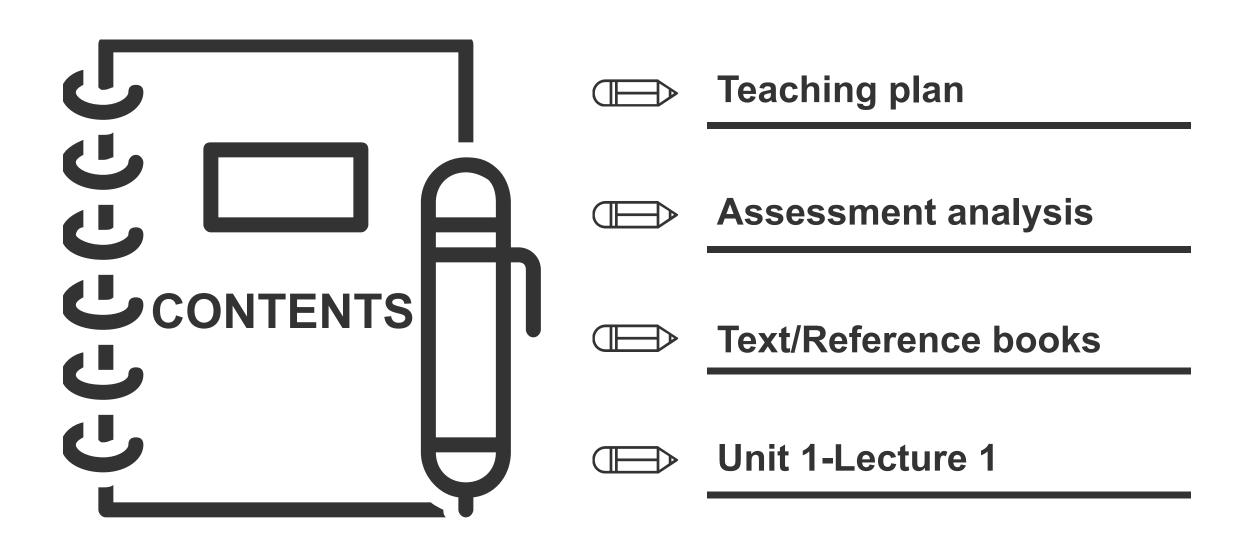
NAVI MUMBAI

MATLAB Unit 1-Lecture 1

BTech (CSBS) -Semester VII

12 July 2022, 09:35AM





Teaching plan/Assessment analysis

Teaching plan

Teaching Scheme			Evaluation Scheme		
Lecture (Hours/week)	Practical (Hours/week)	Tutorial (Hours/week)	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) As per Institute Norms (50 Marks)	Theory (3 Hrs, 100 Marks)
2	2	0	3	Marks Scaled to 50	Marks Scaled to 50

Assessment analysis

Assessment Component	ICA (100 Marks) (Marks scaled to 50)					TEE (100 marks) (Marks scaled to 50)
	Lab Performance	Lab Exam and Viva	Research activity (beyond syllabus)	Class Test 1 and Class Test 2	Class Partition	
Weightage	10%	5%	10%	20%	5%	50%
Marks	20	10	20	20+20	10	100
Date/week of activity	Weekly	10 th and 11 th week	14 th week	T1: 16-23 August, 2022 T2: 10-15 October, 2022	2 nd and 13 th Week	16 th Nov.2022 to 2 nd Dec., 2022



Text/Reference books

Text Books:

- 1) Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins, "*Digital Image Processing using MATLAB*", Pearson Education, Inc., Second Edition, 2004.
- 2) Stormy Attaway, Butterworth-Heinemann, "MATLAB: A Practical Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving", Butterworth-Heinemann is an imprint of Elsevier, Fourth Edition, 2017.

Reference Books:

1) Clever Moler, "Experiments with Matlab", MathWorks, Inc., 2011.



