aspect of the
    Web. By uploading content to the Internet and linking it to pages created by
    other people, you become an active participant in the World Wide Web.
24. </h3>
25. <br>
26. <p/> <font face="open sans" color="blue"/><h3/> HTML uses "markup" to annotat
    e text, images, and other content for display in a Web browser. HTML markup in
    cludes special "elements" such as <ins/>head, <ins/>title, <ins/>body, <ins/>h
    eader, <ins/>footer,<ins/> article, <ins/>section,<ins/> p,<ins/> div,<ins/> s
    pan, <ins/>img,<ins/> aside,<ins/> audio,<ins/> canvas,<ins/> datalist, <ins/>
    details, <ins/>embed,<ins/> nav,<ins/> output,<ins/> progress,<ins/>video and
    many others.
27. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="orange">
28. <article /><h2/><font face="oswald" color="yellow"/> Versatility of HTML:
29. <article align="left"><font color="sky blue" face="open sans" ><h5/> An HTML
    element is set off from other text in a document by <ins/>"tags", which consis
    t of the element name surrounded by "<" and ">". The name of an element insid
    e a tag is case insensitive. That is, it can be written in uppercase, lowercas
    e, or a mixture. For example, the [title] tag can be written as , [TITLE], or
    in any other way
30. <br> <br>

```

```

31. <article/><font face="verdana" color="gold"/> <em/><strong/> What does HTML l
    ook like?
32. <p align="center"> <font color="light blue" face="comic sans"/> The following
    is an example of a basic web page written in HTML as well as a description of
    each section and its function.
33. <br><br>
34. </img>
35. <hr color="peacock blue" width="1500px" size="10px">
36. <hr color="yellow" width="1500px" size="10px">
37. <font color="orange" face="satisfy">
38. </body></html>

```

Tags Used:

<html> <head> <title><body> <map> <article> <table> <caption>
<ins><style><i><hr><p><blockquote><marquee>

Inline CSS used:

1. style="display:block;margin-right:auto;margin-left:auto;width:140px;height:100px;
2. WHAT IS
<ins>HTML</ins>??</h2></i></article> <article
align="left" color="orange">

Page 3: JAVA

```

1. <!DOCTYPE html>
2. <html>
3. <head>
4. <title> JAVA</title>
5. </head>
6. </img>
7.
8. <body text="blue" face="open sans" style="background-
    image:url('background.jpg');background-
    position:center;"><strong><em><h1><marquee direction="right" bgcolor="peacock" hspace=
    "2%" width="100%"> <ins/><font color="yellow"/> JAVA </marquee></h1> </em></strong>
9. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="red">
10. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="yellow">
11. <table bgcolor="orange" border="1"> <caption > <font color="red"><strong> <h2><ins> Pop
    ular Programming Languages</ins> </h2></strong></font></caption>
12. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><a href="HOME.html"> HOME</a></i></b></th>
13. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><a href="HTML.html"> HTML </a></i></b></th>
14. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><a href="JAVA.html"> JAVA </a></i> </b></th>
15. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="CSS.html">CSS </a></i> </b></th>
16. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="PYTHON.html">PYTHON </a></i> </b></th>

```

