LAB Manual PART A

(PART A: TO BE REFFERED BY STUDENTS)

Experiment No. 6

A.1 Aim:

To perform System Audit.

A.2 Prerequisite:

Understanding on basics of audit system, use cases of audit system.

A.3 Outcome:

After successful completion of this experiment students will be able to Know about the tactics and techniques of system audit, tools used for system audit.

A.4 Theory:

Audit: An audit is the examination

System Audit: A system audit is an audit on a management system to validate whether or not the elements of the system are effective and properly implemented to meet the objectives or standards.

Importance of system audit: Strong audit systems can reduce or help decrease various forms of risks in businesses including the risk of material misstatement in financial reports. It also helps reduce the risk of misuse of assets, fraud and low quality management because of insufficient or lack of information on operations.

Audit Benefits:

- a) Compliance.
- b) Business Improvements / System Improvements.
- c) Credibility.
- d) Detect and Prevent Fraud.
- e) Better Planning and Budgeting.

Types of system audit:

- Internal Audit.
- External Audit.
- