# **DXF** Reference

# Autodesk

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DXF Format

The  $DXF^{TM}$  format is a tagged data representation of all the information contained in an  $AutoCAD^{@}$  drawing file. *Tagged data* means that each data element in the file is preceded by an integer number that is called a *group code*. A group code's value indicates what type of data element follows. This value also indicates the meaning of a data element for a given object (or record) type. Virtually all user-specified information in a drawing file can be represented in DXF format.

### **Organization of This Reference**

The *DXF Reference* presents the DXF<sup>™</sup> group codes found in DXF files and encountered by AutoLISP<sup>®</sup> and ObjectARX<sup>®</sup> applications. This chapter describes the general DXF conventions. The remaining chapters list the group codes organized by object type. The group codes are presented in the order in which they are found in a DXF file, and each chapter is named according to the associated section of a DXF file. Although the DXF file format is used as the organizing mechanism for this reference, specific information on the actual formatting of DXF files is found in Drawing Interchange File Formats on page 217 Advanced concepts relating to DXF group codes as they pertain to both applications and DXF files are found in Advanced DXF Issues on page 241

For descriptions of the AutoLISP functions that use group codes, see "Using AutoLISP to Manipulate AutoCAD Objects" in the *AutoLISP Developer's Guide*.

### **Revisions to the DXF Reference**

This topic lists revisions since the last update of the *DXF Reference*. The version number of this *DXF Reference* is u19.1.01.

■ "ENTITIES Section"

### **Formatting Conventions in This Reference**

Each group code listed in this reference is presented by a numeric group code value and a description. All group codes can apply to  $DXF^{TM}$  files, applications (AutoLISP or ObjectARX), or both. When the description of a code is different for applications and DXF files (or applies to only one or the other), the description is preceded by the following indicators:

- APP.Application-specific description.
- **DXF.**DXF file-specific description.

If the description is common to both DXF files and applications, no indicator is provided.

Optional codes are indicated as "optional" in the description.

### **Object and Entity Codes**

In the DXF<sup>TM</sup> format, the definition of objects differs from entities: objects have no graphical representation and entities do. For example, dictionaries are objects, and not entities. Entities are also referred to as *graphical objects* while objects are referred to as *nongraphical objects*.

Entities appear in both the BLOCK and ENTITIES sections of the DXF file. The use of group codes in the two sections is identical.

Some group codes that define an entity always appear; others are optional and appear only if their values differ from the defaults.

Do not write programs that rely on the order given here. The end of an entity is indicated by the next 0 group, which begins the next entity or indicates the end of the section.

**NOTE** Accommodating DXF files from future releases of AutoCAD<sup>®</sup> will be easier if you write your DXF processing program in a table-driven way, ignore undefined group codes, and make no assumptions about the order of group codes in an entity. With each new AutoCAD release, new group codes will be added to entities to accommodate additional features.

## **Group Code Value Types**

Group codes define the type of the associated value as an integer, a floating-point number, or a string, according to the following table of group code ranges. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Group code v	alue types
Code range	Group value type
0-9	String (with the introduction of extended symbol names in AutoCAD 2000, the 255-character limit has been increased to 2049 single-byte characters not including the newline at the end of the line)
10-39	Double precision 3D point value
40-59	Double-precision floating-point value
60-79	16-bit integer value
90-99	32-bit integer value
100	String (255-character maximum; less for Unicode strings)
102	String (255-character maximum; less for Unicode strings)
105	String representing hexadecimal (hex) handle value
110-119	Double precision floating-point value
120-129	Double precision floating-point value
130-139	Double precision floating-point value
140-149	Double precision scalar floating-point value
160-169	64-bit integer value
170-179	16-bit integer value
210-239	Double-precision floating-point value
270-279	16-bit integer value

Group code value types	
Code range	Group value type
280-289	16-bit integer value
290-299	Boolean flag value
300-309	Arbitrary text string
310-319	String representing hex value of binary chunk
320-329	String representing hex handle value
330-369	String representing hex object IDs
370-379	16-bit integer value
380-389	16-bit integer value
390-399	String representing hex handle value
400-409	16-bit integer value
410-419	String
420-429	32-bit integer value
430-439	String
440-449	32-bit integer value
450-459	Long
460-469	Double-precision floating-point value
470-479	String
480-481	String representing hex handle value
999	Comment (string)
1000-1009	String (same limits as indicated with 0-9 code range)

### | Chapter 1 DXF Format

Group code value types	
Code range	Group value type
1010-1059	Double-precision floating-point value
1060-1070	16-bit integer value
1071	32-bit integer value

## **Group Codes in Numerical Order**

The following table gives the group code or group code range accompanied by an explanation of the group code value. In the table, "fixed" indicates that the group code always has the same purpose. If a group code isn't fixed, its purpose depends on the context. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Group codes by number	
Group code	Description
-5	APP: persistent reactor chain
-4	APP: conditional operator (used only with ssget)
-3	APP: extended data (XDATA) sentinel (fixed)
-2	APP: entity name reference (fixed)
-1	APP: entity name. The name changes each time a drawing is opened. It is never saved (fixed)
0	Text string indicating the entity type (fixed)
1	Primary text value for an entity
2	Name (attribute tag, block name, and so on)
3-4	Other text or name values
5	Entity handle; text string of up to 16 hexadecimal digits (fixed)
6	Linetype name (fixed)

Group codes by number	
Group code	Description
7	Text style name (fixed)
8	Layer name (fixed)
9	DXF: variable name identifier (used only in HEADER section of the DXF file)
10	Primary point; this is the start point of a line or text entity, center of a circle, and so on DXF: X value of the primary point (followed by Y and Z value codes 20 and 30) APP: 3D point (list of three reals)
11-18	Other points  DXF: X value of other points (followed by Y value codes 21-28 and Z value codes 31-38)  APP: 3D point (list of three reals)
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of the primary point
21-28, 31-37	DXF: Y and Z values of other points
38	DXF: entity's elevation if nonzero
39	Entity's thickness if nonzero (fixed)
40-48	Double-precision floating-point values (text height, scale factors, and so on)
48	Linetype scale; double precision floating point scalar value; default value is defined for all entity types
49	Repeated double-precision floating-point value. Multiple 49 groups may appear in one entity for variable-length tables (such as the dash lengths in the LTYPE table). A 7x group always appears before the first 49 group to specify the table length
50-58	Angles (output in degrees to DXF files and radians through AutoLISP and ObjectARX applications)
60	Entity visibility; integer value; absence or 0 indicates visibility; 1indicates invisibility
62	Color number (fixed)
66	"Entities follow" flag (fixed)
67	Space—that is, model or paper space (fixed)

Group codes	by number
Group code	Description
68	APP: identifies whether viewport is on but fully off screen; is not active or is off
69	APP: viewport identification number
70-78	Integer values, such as repeat counts, flag bits, or modes
90-99	32-bit integer values
100	Subclass data marker (with derived class name as a string). Required for all objects and entity classes that are derived from another concrete class. The subclass data marker segregates data defined by different classes in the inheritance chain for the same object.  This is in addition to the requirement for DXF names for each distinct concrete class derived from ObjectARX (see Subclass Markers on page 243)
102	Control string, followed by "{ <arbitrary name="">" or "}". Similar to the xdata 1002 group code, except that when the string begins with "{", it can be followed by an arbitrary string whose interpretation is up to the application. The only other control string allowed is "}" as a group terminator. AutoCAD does not interpret these strings except during drawing audit operations. They are for application use</arbitrary>
105	Object handle for DIMVAR symbol table entry
110	UCS origin (appears only if code 72 is set to 1) DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
111	UCS X-axis (appears only if code 72 is set to 1) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
112	UCS <i>Y</i> -axis (appears only if code 72 is set to 1) DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D vector
120-122	DXF: Y value of UCS origin, UCS X-axis, and UCS Y-axis
130-132	DXF: Z value of UCS origin, UCS X-axis, and UCS Y-axis
140-149	Double-precision floating-point values (points, elevation, and DIMSTYLE settings, for example)
170-179	16-bit integer values, such as flag bits representing DIMSTYLE settings
210	Extrusion direction (fixed)

Group codes by number	
Group code	Description
	DXF: X value of extrusion direction APP: 3D extrusion direction vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of the extrusion direction
270-279	16-bit integer values
280-289	16-bit integer value
290-299	Boolean flag value
300-309	Arbitrary text strings
310-319	Arbitrary binary chunks with same representation and limits as 1004 group codes: hexadecimal strings of up to 254 characters represent data chunks of up to 127 bytes
320-329	Arbitrary object handles; handle values that are taken "as is". They are not translated during INSERT and XREF operations
330-339	Soft-pointer handle; arbitrary soft pointers to other objects within same DXF file or drawing.  Translated during INSERT and XREF operations
340-349	Hard-pointer handle; arbitrary hard pointers to other objects within same DXF file or drawing.  Translated during INSERT and XREF operations
350-359	Soft-owner handle; arbitrary soft ownership links to other objects within same DXF file or drawing. Translated during INSERT and XREF operations
360-369	Hard-owner handle; arbitrary hard ownership links to other objects within same DXF file or drawing. Translated during INSERT and XREF operations
370-379	Lineweight enum value (AcDb::LineWeight). Stored and moved around as a 16-bit integer. Custom non-entity objects may use the full range, but entity classes only use 371-379 DXF group codes in their representation, because AutoCAD and AutoLISP both always assume a 370 group code is the entity's lineweight. This allows 370 to behave like other "common" entity fields
380-389	PlotStyleName type enum (AcDb::PlotStyleNameType). Stored and moved around as a 16-bit integer. Custom non-entity objects may use the full range, but entity classes only use 381-389 DXF group codes in their representation, for the same reason as the Lineweight range above

Group codes	by number			
Group code	Description			
390-399	String representing handle value of the PlotStyleName object, basically a hard pointer, but has a different range to make backward compatibility easier to deal with. Stored and moved around as an object ID (a handle in DXF files) and a special type in AutoLISP. Custom non-entity objects may use the full range, but entity classes only use 391-399 DXF group codes in their representation, for the same reason as the lineweight range above			
400-409	16-bit integers			
410-419	String			
420-427	32-bit integer value. When used with True Color; a 32-bit integer representing a 24-bit color value. The high-order byte (8 bits) is 0, the low-order byte an unsigned char holding the Blue value (0-255), then the Green value, and the next-to-high order byte is the Red Value. Convering this integer value to hexadecimal yields the following bit mask: 0x00RRGGBB. For example, a true color with Red==200, Green==100 and Blue==50 is 0x00C86432, and in DXF, in decimal, 13132850			
430-437	String; when used for True Color, a string representing the name of the color			
440-447	32-bit integer value. When used for True Color, the transparency value			
450-459	Long			
460-469	Double-precision floating-point value			
470-479	String			
480-481	Hard-pointer handle; arbitrary hard pointers to other objects within same DXF file or drawing. Translated during INSERT and XREF operations			
999	DXF: The 999 group code indicates that the line following it is a comment string. SAVEAS does not include such groups in a DXF output file, but OPEN honors them and ignores the comment You can use the 999 group to include comments in a DXF file that you've edited			
1000	ASCII string (up to 255 bytes long) in extended data			
1001	Registered application name (ASCII string up to 31 bytes long) for extended data			
1002	Extended data control string ("{" or "}")			

Group codes	Group codes by number				
Group code	Description				
1003	Extended data layer name				
1004	Chunk of bytes (up to 127 bytes long) in extended data				
1005	Entity handle in extended data; text string of up to 16 hexadecimal digits				
1010	A point in extended data DXF: X value (followed by 1020 and 1030 groups) APP: 3D point				
1020, 1030	DXF: Y and Z values of a point				
1011	A 3D world space position in extended data DXF: <i>X</i> value (followed by 1021 and 1031 groups) APP: 3D point				
1021, 1031	DXF: Y and Z values of a world space position				
1012	A 3D world space displacement in extended data DXF: X value (followed by 1022 and 1032 groups) APP: 3D vector				
1022, 1032	DXF: Y and Z values of a world space displacement				
1013	A 3D world space direction in extended data  DXF: X value (followed by 1022 and 1032 groups)  APP: 3D vector				
1023, 1033	DXF: Y and Z values of a world space direction				
1040	Extended data double-precision floating-point value				
1041	Extended data distance value				
1042	Extended data scale factor				
1070	Extended data 16-bit signed integer				
1071	Extended data 32-bit signed long				

### **HEADER Section**

The group codes described in this chapter pertain only to  $DXF^{TM}$  files. The HEADER section of a DXF file contains the settings of variables associated with the drawing. Each variable is specified by a 9 group code giving the variable's name, followed by groups that supply the variable's value. This chapter lists only the variables that are saved in the drawing file.

### **HEADER Section Group Codes**

The following table lists the variables that are represented in the HEADER section of a  $DXF^{TM}$  file. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$ACADMAINTVER	70	Maintenance version number (should be ignored)
\$ACADVER	1	The AutoCAD drawing database version number:
		AC1006 = R10;
		AC1009 = R11 and R12;
		AC1012 = R13; AC1014 = R14;
		AC1015 = AutoCAD 2000;
		AC1018 = AutoCAD 2004;
		AC1021 = AutoCAD 2007;
		AC1024 = AutoCAD 2010
\$ANGBASE	50	Angle 0 direction
\$ANGDIR	70	1 = Clockwise angles
		0 = Counterclockwise angles

<b>DXF</b> header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$ATTMODE	70	Attribute visibility:
		0 = None
		1 = Normal
		2 = All
\$AUNITS	70	Units format for angles
\$AUPREC	70	Units precision for angles
\$CECOLOR	62	Current entity color number:
		0 = BYBLOCK; 256 = BYLAYER
\$CELTSCALE	40	Current entity linetype scale
\$CELTYPE	6	Entity linetype name, or BYBLOCK or BYLAYER
\$CELWEIGHT	370	Lineweight of new objects
\$CEPSNID	390	Plotstyle handle of new objects; if CEPSNTYPE is 3, then
		this value indicates the handle
\$CEPSNTYPE	380	Plot style type of new objects:
		0 = Plot style by layer
		1 = Plot style by block
		2 = Plot style by dictionary default
		3 = Plot style by object ID/handle
\$CHAMFERA	40	First chamfer distance
\$CHAMFERB	40	Second chamfer distance
\$CHAMFERC	40	Chamfer length
\$CHAMFERD	40	Chamfer angle
\$CLAYER	8	Current layer name
\$CMLJUST	70	Current multiline justification:
		0 = Top; 1 = Middle; 2 = Bottom

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$CMLSCALE	40	Current multiline scale
\$CMLSTYLE	2	Current multiline style name
\$CSHADOW	280	Shadow mode for a 3D object:
		0 = Casts and receives shadows
		1 = Casts shadows
		2 = Receives shadows
		3 = Ignores shadows
\$DIMADEC	70	Number of precision places displayed in angular dimensions
\$DIMALT	70	Alternate unit dimensioning performed if nonzero
\$DIMALTD	70	Alternate unit decimal places
\$DIMALTF	40	Alternate unit scale factor
\$DIMALTRND	40	Determines rounding of alternate units
\$DIMALTTD	70	Number of decimal places for tolerance values of an alternate units dimension
\$DIMALTTZ	70	Controls suppression of zeros for alternate tolerance values:
		0 = Suppresses zero feet and precisely zero inches
		1 = Includes zero feet and precisely zero inches
		2 = Includes zero feet and suppresses zero inches
		3 = Includes zero inches and suppresses zero feet
\$DIMALTU	70	Units format for alternate units of all dimension style family members except angular:
		1 = Scientific; 2 = Decimal; 3 = Engineering;
		4 = Architectural (stacked); 5 = Fractional (stacked);
		6 = Architectural; 7 = Fractional
\$DIMALTZ	70	Controls suppression of zeros for alternate unit dimension values:
		0 = Suppresses zero feet and precisely zero inches
		1 = Includes zero feet and precisely zero inches
		2 = Includes zero feet and suppresses zero inches

DXF header variable	es	
Variable	Group code	Description
		3 = Includes zero inches and suppresses zero feet
\$DIMAPOST	1	Alternate dimensioning suffix
\$DIMASO	70	1 = Create associative dimensioning
		0 = Draw individual entities
\$DIMASSOC	280	Controls the associativity of dimension objects
		0 = Creates exploded dimensions; there is no association
		between elements of the dimension, and the lines, arcs,
		arrowheads, and text of a dimension are drawn as separate objects
		1 = Creates non-associative dimension objects; the elements
		of the dimension are formed into a single object, and if the
		definition point on the object moves, then the dimension
		value is updated
		2 = Creates associative dimension objects; the elements of
		the dimension are formed into a single object and one or
		more definition points of the dimension are coupled with
		association points on geometric objects
\$DIMASZ	40	Dimensioning arrow size
\$DIMATFIT	70	Controls dimension text and arrow placement when space
		is not sufficient to place both within the extension lines:
		0 = Places both text and arrows outside extension lines
		1 = Moves arrows first, then text
		2 = Moves text first, then arrows
		3 = Moves either text or arrows, whichever fits best
		AutoCAD adds a leader to moved dimension text when
		DIMTMOVE is set to 1
\$DIMAUNIT	70	Angle format for angular dimensions:
		0 = Decimal degrees; 1 = Degrees/minutes/seconds;
		2 = Gradians; 3 = Radians; 4 = Surveyor's units
\$DIMAZIN	70	Controls suppression of zeros for angular dimensions:
		0 = Displays all leading and trailing zeros
		1 = Suppresses leading zeros in decimal dimensions
		2 = Suppresses trailing zeros in decimal dimensions

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
		3 = Suppresses leading and trailing zeros
\$DIMBLK	1	Arrow block name
\$DIMBLK1	1	First arrow block name
\$DIMBLK2	1	Second arrow block name
\$DIMCEN	40	Size of center mark/lines
\$DIMCLRD	70	Dimension line color: range is 0 = BYBLOCK; 256 = BYLAYER
\$DIMCLRE	70	Dimension extension line color: range is 0 = BYBLOCK; 256 = BYLAYER
\$DIMCLRT	70	Dimension text color: range is 0 = BYBLOCK; 256 = BYLAYER
\$DIMDEC	70	Number of decimal places for the tolerance values of a primary units dimension
\$DIMDLE	40	Dimension line extension
\$DIMDLI	40	Dimension line increment
\$DIMDSEP	70	Single-character decimal separator used when creating di- mensions whose unit format is decimal
\$DIMEXE	40	Extension line extension
\$DIMEXO	40	Extension line offset
\$DIMFAC	40	Scale factor used to calculate the height of text for dimension fractions and tolerances. AutoCAD multiplies DIMTXT by DIMTFAC to set the fractional or tolerance text height
\$DIMGAP	40	Dimension line gap
\$DIMJUST	70	Horizontal dimension text position:

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
		0 = Above dimension line and center-justified between ex-
		tension lines
		1 = Above dimension line and next to first extension line
		2 = Above dimension line and next to second extension
		line
		3 = Above and center-justified to first extension line
		4 = Above and center-justified to second extension line
\$DIMLDRBLK	1	Arrow block name for leaders
\$DIMLFAC	40	Linear measurements scale factor
\$DIMLIM	70	Dimension limits generated if nonzero
\$DIMLUNIT	70	Sets units for all dimension types except Angular:
		1 = Scientific; 2 = Decimal; 3 = Engineering;
		4 = Architectural; 5 = Fractional; 6 = Windows desktop
\$DIMLWD	70	Dimension line lineweight:
		-3 = Standard
		-2 = ByLayer
		-1 = ByBlock
		0-211 = an integer representing 100th of mm
\$DIMLWE	70	Extension line lineweight:
		-3 = Standard
		-2 = ByLayer
		-1 = ByBlock
		0-211 = an integer representing 100th of mm
\$DIMPOST	1	General dimensioning suffix
\$DIMRND	40	Rounding value for dimension distances
\$DIMSAH	70	Use separate arrow blocks if nonzero
\$DIMSCALE	40	Overall dimensioning scale factor
\$DIMSD1	70	Suppression of first extension line:
		0 = Not suppressed; 1 = Suppressed

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$DIMSD2	70	Suppression of second extension line:
		0 = Not suppressed; 1 = Suppressed
\$DIMSE1	70	First extension line suppressed if nonzero
\$DIMSE2	70	Second extension line suppressed if nonzero
\$DIMSHO	70	1 = Recompute dimensions while dragging
		0 = Drag original image
\$DIMSOXD	70	Suppress outside-extensions dimension lines if nonzero
\$DIMSTYLE	2	Dimension style name
\$DIMTAD	70	Text above dimension line if nonzero
\$DIMTDEC	70	Number of decimal places to display the tolerance values
\$DIMTFAC	40	Dimension tolerance display scale factor
\$DIMTIH	70	Text inside horizontal if nonzero
\$DIMTIX	70	Force text inside extensions if nonzero
\$DIMTM	40	Minus tolerance
\$DIMTMOVE	70	Dimension text movement rules:
		0 = Moves the dimension line with dimension text
		1 = Adds a leader when dimension text is moved
		2 = Allows text to be moved freely without a leader
\$DIMTOFL	70	If text is outside extensions, force line extensions between
		extensions if nonzero
\$DIMTOH	70	Text outside horizontal if nonzero
\$DIMTOL	70	Dimension tolerances generated if nonzero
\$DIMTOLJ	70	Vertical justification for tolerance values:
		0 = Top; 1 = Middle; 2 = Bottom

Variable	Group code	Description
\$DIMTP	40	Plus tolerance
\$DIMTSZ	40	Dimensioning tick size: 0 = No ticks
\$DIMTVP	40	Text vertical position
\$DIMTXSTY	7	Dimension text style
\$DIMTXT	40	Dimensioning text height
\$DIMTZIN	70	Controls suppression of zeros for tolerance values:  0 = Suppresses zero feet and precisely zero inches  1 = Includes zero feet and precisely zero inches  2 = Includes zero feet and suppresses zero inches  3 = Includes zero inches and suppresses zero feet
\$DIMUPT	70	Cursor functionality for user-positioned text:  0 = Controls only the dimension line location  1 = Controls the text position as well as the dimension line location
\$DIMZIN	70	Controls suppression of zeros for primary unit values:  0 = Suppresses zero feet and precisely zero inches  1 = Includes zero feet and precisely zero inches  2 = Includes zero feet and suppresses zero inches  3 = Includes zero inches and suppresses zero feet
\$DISPSILH	70	Controls the display of silhouette curves of body objects in Wireframe mode: $0 = Off; 1 = On$
\$DRAGVS	349	Hard-pointer ID to visual style while creating 3D solid primitives. The defualt value is NULL
\$DWGCODEPAGE	3	Drawing code page; set to the system code page when a new drawing is created, but not otherwise maintained by AutoCAD
\$ELEVATION	40	Current elevation set by ELEV command

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$ENDCAPS	280	Lineweight endcaps setting for new objects: 0 = none; 1 = round; 2 = angle; 3 = square
\$EXTMAX	10, 20, 30	X, Y, and Z drawing extents upper-right corner (in WCS)
\$EXTMIN	10, 20, 30	X, Y, and Z drawing extents lower-left corner (in WCS)
\$EXTNAMES	290	Controls symbol table naming:  0 = Release 14 compatibility. Limits names to 31 characters in length. Names can include the letters A to Z, the numerals 0 to 9, and the special characters dollar sign (\$), underscore (_), and hyphen (-).  1 = AutoCAD 2000. Names can be up to 255 characters in length, and can include the letters A to Z, the numerals 0 to 9, spaces, and any special characters not used for other purposes by Microsoft Windows and AutoCAD
\$FILLETRAD	40	Fillet radius
\$FILLMODE	70	Fill mode on if nonzero
\$FINGERPRINTGUID	2	Set at creation time, uniquely identifies a particular drawing
\$HALOGAP	280	Specifies a gap to be displayed where an object is hidden by another object; the value is specified as a percent of one unit and is independent of the zoom level. A haloed line is shortened at the point where it is hidden when HIDE or the Hidden option of SHADEMODE is used
\$HANDSEED	5	Next available handle
\$HIDETEXT	290	Specifies HIDETEXT system variable:  0 = HIDE ignores text objects when producing the hidden view  1 = HIDE does not ignore text objects
\$HYPERLINKBASE	1	Path for all relative hyperlinks in the drawing. If null, the drawing path is used

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$INDEXCTL	280	Controls whether layer and spatial indexes are created and
		saved in drawing files:
		0 = No indexes are created
		1 = Layer index is created
		2 = Spatial index is created
		3 = Layer and spatial indexes are created
\$INSBASE	10, 20, 30	Insertion base set by BASE command (in WCS)
\$INSUNITS	70	Default drawing units for AutoCAD DesignCenter blocks:
		0 = Unitless; 1 = Inches; 2 = Feet; 3 = Miles; 4 = Millimeters;
		5 = Centimeters; 6 = Meters; 7 = Kilometers; 8 = Microinches;
		9 = Mils; 10 = Yards; 11 = Angstroms; 12 = Nanometers;
		13 = Microns; 14 = Decimeters; 15 = Decameters;
		16 = Hectometers; 17 = Gigameters; 18 = Astronomical
		units;
		19 = Light years; 20 = Parsecs
\$INTERFERECOLOR	62	Represents the ACI color index of the "interference objects"
		created during the interfere command.Default value is 1
\$INTERFEREOBJVS	345	Hard-pointer ID to the visual style for interference objects.
		Default visual style is Conceptual.
\$INTERFEREVPVS	346	Hard-pointer ID to the visual style for the viewport during
		interference checking. Default visual style is 3d Wireframe.
\$INTERSECTIONCOLOR	70	Specifies the entity color of intersection polylines:
		Values 1-255 designate an AutoCAD color index (ACI)
		0 = Color BYBLOCK
		256 = Color BYLAYER
		257 = Color BYENTITY
\$INTERSECTIONDISPLAY	290	Specifies the display of intersection polylines:
		0 = Turns off the display of intersection polylines
		1 = Turns on the display of intersection polylines
\$JOINSTYLE	280	Lineweight joint setting for new objects:
		0=none; 1= round; 2 = angle; 3 = flat

DXF header variable	es	
Variable	Group code	Description
\$LIMCHECK	70	Nonzero if limits checking is on
\$LIMMAX	10, 20	XY drawing limits upper-right corner (in WCS)
\$LIMMIN	10, 20	XY drawing limits lower-left corner (in WCS)
\$LTSCALE	40	Global linetype scale
\$LUNITS	70	Units format for coordinates and distances
\$LUPREC	70	Units precision for coordinates and distances
\$LWDISPLAY	290	Controls the display of lineweights on the Model or Layout tab:
		0 = Lineweight is not displayed
		1 = Lineweight is displayed
\$MAXACTVP	70	Sets maximum number of viewports to be regenerated
\$MEASUREMENT	70	Sets drawing units: 0 = English; 1 = Metric
\$MENU	1	Name of menu file
\$MIRRTEXT	70	Mirror text if nonzero
\$OBSCOLOR	70	Specifies the color of obscured lines. An obscured line is a hidden line made visible by changing its color and linetype and is visible only when the HIDE or SHADEMODE command is used. The OBSCUREDCOLOR setting is visible only if the OBSCUREDLTYPE is turned ON by setting it to a value other than 0.  0 and 256 = Entity color 1-255 = An AutoCAD color index (ACI)
\$OBSLTYPE	280	Specifies the linetype of obscured lines. Obscured linetypes are independent of zoom level, unlike regular AutoCAD linetypes. Value 0 turns off display of obscured lines and is the default. Linetype values are defined as follows:  0 = Off 1 = Solid

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
		2 = Dashed
		3 = Dotted
		4 = Short Dash
		5 = Medium Dash
		6 = Long Dash
		7 = Double Short Dash
		8 = Double Medium Dash
		9 = Double Long Dash
		10 = Medium Long Dash
		11 = Sparse Dot
\$ORTHOMODE	70	Ortho mode on if nonzero
\$PDMODE	70	Point display mode
\$PDSIZE	40	Point display size
\$PELEVATION	40	Current paper space elevation
\$PEXTMAX	10, 20, 30	Maximum X, Y, and Z extents for paper space
\$PEXTMIN	10, 20, 30	Minimum X, Y, and Z extents for paper space
\$PINSBASE	10, 20, 30	Paper space insertion base point
\$PLIMCHECK	70	Limits checking in paper space when nonzero
\$PLIMMAX	10, 20	Maximum X and Y limits in paper space
\$PLIMMIN	10, 20	Minimum X and Y limits in paper space
\$PLINEGEN	70	Governs the generation of linetype patterns around the
		vertices of a 2D polyline:
		1 = Linetype is generated in a continuous pattern around
		vertices of the polyline
		0 = Each segment of the polyline starts and ends with a dash
\$PLINEWID	40	Default polyline width