```

17. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="FEEDBACK.html">FEEDBACK</a></i> </b></th></table>
18. <article align="center"><em/><h2/> <strong/><font color="pink" face="verdana"/> What is
    <ins>Java</ins> technology and why do we need it?</article>
19. <p/> <font face="oswald" color="lime"/> <blockquote cite="https://www.java.com/en/downl
    oad/faq/whatis_java.xml"/><h3>Java is a programming language and computing platform fir
    st released by Sun Microsystems in 1995. There are lots of applications and websites th
    at will not work unless you have Java installed, and more are created every day. Java i
    s fast, secure, and reliable. From laptops to datacenters, game consoles to scientific
    supercomputers, cell phones to the Internet, Java is everywhere!</h3>
20. <article align="left"> <em/><h2/><strong/> <font color="cerise" face="verdana">Is Java
    free to download?</font></article>
21. <p/> <h3/><font face="roboto" color="orange"/><blockquote cite="https://www.java.com/e
    n/download/faq/whatis_java.xml"/>Yes, Java is free to download. Get the latest version
    at java.com.
22. If you are building an embedded or consumer device and would like to include Java, plea
    se contact Oracle for more information on including Java in your device.
23. <article align="left"><em>
24. <h3/> <font color="cyan" face="open sans"/>Functions of JAVA:</em></article>
25. <p align="center"><font face="verdana" color="cornflower"/><strong><em><ins><h3>Java ha
    s been used in different domains. Some of them are listed below:</h3></ins></em></stron
    g></p>
26. <p><font color="orange" face="verdana"/><ul type="square">
27. <li><ins>Banking</ins>: <font color="yellow">To deal with transaction management.</font
    >
28. <li><ins>Retail</ins>:<font color="yellow"> Billing applications that you see in a stor
    e/restaurant are completely written in Java.</font>
29. <li><ins>Information Technology</ins>:<font color="yellow"> Java is designed to solve i
    mplementation dependencies.</font>
30. <li><ins>Android</ins>:<font color="yellow"> Applications are either written in Java or
    use Java API.</font>
31. <li><ins>Financial services</ins>: <font color="yellow">It is used in server-
    side applications.</font>
32. <li><ins>Stock market</ins>:<font color="yellow"> To write algorithms as to which compa
    ny they should invest in.</font>
33. <li><ins>Big Data</ins>:<font color="yellow"> Hadoop MapReduce framework is written usi
    ng Java.</font>
34. <li><ins>Scientific and Research Community</ins>:<font color="yellow"> To deal with hug
    e amount of data.</font></ul>
35.
36. <a href="https://www.edureka.co/blog/what-is-java/">
37. </img></a>
38. <p align="center"><cite> <ins>The Various Uses of JAVA </ins></cite></p>
39. <hr color="green" width="1200px" size="10px">
40. <hr color="white" width="1200px" size="10px">
41. </body></html>

```

Tags Used:

<html> <head> <title><body> <map> <article> <table> <caption>
<ins><style><i><hr><p><blockquote><marquee>

Inline CSS used: 1.style="display:block;margin-right:auto;margin
left:auto;width:140px;height:100px; 2. style="background-
image:url('background.jpg');background-position:center;

Page 4: CSS

```
1. </img>
2.
3. <body text="red" face="Satisfy" style="background-
   image:url('html backg.jpg');background-
   position:center;"><strong><em><h1><marquee behavior="alternate" bgcolor="voilet" hgspace="2%" width="100%"> <ins><font color="yellow" size="20%"> CSS </marquee></ins></font>
   </h1> </em></strong>
4. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="blue">
5. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="red">
6. <font color="sky blue">
7. <table bgcolor="RED" border="1"> <caption> <strong> <h2> <ins>Popular Programming Lang
   uages</ins> </h2></strong></caption>
8. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="HOME.html">HOME</a></i></b></th>
9. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="HTML.html">HTML</a></i></b></th>
10. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="JAVA.html"> JAVA </a></i> </b></th>
11. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <a href="CSS.html">CSS </a></i> </b></th>
12. <article align="center"><font color="navy blue" face="comic sans"> <h2> <em><strong>Wha
   t is <ins>CSS</ins>?</strong></em></h2></article>
13. <font face="verdana" color="red">
14. <ul type="disc">
15. <dl>
16. <li><dt> CSS</dt>
17. <dd> --CSS stands for Cascading Style Sheets</dd></dl>
18. <li>CSS describes how HTML elements are to be displayed on screen, paper, or in other m
   edia
19. <li>CSS saves a lot of work. It can control the layout of multiple web pages all at onc
   e
20. <li>External stylesheets are stored in CSS files</li></font>
21. <article> <font face="open sans" color="ochre" > <em> <strong><h2>Why Use <mark>CSS</ma
   rk>?</h2></strong></em></font></article>
22. <p><font face="bradley hand" color="orange"><h3><ins>CSS</ins>ins is used to define sty
   les for your web pages, including the design, layout and variations in display for diff
   erent devices and screen sizes. </h3>
23. </p>
24. <p><font face="forte" color="gradient"><strong> <h2><ins>CSS Solved a Big Problem.</ins
   ></h2></strong></font></p>
25. <p><font face="open sans" color="pumkin">HTML was NEVER intended to contain tags for fo
   rmatting a web page!
26.
27. HTML was created to describe the content of a web page, like:
28.
29. <h1>[h1]This is a heading</h1>
30.
31. <p>[p]This is a paragraph.</p>
32.
33. When tags like [font], and color attributes were added to the HTML 3.2 specification, i
   t started a nightmare for web developers. Development of large websites, where fonts an
   d color information were added to every single page, became a long and expensive proces
   s.
34. To solve this problem, <q>the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) created CSS</q>.
35.
36. CSS removed the style formatting from the HTML page!</p>
37. <p><strong><h2>CSS Saves a Lot of Work!!</h2></strong></font></p>
38. <p><font face="archivo" color="lilac"> <h3>The style definitions are normally saved in
   external (.css) files.
39. With an external stylesheet file, you can change the look of an entire website by chang
   ing just one file!</h3></font></p>
```



```

40. 
41. <map name="css">
42. <area shape="rect" coords="0,1,400,230" href="https://www.w3schools.com/css/default.as
p">
43. <p align="center"><cite><strong><ins>An important component of HTML.</ins></strong></ci
te></p>
44. <hr color="yellow" width="1500px" size="10px">
45. <hr color="red" width="1500px" size="10px">
46. </body></html>

```

Tags Used:

<html> <head> <title><body> <map> <article> <table> <caption>
<ins><style><i><hr><p><blockquote><marquee>

Inline CSS used:

1.style="display:block;margin-right:auto;margin
left:auto;width:140px;height:100px;

2. style="background-image:url('html backg.jpg');background-position:center;

Page 5: Python

```

1. </img>
2.
3. <body style="background-image:url('html color.png');background-
position:center;" vlink="pink" alink="green"><strong> <em><h1><font face="satisfy" colo
r="orange"><marquee behavior="right" bgcolor="blue" hspace="2%" width="100%"> <ins>P
YTHON</marquee></font></strong> </em></h1>
4. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="purple">
5. <hr size="10" width="1500" color="red">
6. <br>
7. <table bgcolor="yellow" border="1"> <caption> <strong> <h3> <ins/><font face="open san
s" color="sky blue">Popular Programming Languages </font></h3></strong></caption>
8. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><font color="red"> <a href="HOME.html">HOME</a></font></i></b
></th>
9. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <font color="red"><a href="HTML.html">HTML </a></font></i></b
></th>
10. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <font color="red"><a href="PYTHON.html">PYTHON</a> </font></i
> </b></th>
11. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><font color="red"> <a href="FEEDBACK.html">FEEDBACK</a></font
></i> </b></th></table>
12. <article align="center"><font face="oswald" color="violet"> <em> <strong> <h2><ins>PYTH
ON</ins> </h2></strong></em></font></article>
13. 
14. <map name="python">
15. <area shape="rect" coords="1,0,349,221" href="https://www.python.org/"></map>
16. <article><font color="yellow" face="arial"><strong><em><h2><ins>Python is powerful... a
nd fast; plays well with others; runs everywhere; is friendly & easy to learn; is Open.
</ins></h2></em></strong></font></article>
17. 
18. <map name="about python">

```



```

19. <area shape="rect" coords="0,0,300,250" href="https://www.python.org/about/"></map>
20. <p> <font color="green" face="verdana"><strong><h3>Python is one of those rare language
    s which can claim to be both simple and powerful. You will find yourself pleasantly sur
    prised to see how easy it is to concentrate on the solution to the problem rather than
    the syntax and structure of the language you are programming in.</h3></font></strong></
    p>
21. <dl>
22. <dt><h3>The official introduction to Python is:
23. <dd>Python is an easy to learn, powerful programming language. It has efficient high-
    level data structures and a simple but effective approach to object-
    oriented programming. Python's elegant syntax and dynamic typing, together with its int
    erpreted nature, make it an ideal language for scripting and rapid application developm
    ent in many areas on most platforms.
24. </h3></dl>
25. <dl> <dt><h2><em><strong><font color="purple" face="verdana"> Functions of <ins>Python<
    /ins>:</strong></em></h2>
26. <h3><ul type="square">
27. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Simple</font>
28. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Easy to Learn</font>
29. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Free and Open Source</font>
30. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> High-level Language</font>
31. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Portable</font>
32. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Interpreted</font>
33. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Object Oriented</font>
34. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Extensible</font>
35. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Embeddable</font>
36. <li><dd><font color="sky blue" face="verdana"> Extensive Libraries</font></h3></dl></ul>
    ><br><br><br>
37. <font face="open sans" color="sky blue">
38. <hr color="yellow" width="1500px" size="10px">
39. <hr color="purple" width="1500px" size="10px">
40. <footer>
41. <h4> <ins/>Designed by:<a href="mailto: aaravmahajan2003@gmail.com" >Aarav Mahajan
    </a> </h4>
42. <h4> <ins>Visit me at:</ins><br><br>
43. <a href="https://www.instagram.com/aaravmahajan.12/" >  </a></h4>
44. <a href="https://twitter.com/Aaravmahajan4" >
45. <h4> <abbr title="Hansraj Public School"><a href="http://hansrajpublicschool.com/"> <
    ins>HPS</ins></abbr>
46. <ins>Sector-6, Panchkula, Haryana-134109</ins></a></h4></font>
47. <hr color="yellow" width="1500px" size="10px">
48. <hr color="purple" width="1500px" size="10px">
49. <font face="satisfy" color="green"><h1 align="center"/> <strong> <em> <ins>Thanks For
    visitng!! #Happy Coding!</ins> </em></strong>
50. </body></html>

```

Tags Used:

<html> <head> <title><body> <map> <article> <table> <caption>
<ins><style><i><hr><p><blockquote><marquee><abbr>

Inline CSS used:

1.style="display:block;margin-right:auto;margin
left:auto;width:140px;height:100px;

Page 6: Feedback

