# HW2

March 4, 2020

### 1 HW2

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from plotnine import *
import statsmodels.api as sm
import statsmodels.formula.api as smf

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression # Linear Regression Model
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler #Z-score variables
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score #model evaluation

%matplotlib inline
```

[66]: gpa = pd.read\_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cmparlettpelleriti/

→CPSC392ParlettPelleriti/master/Data/gpa.csv")

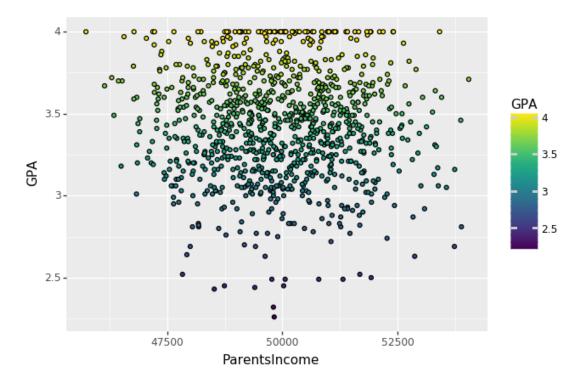
### 2 1

```
[67]: gpa.columns = ['Index', 'GPA', 'ParentsIncome', 'SATMath', 'SATReading', 

→ 'SATWriting', 'PeanutAllergy']
```

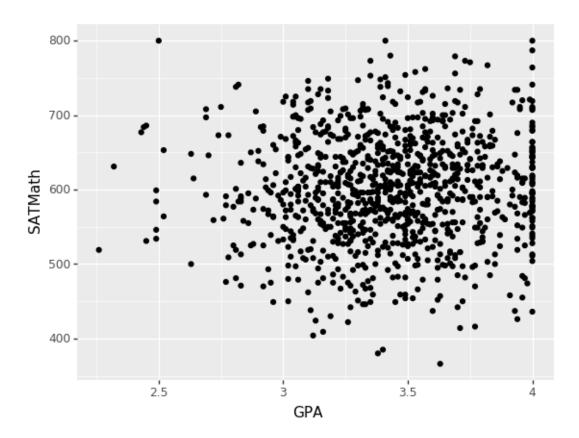
[68]: gpa.head()

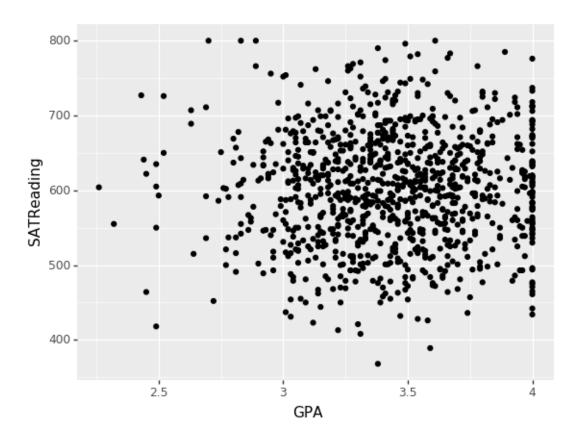
[68]:		Index	GPA	ParentsIncome	${\tt SATMath}$	SATReading	SATWriting	PeanutAllergy
	0	1	3.03	48555.69	510	527	571	0
	1	2	3.55	48779.43	623	593	639	0
	2	3	3.83	49708.23	485	592	623	0
	3	4	2.63	52874.02	648	689	738	0
	4	5	3 60	51052 65	653	476	720	0

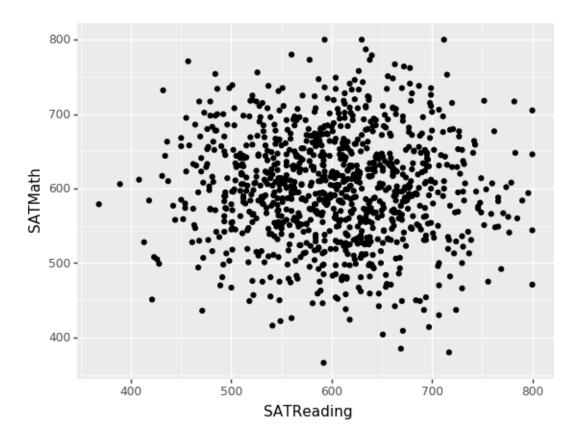


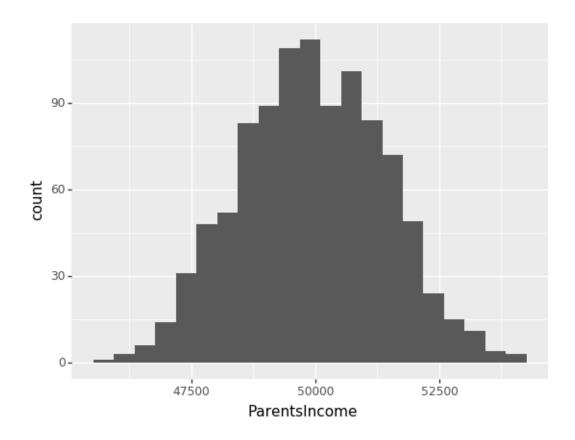
```
[69]: <ggplot: (317278481)>
```