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$PROJECTNAME	1	Assigns a project name to the current drawing. Used when an external reference or image is not found on its original path. The project name points to a section in the registry that can contain one or more search paths for each project name defined. Project names and their search directories are created from the Files tab of the Options dialog box
\$PROXYGRAPHICS	70	Controls the saving of proxy object images
\$PSLTSCALE	70	Controls paper space linetype scaling:  1 = No special linetype scaling  0 = Viewport scaling governs linetype scaling
\$PSTYLEMODE	290	Indicates whether the current drawing is in a Color-Dependent or Named Plot Style mode:  0 = Uses named plot style tables in the current drawing  1 = Uses color-dependent plot style tables in the current drawing
\$PSVPSCALE	40	View scale factor for new viewports: 0 = Scaled to fit >0 = Scale factor (a positive real value)
\$PUCSBASE	2	Name of the UCS that defines the origin and orientation of orthographic UCS settings (paper space only)
\$PUCSNAME	2	Current paper space UCS name
\$PUCSORG	10, 20, 30	Current paper space UCS origin
\$PUCSORGBACK	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing paper space UCS to BACK when PUCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$PUCSORGBOTTOM	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing paper space UCS to BOTTOM when PUCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$PUCSORGFRONT	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing paper space UCS to FRONT when PUCSBASE is set to WORLD

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$PUCSORGLEFT	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing paper space UCS to LEFT when PUCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$PUCSORGRIGHT	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing paper space UCS to RIGHT when PUCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$PUCSORGTOP	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing paper space UCS to TOP when PUCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$PUCSORTHOREF	2	If paper space UCS is orthographic (PUCSORTHOVIEW not equal to 0), this is the name of the UCS that the orthographic UCS is relative to. If blank, UCS is relative to WORLD
\$PUCSORTHOVIEW	70	Orthographic view type of paper space UCS:  0 = UCS is not orthographic;  1 = Top; 2 = Bottom;  3 = Front; 4 = Back;  5 = Left; 6 = Right
\$PUCSXDIR	10, 20, 30	Current paper space UCS X axis
\$PUCSYDIR	10, 20, 30	Current paper space UCS Y axis
\$QTEXTMODE	70	Quick Text mode on if nonzero
\$REGENMODE	70	REGENAUTO mode on if nonzero
\$SHADEDGE	70	<ul> <li>0 = Faces shaded, edges not highlighted</li> <li>1 = Faces shaded, edges highlighted in black</li> <li>2 = Faces not filled, edges in entity color</li> <li>3 = Faces in entity color, edges in black</li> </ul>
\$SHADEDIF	70	Percent ambient/diffuse light; range 1-100; default 70
\$SHADOWPLANELOCA- TION	40	Location of the ground shadow plane. This is a Z axis ordinate.
\$SKETCHINC	40	Sketch record increment

DXF header variable	es	
Variable	Group code	Description
\$SKPOLY	70	0 = Sketch lines; 1 = Sketch polylines
\$SORTENTS	280	Controls the object sorting methods; accessible from the Options dialog box User Preferences tab. SORTENTS uses
		the following bitcodes:
		0 = Disables SORTENTS
		1 = Sorts for object selection
		2 = Sorts for object snap
		4 = Sorts for redraws
		8 = Sorts for MSLIDE command slide creation
		16 = Sorts for REGEN commands
		32 = Sorts for plotting
		64 = Sorts for PostScript output
\$SPLINESEGS	70	Number of line segments per spline patch
\$SPLINETYPE	70	Spline curve type for PEDIT Spline
\$SURFTAB1	70	Number of mesh tabulations in first direction
\$SURFTAB2	70	Number of mesh tabulations in second direction
\$SURFTYPE	70	Surface type for PEDIT Smooth
\$SURFU	70	Surface density (for PEDIT Smooth) in M direction
\$SURFV	70	Surface density (for PEDIT Smooth) in N direction
\$TDCREATE	40	Local date/time of drawing creation (see "Special Handling of Date/Time Variables")
\$TDINDWG	40	Cumulative editing time for this drawing (see "Special
		Handling of Date/Time Variables")
\$TDUCREATE	40	Universal date/time the drawing was created (see "Special
		Handling of Date/Time Variables")
\$TDUPDATE	40	Local date/time of last drawing update (see "Special
		Handling of Date/Time Variables")

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$TDUSRTIMER	40	User-elapsed timer
\$TDUUPDATE	40	Universal date/time of the last update/save (see "Special Handling of Date/Time Variables")
\$TEXTSIZE	40	Default text height
\$TEXTSTYLE	7	Current text style name
\$THICKNESS	40	Current thickness set by ELEV command
\$TILEMODE	70	1 for previous release compatibility mode; 0 otherwise
\$TRACEWID	40	Default trace width
\$TREEDEPTH	70	Specifies the maximum depth of the spatial index
\$UCSBASE	2	Name of the UCS that defines the origin and orientation of orthographic UCS settings
\$UCSNAME	2	Name of current UCS
\$UCSORG	10, 20, 30	Origin of current UCS (in WCS)
\$UCSORGBACK	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing model space UCS to BACK when UCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$UCSORGBOTTOM	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing model space UCS to BOTTOM when UCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$UCSORGFRONT	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing model space UCS to FRONT when UCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$UCSORGLEFT	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing model space UCS to LEFT when UCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$UCSORGRIGHT	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing model space UCS to RIGHT when UCSBASE is set to WORLD

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$UCSORGTOP	10, 20, 30	Point which becomes the new UCS origin after changing model space UCS to TOP when UCSBASE is set to WORLD
\$UCSORTHOREF	2	If model space UCS is orthographic (UCSORTHOVIEW not equal to 0), this is the name of the UCS that the orthographic UCS is relative to. If blank, UCS is relative to WORLD
\$UCSORTHOVIEW	70	Orthographic view type of model space UCS:  0 = UCS is not orthographic;  1 = Top; 2 = Bottom;  3 = Front; 4 = Back;  5 = Left; 6 = Right
\$UCSXDIR	10, 20, 30	Direction of the current UCS X axis (in WCS)
\$UCSYDIR	10, 20, 30	Direction of the current UCS Y axis (in WCS)
\$UNITMODE	70	Low bit set = Display fractions, feet-and-inches, and survey or's angles in input format
\$USERI1 - 5	70	Five integer variables intended for use by third-party developers
\$USERR1 - 5	40	Five real variables intended for use by third-party developers
\$USRTIMER	70	0 = Timer off; 1 = Timer on
\$VERSIONGUID	2	Uniquely identifies a particular version of a drawing. Updated when the drawing is modified
\$VISRETAIN	70	0 = Don't retain xref-dependent visibility settings 1 = Retain xref-dependent visibility settings
\$WORLDVIEW	70	1 = Set UCS to WCS during DVIEW/VPOINT 0 = Don't change UCS
\$XCLIPFRAME	290	Controls the visibility of xref clipping boundaries:  0 = Clipping boundary is not visible  1 = Clipping boundary is visible

DXF header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$XEDIT	290	Controls whether the current drawing can be edited in- place when being referenced by another drawing. 0 = Can't use in-place reference editing 1 = Can use in-place reference editing

### **Revised VPORT Header Variables**

The following header variables existed before  $\operatorname{AutoCAD}^{\otimes}$  Release 11 but now have independent settings for each active viewport. OPEN honors these variables when read from  $\operatorname{DXF}^{\text{TM}}$  files. If a VPORT symbol table with \*ACTIVE entries is present (as is true for any DXF file produced by Release 11 or later), the values in the VPORT table entries override the values of these header variables.

Revised VPORT header variables		
Variable	Group code	Description
\$FASTZOOM	70	Fast zoom enabled if nonzero
\$GRIDMODE	70	Grid mode on if nonzero
\$GRIDUNIT	10, 20	Grid X and Y spacing
\$SNAPANG	50	Snap grid rotation angle
\$SNAPBASE	10, 20	Snap/grid base point (in UCS)
\$SNAPISOPAIR	70	Isometric plane: 0 = Left; 1 = Top; 2 = Right
\$SNAPMODE	70	Snap mode on if nonzero
\$SNAPSTYLE	70	Snap style: 0 = Standard; 1 = Isometric
\$SNAPUNIT	10, 20	Snap grid X and Y spacing
\$VIEWCTR	10, 20	XY center of current view on screen

Revised VPORT header variables			
Variable	Group code	Description	
\$VIEWDIR	10, 20, 30	Viewing direction (direction from target in WCS)	
\$VIEWSIZE	40	Height of view	

## **Special Handling of Date/Time Variables**

The CDATE and DATE system variables provide access to the current date and time. The TDCREATE, TDINDWG, TDUPDATE, and TDUSRTIMER system variables (and the \$TDCREATE, \$TDUCREATE, \$TDUPDATE, and \$TDUUPDATE DXF header variables) provide access to times and dates associated with the current drawing. The values are represented as real numbers with special meanings, as described below.

DATE is the current date and time represented as a Julian date and fraction of a day in a real number.

<Julian date>.<Fraction of day>

For example, on December 31, 1999, at 9:58:35 p.m. GMT, the DATE variable contains

2451544.91568287

The date and time are taken from the computer's clock when the variable is read. The time is represented as a fraction of a day, and the times returned by DATE may be truly subtracted to compute differences in time. To extract the seconds since midnight from the value returned by DATE, use the AutoLISP expressions

```
(setq s (getvar "DATE"))
(setq seconds (* 86400.0 (- s (fix s))))
```

Note that DATE returns only a true Julian date if the system's clock is set to UTC/Zulu (Greenwich Mean Time). TDCREATE and TDUPDATE have the same format as DATE, but their values represent the creation time and last update time of the current drawing.

TDINDWG and TDUSRTIMER (and the \$TDINDWG and \$TDUSRTIMER DXF header variables) use a format similar to that of DATE, but their values represent elapsed times, as in

<Number of days>.<Fraction of day>

CDATE is the current date and time in calendar and clock format. The value is returned as a real number in the form

YYYYMMDD.HHMMSShsec

where

YYYY = year

MM = month (01-12)

DD = day (01-31)

HH = hour (00-23)

MM = minute (00-59)

SS = second(00-59)

hsec = hundredths of a second (00-99)

For example, if the current date is December 31, 2005, and the time is 9:58:35.75 p.m., CDATE would return the value:

20051231.21583575

Note that CDATE values can be compared for later and earlier values but that subtracting them yields numbers that are not meaningful.

# **CLASSES Section**

The group codes described in this chapter are found only in  $DXF^{TM}$  files. The CLASSES section holds the information for application-defined classes whose instances appear in the BLOCKS, ENTITIES, and OBJECTS sections of the database. It is assumed that a class definition is permanently fixed in the class hierarchy. All fields are required.

# **CLASSES Section Group Codes**

Each entry in the CLASSES section contains the groups described in the following table.

CLASSES section group codes		
Group code	Description	
0	Record type (CLASS). Identifies beginning of a CLASS record	
1	Class DXF record name; always unique	
2	C++ class name. Used to bind with software that defines object class behavior; always unique	
3	Application name. Posted in Alert box when a class definition listed in this section is not currently loaded	
90	Proxy capabilities flag. Bit-coded value that indicates the capabilities of this object as a proxy:  0 = No operations allowed (0)  1 = Erase allowed (0x1)  2 = Transform allowed (0x2)  4 = Color change allowed (0x4)  8 = Layer change allowed (0x8)	

Group code	Description	
	16 = Linetype change allowed (0x10)	
	32 = Linetype scale change allowed (0x20)	
	64 = Visibility change allowed (0x40)	
	128 = Cloning allowed (0x80)	
	256 = Lineweight change allowed (0x100)	
	512 = Plot Style Name change allowed (0x200)	
	895 = All operations except cloning allowed (0x37F)	
	1023 = All operations allowed (0x3FF)	
	1024 = Disables proxy warning dialog (0x400)	
	32768 = R13 format proxy (0x8000)	
91	Instance count for a custom class	
280	Was-a-proxy flag. Set to 1 if class was not loaded when this DXF file was created, and 0 otherwise	
281	Is-an-entity flag. Set to 1 if class was derived from the AcDbEntity class and can reside in the BLOCKS or ENTITIES section. If 0, instances may	

# **Default Class Values**

 $AutoCAD^{\circledR}$  registers the classes listed in the following table. (This may not be a complete list of the classes found in a DXF file. It depends on the applications currently in use by AutoCAD.)

Default class values				
DXF record name code 1	C++ class name code 2	Code 90	Code 280	Code 281
ACDBDICTIONARYWDFLT	AcDbDictionaryWithDefault	0	0	0
ACDBPLACEHOLDER	AcDbPlaceHolder	0	0	0
ARCALIGNEDTEXT	AcDbArcAlignedText	0	0	1
DICTIONARYVAR	AcDbDictionaryVar	0	0	0
HATCH	AcDbHatch	0	0	1

Default class values				
DXF record name code 1	C++ class name code 2	Code 90	Code 280	Code 281
IDBUFFER	AcDbldBuffer	0	0	0
IMAGE	AcDbRasterImage	127	0	1
IMAGEDEF	AcDbRasterImageDef	0	0	0
IMAGEDEF_REACTOR	AcDbRasterImageDefReactor	1	0	0
LAYER_INDEX	AcDbLayerIndex	0	0	0
LAYOUT	AcDbLayout	0	0	0
LWPOLYLINE	AcDbPolyline	0	0	1
OBJECT_PTR	CAseDLPNTableRecord	1	0	0
OLE2FRAME	AcDbOle2Frame	0	0	1
PLOTSETTINGS	AcDbPlotSettings	0	0	0
RASTERVARIABLES	AcDbRasterVariables	0	0	0
RTEXT	RText	0	0	1
SORTENTSTABLE	AcDbSortentsTable	0	0	0
SPATIAL_INDEX	AcDbSpatialIndex	0	0	0
SPATIAL_FILTER	AcDbSpatialFilter	0	0	0
WIPEOUT	AcDbWipeout	127	0	1
WIPEOUTVARIABLES	AcDbWipeoutVariables	0	0	0

# **TABLES Section**

The group codes described in this chapter are found in  $DXF^{TM}$  files and used by applications. The TABLES section contains several tables, each of which can contain a variable number of entries. These codes are also used by  $AutoLISP^{@}$  and  $ObjectARX^{@}$  applications in entity definition lists.

# **Symbol Table Group Codes**

The order of the tables may change, but the LTYPE table always precedes the LAYER table. Each table is introduced with a 0 group code with the label TABLE. This is followed by a 2 group code identifying the particular table (APPID, DIMSTYLE, LAYER, LTYPE, STYLE, UCS, VIEW, VPORT, or BLOCK\_RECORD), a 5 group code (a handle), a 100 group code (AcDbSymbolTable subclass marker), and a 70 group code that specifies the maximum number of table entries that may follow. Table names are output in uppercase. The DIMSTYLE handle is a 105 group code, and not a 5 group code.

The tables in a drawing can contain deleted items, but these are not written to the DXF file. As a result, fewer table entries may follow the table header than are indicated by the 70 group code, so do not use the count in the 70 group code as an index to read in the table. This group code is provided so that a program that reads DXF files can allocate an array large enough to hold all the table entries that follow.

Following this header for each table are the table entries. Each table entry consists of a 0 group identifying the item type (same as table name, such as LTYPE or LAYER), a 2 group giving the name of the table entry, a 70 group specifying flags relevant to the table entry (defined for each following table), and additional groups that give the value of the table entry. The end of each table is indicated by a 0 group with the value ENDTAB.

Both symbol table records and symbol tables are database objects. At a very minimum, with all prevailing usage within AutoCAD<sup>®</sup>, this implies that a handle

is present, positioned after the 2 group codes for both the symbol table record objects and the symbol table objects.

The DIMSTYLE table is the only record type in the system with a handle code of 105 because of its earlier usage of group code 5. As a rule, programmers should not be concerned about this exception unless it is in the context of the DIMSTYLE table section. This is the only context in which this exception should occur.

# **Common Symbol Table Group Codes**

The following table shows group codes that apply to all symbol tables. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Group codes that apply to all symbol tables		
Description		
APP: entity name (changes each time a drawing is opened)		
Object type (TABLE)		
Table name		
Handle		
"{ACAD_XDICTIONARY" indicates the start of an extension dictionary group. This group exists only if persistent reactors have been attached to this object (optional)		
Hard owner ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)		
End of group, "}" (optional)		
Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object		
Subclass marker (AcDbSymbolTable)		
Maximum number of entries in table		

# **Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries**

The following table shows group codes that apply to all symbol table entries. When you refer to the table of group codes by entity type, which lists the codes associated with specific entities, keep in mind that the codes shown here can also be present. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Group codes that apply to all symbol table entries		
Group code	Description	
-1	APP: entity name (changes each time a drawing is opened)	
0	Entity type (table name)	
5	Handle (all except DIMSTYLE)	
105	Handle (DIMSTYLE table only)	
102	Start of application-defined group "{application_name". For example, "{ACAD_REACTORS" indicates the start of the AutoCAD persistent reactors group (optional)	
application- defined codes	Codes and values within the 102 groups are application defined (optional)	
102	End of group, "}" (optional)	
102	"{ACAD_REACTORS" indicates the start of the AutoCAD persistent reactors group. This group exists only if persistent reactors have been attached to this object (optional)	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)	
102	End of group, "}" (optional)	
102	"{ACAD_XDICTIONARY" indicates the start of an extension dictionary group. This group exists only if persistent reactors have been attached to this object (optional)	
360	Hard-owner ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)	
102	End of group, "}" (optional)	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object	

Group codes that apply to all symbol table entries		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSymbolTableRecord)	

### **APPID**

The following group codes apply to APPID symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

APPID group codes			
Group code	Description		
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRegAppTableRecord)		
2	User-supplied (or application-supplied) application name (for extended data). These table entries maintain a set of names for all registered applications		
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):  16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref  32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved  64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored by most programs that read DXF files and need not be set by programs that write DXF files)		

# **BLOCK\_RECORD**

The following group codes apply to BLOCK\_RECORD symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

BLOCK_RECORD group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbBlockTableRecord)

BLOCK_RECORD group codes		
Group code	Description	
2	Block name	
340	Hard-pointer ID/handle to associated LAYOUT object	
70	Block insertion units.	
280	Block explodability	
281	Block scalability	
310	DXF: Binary data for bitmap preview (optional)	
1001	Xdata application name "ACAD" (optional)	
1000	Xdata string data "DesignCenter Data" (optional)	
1002	Begin xdata "{" (optional)	
1070	Autodesk Design Center version number	
1070	Insert units:  0 = Unitless; 1 = Inches; 2 = Feet; 3 = Miles; 4 = Millimeters;  5 = Centimeters; 6 = Meters; 7 = Kilometers; 8 = Microinches;  9 = Mils; 10 = Yards; 11 = Angstroms; 12 = Nanometers;  13 = Microns; 14 = Decimeters; 15 = Decameters;  16 = Hectometers; 17 = Gigameters; 18 = Astronomical units;  19 = Light years; 20 = Parsecs	
1002	End xdata "}"	

# **DIMSTYLE**

The following group codes apply to DIMSTYLE symbol table entries. The DIMSTYLE system variables are described in "System Variables," in the *Command Reference*. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about

abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

DIMSTYLE group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDimStyleTableRecord)	
2	Dimension style name	
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):	
	16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref	
	32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully re-	
	solved	
	64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time	
	the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored	
	by most programs that read DXF files and need not be set by programs that write DXF files)	
3	DIMPOST	
4	DIMAPOST	
5	DIMBLK (obsolete, now object ID)	
6	DIMBLK1 (obsolete, now object ID)	
7	DIMBLK2 (obsolete, now object ID)	
40	DIMSCALE	
41	DIMASZ	
42	DIMEXO	
43	DIMDLI	
44	DIMEXE	
45	DIMRND	
46	DIMDLE	
47	DIMTP	

DIMSTYLE group codes	
Group code	Description
48	DIMTM
140	DIMTXT
141	DIMCEN
142	DIMTSZ
143	DIMALTF
144	DIMLFAC
145	DIMTVP
146	DIMTFAC
147	DIMGAP
148	DIMALTRND
71	DIMTOL
72	DIMLIM
73	DIMTIH
74	DIMTOH
75	DIMSE1
76	DIMSE2
77	DIMTAD
78	DIMZIN
79	DIMAZIN
170	DIMALT

DIMSTYLE gr	DIMSTYLE group codes	
Group code	Description	
171	DIMALTD	
172	DIMTOFL	
173	DIMSAH	
174	DIMTIX	
175	DIMSOXD	
176	DIMCLRD	
177	DIMCLRE	
178	DIMCLRT	
179	DIMADEC	
270	DIMUNIT (obsolete, now use DIMLUNIT AND DIMFRAC)	
271	DIMDEC	
272	DIMTDEC	
273	DIMALTU	
274	DIMALTTD	
275	DIMAUNIT	
276	DIMFRAC	
277	DIMLUNIT	
278	DIMDSEP	
279	DIMTMOVE	
280	DIMJUST	

DIMSTYLE group codes	
Description	
DIMSD1	
DIMSD2	
DIMTOLJ	
DIMTZIN	
DIMALTZ	
DIMALTTZ	
DIMFIT (obsolete, now use DIMATFIT and DIMTMOVE)	
DIMUPT	
DIMATFIT	
DIMTXSTY (handle of referenced STYLE)	
DIMLDRBLK (handle of referenced BLOCK)	
DIMBLK (handle of referenced BLOCK)	
DIMBLK1 (handle of referenced BLOCK)	
DIMBLK2 (handle of referenced BLOCK)	
DIMLWD (lineweight enum value)	
DIMLWE (lineweight enum value)	

# **LAYER**

The following group codes apply to LAYER symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol

Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

LAYER group	LAYER group codes	
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLayerTableRecord)	
2	Layer name	
70	Standard flags (bit-coded values):  1 = Layer is frozen; otherwise layer is thawed  2 = Layer is frozen by default in new viewports  4 = Layer is locked  16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref  32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved  64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored by most programs that read DXF files and need not be set by programs that write DXF files)	
62	Color number (if negative, layer is off)	
6	Linetype name	
290	Plotting flag. If set to 0, do not plot this layer	
370	Lineweight enum value	
390	Hard-pointer ID/handle of PlotStyleName object	
347	Hard-pointer ID/handle to Material object	

Xref-dependent layers are output during SAVEAS. For these layers, the associated linetype name in the DXF file is always CONTINUOUS.

# **LTYPE**

The following group codes apply to LTYPE symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol

Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

LTYPE group	codes
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLinetypeTableRecord)
2	Linetype name
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):
	16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref
	32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved
	64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time
	the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored by most programs that read DXF files and need not be set by programs that write DXF files)
3	Descriptive text for linetype
72	Alignment code; value is always 65, the ASCII code for A
73	The number of linetype elements
40	Total pattern length
49	Dash, dot or space length (one entry per element)
74	Complex linetype element type (one per element). Default is 0 (no embedded shape/text)
	The following codes are bit values:
	1 = If set, code 50 specifies an absolute rotation; if not set, code 50 specifies a relative rotation 2 = Embedded element is a text string
	4 = Embedded element is a starpe
	. – Embedded cicinent is a shape
75	Shape number (one per element) if code 74 specifies an embedded shape
	If code 74 specifies an embedded text string, this value is set to 0
	If code 74 is set to 0, code 75 is omitted
340	Pointer to STYLE object (one per element if code 74 > 0)
46	S = Scale value (optional); multiple entries can exist

LTYPE group codes	
Group code	Description
50	R = (relative) or $A = $ (absolute) rotation value in radians of embedded shape or text; one per element if code 74 specifies an embedded shape or text string
44	X = X offset value (optional); multiple entries can exist
45	Y = Y offset value (optional); multiple entries can exist
9	Text string (one per element if code 74 = 2)

The group codes 74, 75, 340, 46, 50, 44, 45, and 9 are not returned by the <code>tblsearch</code> or <code>tblnext</code> functions. You must use <code>tblobjname</code> to retrieve these values within an application.

### **STYLE**

The following group codes apply to STYLE symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

STYLE group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbTextStyleTableRecord)
2	Style name
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):
	1 = If set, this entry describes a shape
	4 = Vertical text
	16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref
	32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved
	64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time
	the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCADcommands. It can be ignored
	by most programs that read DXF files and need not be set by programs that write DXF files)
40	Fixed text height; 0 if not fixed

STYLE group codes	
Group code	Description
41	Width factor
50	Oblique angle
71	Text generation flags:
	2 = Text is backward (mirrored in X)
	4 = Text is upside down (mirrored in $Y$ )
42	Last height used
3	Primary font file name
4	Bigfont file name; blank if none
1071	A long value which contains a truetype font's pitch and family, charset, and italic and bold flags

A STYLE table item is also used to record shape file LOAD command requests. In this case the first bit (1) is set in the 70 group flags and only the 3 group (shape file name) is meaningful (all the other groups are output, however).

# **UCS**

The following group codes apply to UCS symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

UCS group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbUCSTableRecord)
2	UCS name
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):  16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref  32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved

UCS group co	odes
Group code	Description
	64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored by most programs that read DXF files and need not be set by programs that write DXF files)
10	Origin (in WCS) DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of origin (in WCS)
11	X-axis direction (in WCS) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of X-axis direction (in WCS)
12	Y-axis direction (in WCS) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of Y-axis direction (in WCS)
79	Always 0
146	Elevation
346	ID/handle of base UCS if this is an orthographic. This code is not present if the 79 code is 0. If this code is not present and 79 code is non-zero, then base UCS is assumed to be WORLD
71	Orthographic type (optional; always appears in pairs with the 13, 23, 33 codes):  1 = Top; 2 = Bottom  3 = Front; 4 = Back  5 = Left; 6 = Right
13	Origin for this orthographic type relative to this UCS DXF: <i>X</i> value of origin point; APP: 3D point
23, 33	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of origin point

Each 71/13,23,33 pair defines the UCS origin for a particular orthographic type relative to this UCS. For example, if the following pair is present, then

invoking the UCS/LEFT command when UCSBASE is set to this UCS will cause the new UCS origin to become (1,2,3).

71: 5 13: 1.0 23: 2.0 33: 3.0

If this pair were not present, then invoking the UCS/LEFT command would cause the new UCS origin to be set to this UCS's origin point.

### **VIEW**

The following group codes apply to VIEW symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

VIEW group o	VIEW group codes	
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbViewTableRecord)	
2	Name of view	
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):	
	1 = If set, this is a paper space view	
	16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref	
	32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved	
	64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored	
	by most programs that read DXF files and does not need to be set by programs that write DXF	
	files)	
40	View height (in DCS)	
10	View center point (in DCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point	
20	DXF: Y value of view center point (in DCS)	
41	View width (in DCS)	

VIEW group of	rodes
Group code	Description
11	View direction from target (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of view direction from target (in WCS)
12	Target point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of target point (in WCS)
42	Lens length
43	Front clipping plane (offset from target point)
44	Back clipping plane (offset from target point)
50	Twist angle
71	View mode (see VIEWMODE system variable)
281	Render mode:
	0 = 2D Optimized (classic 2D)
	1 = Wireframe
	2 = Hidden line
	3 = Flat shaded
	4 = Gouraud shaded
	5 = Flat shaded with wireframe
	6 = Gouraud shaded with wireframe
	All rendering modes other than 2D Optimized engage the new 3D graphics pipeline. These
	values directly correspond to the SHADEMODE command and the AcDbAbstractViewTableRecord::RenderMode enum
72	1 if there is a UCS associated to this view; 0 otherwise
73	1 if the camera is plottable
332	Soft-pointer ID/handle to background object (optional)
334	Soft-pointer ID/handle to live section object (optional)

VIEW group codes	
Description	
Hard-pointer ID/handle to visual style object (optional)	
Sun hard ownership ID	
The following codes appear only if code 72 is set to 1. They define the UCS	
that is associated to this view. This UCS will become the current UCS whenever this view is restored (if code 72 is 0, the UCS is unchanged).	

