



CONFIDENTIAL

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DISCUSSION MATERIALS

Project Landman

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## Situation Overview

We are pleased to share our perspectives with respect to the potential restructuring of Tullow Oil (the “Company”)

Tullow Oil Company Overview	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Tullow Oil was founded in 1958 and is headquartered in London, England. It operates as an upstream exploration &amp; production (E&amp;P) company, it finds, drills, produces crude oil and gas, then sells liftings to traders/refiners; limited mid/downstream exposure</li><li>Main Operational Drivers include the offshore Ghana asset, and the TEN fields Jubilee asset that make up most of the volumes and cash generation</li><li>Tullow Oil generates appx. 45-50 kboe/d, with an energy production blend of 85% Oil, 15% Gas. It recently sold assets in Gabon and Kenya for a total of \$427M and is extending its core production in Ghana till 2040</li></ul>
Preliminary View on Key Financial Metrics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>We believe an appropriate valuation range for Tullow Oil is between ~\$2.4 to ~\$2.8B, based on a 2025E EBITDA of \$820M</li><li>Operationally, Tullow Oil maintains an EBITDA margin of 73% (FY 24), outperforming the industry of ~46%</li><li>Maintains a strong gross margin profile of around ~47% in line with the industry average</li></ul>
Capital Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Capital structure is composed of a Revolving Credit Facility (\$150M, maturing 2025), First Lein Secured Notes (\$382, maturing 2028), Second Lein Senior Notes (\$489M, maturing 2025), Second Lein Senior Notes (\$1,276M, maturing 2026)</li><li>Revolver was paid down in 2025E, and the borrowing agreement was canceled, as the former CEO said the credit facility is no longer needed for liquidity management</li><li>Lease liabilities account for \$733M (\$581M long-term leases, \$152M short-term leases). Charged at an average interest rate of 16%, lease liabilities are forecasted to decline to zero in 2032, upon which a new lease will start</li></ul>
Covenants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>Revolver:</b> Revolver availability is the lesser between a minimum commitment of \$150 or the present value of 2P Reserves / 1.1, less net senior secured debt.</li><li><b>Secured Notes:</b> Incurrence covenants include a fixed charge ratio greater than 2.25x to incur additional debt, 2.0x 2P Reserves coverage ratio</li><li><b>Senior Notes:</b> The same covenants as the secured notes, including restricted payments on dividends and restrictions on asset sales</li></ul>

# Capital Structure Overview

Tullow Oil: has a maturity wall with 100% of debt maturing in 5 years, and cash interest making up 27% of Revenue

## Tranches of Debt In Priority

### Revolver

- Amount: \$150M Maturity: 2025 Cost: 10.00%
- First Lein: Proven Res, PP&E, Rec, Sales Cash, Hedges

### Senior Secured Note (Pari Passu with Senior Secured 2026)

- Amount: \$382M Maturity: 2028 Cost: SOFR + 15.80%
- Second Lein: Glencore Facility Proven Res, PP&E, Rec, Cash

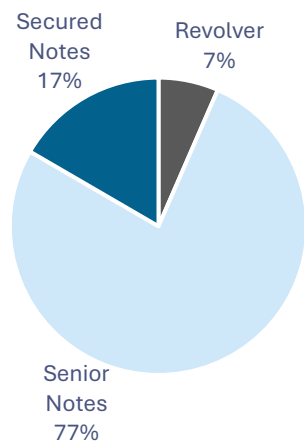
### Senior Note (Pari Passu with Senior Secured 2026)