```
[70]: (ggplot(gpa, aes('GPA', 'SATMath'))+
geom_point())
```



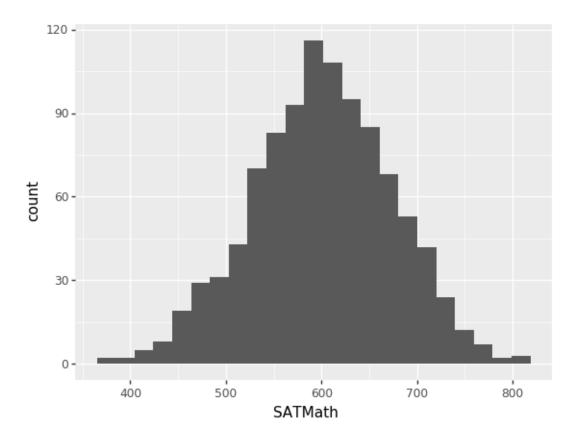




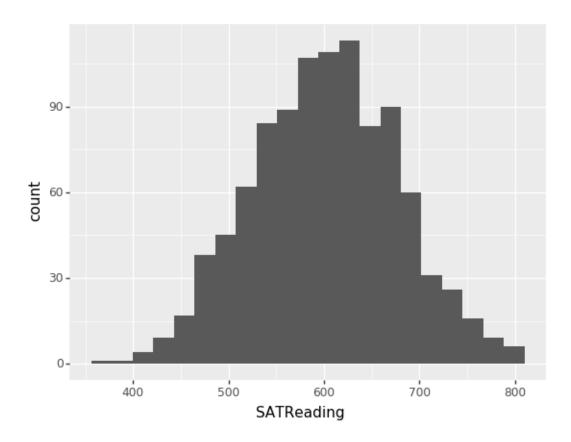


```
[71]: <ggplot: (317283793)>
```

```
[72]: (ggplot(gpa, aes('SATMath'))+
geom_histogram())
```

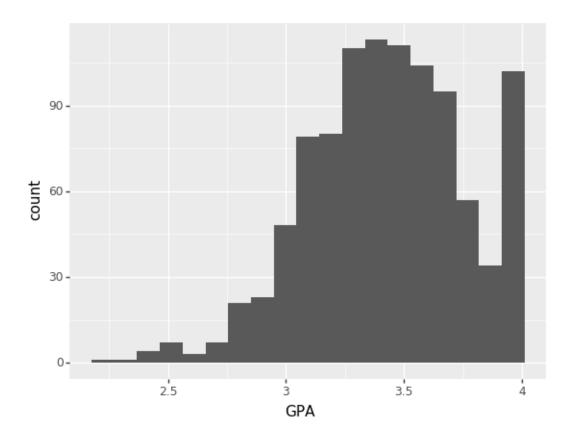


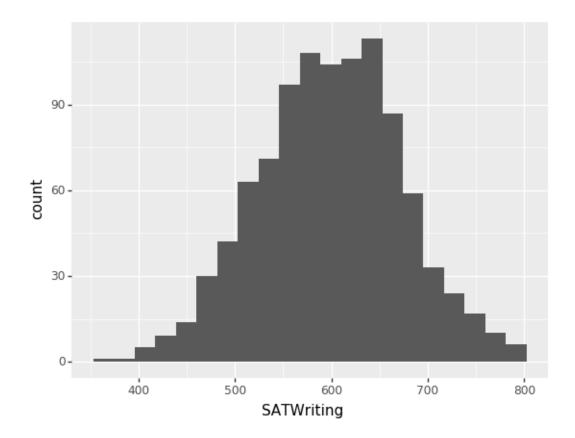
```
[72]: <ggplot: (317214701)>
```



```
[88]: <ggplot: (316513945)>
```

```
[73]: (ggplot(gpa, aes('GPA'))+ geom_histogram())
```





```
[89]: <ggplot: (317279873)>
```

## 3 2

[81]: predictors = ["SATMath", "SATReading", "SATWriting"]

[82]: X = gpa[predictors]
 Y = gpa['GPA']

[83]: zScoregpa = StandardScaler()
 zScoregpa.fit(X)
 Xz = zScoregpa.transform(X)

[84]: gpa\_mod = LinearRegression()
 gpa\_mod.fit(Xz,Y)

```
[84]: LinearRegression(copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, n_jobs=None, normalize=False)
```

```
[87]: # I decided to use "SATMath", "SATReading", and "SATWriting" as my variables because thought those would be a great
# reflection of a student's GPA. Although I know that's not always the case.
```

### 4 3

```
[85]: gpa_pred = gpa_mod.predict(Xz)
mean_squared_error(Y, gpa_pred)
```

[85]: 0.10957668599193562

```
[86]: r2_score(Y, gpa_pred)
```

[86]: 0.0028687627896210044

```
[]: # My model produced a mean-squared-error of about 0.11
# and an R^2 value of about 0.0029.

# This shows shows that my model is very biased and unable to accurately
→perdict future values
```

#### 5 4

```
[93]: Coef Name
0 0.016321 SATMath
1 0.007353 SATReading
2 -0.001782 SATWriting
3 3.431990 intercept
```

```
[]: # this shows that my three variables have little to no affect on the GPA which is surprising because
# I thought if a student had high SAT scores, a similar performance would be seen in their GPA. Obviously I was wrong

# for 1 unit increase in SATMATH, there is a 0.016 increase in GPA
# for 1 unit increase in SATReading, there is a 0.0074 increase in GPA
```

# for 1 unit increase in SATWriting, there is a -0.0017 decrease in GPA