#### **VIEW with UCS group codes**

Group code	Description	
110	UCS origin (appears only if code 72 is set to 1) DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
120, 130	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS origin	
111	UCS X-axis (appears only if code 72 is set to 1) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
121, 131	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS X-axis	
112	UCS Y-axis (appears only if code 72 is set to 1) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
122, 132	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS Y-axis	
79	Orthographic type of UCS (appears only if code 72 is set to 1):  0 = UCS is not orthographic  1 = Top; 2 = Bottom  3 = Front; 4 = Back  5 = Left; 6 = Right	
146	UCS elevation (appears only if code 72 is set to 1)	
345	ID/handle of AcDbUCSTableRecord if UCS is a named UCS. If not present, then UCS is unnamed (appears only if code 72 is set to 1)	
346	ID/handle of AcDbUCSTableRecord of base UCS if UCS is orthographic (79 code is non-zero). If not present and 79 code is non-zero, then base UCS is taken to be WORLD (appears only if code 72 is set to 1)	

### **VPORT**

The following group codes apply to VPORT symbol table entries. The VPORT table is unique: it may contain several entries with the same name (indicating a multiple-viewport configuration). The entries corresponding to the active viewport configuration all have the name \*ACTIVE. The first such entry describes the current viewport. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

VPORT group	VPORT group codes		
Group code	Description		
100	Subclass marker (AcDbViewportTableRecord)		
2	Viewport name		
70	Standard flag values (bit-coded values):		
	16 = If set, table entry is externally dependent on an xref		
	32 = If both this bit and bit 16 are set, the externally dependent xref has been successfully resolved		
	64 = If set, the table entry was referenced by at least one entity in the drawing the last time		
	the drawing was edited. (This flag is for the benefit of AutoCAD commands. It can be ignored		
	by most programs that read DXF files and does not need to be set by programs that write DXF		
	files)		
10	Lower-left corner of viewport		
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point		
20	DXF: Y value of lower-left corner of viewport		
11	Upper-right corner of viewport		
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point		
21	DXF: Y value of upper-right corner of viewport		
12	View center point (in DCS)		
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point		
22	DXF: Y value of view center point (in DCS)		
13	Snap base point (in DCS)		

Group code	Description
	Description
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
23	DXF: Y value of snap base point (in DCS)
14	Snap spacing <i>X</i> and <i>Y</i> DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 2D point
24	DXF: Y value of snap spacing X and Y
15	Grid spacing <i>X</i> and <i>Y</i> DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 2D point
25	DXF: Y value of grid spacing X and Y
16	View direction from target point (in WCS) DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
26, 36	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of view direction from target point (in WCS)
17	View target point (in WCS) DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
27, 37	DXF: Y and Z values of view target point (in WCS)
42	Lens length
43	Front clipping plane (offset from target point)
44	Back clipping plane (offset from target point)
45	View height
50	Snap rotation angle
51	View twist angle
72	Circle sides
331 or 441	Soft or hard-pointer ID/handle to frozen layer objects; repeats for each frozen layers

VPORT group	codes
Group code	Description
70	Bit flags and perspective mode
1	Plot style sheet
281	Render mode:
	0 = 2D Optimized (classic 2D)
	1 = Wireframe
	2 = Hidden line
	3 = Flat shaded
	4 = Gouraud shaded
	5 = Flat shaded with wireframe
	6 = Gouraud shaded with wireframe
	All rendering modes other than 2D Optimized engage the new 3D graphics pipeline. These
	values directly correspond to the SHADEMODE command and the AcDbAbstractViewTableRe
	cord::RenderMode enum
71	View mode (see VIEWMODE system variable)
74	UCSICON setting
110	UCS origin
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
120, 130	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS origin
111	UCS X-axis
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
121, 131	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS X-axis
112	UCS Y-axis
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
122, 132	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS Y-axis
345	ID/handle of AcDbUCSTableRecord if UCS is a named UCS. If not present, then UCS is unnamed
346	ID/handle of AcDbUCSTableRecord of base UCS if UCS is orthographic (79 code is non-zero).
	If not present and 79 code is non-zero, then base UCS is taken to be WORLD

VPORT group	codes
Group code	Description
79	Orthographic type of UCS
	0 = UCS is not orthographic
	1 = Top; 2 = Bottom
	3 = Front; 4 = Back
	5 = Left; 6 = Right
146	Elevation
170	Shade plot setting
61	Major grid lines
332	Soft-pointer ID/handle to background object (optional)
333	Soft-pointer ID/handle to shade plot object (optional)
348	Hard-pointer ID/handle to visual style object (optional)
292	Default Lighting On flag
282	Default Lighting type
	0 = One distant light
	1 = Two distant lights
141	Brightness
142	Contrast
63, 421, 431	Ambient color (only output when non-black)

# **BLOCKS Section**

The group codes described in this chapter are found in  $DXF^{TM}$  files and used by applications. The BLOCKS section contains an entry for each block reference in the drawing.

# **BLOCKS Section Group Codes**

The BLOCKS section of the DXF file contains all the block definitions, including anonymous blocks generated by the HATCH command and by associative dimensioning. Each block definition contains the entities that make up that block as it is used in the drawing. The format of the entities in this section is identical to those in the ENTITIES section. All entities in the BLOCKS section appear between block and endblk entities. Block and endblk entities appear only in the BLOCKS section. Block definitions are never nested (that is, no block or endblk entity ever appears within another block-endblk pair), although a block definition can contain an insert entity.

External references are written in the DXF file as block definitions, except that they also include a string (group code 1) that specifies the path and file name of the external reference.

The block table handle, along with any xdata and persistent reactors, appears in each block definition immediately following the BLOCK record, which contains all of the specific information that a block table record stores.

# **BLOCK**

The following group codes apply to block entities. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

#### **Block group codes**

Group code	Description
0	Entity type (BLOCK)
5	Handle
102	Start of application-defined group "{application_name". For example, "{ACAD_REACTORS" indicates the start of the AutoCAD persistent reactors group (optional)
application- defined codes	Codes and values within the 102 groups are application defined (optional)
102	End of group, "}" (optional)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbEntity)
8	Layer name
100	Subclass marker (AcDbBlockBegin)
2	Block name
70	Block-type flags (bit-coded values, may be combined):  0 = Indicates none of the following flags apply  1 = This is an anonymous block generated by hatching, associative dimensioning, other internal operations, or an application  2 = This block has non-constant attribute definitions (this bit is not set if the block has any attribute definitions that are constant, or has no attribute definitions at all)  4 = This block is an external reference (xref)  8 = This block is an xref overlay  16 = This block is externally dependent  32 = This is a resolved external reference, or dependent of an external reference (ignored on input)  64 = This definition is a referenced external reference (ignored on input)

#### **Block group codes**

Group code	Description
10	Base point DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of base point
3	Block name
1	Xref path name
4	Block description (optional)

The UCS in effect when a block definition is created becomes the WCS for all entities in the block definition. The new origin for these entities is shifted to match the base point defined for the block definition. All entity data is translated to fit this new WCS.

#### **Model Space and Paper Space Block Definitions**

Three empty definitions always appear in the BLOCKS section. They are titled \*Model\_Space, \*Paper\_Space and \*Paper\_Space0. These definitions manifest the representations of model space and paper space as block definitions internally. The internal name of the first paper space layout is \*Paper\_Space, the second is \*Paper\_Space0, the third is \*Paper\_Space1, and so on.

#### **Model Space and Paper Space Entity Segregation**

The interleaving between model space and paper space no longer occurs. Instead, all paper space entities are output, followed by model space entities. The flag distinguishing them is the group code 67.

### **ENDBLK**

The following group codes apply to endblk objects. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

#### **Endblk group codes**

Group code	Description
0	Entity type (ENDBLK)

### Endblk group codes

Group code	Description
5	Handle
102	Start of application-defined group "{application_name". For example, "{ACAD_REACTORS" indicates the start of the AutoCAD persistent reactors group (optional)
application- defined codes	Codes and values within the 102 groups are application defined (optional)
102	End of group, "}" (optional)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbEntity)
8	Layer name
100	Subclass marker (AcDbBlockEnd)

# **ENTITIES Section**

This chapter presents the group codes that apply to graphical objects. These codes are found in the ENTITIES section of a  $DXF^{TM}$  file and are used by AutoLISP® and ObjectARX® applications in entity definition lists.

# **Common Group Codes for Entities**

The following table shows group codes that apply to virtually all graphical objects. Some of the group codes shown here are included with an entity definition only if the entity has nondefault values for the property. When you refer to the group codes by entity type, the lists of codes associated with *specific* entities, keep in mind that the codes shown here are also present.

**NOTE** Do not write programs that rely on the order shown in these DXF code tables. Although these tables show the order of group codes as they usually appear, the order can change under certain conditions or may be changed in a future AutoCAD® release. The code that controls an entity should be driven by a case (switch) or a table so that it can process each group correctly even if the order is unexpected.

When a group is omitted, its default value upon input (when using OPEN) is indicated in the third column. If the value of a group code is equal to the default, it is omitted upon output (when using SAVEAS). For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Group codes that apply to all graphical objects		
Group code	Description	If omitted, defaults to
-1	APP: entity name (changes each time a drawing is opened)	not omitted

	that apply to all graphical objects	
Group code	Description	If omitted, defaults to
0	Entity type	not omitted
5	Handle	not omitted
102	Start of application-defined group "{application_name" (optional)	no default
application- defined codes	Codes and values within the 102 groups are application-defined (optional)	no default
102	End of group, "}" (optional)	no default
102	"{ACAD_REACTORS" indicates the start of the AutoCAD persistent reactors group. This group exists only if persistent reactors have been attached to this object (optional)	no default
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)	no default
102	End of group, "}" (optional)	no default
102	"{ACAD_XDICTIONARY" indicates the start of an extension dictionary group. This group exists only if an extension dictionary has been attached to the object (optional)	no default
360	Hard-owner ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)	no default
102	End of group, "}" (optional)	no default
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner BLOCK_RECORD object	not omitted
100	Subclass marker (AcDbEntity)	not omitted
67	Absent or zero indicates entity is in model space. 1 indicates entity is in paper space (optional).	0
410	APP: layout tab name	not omitted
8	Layer name	not omitted

Group codes that apply to all graphical objects			
Group code	Description	If omitted, defaults to	
6	Linetype name (present if not BYLAYER). The special name BYBLOCK indicates a floating linetype (optional)	BYLAYER	
347	Hard-pointer ID/handle to material object (present if not BYLAYER)	BYLAYER	
62	Color number (present if not BYLAYER); zero indicates the BYBLOCK (floating) color; 256 indicates BYLAYER; a negative value indicates that the layer is turned off (optional)	BYLAYER	
370	Lineweight enum value. Stored and moved around as a 16-bit integer.	not omitted	
48	Linetype scale (optional)	1.0	
60	Object visibility (optional): 0 = Visible; 1 = Invisible	0	
92	Number of bytes in the proxy entity graphics represented in the subsequent 310 groups, which are binary chunk records (optional)	no default	
310	Proxy entity graphics data (multiple lines; 256 characters max. per line) (optional)	no default	
420	A 24-bit color value that should be dealt with in terms of bytes with values of 0 to 255. The lowest byte is the blue value, the middle byte is the green value, and the third byte is the red value. The top byte is always 0. The group code cannot be used by custom entities for their own data because the group code is reserved for AcDbEntity, class-level color data and AcDbEntity, class-level transparency data	no default	
430	Color name. The group code cannot be used by custom entities for their own data because the group code is reserved for AcDbEntity, class-level color data and AcDbEntity, class-level transparency data	no default	
440	Transparency value. The group code cannot be used by custom entities for their own data because the group code is reserved for AcDbEntity, class-level color data and AcDbEntity, class-level transparency data	no default	
390	Hard-pointer ID/handle to the plot style object	no default	
284	Shadow mode	no default	

Group codes that apply to all graphical objects			
Group code	Description	If omitted, defaults to	
	0 = Casts and receives shadows		
	1 = Casts shadows		
	2 = Receives shadows		
	3 = Ignores shadows		

# **3DFACE**

The following group codes apply to 3dface entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

3dface group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbFace)	
10	First corner (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of first corner (in WCS)	
11	Second corner (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of second corner (in WCS)	
12	Third corner (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of third corner (in WCS)	
13	Fourth corner (in WCS). If only three corners are entered, this is the same as the third corner	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of fourth corner (in WCS)	
70	Invisible edge flags (optional; default = 0):	

3dface group codes	
Description	
1 = First edge is invisible	
2 = Second edge is invisible	
4 = Third edge is invisible	
8 = Fourth edge is invisible	

#### 3DSOLID

The following group codes apply to 3dsolid entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

3dsolid group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbModelerGeometry)
70	Modeler format version number (currently = 1)
1	Proprietary data (multiple lines < 255 characters each)
3	Additional lines of proprietary data (if previous group 1 string is greater than 255 characters) (optional)
100	Subclass marker (AcDb3dSolid)
350	Soft-owner ID/handle to history object

# **ACAD\_PROXY\_ENTITY**

The following group codes apply to proxy entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Acad_proxy_e	entity group codes
Group code	Description
100	DXF: AcDbProxyEntity
90	DXF: Proxy entity class ID (always 498)
91	DXF: Application entity's class ID. Class IDs are based on the order of the class in the CLASSES section. The first class is given the ID of 500, the next is 501, and so on
92	DXF: Size of graphics data in bytes
310	DXF: Binary graphics data (multiple entries can appear) (optional)
93	DXF: Size of entity data in bits
310	DXF: Binary entity data (multiple entries can appear) (optional)
330 or 340 or 350 or 360	DXF: An object ID (multiple entries can appear) (optional)
94	DXF: 0 (indicates end of object ID section)
95	DXF: Object drawing format when it becomes a proxy (a 32-bit unsigned integer): Low word is AcDbDwgVersion High word is MaintenanceReleaseVersion
70	DXF: Original custom object data format:  0 = DWG format  1 = DXF format

#### **ARC**

The following group codes apply to arc entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Arc group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbCircle)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
10	Center point (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of center point (in OCS)
40	Radius
100	Subclass marker (AcDbArc)
50	Start angle
51	End angle
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)

#### **ATTDEF**

The following group codes apply to attdef (attribute definition) entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Attdef group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbText)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)

Attdef group codes		
Group code	Description	
10	First alignment point (in OCS) DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of text start point (in OCS)	
40	Text height	
1	Default value (string)	
50	Text rotation (optional; default = 0)	
41	Relative X scale factor (width) (optional; default = 1). This value is also adjusted when fit-type text is used	
51	Oblique angle (optional; default = 0)	
7	Text style name (optional; default = STANDARD)	
71	Text generation flags (optional; default = 0); see TEXT on page 144 group codes	
72	Horizontal text justification type (optional; default = 0); see TEXT on page 144 group codes	
11	Second alignment point (in OCS) (optional)  DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D point  Meaningful only if 72 or 74 group values are nonzero	
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of second alignment point (in OCS) (optional)	
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbAttributeDefinition)	
280	Version number: 0 = 2010	
3	Prompt string	

Attdef group codes		
Group code	Description	
2	Tag string (cannot contain spaces)	
70	Attribute flags:	
	1 = Attribute is invisible (does not appear) 2 = This is a constant attribute	
	4 = Verification is required on input of this attribute	
	8 = Attribute is preset (no prompt during insertion)	
73	Field length (optional; default = 0) (not currently used)	
74	Vertical text justification type (optional, default = 0); see group code 73 inTEXT on page 144	
280	Lock position flag. Locks the position of the attribute within the block reference	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbXrecord)	
280	Duplicate record cloning flag (determines how to merge duplicate entries):	
	1 = Keep existing	
70	MText flag:	
	2 = multiline attribute	
	4 = constant multiline attribute definition	
70	isReallyLocked flag:	
	0 = unlocked	
	1 = locked	
70	Number of secondary attributes or attribute definitions	
340	hard-pointer id of secondary attribute(s) or attribute definition(s)	
10	Alignment point of attribute or attribute definition	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20,30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point	
40	current annotation scale	
2	attribute or attribute definition tag string	

Attdef group	Attdef group codes	
Group code	Description	
0	Entity type (MTEXT)	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbEntity)	
67	Absent or zero indicates entity is in model space. 1 indicates entity is in paper space (optional)	
8	Layer name	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMText)	
10	Insertion point	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20,30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point	
40	Nominal (initial) text height	
41	Reference rectangle width	
46	Defined annotation height	
	Attachment point:	
	1 = Top left; 2 = Top center; 3 = Top right	
	4 = Middle left; 5 = Middle center; 6 = Middle right	
	7 = Bottom left; 8 = Bottom center; 9 = Bottom right	
72	Drawing direction:	
	1 = Left to right	
	3 = Top to bottom	
	5 = By style (the flow direction is inherited from the associated text style)	
1	Text string	
	If the text string is less than 250 characters, all characters appear in group 1. If the text string	
	is greater than 250 characters, the string is divided into 250-character chunks, which appear	
	in one or more group 3 codes. If group 3 codes are used, the last group is a group 1 and has	
	fewer than 250 characters.	
3	Additional text (always in 250-character chunks) (optional)	
7	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vectText style name (STANDARD if not provided) (optional)	

Attdef group	codes
Group code	Description
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220,230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)
11	X-axis direction vector (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
21,31	DXF: Y and Z values of X-axis direction vector (in WCS)
42	Horizontal width of the characters that make up the mtext entity.
	This value will always be equal to or less than the value of group code 41 (read-only, ignored if supplied).
43	Vertical height of the mtext entity (read-only, ignored if supplied)
50	Rotation angle in radians
73	Mtext line spacing style (optional):
	1 = At least (taller characters will override)
	2 = Exact (taller characters will not override)
44	Mtext line spacing factor (optional):
	Percentage of default (3-on-5) line spacing to be applied.
	Valid values range from 0.25 to 4.00
90	Background fill setting:
	0 = Background fill off
	1 = Use background fill color
	2 = Use drawing window color as background fill color
63	Background color (if color index number)
420-429	Background color (if RGB color)
430-439	Background color (if color name)
45	Fill box scale (optional):
	Determines how much border is around the text.

Attdef group codes		
Group code	Description	
63	Background fill color (optional): Color to use for background fill when group code 90 is 1.	
441	Transparency of background fill color (not implemented)	

If group 72 and/or 74 values are nonzero then the first alignment point values are ignored and new values are calculated by AutoCAD, based on the second alignment point and the length and height of the text string itself (after applying the text style). If the 72 and 74 values are zero or missing, then the second alignment point is meaningless.

## **ATTRIB**

The following group codes apply to attrib (attribute) entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Attrib group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbText)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
10	Text start point (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of text start point (in OCS)
40	Text height
1	Default value (string)
100	Subclass marker (AcDbAttribute)
280	Version number:
	0 = 2010

Attrib group	Attrib group codes		
Group code	Description		
2	Attribute tag (string; cannot contain spaces)		
70	Attribute flags:		
	1 = Attribute is invisible (does not appear)		
	2 = This is a constant attribute		
	4 = Verification is required on input of this attribute		
	8 = Attribute is preset (no prompt during insertion)		
73	Field length (optional; default = 0) (not currently used)		
50	Text rotation (optional; default = 0)		
41	Relative X scale factor (width) (optional; default = 1). This value is also adjusted when fit-type		
	text is used		
51	Oblique angle (optional; default = 0)		
7	Text style name (optional; default = STANDARD)		
71	Text generation flags (optional; default = 0). See TEXT on page 144 group codes		
72	Horizontal text justification type (optional; default = 0). See TEXT on page 144 group codes		
74	Vertical text justification type (optional; default = 0). See group code 73 inTEXT on page 144		
11	Alignment point (in OCS) (optional)		
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point		
	Present only if 72 or 74 group is present and nonzero		
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of alignment point (in OCS) (optional)		
210	Extrusion direction. Present only if the entity's extrusion direction is not parallel to the WCS Z		
	axis (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)		
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector		
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)		
280	Lock position flag. Locks the position of the attribute within the block reference		
100	Subclass marker (AcDbXrecord)		

Attrib group	Attrib group codes	
Group code	Description	
280	Duplicate record cloning flag (determines how to merge duplicate entries):  1 = Keep existing	
70	MText flag: 2 = multiline attribute 4 = constant multiline attribute definition	
70	isReallyLocked flag: 0 = unlocked 1 = locked	
70	Number of secondary attributes or attribute definitions	
340	Hard-pointer id of secondary attribute(s) or attribute definition(s)	
10	Alignment point of attribute or attribute definition DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20,30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point	
40	current annotation scale	
2	attribute or attribute definition tag string	
0	Entity type (MTEXT)	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbEntity)	
67	Absent or zero indicates entity is in model space. 1 indicates entity is in paper space (optional)	
8	Layer name	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMText)	
10	Insertion point DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20,30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point	
40	Nominal (initial) text height	

Attrib group	codes
Group code	Description
41	Reference rectangle width
46	Defined annotation height
71	Attachment point:
	1 = Top left; 2 = Top center; 3 = Top right
	4 = Middle left; 5 = Middle center; 6 = Middle right
	7 = Bottom left; 8 = Bottom center; 9 = Bottom right
72	Drawing direction:
	1 = Left to right
	3 = Top to bottom
	5 = By style (the flow direction is inherited from the associated text style)
1	Text string
	If the text string is less than 250 characters, all characters appear in group 1. If the text string
	is greater than 250 characters, the string is divided into 250-character chunks, which appear
	in one or more group 3 codes. If group 3 codes are used, the last group is a group 1 and has
	fewer than 250 characters.
3	Additional text (always in 250-character chunks) (optional)
7	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vectText style name (STANDARD if not provided) (optional)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220,230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)
11	X-axis direction vector (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
21,31	DXF: Y and Z values of X-axis direction vector (in WCS)
42	Horizontal width of the characters that make up the mtext entity.
	This value will always be equal to or less than the value of group code 41 (read-only, ignored
	if supplied).
43	Vertical height of the mtext entity (read-only, ignored if supplied)
43	vertical neight of the mtext entity (read-only, ignored if supplied)

Attrib group codes	
Group code	Description
50	Rotation angle in radians
73	Mtext line spacing style (optional):
	1 = At least (taller characters will override)
	2 = Exact (taller characters will not override)
44	Mtext line spacing factor (optional):
	Percentage of default (3-on-5) line spacing to be applied.
	Valid values range from 0.25 to 4.00
90	Background fill setting:
	0 = Background fill off
	1 = Use background fill color
	2 = Use drawing window color as background fill color
63	Background color (if color index number)
420-429	Background color (if RGB color)
430-439	Background color (if color name)
45	Fill box scale (optional):
	Determines how much border is around the text.
63	Background fill color (optional):
	Color to use for background fill when group code 90 is 1.
441	Transparency of background fill color (not implemented)

If group 72 and/or 74 values are nonzero then the text insertion point values are ignored, and new values are calculated by AutoCAD based on the text alignment point and the length of the text string itself (after applying the text style). If the 72 and 74 values are zero or missing, then the text alignment point is ignored and recalculated based on the text insertion point and the length of the text string itself (after applying the text style).

## **BODY**

The following group codes apply to body entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Body group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbModelerGeometry)
70	Modeler format version number (currently = 1)
1	Proprietary data (multiple lines < 255 characters each)
3	Additional lines of proprietary data (if previous group 1 string is greater than 255 characters) (optional)

# **CIRCLE**

The following group codes apply to circle entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Circle group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbCircle)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
10	Center point (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of center point (in OCS)
40	Radius
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector

Circle group codes		
Group code	Description	
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)	

## **DIMENSION**

Dimension entity definitions consist of group codes that are common to all dimension types, followed by codes specific to the type.

# **Common Dimension Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to all dimension entity types. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Common dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDimension)
280	Version number:
	0 = 2010
2	Name of the block that contains the entities that make up the dimension picture
10	Definition point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of definition point (in WCS)
11	Middle point of dimension text (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of middle point of dimension text (in OCS)
70	Dimension type:
	Values 0-6 are integer values that represent the dimension type. Values 32, 64, and 128 are bit values, which are added to the integer values (value 32 is always set in R13 and
	later releases)

Common dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
	0 = Rotated, horizontal, or vertical; 1 = Aligned
	2 = Angular; 3 = Diameter; 4 = Radius
	5 = Angular 3 point; 6 = Ordinate
	32 = Indicates that the block reference (group code 2) is referenced by this dimension
	only
	64 = Ordinate type. This is a bit value (bit 7) used only with integer value 6. If set, ordinate
	is X-type; if not set, ordinate is Y-type
	128 = This is a bit value (bit 8) added to the other group 70 values if the dimension text
	has been positioned at a user-defined location rather than at the default location
71	Attachment point:
	1 = Top left; 2 = Top center; 3 = Top right
	4 = Middle left; 5 = Middle center; 6 = Middle right
	7 = Bottom left; 8 = Bottom center; 9 = Bottom right
 72	Dimension text line-spacing style (optional):
	1 (or missing) = At least (taller characters will override)
	2 = Exact (taller characters will not override)
41	Dimension text-line spacing factor (optional):
	Percentage of default (3-on-5) line spacing to be applied. Valid values range from 0.25
	to 4.00
42	Actual measurement (optional; read-only value)
1	Dimension text explicitly entered by the user. Optional; default is the measurement. If
	null or "<>", the dimension measurement is drawn as the text, if "" (one blank space),
	the text is suppressed. Anything else is drawn as the text
53	The optional group code 53 is the rotation angle of the dimension text away from its default
	orientation (the direction of the dimension line) (optional)
51	All dimension types have an optional 51 group code, which indicates the horizontal direc-
<b>.</b>	tion for the dimension entity. The dimension entity determines the orientation of dimension
	text and lines for horizontal, vertical, and rotated linear dimensions
	This group value is the negative of the angle between the OCS X axis and the UCS X axis.
	It is always in the XY plane of the OCS
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector

Common dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)
3	Dimension style name

Xdata belonging to the application ID "ACAD" follows a dimension entity if any dimension overrides have been applied to this entity. See Dimension Style Overrides on page 86.

For all dimension types, the following group codes represent 3D WCS points:

- **(10, 20, 30)**
- **(13, 23, 33)**
- **(14, 24, 34)**
- **1** (15, 25, 35)

For all dimension types, the following group codes represent 3D OCS points:

- **(11, 21, 31)**
- **(12, 22, 32)**
- **(16, 26, 36)**

## **Aligned Dimension Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to aligned dimensions. In addition to the group codes described here, those listed in Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61 and Common Dimension Group Codes on page 78 can also be present. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Aligned dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbAlignedDimension)
12	Insertion point for clones of a dimension—Baseline and Continue (in OCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point

Aligned dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point for clones of a dimension—Baseline and Continue (in OCS)
13	Definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)
14	Definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
24, 34	DXF: Y and Z values of definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)

The point (13,23,33) specifies the start point of the first extension line and the point (14,24,34) specifies the start point of the second extension line. Point (10,20,30) specifies the dimension line location. The point (11,21,31) specifies the midpoint of the dimension text.



## **Linear and Rotated Dimension Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to linear and rotated dimensions (note that linear and rotated dimensions are part of the AcDbAlignedDimension subclass). In addition to the group codes described here, those listed in Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61 and Common Dimension Group Codes on page 78 can also be present. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Linear and rotated dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbAlignedDimension)
12	Insertion point for clones of a dimension—Baseline and Continue (in OCS)

Linear and rotated dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of insertion point for clones of a dimension—Baseline and Continue (in OCS)
13	Definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)
14	Definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
24, 34	DXF: Y and Z values of definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)
50	Angle of rotated, horizontal, or vertical dimensions
52	Linear dimension types with an oblique angle have an optional group code 52. When added to the rotation angle of the linear dimension (group code 50), it gives the angle of the extension lines
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRotatedDimension)

# **Radial and Diameter Dimension Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to radial and diameter dimensions. In addition to the group codes described here, those listed in Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61 and Common Dimension Group Codes on page 78 can also be present. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Radial and diameter dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRadialDimension or AcDbDiametricDimension)
15	Definition point for diameter, radius, and angular dimensions (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point

Radial and diameter dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
25, 35	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of definition point for diameter, radius, and angular dimensions (in WCS)
40	Leader length for radius and diameter dimensions

The point (15,25,35) specifies the first point of the dimension line on the circle/arc and the point (10,20,30) specifies the point opposite the first point. The point (11,21,31) specifies the midpoint of the dimension text.



The point (15,25,35) specifies the first point of the dimension line on the circle/arc and the point (10,20,30) specifies the center of the circle/arc. The point (11,21,31) specifies the midpoint of the dimension text.



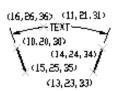
## **Angular Dimension Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to angular dimensions. In addition to the group codes described here, those listed in Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61 and Common Dimension Group Codes on page 78 can also be

present. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

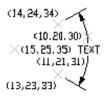
Angular dimension group codes	
(in WCS)	
(in WCS)	
XF: X value; APP: 3D	
dimensions (in WCS)	
ns (in OCS)	

The points (13,23,33) and (14,24,34) specify the endpoints of the line used to determine the first extension line. Points (10,20,30) and (15,25,35) specify the endpoints of the line used to determine the second extension line. Point (16,26,36) specifies the location of the dimension line arc. The point (11,21,31) specifies the midpoint of the dimension text.



The point (15,25,35) specifies the vertex of the angle. The points (13,23,33) and (14,24,34) specify the endpoints of the extension lines. The point

(10,20,30) specifies the location of the dimension line arc and the point (11,21,31) specifies the midpoint of the dimension text.

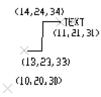


## **Ordinate Dimension Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to ordinate dimensions. In addition to the group codes described here, those listed in Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61 and Common Dimension Group Codes on page 78 can also be present. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Ordinate dimension group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbOrdinateDimension)
13	Definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)
14	Definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
24, 34	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of definition point for linear and angular dimensions (in WCS)

The point (13,23,33) specifies the feature location and the point (14,24,34) specifies the leader endpoint. The point (11,21,31) specifies the midpoint of the dimension text. Point (10,20,30) is placed at the origin of the UCS that is current when the dimension is created.



## **Dimension Style Overrides**

Dimension style overrides can be applied to dimension, leader, and tolerance entities. Any overrides applied to these entities are stored in the entity as xdata. The overridden dimension variable group codes and the related values are contained within group 1002 control strings. The following example shows the xdata of a dimension entity where the DIMTOL and DIMCLRE variables have been overridden.

```
(setq diment (car (entsel))) ; Select dimension entity
(setq elst (entget diment '("ACAD"))); Get entity definition list
(assoc -3 elst) ; Extract xdata only
```

#### This code returns the following:

```
(-3 ("ACAD" Start of the ACAD APPID section of xdata (1000 . "DSTYLE") (1002 . "{") Beginning of the dimstyle subsection (1070 . 177) (1070 . 3) The DIMCLRE (code 177) override + value (3) (1070 . 71) (1070 . 1) The DIMTOL (code 71) override + value (1) (1002 . "}") End dimstyle subsection and ACAD section
```

#### **ELLIPSE**

The following group codes apply to ellipse entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Ellipse group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbEllipse)
10	Center point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of center point (in WCS)
11	Endpoint of major axis, relative to the center (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of endpoint of major axis, relative to the center (in WCS)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)
40	Ratio of minor axis to major axis
41	Start parameter (this value is 0.0 for a full ellipse)
42	End parameter (this value is 2pi for a full ellipse)
	1 1 /

# **HATCH**

The following group codes apply to hatch and MPolygon entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Hatch group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbHatch)
10	Elevation point (in OCS)

Hatch group codes	
Group code	Description
	DXF: $X$ value = 0; APP: 3D point ( $X$ and $Y$ always equal 0, $Z$ represents the elevation)
20, 30	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of elevation point (in OCS)
	Y value = 0, $Z$ represents the elevation
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction
2	Hatch pattern name
70	Solid fill flag (solid fill = 1; pattern fill = 0); for MPolygon, the version of MPolygon
63	For MPolygon, pattern fill color as the ACI
71	Associativity flag (associative = 1; non-associative = 0); for MPolygon, solid-fill flag (has solid fill = 1; lacks solid fill = 0)
	IIII = 1; Ideks solid IIII = 0)
91	Number of boundary paths (loops)
varies	Boundary path data. Repeats number of times specified by code 91. See Boundary Path Data
	on page 90
75	Hatch style:
	0 = Hatch "odd parity" area (Normal style)
	1 = Hatch outermost area only (Outer style)
	2 = Hatch through entire area (Ignore style)
76	Hatch pattern type:
	0 = User-defined; 1 = Predefined; 2 = Custom
52	Hatch pattern angle (pattern fill only)
41	Hatch pattern scale or spacing (pattern fill only)
73	For MPolygon, boundary annotation flag (boundary is an annotated boundary = 1; boundary
	is not an annotated boundary = 0)
77	Hatch pattern double flag (pattern fill only):

Hatch group	Hatch group codes	
Group code	Description	
	0 = not double; 1 = double	
78	Number of pattern definition lines	
varies	Pattern line data. Repeats number of times specified by code 78. See Pattern Data on page 94	
47	Pixel size used to determine the density to perform various intersection and ray casting operations in hatch pattern computation for associative hatches and hatches created with the Flood method of hatching	
98	Number of seed points	
11	For MPolygon, offset vector	
99	For MPolygon, number of degenerate boundary paths (loops), where a degenerate boundary path is a border that is ignored by the hatch	
10	Seed point (in OCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 2D point (multiple entries)	
20	DXF: Y value of seed point (in OCS); (multiple entries)	
450	Indicates solid hatch or gradient; if solid hatch, the values for the remaining codes are ignored but must be present. Optional; if code 450 is in the file, then the following codes must be in the file: 451, 452, 453, 460, 461, 462, and 470. If code 450 is not in the file, then the following codes must not be in the file: 451, 452, 453, 460, 461, 462, and 470 0 = Solid hatch 1 = Gradient	
451	Zero is reserved for future use	
452	Records how colors were defined and is used only by dialog code:  0 = Two-color gradient  1 = Single-color gradient	
453	Number of colors: 0 = Solid hatch 2 = Gradient	
460	Rotation angle in radians for gradients (default = 0, 0)	

Hatch group codes	
Group code	Description
461	Gradient definition; corresponds to the Centered option on the Gradient Tab of the Boundary Hatch and Fill dialog box. Each gradient has two definitions, shifted and unshifted. A Shift value describes the blend of the two definitions that should be used. A value of 0.0 means only the unshifted version should be used, and a value of 1.0 means that only the shifted version should be used.
462	Color tint value used by dialog code (default = $0$ , $0$ ; range is $0.0$ to $1.0$ ). The color tint value is a gradient color and controls the degree of tint in the dialog when the Hatch group code $452$ is set to $1$ .
463	Reserved for future use:  0 = First value  1 = Second value
470	String (default = LINEAR)

# **Boundary Path Data**

The boundary of each hatch object is defined by a path (or *loop*) that consists of one or more segments. Path segment data varies depending on the entity type (or types) that make up the path. Each path segment is defined by its own set of group codes. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Group code	Description
92	Boundary path type flag (bit coded):
	0 = Default; 1 = External; 2 = Polyline
	4 = Derived; 8 = Textbox; 16 = Outermost
varies	Polyline boundary type data (only if boundary = polyline). See Polyline boundary data table below
93	Number of edges in this boundary path (only if boundary is not a polyline)
72	Edge type (only if boundary is not a polyline):
	1 = Line; 2 = Circular arc; 3 = Elliptic arc; 4 = Spline

Hatch boundary path data group codes	
Group code	Description
varies	Edge type data (only if boundary is not a polyline). See appropriate Edge data table below
97	Number of source boundary objects
330	Reference to source boundary objects (multiple entries)

Polyline boundary data group codes	
Group code	Description
72	Has bulge flag
73	Is closed flag
93	Number of polyline vertices
10	Vertex location (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point (multiple entries)
20	DXF: Y value of vertex location (in OCS) (multiple entries)
42	Bulge (optional, default = 0)
Line edge dat	a group codes
Group code	Description
10	Start point (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
20	DXF: Y value of start point (in OCS)
11	Endpoint (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point

Line edge dat	Line edge data group codes		
Group code	Description		
21	DXF: Y value of endpoint (in OCS)		
Arc edge data	group codes		
Group code	Description		
10	Center point (in OCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 2D point		
20	DXF: Y value of center point (in OCS)		
40	Radius		
50	Start angle		
51	End angle		
73	ls counterclockwise flag		
Ellipse edge d	lata group codes		
Group code	Description		
10	Center point (in OCS) DXF: X value; APP: 2D point		
20	DXF: Y value of center point (in OCS)		
11	Endpoint of major axis relative to center point (in OCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 2D point		
21	DXF: Y value of endpoint of major axis (in OCS)		
40	Length of minor axis (percentage of major axis length)		
50	Start angle		
51	End angle		

Ellipse edge data group codes	
Group code	Description
73	Is counterclockwise flag
Spline edge d	lata group codes
Group code	Description
94	Degree
73	Rational
74	Periodic
95	Number of knots
96	Number of control points
40	Knot values (multiple entries)
10	Control point (in OCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
20	DXF: Y value of control point (in OCS)
42	Weights (optional, default = 1)
97	Number of fit data
11	Fit datum (in OCS) DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
21	DXF: Y value of fit datum (in OCS)
12	Start tangent DXF: X value; APP: 2D vector
22	DXF: Y value of start tangent (in OCS)
13	End tangent DXF: X value; APP: 2D vector

Spline edge data group codes	
Group code	Description
23	DXF: Y value of end tangent (in OCS)

## **Pattern Data**

The following pattern data codes repeat for each pattern definition line. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Hatch pattern data group codes	
Group code	Description
53	Pattern line angle
43	Pattern line base point, X component
44	Pattern line base point, Y component
45	Pattern line offset, X component
46	Pattern line offset, Y component
79	Number of dash length items
49	Dash length (multiple entries)

#### **HELIX**

The following group codes apply to helix entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Helix group codes	
Group code	Description
	Spline data

Helix group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbHelix)
90	Major release number
91	Maintainance release number
10, 20, 30	Axis base point
11, 21, 31	Start point
12, 22, 32	Axis vector
40	Radius
41	Number of turns
42	Turn height
290	Handedness; 0 = left, 1 = right
280	Constrain type
	0 = Constrain turn height
	1 = Constrain turns
	2 = Constrain height

# **IMAGE**

The following group codes apply to image entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Image group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRasterImage)
90	Class version

Image group	codes
Group code	Description
10	Insertion point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point (in WCS)
11	U-vector of a single pixel (points along the visual bottom of the image, starting at the insertion point) (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values U-vector (in WCS)
12	V-vector of a single pixel (points along the visual left side of the image, starting at the insertion point) (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of V-vector (in WCS)
13	Image size in pixels
	DXF: U value; APP: 2D point (U and V values)
23	DXF: V value of image size in pixels
340	Hard reference to imagedef object
70	Image display properties:
	1 = Show image
	2 = Show image when not aligned with screen 4 = Use clipping boundary
	8 = Transparency is on
280	Clipping state: 0 = Off; 1 = On
281	Brightness value (0-100; default = 50)
282	Contrast value (0-100; default = 50)
283	Fade value (0-100; default = 0)
360	Hard reference to imagedef_reactor object

Image group codes	
Group code	Description
71	Clipping boundary type. 1 = Rectangular; 2 = Polygonal
91	Number of clip boundary vertices that follow
14	Clip boundary vertex (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point (multiple entries)
	NOTE 1) For rectangular clip boundary type, two opposite corners must be specified. Default
	is (-0.5,-0.5), (size.x-0.5, size.y-0.5). 2) For polygonal clip boundary type, three or more vertices
	must be specified. Polygonal vertices must be listed sequentially
24	DXF: Y value of clip boundary vertex (in OCS) (multiple entries)
290	Clip Mode: 0 = Outside Mode; 1 = Inside Mode

# **INSERT**

The following group codes apply to insert (block reference) entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Insert group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbBlockReference)
66	Variable attributes-follow flag (optional; default = 0); if the value of attributes-follow flag is 1, a series of attribute entities is expected to follow the insert, terminated by a sequend entity
2	Block name
10	Insertion point (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point (in OCS)
41	X scale factor (optional; default = 1)
42	Y scale factor (optional; default = 1)

Insert group	Insert group codes	
Group code	Description	
43	Z scale factor (optional; default = 1)	
50	Rotation angle (optional; default = 0)	
70	Column count (optional; default = 1)	
71	Row count (optional; default = 1)	
44	Column spacing (optional; default = 0)	
45	Row spacing (optional; default = 0)	
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
220, 230	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of extrusion direction (optional)	

#### **LEADER**

The following group codes apply to leader entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Leader group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLeader)	
3	Dimension style name	
71	Arrowhead flag: 0 = Disabled; 1 = Enabled	
72	Leader path type: 0 = Straight line segments; 1 = Spline	
73	Leader creation flag (default = 3):	
	0 = Created with text annotation	
	1 = Created with tolerance annotation	
	2 = Created with block reference annotation	

Leader group	codes
Group code	Description
	3 = Created without any annotation
74	Hookline direction flag:
	0 = Hookline (or end of tangent for a splined leader) is the opposite direction from the horizonta
	vector
	1 = Hookline (or end of tangent for a splined leader) is the same direction as horizontal vecto
	(see code 75)
75	Hookline flag: 0 = No hookline; 1 = Has a hookline
40	Text annotation height
41	Text annotation width
76	Number of vertices in leader (ignored for OPEN)
10	Vertex coordinates (one entry for each vertex)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of vertex coordinates
77	Color to use if leader's DIMCLRD = BYBLOCK
340	Hard reference to associated annotation (mtext, tolerance, or insert entity)
210	Normal vector
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of normal vector
211	"Horizontal" direction for leader
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
221, 231	DXF: Y and Z values of "horizontal" direction for leader
212	Offset of last leader vertex from block reference insertion point
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
222, 232	DXF: Y and Z values of offset

Leader group codes		
Group code	Description	
213	Offset of last leader vertex from annotation placement point DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D vector	
223, 233	DXF: Y and Z values of offset	

Xdata belonging to the application ID "ACAD" follows a leader entity if any dimension overrides have been applied to this entity. See Dimension Style Overrides on page 86.

# **LIGHT**

The following group codes apply to light entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Light group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLight)	
90	Version number	
1	Light name	
70	Light type (distant = 1; point = 2; spot = 3)	
290	Status	
291	Plot glyph	
40	Intensity	
10	Light Position	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20, 30	DXF: X, Y, and Z values of the light position	
11	Target location	

Light group codes	
Group code	Description
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: X, Y, and Z values of the target location
72	Attenuation type
	0 = None
	1 = Inverse Linear
	2 = Inverse Square
292	Use attenuation limits
41	Attenuation start limit
42	Attenuation end limit
50	Hotspot angle
51	Falloff angle
293	Cast shadows
73	Shadow Type
	0 = Ray traced shadows
	1 = Shadow maps
91	Shadow map size
280	Shadow map softness

# LINE

The following group codes apply to line entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Line group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLine)	
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)	
10	Start point (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of start point (in WCS)	
11	Endpoint (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of endpoint (in WCS)	
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
220, 230	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of extrusion direction (optional)	

### **LWPOLYLINE**

The following group codes apply to lwpolyline entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Lwpolyline group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbPolyline)	
90	Number of vertices	
70	Polyline flag (bit-coded); default is 0: 1 = Closed; 128 = Plinegen	

Lwpolyline group codes		
Group code	Description	
43	Constant width (optional; default = 0). Not used if variable width (codes 40 and/or 41) is set	
38	Elevation (optional; default = 0)	
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)	
10	Vertex coordinates (in OCS), multiple entries; one entry for each vertex DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 2D point	
20	DXF: Y value of vertex coordinates (in OCS), multiple entries; one entry for each vertex	
91	Vertex identifier	
40	Starting width (multiple entries; one entry for each vertex) (optional; default = 0; multiple entries). Not used if constant width (code 43) is set	
41	End width (multiple entries; one entry for each vertex) (optional; default = 0; multiple entries Not used if constant width (code 43) is set	
42	Bulge (multiple entries; one entry for each vertex) (optional; default = 0)	
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1) DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D vector	
220, 230	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of extrusion direction (optional)	

# **MESH**

The following group codes apply to the mesh entity. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Mesh group codes	
Group code Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSubDMesh)
71	Version number

Mesh group o	codes	
Group code	Description	
72	"Blend Crease" property	
	0 = Turn off	
	1 = Turn on	
91	Number of subdivision level	
92	Vertex count of level 0	
10	Vertex position	
93	Size of face list of level 0	
90	Face list item	
94	Edge count of level 0	
90	Vertex index of each edge	
95	Edge crease count of level 0	
140	Edge create value	
90	Count of sub-entity which property has been overridden	
91	Sub-entity marker	
92	Count of property was overridden	
90	Property type	
	0 = Color	
	1 = Material	
	2 = Transparency	
	3 = Material mapper	

### **MLINE**

The following group codes apply to mline entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Mline group	codes	
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMline)	
2	String of up to 32 characters. The name of the style used for this mline. An entry for this style	
	must exist in the MLINESTYLE dictionary.	
	Do not modify this field without also updating the associated entry in the MLINESTYLE dictionary	
340	Pointer-handle/ID of MLINESTYLE object	
40	Scale factor	
70	Justification: 0 = Top; 1 = Zero; 2 = Bottom	
 71	Flags (bit-coded values):	
	1 = Has at least one vertex (code 72 is greater than 0)	
	2 = Closed	
	4 = Suppress start caps	
	8 = Suppress end caps	
72	Number of vertices	
73	Number of elements in MLINESTYLE definition	
10	Start point (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of start point (in WCS)	
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)	
11	Vertex coordinates (multiple entries; one entry for each vertex) DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of vertex coordinates	
12	Direction vector of segment starting at this vertex (multiple entries; one for each vertex)	

Mline group codes		
Group code	Description  DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of direction vector of segment starting at this vertex	
13	Direction vector of miter at this vertex (multiple entries: one for each vertex)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of direction vector of miter	
74	Number of parameters for this element (repeats for each element in segment)	
41	Element parameters (repeats based on previous code 74)	
75	Number of area fill parameters for this element (repeats for each element in segment)	
42	Area fill parameters (repeats based on previous code 75)	

The group code 41 parameterization is a list of real values, one real per group code 41. The list may contain zero or more items. The first group code 41 value is the distance from the segment vertex along the miter vector to the point where the line element's path intersects the miter vector. The next group code 41 value is the distance along the line element's path from the point defined by the first group 41 to the actual start of the line element. The next is the distance from the start of the line element to the first break (or cut) in the line element. The successive group code 41 values continue to list the start and stop points of the line element in this segment of the mline. Linetypes do not affect group 41 lists.

The group code 42 parameterization is also a list of real values. Similar to the 41 parameterization, it describes the parameterization of the fill area for this mline segment. The values are interpreted identically to the 41 parameters and when taken as a whole for all line elements in the mline segment, they define the boundary of the fill area for the mline segment.

A common example of the use of the group code 42 mechanism is when an unfilled mline crosses over a filled mline and mledit is used to cause the filled mline to appear unfilled in the crossing area. This would result in two group 42s for each line element in the affected mline segment; one for the fill stop and one for the fill start.

The 2 group codes in mline entities and mlinestyle objects are redundant fields. These groups should not be modified under any circumstances, although it is safe to read them and use their values. The correct fields to modify are as follows:

**Mline** The 340 group in the same object, which indicates the proper MLINESTYLE object.

**Mlinestyle** The 3 group value in the MLINESTYLE dictionary, which precedes the 350 group that has the handle or entity name of the current mlinestyle.

#### **MLEADERSTYLE**

The following group codes apply to mleaderstyle entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

MLeaderstyle group codes		
Group code	Description	
170	Content Type	
171	DrawMLeaderOrder Type	
172	DrawLeaderOrder Type	
90	MaxLeader Segments Points	
40	First Segment Angle Constraint	
41	Second Segment Angle Constraint	
173	LeaderLineType	
91	LeaderLineColor	
340	LeaderLineType ID	
92	LeaderLineWeight	
290	Enable Landing	

Group code Description  42 Landing Gap  291 Enable Dogleg  43 Dogleg Length  3 Mleader Style Description  341 Arrowhead ID  44 Arrowhead Size  300 Default MText Contents  342 mTextStyleId  174 Text Left Attachment Type  175 Text Angle Type  176 Text Alignment Type  178 Text Right Attachment Type  93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID  94 Block Content Color	MLeaderstyle group codes		
291 Enable Dogleg 43 Dogleg Length 3 Mleader Style Description 341 Arrowhead ID 44 Arrowhead Size 300 Default MText Contents 342 mTextStyleId 174 Text Left Attachment Type 175 Text Angle Type 176 Text Alignment Type 178 Text Right Attachment Type 93 Text Color 45 Text Height 292 Enable Frame Text 297 Text Align Always Left 46 Align Space 343 Block Content ID	Group code	Description	
Mleader Style Description  Mleader Style Description  Arrowhead ID  Arrowhead Size  Default MText Contents  Text Left Attachment Type  Text Angle Type  Text Alignment Type  Text Right Attachment Type  Text Right Attachment Type  Text Height  Text Height  Enable Frame Text  Align Space  John Content ID	42	Landing Gap	
3 Mleader Style Description  341 Arrowhead ID  44 Arrowhead Size  300 Default MText Contents  342 mTextStyleId  174 Text Left Attachment Type  175 Text Angle Type  176 Text Alignment Type  178 Text Right Attachment Type  93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	291	Enable Dogleg	
341 Arrowhead ID  44 Arrowhead Size  300 Default MText Contents  342 mTextStyleld  174 Text Left Attachment Type  175 Text Angle Type  176 Text Alignment Type  178 Text Right Attachment Type  93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	43	Dogleg Length	
44 Arrowhead Size 300 Default MText Contents 342 mTextStyleId 174 Text Left Attachment Type 175 Text Angle Type 176 Text Alignment Type 178 Text Right Attachment Type 93 Text Color 45 Text Height 292 Enable Frame Text 297 Text Align Always Left 46 Align Space 343 Block Content ID	3	Mleader Style Description	
300 Default MText Contents  342 mTextStyleId  174 Text Left Attachment Type  175 Text Angle Type  176 Text Alignment Type  178 Text Right Attachment Type  93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	341	Arrowhead ID	
mTextStyleId  Text Left Attachment Type  Text Angle Type  Text Alignment Type  Text Right Attachment Type  Text Color  Text Height  Enable Frame Text  Align Always Left  Align Space  Block Content ID	44	Arrowhead Size	
174 Text Left Attachment Type 175 Text Angle Type 176 Text Alignment Type 178 Text Right Attachment Type 93 Text Color 45 Text Height 292 Enable Frame Text 297 Text Align Always Left 46 Align Space 343 Block Content ID	300	Default MText Contents	
Text Angle Type  Text Alignment Type  Text Right Attachment Type  Text Color  Text Height  Enable Frame Text  Align Always Left  Align Space  Block Content ID	342	mTextStyleId	
176 Text Alignment Type  178 Text Right Attachment Type  93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	174	Text Left Attachment Type	
178 Text Right Attachment Type  93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	175	Text Angle Type	
93 Text Color  45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	176	Text Alignment Type	
45 Text Height  292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	178	Text Right Attachment Type	
292 Enable Frame Text  297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	93	Text Color	
297 Text Align Always Left  46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	45	Text Height	
46 Align Space  343 Block Content ID	292	Enable Frame Text	
343 Block Content ID	297	Text Align Always Left	
	46	Align Space	
94 Block Content Color	343	Block Content ID	
	94	Block Content Color	
47 Block Content Scale on X-axis	47	Block Content Scale on X-axis	

MLeaderstyle	group codes	
Group code	Description	
49	Block Content Scale on Y-axis	
140	Block Content Scale on Z-axis	
293	Enable Block Content Scale	
141	Block Content Rotation	
294	Enable Block Content Rotation	
177	Block Content Connection Type	
142	Scale	
295	Overwrite Property Value	
296	Is Annotative	
143	Break Gap Size	
271	Text attachment direction for MText contents:  0 = Horizontal  1 = Vertical	
272	Bottom text attachment direction: 9 = Center 10 = Underline and Center	
273	Top text attachment direction: 9 = Center 10 = Overline and Center	

# **MLEADER**

MLeader entity definitions consist of group codes that are common to all MLeader types, followed by codes specific to the type.

# **Common MLeader Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to all mleaderstyle entity types. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Common MLeader Line Group Codes		
Group code	Description	
340	Leader Style Id	
90	Property Override Flag	
170	LeaderLineType	
91	Leade LineColor	
341	LeaderLineTypeID	
171	LeaderLine Weight	
290	Enable Landing	
291	Enable Dogleg	
41	Dogleg Length	
342	Arrowhead ID	
42	Arrowhead Size	
172	Content Type	
343	Text Style ID	
173	Text Left Attachment Type	
95	Text Right Attachement Type	
174	Text Angle Type	
175	Text Alignment Type	

<b>Description</b> Text Color
Text Color
Enable Frame Text
Block Content ID
Block Content Color
Block Content Scale
Block Content Rotation
Block Content Connection Type
Enable Annotation Scale
Arrowhead Index
Arrowhead ID
Block AttributerId
Block Attribute Index
Block Attribute Width
Block Attribute Text String
Text Direction Negative
Text Align in IPE
Text Attachment Point
Text attachment direction for MText contents:
0 = Horizontal
1 = Vertical
Bottom text attachment direction:

Common MLeader Line Group Codes	
Group code	Description
	9 = Center
	10 = Underline and Center
273	Top text attachment direction:
	9 = Center
	10 = Overline and Center

# **MLeader Context Data Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to all mleader entity types' context data. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

MLeader Context Data group codes	
Group code	Description
40	Content Scale
10,20,30	Content Base Position
41	Text Height
140	Arrowhead Size
145	Landing Gap
290	hasMText
304	Default Text Contents
11,21,31	Text Normal Direction
340	Text Style ID
12,22,32	Text Location
13,23,33	Text Direction

MLeader Context Data group codes	
Group code	Description
42	Text Rotation
43	Text Width
44	Text Height
45	Text Line Spacing Factor
170	Text Line Spacing Style
90	Text Color
171	Text Attachment
172	Text Flow Direction
91	Text Background Color
141	Text Background Scale Factor
92	Text Background Transparency
291	Is Text Background Color On
292	Is Text Background Fill On
173	Text Column Type
293	Use Text Auto Height
142	Text Column Width
143	Text Column Gutter Width
294	Text Column Flow Reversed
144	Text Column Height
295	Text Use Word Break

MLeader Context Data group codes		
Group code	Description	
296	HasBlock	
341	Block Content ID	
14,24,34	Block Content Normal Direction	
15,25,35	Block Content Position	
16	Block Content Scale	
46	Block Content Rotation	
93	Block Content Color	
47	Block Transformation Matrix	
110	MLeader Plane Origin Point	
111	MLeader Plane X-Axis Direction	
112	MLeader Plane Y-Axis Direction	
297	MLeader Plane Normal Reversed	
10,20,30	Vertex	
90	Break Point Index	
43	Text Width	
44	Text Height	
45	Text Line Spacing Factor	
170	Text Line Spacing Style	
90	Text Color	
171	Text Attachment	

MLeader Context Data group codes		
Group code	Description	
172	Text Flow Direction	
91	Text Background Color	
141	Text Background Scale Factor	
92	Text Background Transparency	
291	Is Text Background Color On	
292	Is Text Background Fill On	
173	Text Column Type	
293	Use Text Auto Height	
142	Text Column Width	
143	Text Column Gutter Width	
294	Text Column Flow Reversed	
144	Text Column Height	
295	Text Use Word Break	
296	HasBlock	
341	Block Content ID	
14,24,34	Block Content Normal Direction	
15,25,35	Block Content Position	
16	Block Content Scale	
46	Block Content Rotation	
93	BLock Content Color	

MLeader Context Data group codes	
Group code	Description
47	BLock Transformation Matrix
110	Mleader Plane Origin Point
111	MLeader Plane X-Axis Direction
112	MLeader Plane Y-Axis Direction
297	MLeader Plane Normal Reversed

# **MLeader Leader Node Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to all mleader entity types' leader node. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

MLeader Leader Node Group Codes	
Group code	Description
290	Has Set Last Leader Line Point
291	Has Set Dogleg Vector
10,20,30	Last Leader Line Point
11,21,31	Dogleg Vector
12,22,32	Break Start Point
13,23,33	Break End Point
90	Leader Branch Index
40	Dogleg Length

# **MLeader Leader Line Group Codes**

The following group codes apply to all mleader entity types' leader line. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Leader Line Group Codes	
Group code	Description
10,20,30	Vertex
90	Break Point Index
11,21,31	Break Start Point
12,22,32	Break End Point
91	Leader Line Index

#### **MTEXT**

The following group codes apply to mtext entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Mtext group codes	
witext group	coues
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMText)
10	Insertion point
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point
40	Nominal (initial) text height
41	Reference rectangle width
71	Attachment point:

Mtext group	codes
Group code	Description
	1 = Top left; 2 = Top center; 3 = Top right
	4 = Middle left; 5 = Middle center; 6 = Middle right
	7 = Bottom left; 8 = Bottom center; 9 = Bottom right
72	Drawing direction:
	1 = Left to right
	3 = Top to bottom
	5 = By style (the flow direction is inherited from the associated text style)
1	Text string. If the text string is less than 250 characters, all characters appear in group 1. If the text string is greater than 250 characters, the string is divided into 250-character chunks, which
	appear in one or more group 3 codes. If group 3 codes are used, the last group is a group 1 and has fewer than 250 characters
3	Additional text (always in 250-character chunks) (optional)
7	Text style name (STANDARD if not provided) (optional)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)
11	X-axis direction vector (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
	A group code 50 (rotation angle in radians) passed as DXF input is converted to the equivalent direction vector (if both a code 50 and codes 11, 21, 31 are passed, the last one wins). This is
	provided as a convenience for conversions from text objects
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of X-axis direction vector (in WCS)
42	Horizontal width of the characters that make up the mtext entity. This value will always be
	equal to or less than the value of group code 41 (read-only, ignored if supplied)
43	Vertical height of the mtext entity (read-only, ignored if supplied)
50	Rotation angle in radians
73	Mtext line spacing style (optional):
	1 = At least (taller characters will override)

Mtext group	codes
Group code	Description
	2 = Exact (taller characters will not override)
44	Mtext line spacing factor (optional):
	Percentage of default (3-on-5) line spacing to be applied. Valid values range from 0.25 to 4.00
90	Background fill setting:
	0 = Background fill off
	1 = Use background fill color
	2 = Use drawing window color as background fill color
420 - 429	Background color (if RGB color)
430 - 439	Background color (if color name)
45	Fill box scale (optional):
	Determines how much border there is around the text.
63	Background fill color (optional):
	Color to use for background fill when group code 90 is 1.
441	Transparency of background fill color (not implemented)
75	Column type
76	Column count
78	Column Flow Reversed
79	Column Autoheight
48	Column width
49	Column gutter
50	Column heights; this code is followed by a column count (Int16), and then the number of column heights

Xdata with the "DC015" application ID may follow an mtext entity. This contains information related to the dbConnect feature.

#### **OLEFRAME**

The following group codes apply to oleframe entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Oleframe group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbOleFrame)
70	OLE version number
90	Length of binary data
310	Binary data (multiple lines)
1	End of OLE data (the string "OLE")

#### **OLE2FRAME**

The following group codes apply to ole2frame entities. This information is read-only. During OPEN, the values are ignored because they are part of the OLE binary object, and are obtained by access functions. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Ole2frame group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbOle2Frame)
70	OLE version number
3	Length of binary data
10	Upper-left corner (WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of upper-left corner (in WCS)

Ole2frame group codes	
Group code	Description
11	Lower-right corner (WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of lower-right corner (in WCS)
71	OLE object type, 1 = Link; 2 = Embedded; 3 = Static
72	Tile mode descriptor:
	0 = Object resides in model space
	1 = Object resides in paper space
90	Length of binary data
310	Binary data (multiple lines)
1	End of OLE data (the string "OLE")

#### Sample DXF output:

```
OLE2FRAME
5
2D
100
AcDbEntity
 1
 8
 0
100
AcDbOle2Frame
Paintbrush Picture
 4.43116
20
5.665992
30
0.0
11
6.4188
21
4.244939
 31
 0.0
 71
 2
 72
90
23680
0155764BD60082B91140114B08C8F9A91640000000000000000506DC0D0D9AC
1940114B08C8F9A916400000000000000000506DC0D0D9AC194002303E5CD1FA
10400000000000000000764BD60082B9114002303E5CD1FA1040000000000000
```

#### AutoLISP entnext function sample output:

```
Command: (setq e (entget e3))
((-1 . <Entity name: 7d50428>) (0 . "OLE2FRAME") (5 . "2D")
(100 . "AcDbEntity") (67 . 1) (8 . "0") (100 . "AcDbOle2Frame")
(70 . 2) (3 "Paintbrush Picture") (10 4.43116 5.66599 0.0)
(11 6.4188 4.24494 0.0) (71 . 2) (72 . 1))
```

#### **POINT**

The following group codes apply to point entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Point group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbPoint)
10	Point location (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of point location (in WCS)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)
50	Angle of the $X$ axis for the UCS in effect when the point was drawn (optional, default = 0); used
	when PDMODE is nonzero

# **POLYLINE**

The following group codes apply to polyline entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Polyline group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDb2dPolyline or AcDb3dPolyline)
66	Obsolete; formerly an "entities follow flag" (optional; ignore if present)
10	DXF: always 0
	APP: a "dummy" point; the $X$ and $Y$ values are always 0, and the $Z$ value is the polyline's elevation (in OCS when 2D, WCS when 3D)
20	DXF: always 0
30	DXF: polyline's elevation (in OCS when 2D; WCS when 3D)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
70	Polyline flag (bit-coded; default = 0):
	1 = This is a closed polyline (or a polygon mesh closed in the M direction)
	2 = Curve-fit vertices have been added
	4 = Spline-fit vertices have been added
	8 = This is a 3D polyline
	16 = This is a 3D polygon mesh
	32 = The polygon mesh is closed in the N direction
	64 = The polyline is a polyface mesh
	128 = The linetype pattern is generated continuously around the vertices of this polyline
40	Default start width (optional; default = 0)
41	Default end width (optional; default = 0)
71	Polygon mesh M vertex count (optional; default = 0)
72	Polygon mesh N vertex count (optional; default = 0)
73	Smooth surface M density (optional; default = 0)
74	Smooth surface N density (optional; default = 0)
75	Curves and smooth surface type (optional; default = 0); integer codes, not bit-coded:

Polyline group codes	
Group code	Description
	0 = No smooth surface fitted
	5 = Quadratic B-spline surface
	6 = Cubic B-spline surface
	8 = Bezier surface
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of extrusion direction (optional)

Xdata with the "AUTOCAD POSTSCRIPT FIGURE" application ID may follow a polyline entity. This contains information related to PostScript images and PostScript fill information.

#### **Polyface Meshes**

A polyface mesh is represented in DXF as a variant of a polyline entity. The polyline header is identified as introducing a polyface mesh by the presence of the 64 bit in the polyline flags (70) group. The 71 group specifies the number of vertices in the mesh, and the 72 group specifies the number of faces. Although these counts are correct for all meshes created with the PFACE command, applications are not required to place correct values in these fields. Following the polyline header is a sequence of vertex entities that specify the vertex coordinates, followed by faces that compose the mesh.

The AutoCAD entity structure imposes a limit on the number of vertices that a given face entity can specify. You can represent more complex polygons by decomposing them into triangular wedges. Their edges should be made invisible to prevent visible artifacts of this subdivision from being drawn. The PFACE command performs this subdivision automatically, but when applications generate polyface meshes directly, the applications must do this themselves. The number of vertices per face is the key parameter in this subdivision process. The PFACEVMAX system variable provides an application with the number of vertices per face entity. This value is read-only and is set to 4.

Polyface meshes created with the PFACE command are always generated with all the vertex coordinate entities first, followed by the face definition entities. The code within AutoCAD that processes polyface meshes requires this ordering. Programs that generate polyface meshes in DXF should generate all the vertices, and then all the faces. However, programs that read polyface meshes from DXF should be tolerant of odd vertex and face ordering.

#### **RAY**

The following group codes apply to ray entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Ray group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRay)
10	Start point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of start point (in WCS)
11	Unit direction vector (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of unit direction vector (in WCS)

#### **REGION**

The following group codes apply to region entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Region group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbModelerGeometry)
70	Modeler format version number (currently = 1)
1	Proprietary data (multiple lines < 255 characters each)

Region group codes	
Group code	Description
3	Additional lines of proprietary data (if previous group 1 string is greater than 255 characters) (optional)

# **SECTION**

The following group codes apply to section entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

odes
Description
Subclass marker (AcDbSection)
Section state
Section flags
Name
Vertical direction
Top height
Bottom height
Indicator transparency
Indicator color
Number of vertices
Vertex (repeats for number of vertices)
Number of back line vertices
Back line vertex (repeats for number of back line vertices)

Section group codes	
Group code	Description
360	Hard-pointer ID/handle to geometry settings object

# **SEQEND**

The following group codes apply to sequend entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Seqend group codes	
Group code	Description
-2	APP: name of entity that began the sequence. This entity marks the end of vertex (vertex type name) for a polyline, or the end of attribute entities (attrib type name) for an insert entity that has attributes (indicated by 66 group present and nonzero in insert entity). This code is not saved in a DXF file

#### **SHAPE**

The following group codes apply to shape entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Shape group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbShape)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
10	Insertion point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point (in WCS)
40	Size

Shape group codes	
Group code	Description
2	Shape name
50	Rotation angle (optional; default = 0)
41	Relative X scale factor (optional; default = 1)
51	Oblique angle (optional; default = 0)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)

# **SOLID**

The following group codes apply to solid entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Solid group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbTrace)
10	First corner
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of first corner
11	Second corner
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of second corner
12	Third corner
	XF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of third corner

Solid group codes	
Group code	Description
13	Fourth corner. If only three corners are entered to define the SOLID, then the fourth corner coordinate is the same as the third.
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of fourth corner
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)

### **SPLINE**

The following group codes apply to spline entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Spline group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSpline)
210	Normal vector (omitted if the spline is nonplanar) DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of normal vector (optional)
70	Spline flag (bit coded):
	1 = Closed spline 2 = Periodic spline
	4 = Rational spline
	8 = Planar
	16 = Linear (planar bit is also set)
71	Degree of the spline curve

Spline group	Spline group codes		
Group code	Description		
72	Number of knots		
73	Number of control points		
74	Number of fit points (if any)		
42	Knot tolerance (default = 0.0000001)		
43	Control-point tolerance (default = 0.0000001)		
44	Fit tolerance (default = 0.000000001)		
12	Start tangent—may be omitted (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point		
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of start tangent—may be omitted (in WCS)		
13	End tangent—may be omitted (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point		
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of end tangent—may be omitted (in WCS)		
40	Knot value (one entry per knot)		
41	Weight (if not 1); with multiple group pairs, they are present if all are not 1		
10	Control points (in WCS); one entry per control point DXF: X value; APP: 3D point		
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of control points (in WCS); one entry per control point		
11	Fit points (in WCS); one entry per fit point DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D point		
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of fit points (in WCS); one entry per fit point		

# **SUN**

The following group codes apply to the sun entity. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Sun group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSun)
90	Version number
290	Status
63	Color
40	Intensity
291	Shadows
91	Julian day
92	Time (in seconds past midnight)
292	Daylight savings time
70	Shadow type
	0 = Ray traced shadows
	1 = Shadow maps
71	Shadow map size
280	Shadow softness

### **SURFACE**

Surface entity definitions consist of group codes that are common to all surface types, followed by codes specific to the type.

Common Surface group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbModelerGeometry)
70	Modeler format version number (currently = 1)
1	Proprietary data (multiple lines < 255 characters each)
3	Additional lines of proprietary data (if previous group 1 string is greater than 255 characters) (optional)
100	Subclass markar (AcDbSurface)
71	Number of U isolines
72	Number of V isolines

#### **Extruded Surface**

The following group codes apply to extruded surfaces. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Extruded Surface group codes		
Description		
Subclass markar (AcDbExtrudedSurface)		
Class ID		
Size of binary data		
Binary data		
Sweep vector		

Extruded Surf	face group codes
Group code	Description
40	Transform matrix of extruded entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
42	Draft angle (in radians)
43	Draft start distance
44	Draft end distance
45	Twist angle
48	Scale factor
49	Align angle (in radians)
46	Transform matrix of sweep entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
47	Transform matrix of path entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
290	Solid flag
70	Sweep alignment option
	0 = No alignment
	1 = Align sweep entity to path
	2 = Translate sweep entity to path
	3 = Translate path to sweep entity
292	Align start flag
293	Bank flag
294	Base point set flag
295	Sweep entity transform computed flag
296	Path entity transform computed flag
 11, 21, 31	Reference vector for controlling twist

### **Lofted Surface**

The following group codes apply to lofted surfaces. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Lofted Surface group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLoftedSurface)
40	Transform matrix of loft entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
	Entity data for cross sections
	Entity data for guide curves
	Entity data for path curves
70	Plane normal lofting type
41	Start draft angle (in radians)
42	End draft angle (in radians)
43	Start draft magnitude
44	End draft magnitude
290	Arc length parametrization flag
291	No twist flag
292	Align direction flag
293	Create simple surfaces flag
294	Create closed surface flag
295	Solid flag
296	Create ruled surface flag

Lofted Surface group codes	
Group code	Description
297	Virtual guide flag

# **Revolved Surface**

The following group codes apply to revolved surfaces. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Revolved Surface group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass markar (AcDbRevolvedSurface)
90	ID of revolve entity
90	Size of binary data
310	Binary data
10, 20, 30	Axis point
11, 21, 31	Axis vector
40	Revolve angle (in radians)
41	Start angle (in radians)
42	Transform matrix of revolved entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
43	Draft angle (in radians)
44	Start draft distance
45	End draft distance
46	Twist angle (in radians)
290	Solid flag

Revolved Surface group codes		
Group code	Description	
291	Close to axis flag	

## **Swept Surface**

The following group codes apply to swept surfaces. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Swept Surface group codes		
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass markar (AcDbSweptSurface)	
90	ID of sweep entity	
90	Size of binary data	
310	Binary data	
90	ID of path entity	
90	Size of binary data	
310	Proprietary data	
40	Transform matrix of sweep entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)	
41	Transform matrix of path entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)	
42	Draft angle (in radians)	
43	Draft start distance	
44	Draft end distance	
45	Twist angle	
48	Scale factor	

Swept Surface group codes						
Group code	Description Align angle (in radians)					
49						
46	Transform matrix of sweep entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)					
47	Transform matrix of path entity (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)					
290	Solid flag					
70	Sweep alignment option					
	0 = No alignment					
	1 = Align sweep entity to path					
	2 = Translate sweep entity to path					
	3 = Translate path to sweep entity					
292	Align start flag					
293	Bank flag					
294	Base point set flag					
295	Sweep entity transform computed flag					
296	Path entity transform computed flag					
11, 21, 31	Reference vector for controlling twist					

## **TABLE**

The following group codes apply to table entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Table group o	Table group codes	
Group code	Description	
0	Entity name (ACAD_TABLE)	
5	Entity handle	

Table group o	odes
Group code	Description
330	Soft-pointer ID to the owner dictionary
100	Subclass marker. (AcDbEntity)
92	Number of bytes in the proxy entity graphics
310	Data for proxy entity graphics (multiple lines; 256-character maximum per line)
100	Subclass marker. (AcDbBlockReference)
2	Block name; an anonymous block begins with a ${}^{\star} {}^{\mathrm{T}}$ value
10,20,30	Insertion point
100	Subclass marker. (AcDbTable)
280	Table data version number: 0 = 2010
342	Hard pointer ID of the TABLESTYLE object
343	Hard pointer ID of the owning BLOCK record
11,21,31	Horizontal direction vector
90	Flag for table value (unsigned integer)
91	Number of rows
92	Number of columns
93	Flag for an override
94	Flag for an override of border color
95	Flag for an override of border lineweight
96	Flag for an override of border visibility
141	Row height; this value is repeated, 1 value per row

Table group codes							
Group code	Description						
142	Column height; this value is repeated, 1 value per column						
171	Cell type; this value is repeated, 1 value per cell:  1 = text type  2 = block type						
172	Cell flag value; this value is repeated, 1 value per cell						
173	Cell merged value; this value is repeated, 1 value per cell						
174	Boolean flag indicating if the autofit option is set for the cell; this value is repeated, 1 value per cell						
175	Cell border width (applicable only for merged cells); this value is repeated, 1 value per cell						
176	Cell border height ( applicable for merged cells); this value is repeated, 1 value per cell						
91	Cell override flag; this value is repeated, 1 value per cell (from AutoCAD 2007)						
178	Flag value for a virtual edge						
145	Rotation value (real; applicable for a block-type cell and a text-type cell)						
344	Hard pointer ID of the FIELD object. This applies only to a text-type cell. If the text in the cell contains one or more fields, only the ID of the FIELD object is saved. The text string (group codes 1 and 3) is ignored						
1	Text string in a cell. If the string is shorter than 250 characters, all characters appear in code 1. If the string is longer than 250 characters, it is divided into chunks of 250 characters. The chunks are contained in one or more code 2 codes. If code 2 codes are used, the last group is a code 1 and is shorter than 250 characters. This value applies only to text-type cells and is repeated, 1 value per cell						
2	Text string in a cell, in 250-character chunks; optional. This value applies only to text-type cells and is repeated, 1 value per cell						
340	Hard-pointer ID of the block table record. This value applies only to block-type cells and is repeated, 1 value per cell						

Table group codes							
Group code	Description						
144	Block scale (real). This value applies only to block-type cells and is repeated, 1 value per cell						
179	Number of attribute definitions in the block table record (applicable only to a block-type cell)						
331	Soft pointer ID of the attribute definition in the block table record, referenced by group code 179 (applicable only for a block-type cell). This value is repeated once per attribute definition						
300	Text string value for an attribute definition, repeated once per attribute definition and applicable only for a block-type cell						
7	Text style name (string); override applied at the cell level						
140	Text height value; override applied at the cell level						
170	Cell alignment value; override applied at the cell level						
64	Value for the color of cell content; override applied at the cell level						
63	Value for the background (fill) color of cell content; override applied at the cell level						
69	True color value for the top border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
65	True color value for the right border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
66	True color value for the bottom border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
68	True color value for the left border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
279	Lineweight for the top border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
275	Lineweight for the right border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
276	Lineweight for the bottom border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
278	Lineweight for the left border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
283	Boolean flag for whether the fill color is on; override applied at the cell level						
289	Boolean flag for the visibility of the top border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						

Table group codes							
Group code	Description  Boolean flag for the visibility of the right border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
285							
286	Boolean flag for the visibility of the bottom border of the cell; override applied at the cell leve						
288	Boolean flag for the visibility of the left border of the cell; override applied at the cell level						
70	Flow direction; override applied at the table entity level						
40	Horizontal cell margin; override applied at the table entity level						
41	Vertical cell margin; override applied at the table entity level						
280	Flag for whether the title is suppressed; override applied at the table entity level						
281	Flag for whether the header row is suppressed; override applied at the table entity level						
7	Text style name (string); override applied at the table entity level. There may be one entry for each cell type						
140	Text height (real); override applied at the table entity level. There may be one entry for each cell type						
170	Cell alignment (integer); override applied at the table entity level. There may be one entry for each cell type						
63	Color value for cell background or for the vertical, left border of the table; override applied at the table entity level. There may be one entry for each cell type						
64	Color value for cell content or for the horizontal, top border of the table; override applied at the table entity level. There may be one entry for each cell type						
65	Color value for the horizontal, inside border lines; override applied at the table entity level						
66	Color value for the horizontal, bottom border lines; override applied at the table entity level						
68	Color value for the vertical, inside border lines; override applied at the table entity level						
69	Color value for the vertical, right border lines; override applied at the table entity level						

Table group codes						
Group code	Description  Flag for whether background color is enabled (default = 0); override applied at the table entity level. There may be one entry for each cell type:					
283						
	0 = Disabled					
	1 = Enabled					
274-279	Lineweight for each border type of the cell (default = kLnWtByBlock); override applied at the					
	table entity level. There may be one group for each cell type					
284-289	Flag for visibility of each border type of the cell (default = 1); override applied at the table entity level. There may be one group for each cell type:					
	0 = Invisible					
	1 = Visible					
97	Standard/title/header row data type					
98	Standard/title/header row unit type					
4	Standard/title/header row format string					
177	Cell override flag value (before AutoCAD 2007)					
92	Extended cell flags (from AutoCAD 2007)					
301	Cell value block begin (from AutoCAD 2007)					
302	Text string in a cell. If the string is shorter than 250 characters, all characters appear in code					
	302. If the string is longer than 250 characters, it is divided into chunks of 250 characters. The					
	chunks are contained in one or more code 303 codes. If code 393 codes are used, the last					
	group is a code 1 and is shorter than 250 characters. This value applies only to text-type cells					
	and is repeated, 1 value per cell (from AutoCAD 2007)					
303	Text string in a cell, in 250-character chunks; optional. This value applies only to text-type cells					
	and is repeated, 302 value per cell (from AutoCAD 2007)					

Group code 178 is a flag value for a virtual edge. A virtual edge is used when a grid line is shared by two cells. For example, if a table contains one row and two columns and it contains cell A and cell B, the central grid line contains the right edge of cell A and the left edge of cell B. One edge is real, and the other edge is virtual. The virtual edge points to the real edge; both edges have the same set of properties, including color, lineweight, and visibility.

## **TEXT**

The following group codes apply to text entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Text group codes							
Group code	Description						
100	Subclass marker (AcDbText)						
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)						
10	First alignment point (in OCS)						
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point						
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of first alignment point (in OCS)						
40	Text height						
1	Default value (the string itself)						
50	Text rotation (optional; default = 0)						
41	Relative $X$ scale factor—width (optional; default = 1)						
	This value is also adjusted when fit-type text is used						
51	Oblique angle (optional; default = 0)						
7	Text style name (optional, default = STANDARD)						
71	Text generation flags (optional, default = 0):						
	2 = Text is backward (mirrored in X)						
	4 = Text is upside down (mirrored in Y)						
72	Horizontal text justification type (optional, default = 0) integer codes (not bit-coded)						
	0 = Left; 1= Center; 2 = Right						
	3 = Aligned (if vertical alignment = 0)						
	4 = Middle (if vertical alignment = 0)						
	5 = Fit (if vertical alignment = 0)						
	See the Group 72 and 73 integer codes table for clarification						

Text group codes						
Group code	Description					
11	Second alignment point (in OCS) (optional)					
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point					
	This value is meaningful only if the value of a 72 or 73 group is nonzero (if the justification is					
	anything other than baseline/left)					
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of second alignment point (in OCS) (optional)					
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)					
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector					
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)					
100	Subclass marker (AcDbText)					
73	Vertical text justification type (optional, default = 0): integer codes (not bit-coded):					
	0 = Baseline; 1 = Bottom; 2 = Middle; 3 = Top					
	See the Group 72 and 73 integer codes table for clarification					

The following table describes the group codes 72 (horizontal alignment) and 73 (vertical alignment) in greater detail.

Group 72 and 73 integer codes						
Group 73	Group 72 0	1	2	3	4	5
3 (top)	TLeft	TCenter	TRight			
2 (middle)	MLeft	MCenter	MRight			
1 (bottom)	BLeft	BCenter	BRight			
0 (baseline)	Left	Center	Right	Aligned	Middle	Fit

If group 72 and/or 73 values are nonzero then the first alignment point values are ignored and AutoCAD calculates new values based on the second alignment point and the length and height of the text string itself (after applying the text style). If the 72 and 73 values are zero or missing, then the second alignment point is meaningless.

### **TOLERANCE**

The following group codes apply to tolerance entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Tolerance gro	Tolerance group codes	
Group code	Description	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbFcf)	
3	Dimension style name	
10	Insertion point (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point (in WCS)	
1	String representing the visual representation of the tolerance	
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
220, 230	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of extrusion direction (optional)	
11	X-axis direction vector (in WCS)	
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector	
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of X-axis direction vector (in WCS)	

### **TRACE**

The following group codes apply to trace entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Trace group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbTrace)

Trace group o	rodes
Group code	Description
10	First corner (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of first corner (in OCS)
11	Second corner (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of second corner (in OCS)
12	Third corner (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of third corner (in OCS)
13	Fourth corner (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
23, 33	DXF: Y and Z values of fourth corner (in OCS)
39	Thickness (optional; default = 0)
210	Extrusion direction (optional; default = 0, 0, 1)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction (optional)

## **UNDERLAY**

The following group codes apply to underlays. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Please note that UNDERLAY group codes are common to DWFUNDERLAY and DGNUNDERLAY. The differentiation between DWFUNDERLAY and DGN UNDERLAY occurs in group code 0, defining the object name.

Underlay group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name. Defined as "DWFUNDERLAY" for DWFUNDERLAY entities, or "DGNUNDERLAY" for DGNUNDERLAY entities.
100	Subclass marker (AcDbUnderlayReference)
340	The ID of the AcDbUnderlayDefinition object
10,20,30	The $X,Y$ , and $Z$ coordinates of the insertion point of the underlay. These are OCS/ECS coordinates
41,42,43	DXF: X, Y, and Z scale factors
50	Rotation Angle (in OCS/ECS. CCW from the coordinate system $X$ axis and around the $Z$ axis)
210,220,230	Normal vector (in WCS)
280	Flags
	1 = Clipping is on
	2 = Underlay is on
	4 = Monochrome
	8 = Adjust for background
	16 = Clip is inside mode
281	Contrast (value between 20 and 100)
282	Fade (value between 0 and 80)
11, 21	Repeating: 2d points in OCS/ECS. If only two, then they are the lower left and upper right corner points of a clip rectangle. If more than two, then they are the vertices of a clipping polygon

### **VERTEX**

The following group codes apply to vertex entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Vertex group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbVertex)
100	Subclass marker (AcDb2dVertex or AcDb3dPolylineVertex)
10	Location point (in OCS when 2D, and WCS when 3D)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of location point (in OCS when 2D, and WCS when 3D)
40	Starting width (optional; default is 0)
41	Ending width (optional; default is 0)
42	Bulge (optional; default is 0). The bulge is the tangent of one fourth the included angle for an arc segment, made negative if the arc goes clockwise from the start point to the endpoint. A bulge of 0 indicates a straight segment, and a bulge of 1 is a semicircle
70	Vertex flags:  1 = Extra vertex created by curve-fitting  2 = Curve-fit tangent defined for this vertex. A curve-fit tangent direction of 0 may be omitted from DXF output but is significant if this bit is set  4 = Not used  8 = Spline vertex created by spline-fitting  16 = Spline frame control point  32 = 3D polyline vertex  64 = 3D polygon mesh  128 = Polyface mesh vertex
50	Curve fit tangent direction
71	Polyface mesh vertex index (optional; present only if nonzero)
 72	Polyface mesh vertex index (optional; present only if nonzero)

Vertex group codes	
Group code	Description
73	Polyface mesh vertex index (optional; present only if nonzero)
74	Polyface mesh vertex index (optional; present only if nonzero)
91	Vertex identifier

Every vertex that is part of a polyface mesh has its vertex flag 128 bit set. If the entity supplies the coordinate of a vertex of the mesh, its 64 bit is set as well, and the 10, 20, 30 groups give the vertex coordinate. The vertex index values are determined by the order in which the vertex entities appear within the polyline, with the first being numbered 1.

If the vertex defines a face of the mesh, its vertex flags group has the 128 bit set but not the 64 bit. In this case, the 10, 20, 30 (location) groups of the face entity are irrelevant and are always written as 0 in a DXF file. The vertex indexes that define the mesh are given by 71, 72, 73, and 74 group codes, the values of which specify one of the previously defined vertexes by index. If the index is negative, the edge that begins with that vertex is invisible. The first 0 vertex marks the end of the vertices of the face.