- Amount: \$1,276M Maturity: 2026 Cost: 10.25%

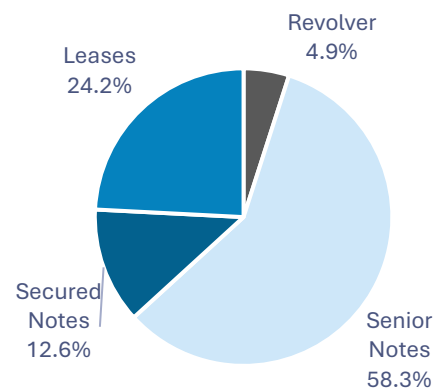
### Senior Note

- Amount: \$489M Maturity: 2025 Cost: 7.0%

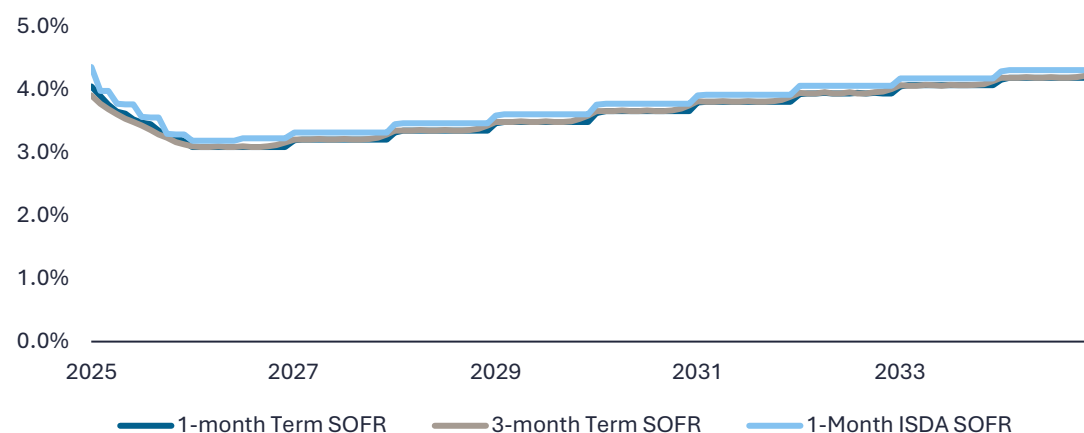
## Debt Breakdown



## Total Breakdown



## Forward SOFR Rates



## Metrics

	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E	2031E	2032E
Total debt/EBITDA	2.5x	2.2x	1.9x	1.4x	1.2x	1.0x	0.8x	0.7x
Net debt/EBITDA	2.0x	1.7x	1.2x	0.4x	-0.2x	-0.9x	-1.6x	-2.4x
Net debt/(EBITDA – Capex)	2.5x	2.1x	1.5x	0.5x	-0.3x	-1.2x	-2.2x	-3.3x
EBITDA/Total Interest	2.6x	3.1x	4.0x	5.3x	6.0x	7.2x	9.2x	21.7x
Debt Paydown (%)	33%	11%	9%	11%	14%	18%	27%	100%

## Interest Composition As of 2025E Revenue

- Revolver
- Secured Notes
- Senior Notes (2026)
- Senior Notes (2025)
- Total Lease Cash interest



# Turnaround Plan

Tullow Oil: a well-defined path for continued oil production driven by key strategic initiatives

## Financial Highlights

**~\$1,146M+**

Revenue  
(2025E)

**~\$820M+**

EBITDA  
(2025E)

**~72%**

EBITDA Margin  
(2025E)

**~3.2x**

Net Working Capital Ratio  
(2025E)

**~14.9%**

Capex, % of Revenue  
(2025E)

**~10%**

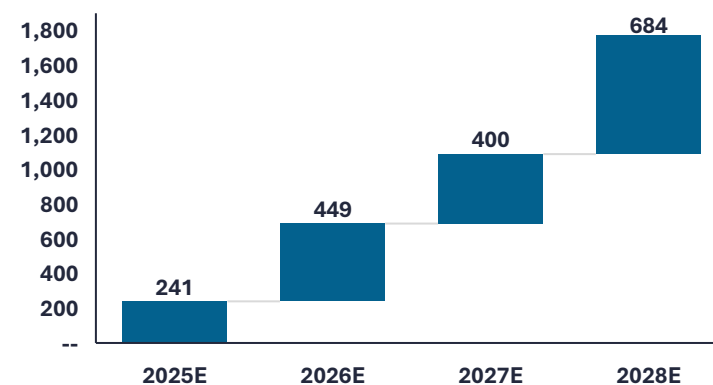
FCF Conversion<sup>1</sup>  
(2025E)