```
1. <article align="right">
2. <form action="https://www.google.com/search" method="get" autocomplete="off">
3. <input type="text" name="q" placeholder="Google custom search">
4. <input type="submit" value="Search"></form></article>
5. </img>
6. <title>FEEDBACK FORM</title>
7. <body text="light green" style="background-image:url('562.jpg'); background-
position:center;"><font face="open sans"><ins>
8. <table bgcolor="yellow" border="1"> <caption> <strong> <h3> <ins/><font face="verdana"
color="orange"><i>Popular Programming Languages </i></font></h3></strong></caption>
9. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i><font color="purple"><a href="HOME.html"> HOME</a></font></i>
</b></th>
10. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <font color="purple"><a href="HTML.html">HTML</a> </font></i>
</b></th>
11. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <font color="purple"><a href="JAVA.html">JAVA </a></font></i>
</b></th>
12. <th width="273.2" ><b> <i> <font color="purple"><a href="CSS.html">CSS</a></font></i> <
/b></th>
13. <fieldset>
14. <legend><h2><strong><em> User Information:</h2></legend>
15. <h4>
16. <form action="mailto:aaravmahajan2003@gmail.com" method="post" enctype="text/plain">
17. First Name:<br><br>
18. <input type="text" name="firstname" placeholder="First Name" size="40" autofocus requi
red autocomplete="off"><br><br>
19. Last Name:<br><br>
20. <input type="text" name="lastname" placeholder="Surname" size="40" autofocus autocomple
te="off">
21. <br><br>
22. Gender:<br><br>
23. <input type="radio" name="gender" value="male" >Male<br>
24. <input type="radio" name="gender" value="female">Female<br>
25. <input type="radio" name="gender" value="other">Other<br><br>
26. Favourite Programming Language:<br><br>
27. <select name="Favourite Programming Language" size="3" multiple autofocus>
28. <option value="Python" selected size="2" multiple>Python</option>
29. <option value="CSS">CSS</option>
30. <option value="JAVA">JAVA</option>
31. <option value="HTML">HTML</option></select><br><br>
32. Email:<br><br>
33. <input type="email" name="user_email" autofocus placeholder="Email" required autocomple
te="off"><br><br>
34. Website Experience:<br><br>
35. <input type="checkbox" name="feature 1" value="language" autofocus>Nice effort<br>
36. <input type="checkbox" name="feature 2" value="language" autofocus>Needs Improvement<br>
37. <input type="checkbox" name="feature 3" value="language" autofocus>Not good at all<br><br>
38. DOB:<br>
39. <input type="date" name="bday" max="2020-01-01" min="1970-01-
01" autofocus placeholder="DOB"><br><br>
40. Feedback Box:<br><br>
41. <textarea name="message" rows="20" cols="50" autofocus required> your opinion matters
```

GIMP Project (version used-2.10.12):

Date: 28 August 2019

Topic 1: Jungle scene with steps.

- I. Open GIMP & update to latest version.
- II. After update, click on file tab and click on open and select the image.
- III. Select the Jungle scene and few animals.
- IV. Select any one animal. Press the cut tool or click 'I' from keyboard.
- V. Paste it as a layer on the Jungle scene. Scale the image.
- VI. Save the desired file by clicking the file tab < export as < file extension as .png and then save location and then click save.

Topic 2: Elephant on beach by replacing ears with wings of butterfly.

- I. Repeat the above steps.
- II. Open image of elephant and butterfly.
- III. Cut the wings of the butterfly.
- IV. Paste them as layer on the image of elephant < scale < rotate.
- V. Click on file tab < export as < select location & click save.

Topic 3: Creating shadows.

- I. Open any two images.
- II. Cut any object from the images to be used.
- III. Click on filters tab < light and shadow < drop shadow < adjust the settings.
- IV. Click on file tab < export as < select save location < extension as .png < click on save.