Unit 1-Lecture 1→Agenda

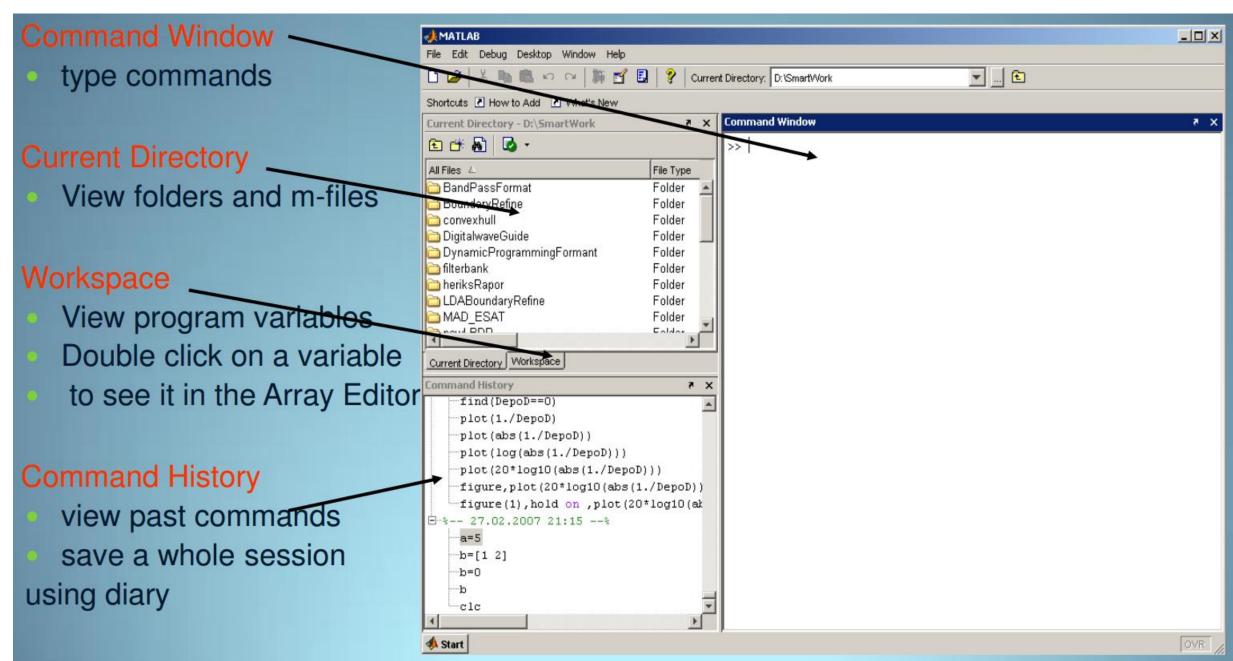
- 1) Desktop Basics
- 2) Numbers & Arithmetic Operations
- 3) Workspace Variables



1: Introduction

When you start MATLAB, the desktop appears in its default layout.

- The desktop includes these panels:
- Current Folder Access your files.
- Command Window Enter commands at the command line, indicated by the prompt (>>).
- Workspace Explore data that you create or import from files.
- **Command History** View or rerun commands that you entered at the command line.





- Figure Window -contains output from graphic commands
- Help Window -provides help information
- Editor Window -creates and debugs script and function files
- Current directory Window -shows files in current directory
- Launch Pad Window -provides access to tools, demos and documentation



>> type code

Press enter

Command executed and output displayed

semicolon (;)

output not displayed

Ellipsis(...) if a command is too long to fit in one line

Command can continue line after line up to 4096 characters.



comman commands

Matlab commands case sensitive

```
% -comment
```

clc -clear screen

† -recall previously typed commands

↓ -move down to previously typed



Arithmetic Operations With Scalars

Operation	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Example</u>
Addition	+	5+3
Subtraction	=	5-3
Multiplication	*	5*3
Right division	/	5/3
Left division	\	5\3=3/5
Exponentiation	٨	5^3=125



Order of Precedence



Exponentiation

Multiplication and division

Addition and subtraction



Display Formats

Command	Description
format short	Fixed-point with 4 decimal digits
format long	Fixed-point with 14 decimal digits
format bank	2 decimal digits
format compact	Eliminates empty lines
format loose	Adds empty lines

Week 1: Unit 1-Lecture 1



Elementary Math functions

Function	Description	
sqrt (x)	Square root	
exp (x)	Exponential (e ^x)	
abs (x)	Absolute value	
log (x)	Natural logarithm Base e logarithm	
Log10(x)	Base 10 logarithm	
factorial(x)	Factorial function x!	

Week 1: Unit 1-Lecture 1



Trigonometric/rounding Math functions

sin(x),cos(x),
tan(x),cot(x)

Rounding function

Function	Description
round(x)	Round to the nearest integer
fix(x)	Round towards zero
ceil(x)	Round towards infinity
floor(x)	Round towards minus infinity
rem(x,y)	Returns remainder after x is divided by y



Trigonometric/rounding Math functions

Elementary functions (sin, cos, sqrt, abs, exp, log10, round)

-type help elfun

Advanced functions (bessel, beta, gamma, erf)

- -type help specfun
- -type help elmat



Defining scalar variables

variable is a name made of a letter or a combination of several letters that is assigned a numerical value

```
- actually name of a memory location
-assignment operator "="
eg. >>x=15
>>x=3*x-12
```

When new variable is created matlab assigns appropriate memory space where assigned value can be stored

- When variable is used stored data is used
- If assigned new value content of memory is replaced

```
eg. >>ABB=72;
>>ABB=9;
>>ABB
ABB=
```



Rules about variable names

- Variable names are case sensitive.
- Variable names can contain up to 63 characters (as of MATLAB
 6.5 and newer).
- Variable names must start with a letter followed by letters, digits, and underscores.
- Must begin with a letter.
- Avoid using names of built-in functions for variable.