## Strong Cash Flow Potential with Deleveraging

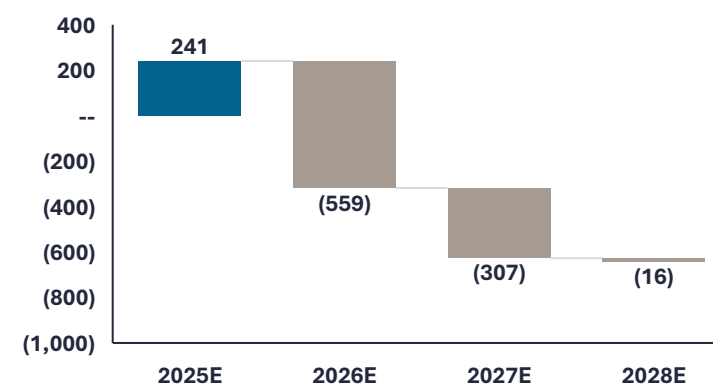
### Forecasted Cash Available for Debt Repayment (CARD)

(\$mm)

#### CARD with Refinancing



#### CARD without Refinancing



### Debt Refinance

- The company is running into a liquidity wall in 2026, with senior notes of \$1.28B maturing
- Senior notes sit below the Secured notes due in 2028. If brought to chapter 11, senior notes will have lower recoverability
- Refinancing the 2026 senior notes to 2032 give Tullow Oil strong liquidity and positioning to pay back debt
- The holders of the senior secured debt are incentivized to refinance because it gets paid more (coupon/fees), and move up in the capital structure to a secured position

### Steps to Achieve Profitability

- **Optimizing Operations:** A large portion of the debt has gone to upgrading their drilling and production locations. Tullow Oil should let the investments cash flow
- **Monetizing Ghana License:** Capitalize on the extended energy license, focusing on drilling and production
- **Renegotiate Leases:** Lease liabilities make up over 35% of interest as of 2025E
- **Asset Payments:** Tullow Oil sold its Kenya asset with three payment tranches. It's B and C tranche paying out till 2032 for \$80M. It should negotiate timely, discounted payments to conserve cash