#### **VIEWPORT**

The following group codes apply to viewport entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Viewport group codes	
Description	
Subclass marker (AcDbViewport)	
Center point (in WCS)  DXF: X value; APP: 3D point	
DXF: Y and Z values of center point (in WCS)	
Width in paper space units	
_	

Viewport group codes	
Group code	Description
41	Height in paper space units
68	Viewport status field: -1 = On, but is fully off screen, or is one of the viewports that is not active because the \$MAX-
	ACTVP count is currently being exceeded.  0 = Off
	<
69	Viewport ID
12	View center point (in DCS) DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 2D point
22	DXF: View center point Y value (in DCS)
13	Snap base point
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
23	DXF: Snap base point Y value
14	Snap spacing
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
24	DXF: Snap spacing <i>Y</i> value
15	Grid spacing
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
25	DXF: Grid spacing Y value
16	View direction vector (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
26, 36	DXF: Y and Z values of view direction vector (in WCS)
17	View target point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
27, 37	DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values of view target point (in WCS)

Viewport gro	up codes
Group code	Description
42	Perspective lens length
43	Front clip plane Z value
44	Back clip plane Z value
45	View height (in model space units)
50	Snap angle
51	View twist angle
72	Circle zoom percent
331	Frozen layer object ID/handle (multiple entries may exist) (optional)
90	Viewport status bit-coded flags:  1 (0x1) = Enables perspective mode  2 (0x2) = Enables front clipping  4 (0x4) = Enables back clipping  8 (0x8) = Enables UCS follow  16 (0x10) = Enables UCS icon visibility  64 (0x40) = Enables UCS icon visibility  64 (0x40) = Enables UCS icon at origin  128 (0x80) = Enables Grat zoom  256 (0x100) = Enables snap mode  512 (0x200) = Enables grid mode  1024 (0x400) = Enables isometric snap style  2048 (0x800) = Enables hide plot mode  4096 (0x1000) = klsoPairTop. If set and klsoPairRight is not set, then isopair top is enabled. If both klsoPairTop and klsoPairRight are set, then isopair left is enabled  8192 (0x2000) = klsoPairRight. If set and klsoPairTop is not set, then isopair right is enabled  16384 (0x4000) = Enables viewport zoom locking  32768 (0x8000) = Currently always enabled  65536 (0x10000) = Enables non-rectangular clipping  131072 (0x20000) = Turns the viewport off  262144 (0x40000) = Enables the display of the grid beyond the drawing limits  524288 (0x80000) = Enables subdivision of the grid below the set grid spacing when the

Group code	Description
	2097152 (0x200000) = Enables grid follows workplane switching
340	Hard-pointer ID/handle to entity that serves as the viewport's clipping boundary (only presen if viewport is non-rectangular)
1	Plot style sheet name assigned to this viewport
281	Render mode:
	0 = 2D Optimized (classic 2D)
	1 = Wireframe
	2 = Hidden line
	3 = Flat shaded
	4 = Gouraud shaded
	5 = Flat shaded with wireframe
	6 = Gouraud shaded with wireframe
	All rendering modes other than 2D Optimized engage the new 3D graphics pipeline. These
	values directly correspond to the SHADEMODE command and the AcDbAbstractViewTableRe
	cord::RenderMode enum
71	UCS per viewport flag:
	0 = The UCS will not change when this viewport becomes active.
	1 =  This viewport stores its own UCS which will become the current UCS whenever the viewpor is activated
74	Display UCS icon at UCS origin flag:
	Controls whether UCS icon represents viewport UCS or current UCS (these will be different if
	UCSVP is 1 and viewport is not active). However, this field is currently being ignored and the
	icon always represents the viewport UCS
110	UCS origin
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
120, 130	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS origin
111	UCS X-axis
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
121, 131	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS X-axis
112	UCS Y-axis

Viewport gro	up codes
Group code	Description
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
122, 132	DXF: Y and Z values of UCS Y-axis
345	ID/handle of AcDbUCSTableRecord if UCS is a named UCS. If not present, then UCS is unnamed
346	ID/handle of AcDbUCSTableRecord of base UCS if UCS is orthographic (79 code is non-zero). If not present and 79 code is non-zero, then base UCS is taken to be WORLD
	Orthographic type of UCS:  0 = UCS is not orthographic  1 = Top; 2 = Bottom  3 = Front; 4 = Back  5 = Left; 6 = Right
146	Elevation
170	ShadePlot mode: 0 = As Displayed 1 = Wireframe 2 = Hidden 3 = Rendered
61	Frequency of major grid lines compared to minor grid lines
332	Background ID/Handle (optional)
333	Shade plot ID/Handle (optional)
348	Visual style ID/Handle (optional)
292	Default lighting flag. On when no user lights are specified.
282	Default lighting type: 0 = One distant light 1 = Two distant lights
141	View brightness
142	View contrast

Viewport group codes	
Group code	Description
63,421,431	Ambient light color. Write only if not black color.
361	Sun ID/Handle (optional)
335	Soft pointer reference to viewport object (for layer VP property override)
343	Soft pointer reference to viewport object (for layer VP property override)
344	Soft pointer reference to viewport object (for layer VP property override)
91	Soft pointer reference to viewport object (for layer VP property override)

**NOTE** The ZOOM XP factor is calculated with the following formula: group\_41 / group\_45 (or pspace\_height / mspace\_height).

### **WIPEOUT**

The following group codes apply to wipeout entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Wipeout group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRasterImage)
90	Class version
10	Insertion point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of insertion point (in WCS)
11	U-vector of a single pixel (points along the visual bottom of the image, starting at the insertion
	point) (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point

Wipeout grou	p codes
Group code	Description
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values U-vector (in WCS)
12	V-vector of a single pixel (points along the visual left side of the image, starting at the insertion
	point) (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of V-vector (in WCS)
13	Image size in pixels
	DXF: <i>U</i> value; APP: 2D point ( <i>U</i> and <i>V</i> values)
23	DXF: V value of image size in pixels
340	Hard reference to imagedef object
70	Image display properties:
	1 = Show image
	2 = Show image when not aligned with screen
	4 = Use clipping boundary
	8 = Transparency is on
280	Clipping state: 0 = Off; 1 = On
281	Brightness value (0-100; default = 50)
282	Contrast value (0-100; default = 50)
283	Fade value (0-100; default = 0)
360	Hard reference to imagedef_reactor object
71	Clipping boundary type. 1 = Rectangular; 2 = Polygonal
91	Number of clip boundary vertices that follow
14	Clip boundary vertex (in OCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 2D point (multiple entries)
	NOTE 1) For rectangular clip boundary type, two opposite corners must be specified. Default
	is (-0.5,-0.5), (size.x-0.5, size.y-0.5). 2) For polygonal clip boundary type, three or more vertices
	must be specified. Polygonal vertices must be listed sequentially

Wipeout group codes		
Group code	Description	
24	DXF: Y value of clip boundary vertex (in OCS) (multiple entries)	

## **XLINE**

The following group codes apply to xline entities. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Entities on page 61. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Xline group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbXline)
10	First point (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
20, 30	DXF: Y and Z values of first point (in WCS)
11	Unit direction vector (in WCS)
	DXF: X value; APP: 3D vector
21, 31	DXF: Y and Z values of unit direction vector (in WCS)

# **OBJECTS Section**

This chapter presents the group codes that apply to nongraphical objects. These codes are found in the OBJECTS section of a DXF<sup>TM</sup> file and are used by AutoLISP<sup>®</sup> and ObjectARX<sup>®</sup> applications in entity definition lists.

### **OBJECT Section Group Codes**

Objects are similar to entities, except that they have no graphical or geometric meaning. All objects that are not entities or symbol table records or symbol tables are stored in this section. This section represents a homogeneous heap of objects with topological ordering of objects by ownership, such that the owners always appear before the objects they own.

### **Object Ownership**

The root owner of most objects appearing in the OBJECTS section is the named object dictionary, which is, therefore, always the first object that appears in this section. Objects that are not owned by the named object dictionary are owned by other entities, objects, or symbol table entries. Objects in this section may be defined by AutoCAD® or by applications with access to ObjectARX® API. The DXF names of application-defined object types should always be associated with a class name in the CLASS section of the DXF file, or else the object record cannot be bound to the application that will interpret it.

As with other dictionaries, the named-object dictionary record consists solely of associated pairs of entry names and hard ownership pointer references to the associated object.

To avoid name collision between objects, developers should always use their registered developer prefix for their entries.

## **Common Group Codes for Objects**

The following table shows group codes that apply to virtually all nongraphical objects. When you refer to a table of group codes by object type, a list of codes associated with a *specific* object, keep in mind that the codes shown here can also be present. Some of the group codes are included with an object only if the object has nondefault values for those group code properties. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Common object group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object type
5	Handle
102	Start of application-defined group "{application_name" (optional)
application- defined codes	Codes and values within the 102 groups are application defined (optional)
102	End of group, "}" (optional)
102	"{ACAD_REACTORS" indicates the start of the AutoCAD persistent reactors group. This group exists only if persistent reactors have been attached to this object (optional)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)
102	End of group, "}" (optional)
102	"{ACAD_XDICTIONARY" indicates the start of an extension dictionary group. This group exists only if persistent reactors have been attached to this object (optional)
360	Hard-owner ID/handle to owner dictionary (optional)
102	End of group, "}" (optional)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object

## ACAD\_PROXY\_OBJECT

The following group codes apply to ACAD\_PROXY\_OBJECT objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

ACAD_PROXY	ACAD_PROXY_OBJECT group codes	
Group code	Description	
100	DXF: Subclass marker (AcDbProxyObject)	
90	DXF: Proxy object class ID (always 499)	
91	DXF: Application object's class ID. Class IDs are based on the order of the class in the CLASSES section. The first class is given the ID of 500, the next is 501, and so on	
93	DXF: Size of object data in bits	
310	DXF: Binary object data (multiple entries can appear) (optional)	
330 or 340 or 350 or 360	DXF: An object ID (multiple entries can appear) (optional)	
94	DXF: 0 (indicates end of object ID section)	
95	DXF: Object drawing format when it becomes a proxy (a 32-bit unsigned integer): Low word is AcDbDwgVersion High word is MaintenanceReleaseVersion	
70	DXF: Original custom object data format:  0 = DWG format  1 = DXF format	

The 92 field is not used for AcDbProxyObject. Objects of this class never have graphics.

### **ACDBDICTIONARYWDFLT**

The following group codes are used by ACDBDICTIONARYWDFLT objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for

Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

ACDBDICTIO	NARYWDFLT group codes
Group code	Description
0	Object name (ACDBDICTIONARYWDFLT)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-owner ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDictionary)
281	Duplicate record cloning flag (determines how to merge duplicate entries):  0 = Not applicable  1 = Keep existing
	2 = Use clone 3 = <xref>\$0\$<name></name></xref>
	4 = \$0\$ <name> 5 = Unmangle name</name>
3	Entry name (one for each entry)
350	Soft-owner ID/handle to entry object (one for each entry)
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDictionaryWithDefault)
340	Hard pointer to default object ID/handle (currently only used for plot style dictionary's default entry, named "Normal")

### **ACDBPLACEHOLDER**

The following group codes are used by the ACDBPLACEHOLDER objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for

Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

ACDBPLACEHOLDER group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (ACDBPLACEHOLDER)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object

### **DATATABLE**

The following group codes are used by the DATATABLE objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

DATATABLE group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (DATATABLE)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDataTable)

DATATABLE g	DATATABLE group codes	
Group code	Description	
70	Version	
90	Number of columns	
91	Number of valid rows	
1	Table name	
92, 2	Column type and name; repeats for each column	
	One value is written for every row in each column	
71	Boolean value	
93	Integer value	
40	Double value	
3	String value	
10, 20, 30	2D Point	
11, 21, 31	3D Point	
331	Soft-pointer ID/handle to object value	
360	Hard-pointer ownership ID	
350	Soft-pointer ownsership ID	
340	Hard-pointer ID/handle	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle	

## **DICTIONARY**

The following group codes are used by DICTIONARY objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on

page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

DICTIONARY	group codes
Group code	Description
0	Object name (DICTIONARY)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDictionary)
280	Hard-owner flag. If set to 1, indicates that elements of the dictionary are to be treated as hard-owned
281	Duplicate record cloning flag (determines how to merge duplicate entries):  0 = Not applicable  1 = Keep existing  2 = Use clone  3 = <xref>\$0\$<name>  4 = \$0\$<name>  5 = Unmangle name</name></name></xref>
3	Entry name (one for each entry) (optional)
350	Soft-owner ID/handle to entry object (one for each entry) (optional)

AutoCAD $^{\circledR}$  maintains items such as mline styles and group definitions as objects in dictionaries. The following sections describe the AutoCAD object group codes maintained in dictionaries; however, other applications are free to create and use their own dictionaries as they see fit. The prefix "ACAD\_" is reserved for use by AutoCAD applications.

#### **DICTIONARYVAR**

The following group codes are used by DICTIONARYVAR objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

DICTIONARYVAR group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (DICTIONARYVAR)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary (ACDBVARIABLEDICTIONARY)
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
100	Subclass marker (DictionaryVariables)
280	Object schema number (currently set to 0)
1	Value of variable

DICTIONARYVAR objects are used by AutoCAD as a means to store named values in the database for <code>setvar/getvar</code> purposes without the need to add entries to the DXF<sup>TM</sup> HEADER section. System variables that are stored as DICTIONARYVAR objects are the following: DEFAULTVIEWCATEGORY, DIMADEC, DIMASSOC, DIMDSEP, DRAWORDERCTL, FIELDEVAL, HALOGAP, HIDETEXT, INDEXCTL, INDEXCTL, INTERSECTIONCOLOR, INTERSECTIONDISPLAY, MSOLESCALE, OBSCOLOR, OBSLTYPE, OLEFRAME, PROJECTNAME, SORTENTS, UPDATETHUMBNAIL, XCLIPFRAME, and XCLIPFRAME.

### **DIMASSOC**

The following group codes are used by DIMASSOC objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page

160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

DIMASSOC g	roup codes
Group code	Description
0	Object name (DIMASSOC)
5	Handle
102	Persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS}"
330	Soft-pointer ID
100	Subclass marker (AcDbDimAssoc)
330	ID of dimension object
90	Associativity flag
	1 = First point reference
	2 = Second point reference
	4 = Third point reference
	8 = Fourth point reference
70	Trans-space flag (true/false)
71	Rotated Dimension type (parallel, perpendicular)
1	Class name (AcDbOsnapPointRef)
72	Object Osnap type
	0 = None
	1 = Endpoint
	2 = Midpoint
	3 = Center
	4 = Node
	5 = Quadrant
	6 = Intersection
	7 = Insertion
	8 = Perpendicular
	9 = Tangent
	10 = Nearest
	11 = Apparent intersection

roup codes
Description
12 = Parallel
13 = Start point
ID of main object (geometry)
SubentType of main object (edge, face)
GsMarker of main object (index)
Handle (string) of Xref object
Geometry parameter for Near Osnap
Osnap point in WCS; X value
Osnap point in WCS; Y value
Osnap point in WCS; Z value
ID of intersection object (geometry)
SubentType of intersction object (edge/face)
GsMarker of intersection object (index)
Handle (string) of intersection Xref object
hasLastPointRef flag (true/false)

DIMASSOC objects implement associative dimensions by specifying an association between a dimension object and drawing geometry objects. An associative dimension is a dimension that will automatically update when the associated geometry is modified.

### **FIELD**

The following group codes are used by FIELD objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For

information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

FIELD group	FIELD group codes	
Group code	Description	
0	Object name (ACAD_FIELD)	
1	Evaluator ID	
2	Field code string	
3	Overflow of field code string	
90	Number of child fields	
360	Child field ID (AcDbHardOwnershipId); repeats for number of children	
97	Number of object IDs used in the field code	
331	Object ID used in the field code (AcDbSoftPointerId); repeats for the number of object IDs used in the field code	
93	Number of the data set in the field	
6	Key string for the field data; a key-field pair is repeated for the number of data sets in the field	
7	Key string for the evaluated cache; this key is hard-coded as ACFD_FIELD_VALUE	
90	Data type of field value	
91	Long value (if data type of field value is long)	
140	Double value (if data type of field value is double)	
330	ID value, AcDbSoftPointerId (if data type of field value is ID)	
92	Binary data buffer size (if data type of field value is binary)	
310	Binary data (if data type of field value is binary)	

FIELD group codes	
Group code	Description
301	Format string
9	Overflow of format string
98	Length of format string

## **GEODATA**

The following group codes are used by GEODATA objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

GEODATA gro	oup codes
Group code	Description
90	AcDbGeoData <b>Object version</b>
	1 - 2009
	2 - 2010
70	Type of design coordinates:
	0 - Unknown
	1 - Local grid
	2 - Projected grid
	3 - Geographic (latitude/longitude)
330	ObjectId of host block table record
10,20,30	Design point, reference point in WCS coordinates
11,21,31	Reference point in coordinate system coordinates, valid only when coordinate type is Local Grid.
12,22	North direction vector (2D)
40	Horizontal unit scale, factor which converts horizontal design coordinates to meters by multiplication.
41	Vertical unit scale, factor which converts vertical design coordinates to meters by multiplication.

GEODATA gro	oup codes
Group code	Description
91	Horizontal units per UnitsValue enumeration. Will be kUnitsUndefined if units specified by horizontal unit scale is not supported by AutoCAD enumeration.
92	Vertical units per UnitsValue enumeration. Will be kUnitsUndefined if units specified by horizontal unit scale is not supported by AutoCAD enumeration.
210,220,230	Up direction
95	Scale estimation method: 1 - None 2 - User specified scale factor 3 - Grid scale at reference point 4 - Prismoidal
 294	Bool flag specifying whether to do sea level correction
141	User specified scale factor
142	Sea level elevation
143	Coordinate projection radius
301	Coordinate system definition string
302	GeoRSS tag
305	Observation from tag
306	Observation to tag
307	Observation coverage tag
93	Number of Geo-Mesh points
13,23	Coordinate of source mesh point (repeat)
14,24	Coordinate of destination mesh point (repeat)
96	Number of faces

GEODATA group codes	
Group code	Description
97	Point index for face (repeat)
98	Point index for face (repeat)
99	Point index for face (repeat)

## **GROUP**

The following group codes are used by GROUP objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

GROUP group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (GROUP)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS" (persistent reactors group appears in all dictionaries except the main dictionary)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For GROUP objects this is always the ACAD_GROUP entry of the named object dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbGroup)
300	Group description
70	"Unnamed" flag: 1 = Unnamed; 0 = Named
71	Selectability flag: 1 = Selectable; 0 = Not selectable
340	Hard-pointer handle to entity in group (one entry per object)

#### **IDBUFFER**

The following group codes are used by IDBUFFER objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

IDBUFFER group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbldBuffer)
330	Soft-pointer reference to entity (multiple entries may exist)

The IDBUFFER object is a utility object that is just a list of references to objects.

#### **IMAGEDEF**

The following group codes are used by IMAGEDEF objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

IMAGEDEF group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (IMAGEDEF)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to the ACAD_IMAGE_DICT dictionary
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to IMAGEDEF_REACTOR object (multiple entries; one for each instance)
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRasterImageDef)
90	Class version 0

IMAGEDEF group codes	
Group code	Description
1	File name of image
10	Image size in pixels
	DXF: $U$ value; APP: 2D point ( $U$ and $V$ values)
20	DXF: V value of image size in pixels
11	Default size of one pixel in AutoCAD units
	DXF: $U$ value; APP: 2D point ( $U$ and $V$ values)
12	DXF: V value of pixel size
280	Image-is-loaded flag. 0 = Unloaded; 1 = Loaded
281	Resolution units. 0 = No units; 2 = Centimeters; 5 = Inch

# IMAGEDEF\_REACTOR

The following group codes are used by IMAGEDEF\_REACTOR objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

IMAGEDEF_REACTOR group codes	
Description	
Object name (IMAGEDEF_REACTOR)	
Handle	
Subclass marker (AcDbRasterImageDefReactor)	
Class version 2	
Object ID for associated image object	

## LAYER\_INDEX

The following group codes are used by LAYER\_INDEX objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Description  Object name (LAYER_INDEX)  Handle
,
Handle
Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
Subclass marker (AcDbIndex)
Time stamp (Julian date)
Subclass marker (AcDbLayerIndex)
Layer name (multiple entries may exist)
Hard-owner reference to IDBUFFER (multiple entries may exist)
Number of entries in the IDBUFFER list (multiple entries may exist)

## LAYER\_FILTER

The following group codes are used by LAYER\_FILTER objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on

page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

LAYER_FILTER group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (LAYER_FILTER)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbFilter)
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLayerFilter)
8	Layer name (multiple entries may exist)

### **LAYOUT**

The following group codes are used by LAYOUT objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

LAYOUT group codes	
Description	
Object name (LAYOUT)	
Handle	
Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"	
Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary	
End of persistent reactors group, always "}"	

LAYOUT group	p codes
Group code	Description
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbPlotSettings)
plotsettings ob- ject group codes	For group codes and descriptions following the AcDbPlotSettings marker, see PLOTSETTINGS on page 189
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLayout)
1	Layout name
70	Flag (bit-coded) to control the following:  1 = Indicates the PSLTSCALE value for this layout when this layout is current  2 = Indicates the LIMCHECK value for this layout when this layout is current
71	Tab order. This number is an ordinal indicating this layout's ordering in the tab control that is attached to the AutoCAD drawing frame window. Note that the "Model" tab always appears as the first tab regardless of its tab order
10	Minimum limits for this layout (defined by LIMMIN while this layout is current) DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
20	DXF: Y value of minimum limits
11	Maximum limits for this layout (defined by LIMMAX while this layout is current): DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
21	DXF: Y value of maximum limits
12	Insertion base point for this layout (defined by INSBASE while this layout is current): DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
22, 32	DXF: Y and Z values of the insertion base point
14	Minimum extents for this layout (defined by EXTMIN while this layout is current): DXF: X value; APP: 3D point
24, 34	DXF: Y and Z values of the minimum extents
15	Maximum extents for this layout (defined by EXTMAX while this layout is current):

he layout was current
sent, then UCS is unnamed
phic (76 code is non-zero).
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### **LIGHTLIST**

The following group codes are used by LIGHTLIST objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

LIGHTLIST gr	LIGHTLIST group codes	
Group code	Description	
0	Object name (LIGHTLIST)	
5	Handle	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For LIGHTLIST objects, this is always the ACAD_LIGHT entry of the named object dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbLightList)	
90	Version number	
90	Number of lights	
5	Light handle (one for each light)	
1	Light name (one for each light)	

### **MATERIAL**

The following group codes are used by MATERIAL objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page

160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

MATERIAL gro	MATERIAL group codes	
Group code	Description	
0	Object name (MATERIAL)	
5	Handle	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS" (The persistent reactors group appears in all dictionaries except the main dictionary.)	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For MATERIAL objects, this is always the ACAD_MATERIAL entry of the named object dictionary.	
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMaterial)	
1	Material name (string)	
2	Description (string, default null string)	
70	Ambient color method (default = 0):  0 = Use current color  1 = Override current color	
40	Ambient color factor (real, default = 1.0; valid range is 0.0 to 1.0)	
90	Ambient color value (unsigned 32-bit integer representing an AcCmEntityColor)	
71	Diffuse color method (default = 0): 0 = Use current color 1 = Override current color	
41	Diffuse color factor (real, default = 1.0; valid range is 0.0 to 1.0)	
91	Diffuse color value (unsigned 32-bit integer representing an AcCmEntityColor)	
42	Diffuse map blend factor (real, default = 1.0)	
72	Diffuse map source (default = 1):	

MATERIAL gr	oup codes
Group code	Description
	0 = Use current scene
	1 = Use image file (specified by file name; null file name specifies no map)
3	Diffuse map file name (string, default = null string)
73	Projection method of diffuse map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Planar
	2 = Box
	3 = Cylinder
	4 = Sphere
74	Tiling method of diffuse map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Tile
	2 = Crop
	3 = Clamp
75	Auto transform method of diffuse map mapper (bitset, default = 1):
	1= No auto transform
	2 = Scale mapper to current entity extents; translate mapper to entity origin
	4 = Include current block transform in mapper transform
43	Transform matrix of diffuse map mapper (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
44	Specular gloss factor (real, default = 0.5)
76	Specular color method (default = 0):
	0 = Use current color
	1 = Override current color
45	Specular color factor (real, default = 1.0; valid range is 0.0 to 1.0)
92	Specular color value (unsigned 32-bit integer representing an AcCmEntityColor)
46	Specular map blend factor (real; default = 1.0)
77	Specular map source (default = 1):
	0 = Use current scene
	1 = Use image file (specified by file name; null file name specifies no map)
4	Specular map file name (string; default = null string)

MATERIAL gro	oup codes
Group code	Description
78	Projection method of specular map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Planar
	2 = Box
	3 = Cylinder
	4 = Sphere
79	Tiling method of specular map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Tile
	2 = Crop
	3 = Clamp
170	Auto transform method of specular map mapper (bitset; default = 1):
	1 = No auto transform
	2 = Scale mapper to current entity extents; translate mapper to entity origin
	4 = Include current block transform in mapper transform
47	Transform matrix of specular map mapper (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
48	Blend factor of reflection map (real, default = 1.0)
171	Reflection map source (default = 1):
	0 = Use current scene
	1 = Use image file (specified by file name; null file name specifies no map)
6	Reflection map file name (string; default = null string)
172	Projection method of reflection map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Planar
	2 = Box
	3 = Cylinder
	4 = Sphere
173	Tiling method of reflection map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Tile
	2 = Crop
	3 = Clamp
174	Auto transform method of reflection map mapper (bitset; default = 1):
	1 = No auto transform
	2 = Scale mapper to current entity extents; translate mapper to entity origin

MATERIAL gr	oup codes
Group code	Description
	4 = Include current block transform in mapper transform
49	Transform matrix of reflection map mapper (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
140	Opacity percent (real; default = 1.0)
141	Blend factor of opacity map (real; default = 1.0)
175	Opacity map source (default = 1):  0 = Use current scene  1 = Use image file (specified by file name; null file name specifies no map)
7	Opacity map file name (string; default = null string)
176	Projection method of opacity map mapper (default = 1):  1 = Planar  2 = Box  3 = Cylinder  4 = Sphere
177	Tiling method of opacity map mapper (default = 1):  1 = Tile  2 = Crop  3 = Clamp
178	Auto transform method of opacity map mapper (bitset; default = 1):  1 = No auto transform  2 = Scale mapper to current entity extents; translate mapper to entity origin  4 = Include current block transform in mapper transform
142	Transform matrix of opacity map mapper (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
143	Blend factor of bump map (real; default = 1.0)
179	Bump map source (default = 1):  0 = Use current scene  1 = Use image file (specified by file name; null file name specifies no map)
8	Bump map file name (string; default = null string)

Group code	
270	Description (1.6. h. 1)
270	Projection method of bump map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Planar 2 = Box
	<del></del>
	3 = Cylinder 4 = Sphere
	4 = Spriere
271	Tiling method of bump map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Tile
	2 = Crop
	3 = Clamp
272	Auto transform method of bump map mapper (bitset; default = 1):
	1 = No auto transform
	2 = Scale mapper to current entity extents; translate mapper to entity origin
	4 = Include current block transform in mapper transform
144	Transform matrix of bump map mapper (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)
145	Refraction index (real; default = 1.0)
146	Blend factor of refraction map (real; default = 1.0)
 273	Refraction map source (default = 1):
	0 = Use current scene
	1 = Use image file (specified by file name; null file name specifies no map)
9	Refraction map file name (string; default = null string)
274	Projection method of refraction map mapper (default = 1):
	1 = Planar
	2 = Box
	3 = Cylinder
	4 = Sphere
 275	Tiling method of refraction map mapper (default = 1):
_, _	1 = Tile
	2 = Crop
	3 = Clamp

MATERIAL group codes		
Group code Description		
	<ul> <li>1 = No auto transform</li> <li>2 = Scale mapper to current entity extents; translate mapper to entity origin</li> <li>4 = Include current block transform in mapper transform</li> </ul>	
147	Transform matrix of refraction map mapper (16 reals; row major format; default = identity matrix)	
460	Color Bleed Scale	
461	Indirect Dump Scale	
462	Reflectance Scale	
463	Transmittance Scale	
290	Two-sided Material	
464	Luminance	
270	Luminance Mode	
271	Normal Map Method	
465	Normal Map Strength	
42	Normal Map Blend Factor	
72	Normal Map Source	
3	Normal Map Source File Name	
73	Normal Mapper Projection	
74	Normal Mapper Tiling	
75	Normal Mapper Auto Transform	
43	Normal Mapper Transform	
293	Materials Anonymous	

MATERIAL gro	MATERIAL group codes	
Group code	Description	
272	Global Illumination Mode	
273	Final Gather Mode	
300	GenProcName	
291	GenProcValBool	
271	GenProcValInt	
469	GenProcValReal	
301	GenProcValText	
292	GenProcTableEnd	
62	GenProcValColorIndex	
420	GenProcValColorRGB	
430	GenProcValColorName	
270	Map UTile	
148	Translucence	
90	Self-Illuminaton	
468	Reflectivity	
93	Illumination Model	
94	Channel Flags	

### **MLINESTYLE**

The following group codes are used by MLINESTYLE objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on

page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

MLINESTYLE group codes		
Group code	Description	
0	Object name (MLINESTYLE)	
5	Handle	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS" (persistent reactors group appears in all dictionaries except the main dictionary)	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For MLINESTYLE objects this is always the ACAD_MLINESTYLE entry of the named object dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMlineStyle)	
2	Mline style name	
70	Flags (bit-coded):  1 = Fill on  2 = Display miters  16 = Start square end (line) cap  32 = Start inner arcs cap  64 = Start round (outer arcs) cap  256 = End square (line) cap  512 = End inner arcs cap  1024 = End round (outer arcs) cap	
3	Style description (string, 255 characters maximum)	
62	Fill color (integer, default = 256)	
51	Start angle (real, default is 90 degrees)	
52	End angle (real, default is 90 degrees)	
71	Number of elements	
49	Element offset (real, no default). Multiple entries can exist; one entry for each element	

MLINESTYLE group codes		
Group code	Description	
62	Element color (integer, default = 0). Multiple entries can exist; one entry for each element	
6	Element linetype (string, default = BYLAYER). Multiple entries can exist; one entry for each element	

The 2 group codes in mline entities and MLINESTYLE objects are redundant fields. These groups should not be modified under any circumstances, although it is safe to read them and use their values. The correct fields to modify are

**Mline** The 340 group in the same object, which indicates the proper MLINESTYLE object.

**Mlinestyle** The 3 group value in the MLINESTYLE dictionary, which precedes the 350 group that has the handle or entity name of the current mlinestyle.