Source: Company Information

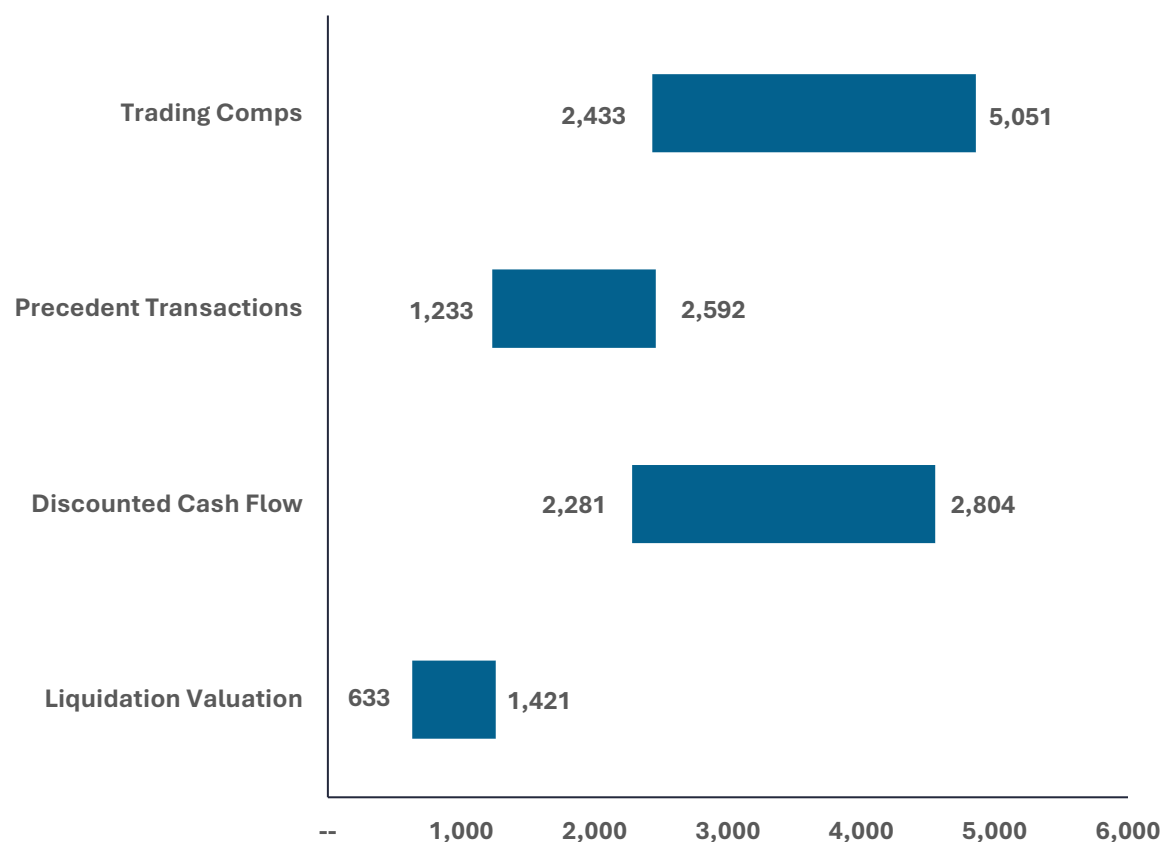
1

Free Cash Flow Conversion defined as Unlevered Free Cash Flow / TEV

# Valuation Summary

Key Valuations Price Tullow Oil at a Selected Valuation Range of 2,400 to 2,800 TEV

Football Field Valuation Summary



## Valuation Commentary

- **Trading Comps:** Peer set comprises highly levered European E&Ps with West African reserves. Applying the median 5.9x EV/EBITDA yields TEV = \$3,910m and an implied share price of \$1.10
- **Precedent Transactions:** Majority buyouts of European E&Ps over the last five years average \$368m. Using the 75th-percentile 3.9x EV/EBITDA gives TEV = \$2,592m and an implied share price of \$0.21
- **Discounted Cash Flow:** At WACC 20.78% with 0% terminal growth, TEV = \$2,529m, with value 82% from discrete FCF and 18% from terminal, implying an equity value of \$0.26/share.
- **Liquidation Valuation:** Applying 39.5%–77.5% asset recovery gives TEV = \$633–\$1,421m. TEV = 100% Net Debt, indicating no residual equity recovery
- **Other Commentary:** Equity beta of 1.46 vs peer median of 1.18 indicates higher capital structure risk

<b>Selected TEV Range</b>	<b>2,400</b>	<b>to</b>	<b>2,800</b>
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## Valuation Range:

Selected TEV range is 2,400 to 2,800, aligning with the low of Trading Comps and the high of the DCF. Range reflects the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile of highly comparable companies and a blue-sky WACC of 17.15% for the DCF

## Public Comparables

Trading Comparables for Tullow Oil include Highly Levered European E&P Businesses with West African Reserves

Company Name	Price	Multiples			Equity Beta	ETR	D/E	Asset Beta	Lev. Ratio
		EV/EBITDA	EV/Sales	P/Sales					
DNO ASA (OB:DNO)	1.37	5.5x	2.8x	1.7x	1.51	104%	116.5x	(0.44)	2.2x
Nostrum Oil & Gas PLC (LSE:NOG)	0.05	10.1x	3.7x	0.1x	(0.04)	NA	NM	NM	9.9x
OKEA ASA (OB:OKEA)	1.80	0.3x	0.2x	0.2x	1.52	83%	392.6x	0.02	1.2x
Savannah Energy PLC (AIM:SAVE)	0.09	6.7x	3.4x	0.5x	0.47	NA	153.9x	NM	5.2x
Energean PLC (LSE:ENOG)	12.66	6.2x	4.4x	2.0x	1.28	32%	543.6x	0.00	3.4x
BlueNord ASA (OB:BNOR)	45.73	4.8x	2.5x	1.4x	1.08	NA	147.8x	NM	2.1x
<b>Tullow Oil</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>2.6x</b>	<b>1.9x</b>	<b>0.2x</b>	<b>1.46</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>NM</b>	<b>NM</b>	<b>3.4x</b>
<b>Minimum</b>		<b>0.3x</b>	<b>0.2x</b>	<b>0.1x</b>	<b>-0.04</b>		<b>116.5x</b>	<b>-0.44</b>	<b>1.2x</b>
<b>25th percentile</b>		<b>3.6x</b>	<b>1.9x</b>	<b>0.2x</b>	<b>0.34</b>		<b>132.1x</b>	<b>-0.44</b>	<b>1.9x</b>
<b>Median</b>		<b>5.9x</b>	<b>3.1x</b>	<b>1.0x</b>	<b>1.18</b>		<b>153.9x</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>2.8x</b>
<b>Mean</b>		<b>5.6x</b>	<b>2.8x</b>	<b>1.0x</b>	<b>0.97</b>		<b>270.9x</b>	<b>-0.14</b>	<b>4.0x</b>
<b>75th percentile</b>		<b>7.6x</b>	<b>3.9x</b>	<b>1.8x</b>	<b>1.51</b>		<b>468.1x</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>6.4x</b>
<b>Maximum</b>		<b>10.1x</b>	<b>4.4x</b>	<b>2.0x</b>	<b>1.52</b>		<b>543.6x</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>9.9x</b>

### Relevant Financial Measures

EBITDA (2024E):  
Adjusted EBITDA 667

### Selected Multiples

Low	Med	High
3.6x	5.9x	7.6x

### Indicated Enterprise Value

Low	Med	High
2,433	3,910	5,051



## Precedent Transactions

Transactions in Oil & Gas Exploration & Production over the Past Five Years

Date	Target	Acquirer	Transaction Value		
			(\$mm)	EV/EBITDA	EV/Sales
3/31/2021	Premier Oil plc (LSE:PMO)	Harbour Energy plc (LSE:HBR)	\$286	NA	NA
6/30/2022	Siccar Point Energy Limited	Ithaca Energy (UK) Limited	\$1,623	1.9x	6.3x
6/8/2023	Hurricane Energy plc (AIM:HUR)	Prax Global Finance I PLC	\$239	1.1x	0.8x
11/5/2024	Trinity Exploration plc (AIM:TRIN)	Lease Operators Limited	\$31	1.7x	0.4x
9/15/2023	Egdon Resources plc (AIM:EDR)	Petrichor Partners LP	\$11	3.9x	2.5x
12/16/2024	Tethys Oil AB (STO:TETY)	Roc Oil Company Pty Limited (:ROC)	\$146	2.4x	1.2x
3/24/2025	Serinus Energy plc	Xtellus Capital Partners, Inc.	\$5	3.9x	0.4x
12/5/2022	Wentworth Resources plc	Etablissements Maurel & Prom S.A. (ENXTPA)	\$37	2.1x	1.3x
6/30/2023	Suncor Energy UK Limited	Equinor UK Limited	\$906	NA	NA
1/5/2024	KUFPEC Norway AS	ORLEN Upstream Norway AS	\$445	NA	NA
10/31/2024	Gran Tierra UK Limited	Gran Tierra Energy Inc. (NYSEAM:GTE)	\$323	4.4x	1.6x

Minimum	1.1x	0.4x
25th percentile	1.8x	0.7x
Median	2.3x	1.3x
Mean	2.7x	1.8x
75th percentile	3.9x	1.8x
Maximum	4.4x	6.3x

### Relevant Financial Measures

<b>EBITDA (2024E):</b>	
Adjusted EBITDA	667

### Selected Multiples

<b>Low</b>	<b>Med</b>	<b>High</b>
1.8x	2.3x	3.9x

### Indicated Enterprise Value

<b>Low</b>	<b>Med</b>	<b>High</b>
1,233	1,510	2,592



# Discounted Cash Flow

DCF using the Gordon's Growth Approach

	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E	2031E	2032E
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>704</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>583</b>
Depreciation	(616)	(559)	(540)	(662)	(604)	(559)	(489)	(456)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>127</b>
Income Taxes	(122)	(93)	(99)	(80)	(77)	(75)	(80)	(76)
<b>Net Operating Profit After Tax</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>51</b>
Depreciation (Add-back)	616	559	540	662	604	559	489	456
Capital Expenditures	(171)	(154)	(160)	(162)	(164)	(165)	(164)	(163)
Net Working Capital	(116)	81	2	13	13	14	19	19
<b>Unlevered Free Cash Flows</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>362</b>
<b>PV of Debt-Free Cash Flow @ 24.41%</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>428</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>PV of Debt-Free Cash Flow @ 20.78%</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>94</b>
<b>PV of Debt-Free Cash Flow @ 17.15%</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>117</b>