### **OBJECT\_PTR**

The following group codes are used by OBJECT\_PTR objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Description
011 · (021507 277)
Object name (OBJECT_PTR)
Handle
Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
Begin ASE xdata (DC015)

### **PLOTSETTINGS**

The following group codes are used by PLOTSETTINGS objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

PLOTSETTINGS group codes		
Group code Description		
0	Object name (PLOTSETTINGS)	
5	Handle	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner object	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbPlotSettings)	
1	Page Setup name	
2	Name of system printer or plot configuration file	
4	Paper size	
6	Plot view name	
40	Size, in millimeters, of unprintable margin on left side of paper	
41	Size, in millimeters, of unprintable margin on bottom of paper	
42	Size, in millimeters, of unprintable margin on right side of paper	
43	Size, in millimeters, of unprintable margin on top of paper	
44	Plot paper size: physical paper width in millimeters	
45	Plot paper size: physical paper height in millimeters	

PLOTSETTINGS group codes	
Group code	Description
46	Plot origin: X value of origin offset in millimeters
47	Plot origin: Y value of origin offset in millimeters
48	Plot window area: X value of lower-left window corner
49	Plot window area: Y value of upper-right window corner
140	Plot window area: X value of lower-left window corner
141	Plot window area: Y value of upper-right window corner
142	Numerator of custom print scale: real world (paper) units
143	Denominator of custom print scale: drawing units
70	Plot layout flag:
	1 = PlotViewportBorders
	2 = ShowPlotStyles
	4 = PlotCentered
	8 = PlotHidden
	16 = UseStandardScale
	32 = PlotPlotStyles
	64 = ScaleLineweights
	128 = PrintLineweights
	512 = DrawViewportsFirst
	1024 = ModelType
	2048 = UpdatePaper
	4096 = ZoomToPaperOnUpdate
	8192 = Initializing
	16384 = PrevPlotInit
72	Plot paper units:
	0 = Plot in inches
	1 = Plot in millimeters
	2 = Plot in pixels
73	Plot rotation:
	0 = No rotation
	1 = 90 degrees counterclockwise

Group code	Description
	2 = Upside-down
	3 = 90 degrees clockwise
74	Plot type (portion of paper space to output to the media):
	0 = Last screen display
	1 = Drawing extents
	2 = Drawing limits
	3 = View specified by code 6
	4 = Window specified by codes 48, 49, 140, and 141
	5 = Layout information
7	Current style sheet
75	Standard scale type:
	0 = Scaled to Fit
	1 = 1/128"=1'; 2 = 1/64"=1'; 3 = 1/32"=1'
	4 = 1/16"=1'; 5 = 3/32"=1'; 6 = 1/8"=1'
	7 = 3/16"=1'; 8 = 1/4"=1'; 9 = 3/8"=1'
	10 = 1/2"=1'; 11 = 3/4"=1'; 12 = 1"=1'
	13 = 3"=1'; 14 = 6"=1'; 15 = 1'=1'
	16= 1:1 ; 17= 1:2; 18 = 1:4; 19 = 1:8; 20 = 1:10; 21= 1:16
	22 = 1:20; 23 = 1:30; 24 = 1:40; 25 = 1:50; 26 = 1:100
	27 = 2:1; 28 = 4:1; 29 = 8:1; 30 = 10:1; 31 = 100:1; 32 = 1000:
76	ShadePlot mode:
	0 = As Displayed
	1 = Wireframe
	2 = Hidden
	3 = Rendered
77	ShadePlot resolution level:
	0 = Draft
	1 = Preview
	2 = Normal
	3 = Presentation
	4 = Maximum
	5 = Custom
78	ShadePlot custom DPI:
	Valid range: 100 to 32767

PLOTSETTINGS group codes	
Group code	Description
	Only applied when the ShadePlot resolution level is set to 5 (Custom)
147	A floating point scale factor that represents the standard scale value specified in code 75
148	Paper image origin: X value
149	Paper image origin: Y value
333	ShadePlot ID/Handle (optional)

## **RASTERVARIABLES**

The following group codes are used by RASTERVARIABLES objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

RASTERVARIABLES group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (RASTERVARIABLES)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For a RASTERVARIABLES object, this is always the ACAD_IMAGE_VARS entry of the named object dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRasterVariables)
90	Class version 0
70	Display-image-frame flag: 0 = No frame; 1 = Display frame
71	Image display quality (screen only): 0 = Draft; 1 = High

RASTERVARIABLES group codes	
Group code	Description
72	AutoCAD units for inserting images. This is what one AutoCAD unit is equal to for the purpose of inserting and scaling images with an associated resolution:  0 = None; 1 = Millimeter; 2 = Centimeter  3 = Meter; 4 = Kilometer; 5 = Inch  6 = Foot; 7 = Yard; 8 = Mile

#### **RENDER**

Render related group codes.

#### **RENDERENVIRONMENT**

The following group codes are used by RENDERENVIRONMENT objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

RENDERENVI	RONMENT group codes
Group code	Description
0	Object name (RENDERENVIRONMENT)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For a RENDERENVIRONMENT object, this is always the ACAD_RENDER_ENVIRONMENT entry of the named object dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRenderEnvironment)
90	Class version 1
290	Fog enabled flag; 1 if enabled
290	Fog in background flag; 1 if enabled

RENDERENVIRONMENT group codes	
Group code	Description
280, 280, 280	Fog color; Red, green, and blue channel values
40, 40	Fog density; Near and Far density as a percentage
40, 40	Near and Far distance as a percentage of the distance between the camera and the far clipping plane
290	Environment image flag
1	Environment image file name (can be blank if the previous flag is 0)

#### **MENTALRAYRENDERSETTINGS**

The following group codes are used by MENTALRAYRENDERSETTINGS objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

MENTALRAYRENDERSETTINGS group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (MENTALRAYRENDERSETTINGS)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRenderSettings)
90	Class version 1
1	Render preset name
290	Render materials flag

MENTALRAYRENDERSETTINGS group codes		
Group code	Description	
90	Texture sampling quality	
290	Render back-faces flag	
290	Render shadows flag	
1	Preview image file name(can be blank)	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbMentalRayRenderSettings)	
90	Class version 1	
90	Sampling rate (minimum)	
90	Sampling rate (maximum)	
70	Sampling filter type  0 = Box  1 = Triangle  2 = Gauss  3 = Mitchell  4 = Lanczos	
40, 40	Filter width, height	
40, 40, 40, 40	Sampling contrast color; Red, green, blue, and alpha channel values	
70	Shadow mode  0 = Simple  1 = Sort  2 = Segment	
290	Shadow map flag; applies only to lights using mapped shadows	
290	Ray tracing flag	
90, 90, 90	Ray tracing depth for reflections, refractions, and maximum depth	
290	Global illumination flag	

Group code	Description
90	Photons/sample count
290	Global illumination radius flag
40	Global illumination sample radius
90	Photons per light
90, 90, 90	Global illumination photo trace depth for reflections, refractions, and maximum depth
290	Final gather flag
90	Final gather ray count
290, 290	Final gather minimum and maximum radius flags
290	Final gather pixels flag
40, 40	Final gather minimum and maximum sample radius
40	Luminance scale (energy multiplier)
70	Diagnostic mode
	0 = Off
	1 = Grid
	2 = Photon
	4 = BSP
70	Diagnostic Grid mode
, ,	0 = Object
	1 = World
	2 = Camera
	2 000.1
40	Grid size
70	Diagnostic Photon mode
	0 = Density
	1 = Irradiance
70	Diagnostic BSP mode
, •	Diagnosae Di Mode

MENTALRAYR	MENTALRAYRENDERSETTINGS group codes	
Group code	Description	
	0 = Depth	
	1 = Size	
290	Export MI statistics flag	
1	MI statistics file name (can be blank)	
90	Tile size	
70	Tile order	
	0 = Hilbert	
	1 = Spiral	
	2 = Left to right	
	3 = Right to left	
	4 = Top to bottom	
	5 = Bottom to top	
90	Memory limit	

### **RENDERGLOBAL**

The following group codes are used by RENDERGLOBAL objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

RENDERGLOBAL group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (RENDERGLOBAL)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For a RENDERGLOBAL object, this is always the ACAD_RENDER_GLOBAL entry of the named object dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"

RENDERGLOBAL group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRenderGlobal)
90	Class version 2
90	Render procedure:
	0 = View
	1 = Crop
	2 = Selection
90	Render destination
	0 = Render Window
	1 = Viewport
290	Save to file flag
1	Rendered image save file name
90	Image width
90	Image height
290	Predefined presets first flag
290	High info level flag

# **SECTION**

Section manager and section settings group codes.

### **Section Manager**

The following group codes apply to SECTIONMANAGER objects. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

SECTIONMANAGER group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (SECTIONMANAGER)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-owner ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSectionManager)
70	Requires full update flag
90	Number of sections
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to section entities (repeats for number of sections)

# **Section Settings**

The following group codes apply to SECTIONSETTINGS objects. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

SECTIONSETTINGS group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (SECTIONSETTINGS)
5	Handle

SECTIONSETT	SECTIONSETTINGS group codes	
Group code	Description	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"	
330	Soft-owner ID/handle to owner object	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSectionSettings)	
90	Section type	
91	Number of generation settings	
	Section Type Settings data follows	

# **Section Type Settings**

The following group codes apply to Section Type settings. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Section Type Settings group codes	
Group code	Description
1	"SectionTypeSettings" marker
90	Section type
91	Generation option flag
92	Number of source objects
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to source objects (repeats for number of source objects)
331	Soft-pointer ID/handle to destination block object
1	Destination file name

Section Type Settings group codes	
Group code	Description
93	Number of generation settings
2	"SectionGeometrySettings" data marker
	Section geometry settings data
3	"SectionTypeSettingsEnd" marker

# **Section Geometry Settings**

The following group codes apply to Section geometry settings. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Section geom	Section geometry settings group codes	
Group code	Description	
90	Section type	
91	Geometry count	
92	Bitflags	
63	Color data	
8	Layer name	
6	Linetype name	
40	Linetype scale	
1	Plotstyle name	
370	Line weight	
70	Face transparency	
71	Edge transparency	

Section geometry settings group codes	
Group code	Description
72	Hatch pattern type
2	Hatch pattern name
41	Hatch angle
42	Hatch scale
43	Hatch spacing
3	"SectionGeometrySettingsEnd" data marker

## SPATIAL\_INDEX

The following group codes are used by SPATIAL\_INDEX objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

SPATIAL_INDEX group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (SPATIAL_INDEX)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbIndex)
40	Timestamp (Julian date)
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSpatialIndex)

The SPATIAL\_INDEX is always written out empty to a DXF file. This object can be ignored.

## SPATIAL\_FILTER

The following group codes are used by SPATIAL\_FILTER objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

SPATIAL_FILT	ER group codes
Group code	Description
0	Object name (SPATIAL_FILTER)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary (SPATIAL)
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbFilter)
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSpatialFilter)
70	Number of points on the clip boundary  2 = Rectangular clip boundary (lower-left and upper-right)  greater than 2 = Polyline clip boundary
10	Clip boundary definition point (in OCS) (always 2 or more) based on an xref scale of 1 DXF: X value; APP: 2D point
20	DXF: Y value of boundary definition point (always 2 or more)
210	Normal to the plane containing the clip boundary DXF: <i>X</i> value; APP: 3D vector
220, 230	DXF: Y and Z values of extrusion direction
11	Origin used to define the local coordinate system of the clip boundary DXF: X value; APP: 3D point

SPATIAL_FILT	ER group codes
Group code	Description
21, 31	Origin used to define the local coordinate system of the clip boundary DXF: $Y$ and $Z$ values
71	Clip boundary display enabled flag 0 = Disabled; 1 = Enabled
72	Front clipping plane flag; 0 = No; 1 = Yes
40	Front clipping plane distance (if code 72 = 1)
73	Back clipping plane flag; 0 = No; 1 = Yes
41	Back clipping plane distance (if code 73 = 1)
40	4x3 transformation matrix written out in column major order. This matrix is the inverse of the original block reference (insert entity) transformation. The original block reference transformation is the one that is applied to all entities in the block when the block reference is regenerated (always 12 entries)
40	4x3 transformation matrix written out in column major order. This matrix transforms points into the coordinate system of the clip boundary (12 entries)

### **SORTENTSTABLE**

The following group codes are used by SORTENTSTABLE objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

SORTENTSTABLE group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (SORTENTSTABLE)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary (ACAD_SORTENTS)

SORTENTSTABLE group codes	
Group code	Description
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbSortentsTable)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner (currently only the *MODEL_SPACE or *PAPER_SPACE blocks)
331	Soft-pointer ID/handle to an entity (zero or more entries may exist)
5	Sort handle (zero or more entries may exist)

If the SORTENTS Regen flag (bit-code value 16) is set, AutoCAD regenerates entities in ascending handle order. When the DRAWORDER command is used, a SORTENTSTABLE object is attached to the \*Model\_Space or \*Paper\_Space block's extension dictionary under the name ACAD\_SORTENTS. The SORTENTSTABLE object related to this dictionary associates a different handle with each entity, which redefines the order in which the entities are regenerated.

#### **TABLESTYLE**

The following group codes are used by TABLESTYLE objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

TABLESTYLE group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (TABLESTYLE)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS" (The persistent reactors group appears in all dictionaries except the main dictionary.)
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For TABLESTYLE objects, this code is always the ACAD_TABLESTYLE entry of the named object dictionary

TABLESTYLE 9	group codes
Group code	Description
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
100	Subclass marker (AcDbTableStyle)
280	Version number: 0 = 2010
3	Table style description (string; 255 characters maximum)
70	FlowDirection (integer): 0 = Down 1 = Up
71	Flags (bit-coded)
40	Horizontal cell margin (real; default = 0.06)
41	Vertical cell margin (real; default = 0.06)
280	Flag for whether the title is suppressed:  0 = Not suppressed  1 = Suppressed
281	Flag for whether the column heading is suppressed:  0 = Not suppressed  1 = Suppressed
	The following group codes are repeated for every cell in the table
7	Text style name (string; default = STANDARD)
140	Text height (real)
170	Cell alignment (integer)
62	Text color (integer; default = BYBLOCK)
63	Cell fill color (integer; default = 7)
283	Flag for whether background color is enabled (default = 0):

TABLESTYLE group codes		
Group code	Description	
	0 = Disabled	
	1 = Enabled	
90	Cell data type	
91	Cell unit type	
74-279	Lineweight associated with each border type of the cell (default = kLnWtByBlock)	
284-289	Flag for visibility associated with each border type of the cell (default = 1):	
	0 = Invisible	
	1 = Visible	
64-69	Color value associated with each border type of the cell (default = BYBLOCK)	

# **UNDERLAYDEFINITION**

The following group codes apply to UNDERLAYDEFINITION symbol table entries. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Symbol Table Entries on page 37. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

UNDERLAYDEFINITION group codes		
Group Code	Description	
0	Object name (UNDERLAYDEFINITION)	
5	Handle	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACT-ORS"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbUnderlayDefinition)	

UNDERLAYDEFINITION group codes		
Group Code	Description	
1	Underlay path and file name	
2	Underlay Name	

### **VISUALSTYLE**

The following group codes apply to VISUALSTYLE objects. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

VISUALSTYLE group codes		
Group code	Description	
0	Object name (VISUALSTYLE)	
5	Handle	
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"	
330	Soft-owner ID/handle to owner object	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbVisualStyle)	
2	Description	
70	Туре	
71	Face lighting model	
	0 =Invisible	
	1 = Visible	
	2 = Phong	
	3 = Gooch	
72	Face lighting quality	

VISUALSTYLE group codes		
Group code	Description	
	0 = No lighting	
	1 = Per face lighting	
	2 = Per vertex lighting	
73	Face color mode	
	0 = No color	
	1 = Object color	
	2 = Background color	
	3 = Custom color	
	4 = Mono color	
	5 = Tinted	
	6 = Desaturated	
90	Face modifiers	
	0 = No modifiers	
	1 = Opacity	
	2 = Specular	
40	Face opacity level	
41	Face specular level	
62, 63	Color	
421	Face style mono color	
74	Edge style model	
	0 = No edges	
	1 = Isolines	
	2 = Facet edges	
91	Edge style	
64	Edge intersection color	
65	Edge obscured color	
75	Edge obscured linetype	
175	Edge intersection linetype	

VISUALSTYLE	group codes
Group code	Description
42	Edge crease angle
92	Edge modifiers
66	Edge color
43	Edge opacity level
76	Edge width
77	Edge overhang
78	Edge jitter
67	Edge silhouette color
79	Edge silhouette width
170	Edge halo gap
171	Number of edge isolines
290	Edge hide precision flag
174	Edge style apply flag
93	Display style display settings
44	Brightness
173	Shadow type
291	Internal use only flag

## **VBA\_PROJECT**

The following group codes are used by VBA\_PROJECT objects. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

VBA_PROJECT group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (VBA_PROJECT)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary
102	End of persistent reactors group, always "}"
330	Soft-owner ID/handle to owner object
100	Subclass marker (AcDbVbaProject)
90	Number of bytes of binary chunk data (contained in the group code 310 records that follow)
310	DXF: Binary object data (multiple entries containing VBA project data)

## **WIPEOUTVARIABLES**

The following group codes are used by WIPEOUTVARIABLES objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

WIPEOUTVARIABLES group codes	
Group code	Description
0	Object name (WIPEOUTVARIABLES)
5	Handle
102	Start of persistent reactors group; always "{ACAD_REACTORS"

WIPEOUTVARIABLES group codes		
Group code	Description	
330	Soft-pointer ID/handle to owner dictionary. For a WIPEOUTVARIABLES object, this is always the ACAD_IMAGE_VARS entry of the named object dictionary	
102	End of persistent reactors group; always "}"	
100	Subclass marker (AcDbRasterVariables)	
90	Class version 0	
70	Display-image-frame flag: 0 = No frame; 1 = Display frame	

#### **XRECORD**

The following group codes are common to all xrecord objects. In addition to the group codes described here, see Common Group Codes for Objects on page 160. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

Xrecord group codes	
Group code	Description
100	Subclass marker (AcDbXrecord)
280	Duplicate record cloning flag (determines how to merge duplicate entries):
	0 = Not applicable
	1 = Keep existing
	2 = Use clone
	3 = <xref>\$0\$<name></name></xref>
	4 = \$0\$ <name></name>
	5 = Unmangle name
1-369 (except 5 and 105)	These values can be used by an application in any way

Xrecord objects are used to store and manage arbitrary data. They are composed of DXF group codes with "normal object" groups (that is, non-xdata group codes), ranging from 1 through 369 for supported ranges. This object is similar in concept to xdata but is not limited by size or order.

Xrecord objects are designed to work in such a way as to not offend releases R13c0 through R13c3. However, if read into a pre-R13c4 version of  $\operatorname{AutoCAD}^{\$}$ , xrecord objects disappear.

# THUMBNAILIMAGE Section

This chapter presents the group codes that are found in the THUMBNAILIMAGE section of a  $DXF^{TM}$  file. This section exists only if a preview image has been saved with the DXF file.

# **THUMBNAILIMAGE Section Group Codes**

The following group codes are found in the THUMBNAILIMAGE section. For information about abbreviations and formatting used in this table, see Formatting Conventions in This Reference on page 2.

#### **THUMBNAILIMAGE** group codes

Group code	Description
90	The number of bytes in the image (and subsequent binary chunk records)
310	Preview image data (multiple lines; 256 characters maximum per line)

# Drawing Interchange File Formats

This appendix describes the various file formats  $AutoCAD^{\textcircled{\$}}$  uses to interchange drawing data with other applications. The formats presented are Drawing Interchange File (DXF $^{\texttt{TM}}$ ), binary DXF, Slide (SLD), and the Slide Library (SLB) file formats.

DXF files can be either ASCII or binary format. Because ASCII DXF files are more common than the binary format, the term *DXF file* is used to refer to ASCII DXF files and the term *binary DXF file* is used for the binary format.

#### **ASCII DXF Files**

This section describes the format of ASCII DXF files. It contains information that is needed only if you write your own programs to process DXF files or work with entity information obtained by AutoLISP® and ObjectARX® applications.

#### **General DXF File Structure**

Essentially, a DXF file is composed of pairs of codes and associated values. The codes, known as *group codes*, indicate the type of value that follows. Using these group code and value pairs, a DXF file is organized into sections composed of records, which are composed of a group code and a data item. Each group code and value are on their own line in the DXF file.

Each section starts with a group code 0 followed by the string SECTION. This is followed by a group code 2 and a string indicating the name of the section (for example, HEADER). Each section is composed of group codes and values that define its elements. A section ends with a 0 followed by the string ENDSEC.

It may be helpful to produce a DXF file from a small drawing, print it, and refer to it while reading the information presented in this section.

The overall organization of a DXF file is as follows:

- HEADER section. Contains general information about the drawing. It consists of an AutoCAD database version number and a number of system variables. Each parameter contains a variable name and its associated value.
- CLASSES section. Holds the information for application-defined classes, whose instances appear in the BLOCKS, ENTITIES, and OBJECTS sections of the database. A class definition is permanently fixed in class hierarchy.
- *TABLES section*.Contains definitions for the following symbol tables: APPID (application identification table)

BLOCK\_RECORD (block reference table)

DIMSTYLE (dimension style table)

LAYER (layer table)

LTYPE (linetype table)

STYLE (text style table)

UCS (user coordinate system table)

VIEW (view table)

VPORT (viewport configuration table)

- *BLOCKS section.* Contains block definition and drawing entities that make up each block reference in the drawing.
- *ENTITIES section.* Contains the graphical objects (entities) in the drawing, including block references (insert entities).
- OBJECTS section. Contains the nongraphical objects in the drawing. All objects that are not entities or symbol table records or symbol tables are stored in this section. Examples of entries in the OBJECTS section are dictionaries that contain mline styles and groups.
- *THUMBNAILIMAGE section.* Contains the preview image data for the drawing. This section is optional.

If you use the Select Objects option of the SAVE or SAVEAS command, the ENTITIES section of the resulting DXF file contains only the entities you select.

## **Group Codes in DXF Files**

Group codes and the associated values define a specific aspect of an object or entity. The line immediately following the group code is the associated value. This value can be a string, an integer, or a floating-point value, such as the X coordinate of a point. The lines following the second line of the group, if any, are determined by the group definition and the data associated with the group.

Special group codes are used as file separators, such as markers for the beginning and end of sections, tables, and the end of the file itself.

Entities, objects, classes, tables and table entries, and file separators are introduced with a 0 group code that is followed by a name describing the group.

The maximum DXF file string length is 256 characters. If your AutoCAD drawing contains strings that exceed this number, those strings are truncated during SAVE, SAVEAS, and WBLOCK. OPEN and INSERT fail if your DXF file contains strings that exceed this number.

#### ASCII Control Characters in DXF Files

SAVEAS handles ASCII control characters in text strings by expanding the character into a caret (^) followed by the appropriate letter. For example, an ASCII Control-G (BEL, decimal code 7) is written as ^G. If the text itself contains a caret character, it is expanded to caret, space (^). OPEN and INSERT perform the complementary conversion.

## **Header Group Codes in DXF Files**

Applications can retrieve the values of these variables with the AutoLISP getvar function.

The following is an example of the HEADER section of a  $DXF^{TM}$  file:

0	Beginning of HEADER section
SECTION	
2	
HEADER	
9	Repeats for each header variable
<pre>\$<variable></variable></pre>	
<group code=""></group>	

## **Class Group Codes in DXF Files**

The following is an example of the CLASSES section of a DXF file:

```
Beginning of CLASSES section
0
SECTION
CLASSES
                        Repeats for each entry
CLASS
<class dxf record>
<class name>
<app name>
90
<flag>
280
<flag>
281
<flag>
                        End of CLASSES section
ENDSEC
```

# **Symbol Table Group Codes in DXF Files**

The following is an example of the TABLES section of a DXF file.

```
0 Beginning of TABLES section
SECTION
2
TABLES
```

0 Common table group codes; repeats for TABLE each entry <handle> 100 AcDbSymbolTable <max. entries> Table entry data; repeats for each table record <handle> 100 AcDbSymbolTableRecord . <data> End of table ENDTAB End of TABLES section 0 ENDSEC

## **Symbol Table Example**

This DXF sequence represents three full objects: the symbol table itself plus two entries.