Terminal Value	Low	Med	High
<b>FY 32 Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>583</b>
1+ Terminal Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
<b>Terminal Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>580</b>
Terminal Depreciation	(456)	(456)	(456)
<b>Terminal Adjusted EBIT</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>124</b>
Income Taxes	(75)	(76)	(75)
<b>Terminal NOPAT</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>49</b>
Terminal Depreciation	456	456	456
Terminal Net Working Capital Change	19	19	19
<b>Terminal Debt-Free Cash Flow</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>362</b>
<b>Terminal Value</b>	<b>1,701</b>	<b>1,744</b>	<b>1,701</b>
<b>PV of Terminal Value</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>549</b>

Enterprise Value Calculation			
PV of Cash Flow	1,924	2,077	2,255
PV of Terminal Value	357	452	549
<b>Enterprise Value Indication</b>	<b>2,281</b>	<b>2,529</b>	<b>2,804</b>
Debt	(2,709)	(2,709)	(2,709)
Cash	555	555	555
<b>Equity Value</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>650</b>
Shares Outstanding (in mil.)	1,465	1,465	1,465
<b>Implied Share Price</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.26</b>	<b>0.44</b>

Distribution of Value			
Period Cash Flow	84%	82%	80%
Terminal	16%	18%	20%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)			
Valuation Ranges	Low	Med	High
Risk Free Rate	4.11%	4.11%	4.11%
Beta	1.38	1.38	1.38
<b>Equity Risk Premium</b>	<b>5.75%</b>	<b>5.75%</b>	<b>5.75%</b>
Size Premium	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Company Specific Premium	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%
Country Risk Premium	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
<b>Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)</b>	<b>26.84%</b>	<b>26.84%</b>	<b>26.84%</b>
Cost of Debt	6.55%	6.55%	6.55%
Total Debt	2,709	2,709	2,709
Market Value of Equity	147	147	147
Weight of Debt	90.00%	75.00%	60.00%
Weight of Equity	10.00%	25.00%	40.00%
<b>WACC</b>	<b>24.41%</b>	<b>20.78%</b>	<b>17.15%</b>

# Liquidation Valuation

## Liquidation Valuation With Asset Values and Debt Tranche Recoveries

Specific Account	2024A	Estimated Recovery			Liquidation Value			Recovery Waterfall	Low % Rec.	Med % Rec.	High % Rec.
		Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High				
Assets											
Cash & Equivalent	555	96%	98%	100%	533	544	555	Distribution to Curr. Port. of LT Debt	54%	86%	100%
Receivables – Trade receivables	138	50%	75%	90%	69	103	124	Distribution to Long-Term borrowings	54%	86%	100%
Receivables – Amounts due from JV partners	357	40%	60%	80%	143	214	286	Distribution to Current income taxes payable	0%	0%	100%
Inventory	132	40%	60%	80%	53	79	106	Distribution to Current provisions	0%	0%	100%
Other Current Assets	25	0%	25%	50%	--	6	12	Distribution to Non-current provisions	0%	0%	100%
Total Current Assets	1,207				798	947	1,083	Distribution to Payable	0%	0%	2%
								Distribution to Accrued expenses	0%	0%	2%
Property Plant & Equipment	2,324	10%	30%	50%	232	697	1,162	Distribution to Current trade – Other payables	0%	0%	2%
Other non-current assets – Amounts due from JV partners	333	40%	60%	80%	133	200	266	Distribution to Current trade – Overlifts	0%	0%	2%
Other non-current assets – VAT recoverable	8	40%	60%	90%	3	5	7	Distribution to Current derivative liabilities	0%	0%	2%
Total Assets	3,872				1,166	1,849	2,519	Distribution to Long-Term Leases	0%	0%	2%
								Distribution to Short-Term Leases	0%	0%	2%
								Distribution to Other non-current payables	0%	0%	2%
Liabilities											
Payable	76	0%	0%	2%	--	--	1				
Accrued Expenses	374	0%	0%	2%	--	--	6				
Curr. Port. of LT Debt	589	54%	86%	100%	320	507	589				
Curr. Income Taxes Payable	175	0%	0%	100%	--	--	175				
Current trade & other payables – Other payables	97	0%	0%	2%	--	--	1				
Current trade & other payables – Overlifts	38	0%	0%	2%	--	--	1				
Current provisions	24	0%	0%	100%	--	--	24				
Current derivative liabilities	12	0%	0%	2%	--	--	0				
Total Current Liabilities	1,386				320	507	798				
Long-Term borrowings	1,386	54%	86%	100%	752	1,192	1,386				
Long-Term Leases	581	0%	0%	2%	--	--	9				
Short-Term Leases	152	0%	0%	2%	--	--	2				
Non-current provisions (incl. decommissioning/ARO)	322	0%	0%	100%	--	--	322				
Other non-current payables	85	0%	0%	2%	--	--	1				
Total Liabilities	3,911				1,071	1,698	2,519				