TABLE Indicates a symbol table entry

Text style symbol table entry. Exception to rule that code 0 fully defines type

5	
1C	STYLE table handle; same as for entities and other objects
70	
3	Maximum number of STYLE table records to follow (pre-Release 13 field)
1001	
APP_X	APP_X has put xdata on a symbol table
1040	
42.0	Just a single floating-point number
0	
STYLE	Beginning of first element in the STYLE symbol table
5	
3A	The first entry's handle (DIMSTYLE entries will have 105 here)
2	
ENTRY_1	The first entry's text name
70	
64	Standard flag values
40	
. 4	Text height
41	
1.0	Width scale factor

50 Oblique angle 0.0 71 Text generation flags 0 42 0.4 Last height used Primary font file name BUFONTS.TXT 0 Second entry begins. No xdata or persistent STYLE reactors on first entry 5 C2 Second entry handle ENTRY\_2 Second entry text name Other fields down to group code 3 . . . BUFONTS.TXT Primary font file name and last object type—specific group 102 {ACAD\_REACTORS This entry has two persistent reactors 330

3C2	Soft ID to first reactor object
330	
41B	Soft ID to first reactor object
102	
}	Indicates the end of the reactor set
1001	
APP_1	Xdata attached to this entry
1070	
45	
1001	
APP_2	
1004	
18A5B3EF2C199A	
0	
UCS	Start of UCS table (and end of previous record and table)

# **Blocks Group Codes in DXF Files**

The following is an example of the BLOCKS section of a DXF file:

0	Beginning of BLOCKS section
SECTION	
2	
BLOCKS	
0	Begins each block entry (a block entity
	definition)

```
BLOCK
<handle>
100
AcDbEntity
<layer>
100
AcDbBlockBegin
<blook name>
70
<flag>
10
<X value>
20
<Y value>
<Z value>
<blook name>
<xref path>
                        One entry for each entity definition within
                        the block
<entity type>
. <data>
                        End of each block entry (an endblk entity
                        definition)
ENDBLK
<handle>
100
AcDbBlockEnd
                        End of BLOCKS section
ENDSEC
```

## **Entity Group Codes in DXF Files**

The following is an example of the ENTITIES section of a DXF file:

```
Beginning of ENTITIES section
0
SECTION
ENTITIES
                        One entry for each entity definition
<entity type>
<handle>
330
<pointer to owner>
AcDbEntity
<layer>
100
AcDb<classname>
. <data>
                        End of ENTITIES section
ENDSEC
```

## **Object Group Codes in DXF Files**

The following is an example of the OBJECTS section of a DXF file:

```
0 Beginning of OBJECTS section
SECTION
2
OBJECTS

0 Beginning of named object dictionary (root dictionary object)
5
<handle>
100
```

```
AcDbDictionary
                        Repeats for each entry
<dictionary name>
<handle of child>
                        Groups of object data
<object type>
. <data>
                       End of OBJECTS section
ENDSEC
```

# **Writing a DXF Interface Program**

Writing a program that communicates with AutoCAD by means of the DXF file appears more difficult than it actually is. The DXF format makes it easy to ignore information you don't need, while reading the information you do need.

# Reading a DXF File

The following example is a simple Visual Basic 6 program that reads a DXF file and extracts specific codes and values from a given object in a given section.

```
' ReadDXF extracts specified code/value pairs from a DXF file.
' This function requires four string parameters, a valid DXF
' file name, a DXF section name, the name of an object in that
' section, and a comma delimited list of codes.
Function ReadDXF(
       ByVal dxfFile As String, ByVal strSection As String,
       ByVal strObject As String, ByVal strCodeList As String)
   Dim tmpCode, lastObj As String
    Open dxfFile For Input As #1
    ' Get the first code/value pair
   codes = ReadCodes
    ' Loop through the whole file until the "EOF" line
   While codes(1) <> "EOF"
        ^{\prime} If the group code is '0' and the value is 'SECTION' . .
       If codes(0) = "0" And codes(1) = "SECTION" Then
' This must be a new section, so get the next
 ' code/value pair.
codes = ReadCodes()
 ^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}} If this section is the right one ..
If codes(1) = strSection Then
' Get the next code/value pair and ..
codes = ReadCodes
' Loop through this section until the 'ENDSEC'
While codes(1) <> "ENDSEC"
' While in a section, all '0' codes indicate
' an object. If you find a '0' store the
' object name for future use.
If codes(0) = "0" Then lastObj = codes(1)
' If this object is one you're interested in
If lastObj = strObject Then
' Surround the code with commas
tmpCode = "," & codes(0) & ","
' If this code is in the list of codes ..
If InStr(strCodeList, tmpCode) Then
' Append the return value.
ReadDXF = ReadDXF & _
codes(0) & "=" & codes(1) & vbCrLf
End If
End If
' Read another code/value pair
codes = ReadCodes
Wend
```

```
End If
 codes = ReadCodes
       End If
    Wend
    Close #1
End Function
' ReadCodes reads two lines from an open file and returns a two
' array, a group code and its value. As long as a DXF file is read
' two lines at a time, all should be fine. However, to make your
' code more reliable, you should add some additional error and
' other checking.
Function ReadCodes() As Variant
    Dim codeStr, valStr As String
    Line Input #1, codeStr
    Line Input #1, valStr
    ^{\mbox{\tiny I}} Trim the leading and trailing space from the code
    ReadCodes = Array(Trim(codeStr), valStr)
End Function
```

### **Writing a DXF File**

Writing a program that creates a DXF file can be more difficult than one that reads a DXF file, because you must maintain consistency within the drawing in order for AutoCAD to find the file acceptable. AutoCAD lets you omit many items in a DXF file and still obtain a usable drawing.

- The entire HEADER section can be omitted if you don't set header variables.
- Any of the tables in the TABLES section can be omitted if you don't need to make entries, and the entire TABLES section can be dropped if nothing in it is required.
- If you define any linetypes in the LTYPE table, this table must appear before the LAYER table.
- If no block definitions are used in the drawing, the BLOCKS section can be omitted.
- If present, the BLOCKS section must appear before the ENTITIES section.

- Within the ENTITIES section, you can reference layer names even though you haven't defined them in the LAYER table. Such layers are automatically created with color 7 and the CONTINUOUS linetype.
- The EOF item must be present at the end of file.

The following Visual Basic 6 subroutine constructs a DXF file representing a polygon.

```
' WriteDXFPolygon creates a minimal DXF file that only contains
' the ENTITIES section. This subroutine requires five parameters,
^{\prime} the DXF file name, the number of sides for the polygon, the X
^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}} and Y coordinates for the bottom end of the right-most side
' (it starts in a vertical direction), and the length for each
' side. Note that because this only requests 2D points, it does
' not include the {\tt Z} coordinates (codes 30 and 31). The lines are
' placed on the layer "Polygon."
Sub WriteDXFPolygon(
       dxfFile As String, iSides As Integer,
       dblX As Double, dblY As Double, dblLen As Double)
   Dim i As Integer
    Dim dblA1, dblA, dblPI, dblNX, dblNY As Double
   Open dxfFile For Output As #1
   Print #1, 0
   Print #1, "SECTION"
   Print #1, 2
   Print #1, "ENTITIES"
   dblPI = Atn(1) * 4
   dblA1 = (2 * dblPI) / iSides
   dblA = dblPI / 2
   For i = 1 To iSides
       Print #1, 0
       Print #1, "LINE"
       Print #1, 8
       Print #1, "Polygon"
       Print #1, 10
       Print #1, dblX
       Print #1, 20
       Print #1, dblY
       dblNX = dblLen * Cos(dblA) + dblX
       dblny = dblLen * Sin(dblA) + dbly
       Print #1, 11
       Print #1, dblNX
       Print #1, 21
       Print #1, dblNY
       dblX = dblNX
       dblY = dblNY
       dblA = dblA + dblA1
   Next i
   Print #1, 0
   Print #1, "ENDSEC"
```

```
Print #1, 0
Print #1, "EOF"
Close #1
End Sub
```

As long as a properly formatted item appears on the line on which the data is expected, DXFIN accepts it. (Of course, string items should not have leading spaces unless these are intended to be part of the string.) This BASIC program takes advantage of this flexibility in input format and does not generate a file exactly like one generated by AutoCAD.

In the case of an error in using DXFIN to load, AutoCAD reports the error with a message indicating the nature of the error and the last line processed in the DXF file before the error was detected. This may not be the line on which the error occurred, especially in the case of errors such as the omission of required groups.

## **Binary DXF Files**

The ASCII DXF file format is a complete representation of an AutoCAD drawing in an ASCII text form, and is easily processed by other programs. In addition, AutoCAD can produce or read a binary form of the full DXF file and accept limited input in another binary file format.

The SAVE and SAVEAS commands provide a Binary option that writes binary DXF files. Such a file contains all the information present in an ASCII DXF file but in a more compact form that takes about 25 percent less file space. It can be read and written more quickly (typically, five times faster) by AutoCAD. Unlike ASCII DXF files, which entail a trade-off between size and floating-point accuracy, binary DXF files preserve the accuracy in the drawing database. (AutoCAD Release 10 was the first version to support this form of DXF file; it cannot be read by older versions.)

A binary DXF file begins with a 22-byte sentinel consisting of the following:

```
AutoCAD Binary DXF<CR><LF><SUB><NULL>
```

Following the sentinel are pairs (group, value) as in an ASCII DXF file but represented in binary form. The group code is a 2-byte binary value (1 byte in DXF files prior to AutoCAD Release 14), and the value that follows is one of the following:

 A 2-byte integer with the least significant byte first and the most significant byte last

- An 8-byte IEEE double-precision floating-point number stored with the least significant byte first and the most significant byte last
- An ASCII string terminated by a 0 (NULL) byte

The type of data following a group is determined from the group code by the same rules used in decoding ASCII DXF files. Translation of angles to degrees and dates to fractional Julian date representation is performed for binary files as well as for ASCII DXF files. The comment group, 999, is not used in binary DXF files.

Extended data group codes are represented in binary DXF as a single byte with the value 255, followed by a 2-byte integer value containing the actual group code, followed by the actual value.

Extended data long values (group code 1071) occupy 4 bytes of data. Extended data binary chunks (group code 1004) are represented as a single-byte unsigned integer length, followed by the specified number of bytes of chunk data. For example, to transfer an extended data long group, the following values would appear, occupying 1, 2, and 4 bytes respectively.

```
255 Escape group code
1071 True group code
999999 Value for the 1071 group code
```

SAVEAS writes binary DXF files with the same file type (.dxf) as for ASCII DXF files. The OPEN and INSERT commands automatically recognize a binary file by means of its sentinel string. You need not identify it as a binary file.

If the OPEN and INSERT commands encounter an error in a binary DXF file, AutoCAD reports the byte address within the file where the error was detected.

### **Slide Files**

**NOTE** This information is for experienced programmers, and is subject to change without notice.

AutoCAD slide files are screen images written by the MSLIDE command and read by the VSLIDE command. This section describes the format of slide files for the benefit of developers who wish to incorporate support for slides into their programs.

A slide file consists of a header portion (31 bytes) and one or more data records of variable length. All coordinates and sizes written to the slide file reflect the drawing area of the display device from which the slide was created, with

point (0,0) located at the lower-left corner of the drawing area. For AutoCAD Release 9 and later, the slide file header consists of the following fields:

#### Slide file header

Field	Bytes	Description
ID string	17	"AutoCAD Slide" CR LF ^Z NUL
Type indicator	1	Currently set to 56 (decimal)
Level indicator	1	Currently set to 2
High X dot	2	Width of the graphics area: 1, in pixels
High Y dot	2	Height of the graphics area: 1, in pixels
Aspect ratio	4	Drawing area aspect ratio (horizontal size/vertical size in inches), scaled by 10,000,000. This value is always written with the least significant byte first
Hardware fill	2	Either 0 or 2 (value is unimportant)
Test number	2	A number (1234 hex) used to determine whether all 2-byte values in the slide were written with the high-order byte first (Intel 8086-family CPUs) or the low-order byte first (Motorola 68000-family CPUs)

Data records follow the header. Each data record begins with a 2-byte field whose high-order byte is the record type. The remainder of the record may be composed of 1-byte or 2-byte fields as described in the following table. To determine whether the 2-byte fields are written with the high-order byte first or the low-order byte first, examine the Test number field of the header that is described in the previous table.

#### Slide file data records

Record type (hex)	Bytes	Meaning	Description
00-7F	8	Vector	The from-X coordinate for an ordinary vector. From-Y, to-X, and to-Y follow, in that order, as 2-byte values. The from- point is saved as the last point
80-FA	_	Undefined	Reserved for future use

#### Slide file data records

Record type (hex)	Bytes	Meaning	Description
FB	5	Offset vec- tor	The low-order byte and the following three bytes specify the endpoints (from-X, from-Y, to-X, to-Y) of a vector, in terms of offsets (-128 to +127) from the saved last point. The adjusted from- point is saved as the last point for use by subsequent vectors
FC	2	End of file	The low-order byte is 00
FD	6	Solid fill	The low-order byte is always zero. The following two 2-byte values specify the <i>X</i> and <i>Y</i> coordinates of one vertex of a polygon to be solid-filled. Three to ten such records occur in sequence. A Solid fill record with a negative Y coordinate indicates the start or end of such a flood sequence. In the start record, the X coordinate indicates the number of vertex records to follow
FE	3	Common endpoint vector	This is a vector starting at the last point. The low-order byte and the following byte specify to-X and to-Y in terms of offsets (-128 to +127) from the saved last point. The adjusted to- point is saved as the last point for use by subsequent vectors
FF	2	New color	Subsequent vectors are to be drawn using the color number indicated by the low-order byte

If a slide contains any vectors at all, a New color record will be the first data record. The order of the vectors in a slide and the order of the endpoints of those vectors may vary.

For example, the following is an annotated hex dump of a simple slide file created on an IBM PC/AT with an IBM Enhanced Graphics Adapter. The slide consists of a white diagonal line from the lower-left corner to the upper-right

corner of the drawing area, a green vertical line near the lower-left corner, and a small red rectangle at the lower-left corner.

```
41 75 74 6F 43 41
                         ID string ("AutoCAD Slide" CR LF ^Z
NUL)
44 20 53 6C 69 64
65 OD OA 1A OO
56 Type indicator (56)
02 Level indicator (2)
3C 02 High X dot (572)
24 01 High Y dot (292)
OB 80 DF 00 Aspect ratio (14,647,307 / 10,000,000 = 1.46)
02 00 Hardware fill (2)
34 12 Test number (1234 hex)
07 FF New color (7 = white)
3C 02 24 01 00 00 00 00 Vector from 572,292 to 0,0. 572,292
becomes "last"point
3 FF New color (3 = green)
becomes
"last" point
01 FF New color (1 = red)
12 FB E7 12 CE
                       Offset vector from 15+18,50-25 (33,25)
 to 15+18,
 50-50 (33,0). 33,25 becomes "last" point
DF FE 00 Common-endpoint vector from 33,25 to 33-33,25+0
 (0,25). 0,25 becomes "last" point
00 FE E7 Common-endpoint vector from (0,25) to 0+0,25-25
 (0,0). 0,0 becomes "last" point
21 FE 00 Common-endpoint vector from (0,0) to 0+33,0+0
 (33,0).33,0 becomes "last" point
00 FC End of file
```

#### Old Slide Header

The slide format described in the previous section is produced by AutoCAD Release 9 and later, and is portable among all computers running AutoCAD Release 9 or later. Previous versions of AutoCAD (as well as AutoShade<sup>®</sup> 1.0

and AutoSketch® 1.02) produce slides with a somewhat different header, as shown in the following table.

#### Old slide file header

Field	Bytes	Description
ID string	17	"AutoCAD Slide" CR LF ^Z NUL
Type indicator	1	56 (decimal)
Level indicator	1	1 (old format)
High X dot	2	Width of the drawing area: 1, in pixels
High Y dot	2	Height of the drawing area: 1, in pixels
Aspect ratio	8	Drawing area aspect ratio (horizontal size/vertical size in inches), written as a floating-point number
Hardware fill	2	Either 0 or 2 (value is unimportant)
Filler byte	1	Unused

Note that the old-format header does not contain a test number field. The floating-point aspect ratio value and all 2-byte integers are written in the native format of the CPU that was used to create the file (for 8086-family CPUs, IEEE double-precision, and low-order byte first). Old-format slide files are not portable across machine types, but they can be read by any version of AutoCAD running on the same CPU type as the CPU with which the slide was created.

## **Slide Library Files**

This section describes the format of AutoCAD slide libraries (Release 9 and later) for the benefit of developers who wish to incorporate support for slide libraries into their programs.

The general format of a slide library is as follows:

```
"AutoCAD Slide Library 1.0" CR LF ^Z NUL NUL NUL NUL Header (32 bytes)

One or more slide directory entries (36 bytes each)

One or more slides (variable length)
```

Slide directory entries have the following format:

```
Slide name (NUL terminated) (32 bytes)
Address of slide within library file (4 bytes)
```

The slide address is always written with the low-order byte first. Each slide to which the directory points is a complete slide file as described in the previous section. The end of the slide directory is signified by an entry with a null slide name (first byte is NUL). A slide library can contain a mixture of old-format and new-format slides.

# **Advanced DXF Issues**

This appendix discusses the advanced concepts related to DXF<sup>™</sup> group codes.

## **Database Objects**

AutoCAD® drawings consist largely of structured containers for database objects. Database objects each have the following features:

- A handle whose value is unique to the drawing/DXF file, and is constant for the lifetime of the drawing. This format has existed since AutoCAD Release 10, and as of AutoCAD Release 13, handles are always enabled.
- An optional xdata table, as entities have had since AutoCAD Release 11.
- An optional persistent reactor table.
- An optional ownership pointer to an extension dictionary which, in turn, owns subobjects placed in it by an application.

Symbol tables and symbol table records are database objects and, thus, have a handle. They can also have xdata and persistent reactors in their DXF records.

## **Persistent Inter-Object Reference Handles**

A set of group code ranges permits objects to directly specify references to other objects within the same drawing/DXF file. Four ranges are provided for the four types of reference handles that you can specify:

- Soft-pointer handle
- Hard-pointer handle

- Soft-owner handle
- Hard-owner handle

These handle types are manifested as entity names in AutoLISP<sup>®</sup>, as ads\_name values in ObjectARX<sup>®</sup> and as like-named classes derived from ObjectARX. These values are always maintained in insert, xref, and wblock operations such that references between objects in a set being copied are updated to point to the copied objects, while references to other objects remain unchanged.

Also, a group code range for "arbitrary" handles is defined to allow convenient storage of handle values that are not converted to entity names and then translated in insert, xref, or wblock.

**NOTE** If you use 1005 xdata group codes to store handles, they are treated as soft-pointer handles, which means that when groups of objects are copied or inserted into another drawing, references between the involved objects are translated. Although 1005 xdata items are always returned as handles in AutoLISP and ObjectARX, all of the reference handle group code ranges are represented as "entity names" in AutoLISP and as ads\_name structures in ObjectARX.

## **Pointer and Ownership References**

A pointer is a reference that indicates usage, but not possession or responsibility, for another object. A pointer reference means that the object uses the other object in some way, and shares access to it.

An ownership reference means that an owner object is responsible for the objects for which it has an owner handle. Ownership references direct the writing of entire DWG and DXF files in a generic manner, such as beginning from a few key root objects.

An object can have any number of pointer references associated with it, but it can have only one owner.

#### **Hard and Soft References**

Hard references, whether they are pointer or owner, protect an object from being purged. Soft references do not.

In AutoCAD, block definitions and complex entities are hard owners of their elements. A symbol table and dictionaries are soft owners of their elements.

Polyline entities are hard owners of their vertex and sequend entities. Insert entities are hard owners of their attrib and sequend entities.

When establishing a reference to another object, it is recommended that you think about whether the reference should protect an object from the PURGE command.

## **Arbitrary Handles**

Arbitrary handles are distinct in that they are not translated to session-persistent identifiers internally, or to entity names in AutoLISP, and so on. They are stored as handles. When handle values are translated in drawing-merge operations, arbitrary handles are ignored.

In all environments, arbitrary handles can be exchanged for entity names of the current drawing by means of the handent functions. A common usage of arbitrary handles is to refer to objects in external DXF and DWG files.

### **1005 Group Codes**

1005 xdata group codes have the same behavior and semantics as soft pointers, which means that they are translated whenever the host object is merged into a different drawing. However, 1005 items are not translated to session-persistent identifiers or internal entity names in AutoLISP and ObjectARX. They are stored as handles.

## **Subclass Markers**

When filing a stream of group data, a single object may be composed of several filer members, one for each level of inheritance where filing is done. Since derived classes and levels of inheritance can evolve separately, the data of each class filer member must be segregated from other members. This is achieved using subclass markers.

All class filer members are expected to precede their class-specific portion of instance data with a "subclass" marker—a 100 group code followed by a string with the actual name of the class. This does not affect the state needed to define the object's state, but it provides a means for the DXF file parsers to direct the group codes to the corresponding application software.

For example, an object that has data from different derived classes would be represented as follows:

```
999
FOOGRANDCHILD, defined by class AcDbSonOfSonOfFoo, which
is derived from AcDbSonOfFoo
FOOGRANDCHILD
C2
100
AcDbFoo
999
Uses 10/20/30 group codes
10
1.1
20
2.3
30
7.3
100
AcDbSonOfFoo
999
Also uses 10/20/30 group codes, for a different purpose
10
1.1
20
2.3
30
7.3
100
AcDbSonOfSonOfFoo
999
Also uses 10/20/30 group codes, for yet another purpose
10
13.2
20
23.1
30
31.2
999
Now for the Xdata
1001
APP_1
1070
```

45 1001 APP\_2 1004 18A5B3EF2C199A

## **Extension Dictionary and Persistent Reactors**

The extension dictionary is an optional sequence that stores the handle of a dictionary object that belongs to the current object, which in turn may contain entries. This facility allows attachment of arbitrary database objects to any database object. Any object or entity may have this section.

Persistent reactors are an optional sequence that stores object handles of objects registering themselves as reactors on the current object. Any object or entity may have this section.

### **Extended Data**

Extended data (xdata) is created by AutoLISP or ObjectARX applications. If an entity contains extended data, it follows the entity's normal definition data. The group codes 1000 through 1071 describe extended data. The following is an example of an entity containing extended data in DXF format.

#### Normal entity definition data:

```
INSERT
5
F11
100
AcDbEntity
8
TOP
100
AcDbBlockReference
BLOCK_A
10
0.0
20
0.0
30
0.0
```

#### Extended entity definition data:

```
1001
AME SOL
1002
{
1070
 0
1071
1.95059E+06
 519
1010
2.54717
1020
2.122642
1030
2.049201
1005
ECD
1005
EE9
1005
1040
0.0
1040
1.0
1000
MILD STEEL
```

The group code 1001 indicates the beginning of extended data. In contrast to normal entity data, with extended data the same group code can appear *multiple times*, and *order* is important.

Extended data is grouped by registered application name. Each registered application group begins with a 1001 group code, with the application name as the string value. Registered application names correspond to APPID symbol table entries.

An application can use as many APPID names as needed. APPID names are permanent, although they can be purged if they aren't currently used in the drawing. Each APPID name can have no more than one data group attached to each entity. Within an application group, the sequence of extended data groups and their meaning is defined by the application.

The extended data group codes are listed in the following table.

Entity name	Group code	Description
String	1000	Strings in extended data can be up to 255 bytes long (with the 256th byte reserved for the null character)
Application name	1001 also a string	Application names can be up to 31 bytes long (the 32nd byte is reserved for the null character)
value	<b>NOTE</b> Do not add a 1001 group into your extended data because AutoCAD assumes it is the beginning of a new application extended data group	
Control string	1002	An extended data control string can be either "{"or "}". These braces enable applications to organize their data by subdividing the data into lists. The left brace begins a list, and the right brace terminates the most recent list. Lists can be nested When AutoCAD reads the extended data for a particular application, it checks to ensure that braces are balanced
Layer name	1003	Name of the layer associated with the extended data
Binary data	1004	Binary data is organized into variable-length <i>chunks</i> . The maximum length of each chunk is 127 bytes. In ASCII DXF files, binary data is represented as a string of hexadecimal digits, two per binary byte
Database handle	1005	Handles of entities in the drawing database
		NOTE When a drawing with handles and extended data handles is imported into another drawing using INSERT, INSERT *, XREF Bind, XBIND, or partial OPEN, the extended data handles are translated in the same manner as their corresponding entity handles, thus maintaining their binding. This is also done in the EXPLODE block operation or for any other AutoCAD operation. When AUDIT detects an extended data handle that doesn't match the handle of an entity in the drawing file, it is considered an error. If AUDIT is fixing entities, it sets the handle to 0
3 reals	1010, 1020, 1030	Three real values, in the order <i>X</i> , <i>Y</i> , <i>Z</i> . They can be used as a point or vector record. AutoCAD never alters their value

Extended data group codes and descriptions		
Entity name	Group code	Description
World space position	1011, 1021, 1031	Unlike a simple 3D point, the world space coordinates are moved, scaled, rotated, and mirrored along with the parent entity to which the extended data belongs. The world space position is also stretched when the STRETCH command is applied to the parent entity and this point lies within the select window
World space dis- placement	1012, 1022, 1032	Also a 3D point that is scaled, rotated, and mirrored along with the parent (but is not moved or stretched)
World direction	1013, 1023, 1033	Also a 3D point that is rotated and mirrored along with the parent (but is not moved, scaled, or stretched)
Real	1040	A real value
Distance	1041	A real value that is scaled along with the parent entity
Scale factor	1042	Also a real value that is scaled along with the parent. The difference between a distance and a scale factor is application-defined
Integer	1070	A 16-bit integer (signed or unsigned)
Long	1071	A 32-bit signed (long) integer

## **Object Coordinate Systems (OCS)**

To save space in the drawing database (and in the DXF file), the points associated with each entity are expressed in terms of the entity's own object coordinate system (OCS). With OCS, the only additional information needed to describe the entity's position in 3D space are the 3D vector describing the *Z* axis of the OCS and the elevation value.

For a given Z axis (or extrusion) direction, there are an infinite number of coordinate systems, defined by translating the origin in 3D space and by rotating the X and Y axes around the Z axis. However, for the same Z axis direction, there is only one OCS. It has the following properties:

■ Its origin coincides with the WCS origin.

■ The orientation of the X and Y axes within the XY plane is calculated in an arbitrary but consistent manner. AutoCAD performs this calculation using the arbitrary axis algorithm (see Arbitrary Axis Algorithm on page 252).

For some entities, the OCS is equivalent to the WCS, and all points (DXF groups 10-37) are expressed in world coordinates. See the following table.

Notes
These entities do not lie in a particular plane. All points are expressed in world coordinates. Of these entities, only lines and points can be extruded. Their extrusion direction can differ from the world $Z$ axis
These entities are planar in nature. All points are expressed in object coordinates. These entities can be extruded. Their extrusion direction can differ from the world $Z$ axis
Some of a dimension's points are expressed in WCS and some in OCS
Expressed in world coordinates

Once AutoCAD has established the OCS for a given entity, the OCS works as follows: The elevation value stored with an entity indicates how far to shift the XY plane along the Z axis (from the WCS origin) to make it coincide with the plane that contains the entity. How much of this is the user-defined elevation is unimportant.

Any 2D points entered through the UCS are transformed into the corresponding 2D points in the OCS, which is shifted and rotated with respect to the UCS.

These are a few ramifications of this process:

- You cannot reliably find out what UCS was in effect when an entity was acquired.
- When you enter the XY coordinates of an entity in a given UCS and then do a SAVEAS, you probably won't recognize those XY coordinates in the DXF file. You must know the method by which AutoCAD calculates the X and Y axes in order to work with these values.
- The elevation value stored with an entity and output in DXF files is a sum of the Z-coordinate difference between the UCS XY plane and the OCS XY

plane, and the elevation value that the user specified at the time the entity was drawn.

## **Arbitrary Axis Algorithm**

The arbitrary axis algorithm is used by AutoCAD internally to implement the arbitrary but consistent generation of object coordinate systems for all entities that use object coordinates.

Given a unit-length vector to be used as the *Z* axis of a coordinate system, the arbitrary axis algorithm generates a corresponding *X* axis for the coordinate system. The *Y* axis follows by application of the right-hand rule.

The method is to examine the given Z axis (also called the *normal vector*). If it is close to the positive or negative world Z axis, cross the world Y axis with the given Z axis to arrive at the arbitrary X axis. If it is not close, cross the world Z axis with the given Z axis to arrive at the arbitrary X axis. The boundary at which the decision is made was chosen to be both inexpensive to calculate and completely portable across machines. This is achieved by having a sort of "square" polar cap, the bounds of which are 1/64, which is precisely specifiable in six decimal-fraction digits and in six binary-fraction bits.

The algorithm does the following (all vectors are assumed to be in 3D space and specified in the world coordinate system):

```
Let the given normal vector be called N.

Let the world Y axis be called Wy, which is always (0,1,0).

Let the world Z axis be called Wz, which is always (0,0,1).
```

Here we are looking for the arbitrary *X* and *Y* axes to go with the normal *N*. They will be called *Ax* and *Ay*. *N* could also be called *Az* (the arbitrary *Z* axis) as follows:

```
If (abs (Nx) < 1/64) and (abs (Ny) < 1/64) then  \text{Ax = Wy X N (where "X" is the cross-product operator).}   Otherwise,  \text{Ax = Wz X N.}   Scale Ax to unit length.
```

The method of getting the Ay vector is as follows:

```
Ay = N X Ax. Scale Ay to unit length.
```

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