Relevant Financial Measures	Avg. Asset Recovery Values			Indicated Enterprise Value			
EBITDA (2024E):	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High	
Adjusted EBITDA	667	39.5%	58.5%	77.5%	633	1,305	1,421

# Waterfall Analysis

Proceeds are Exhausted by the Secured Stack at Sub-par Levels, Leaving Zero Value for Equity

Proceeds Waterfall						
Account	Low	Med	High	Low % Rec.	Med % Rec.	High % Rec.
<b>Assets Available for Secured Debt</b>	<b>1,166</b>	<b>1,849</b>	<b>2,519</b>			
Less: Distribution to Curr. Port. of LT Debt	(589)	(589)	(589)	54%	86%	100%
<b>Assets Available for Secured Debt</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>1,260</b>	<b>1,929</b>			
Less: Distribution to Long-Term borrowings	(1,386)	(1,386)	(1,386)	54%	86%	100%
<b>Assets Available for Statutory Debt</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>543</b>			
Less: Distribution to Current income taxes payable	(175)	(175)	(175)	0%	0%	100%
<b>Assets Available for Statutory Debt</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>368</b>			
Less: Distribution to Current provisions	(24)	(24)	(24)	0%	0%	100%
<b>Assets Available for Statutory Debt</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>343</b>			
Less: Distribution to Non-current provisions	(322)	(322)	(322)	0%	0%	100%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>22</b>			
Less: Distribution to Payable	(76)	(76)	(76)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Accrued expenses	(374)	(374)	(374)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Current trade – Other payables	(97)	(97)	(97)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Current trade – Overlifts	(38)	(38)	(38)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Current derivative liabilities	(12)	(12)	(12)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Long-Term Leases	(581)	(581)	(581)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Short-Term Leases	(152)	(152)	(152)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Assets Available for General Unsecured</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			
Less: Distribution to Other non-current payables	(85)	(85)	(85)	0%	0%	2%
<b>Value Available for Equity Holders Equity Value</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>			

# Preliminary Recommendation for a Strategic Alternative

Tullow Oil Should Amend and Extend its Maturity for its Senior Notes

## Recommendation Details

Key Factors	Situation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Maturity wall with their most significant tranche of debt, the \$1.28B Senior notes maturing in 2026, creates a near-term liquidity wall</li> <li>✓ Without refinancing the Senior note, in 2026E, the company will run into a ~\$600mm funding gap when the Senior note matures</li> <li>✓ Failure to pay back the senior notes, creditors could pressure for a liquidity solution, such as an asset sale, moving to court-supervised bankruptcy</li> </ul>
	Strategic Alternative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Refinance the \$1.28B senior notes by extending maturity to 2032; this removes the 2026 liquidity wall and allows strong cash flow to service the full debt stack</li> <li>✓ It is in the best interest of the Senior note's holders to refinance because they are Pari Passu with the 2028 secured notes and will have a lower recoverability if they call. Also, by extending maturity, it gives the holder more coupons at a higher rate</li> </ul>
	Key Risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Debt holders may demand excessively higher returns on a distressed credit to refinance, raising the company's effective cost of capital</li> <li>✓ The debt holders could elect to call their debt and decline to refinance, and force the company to a liquidity situation</li> </ul>

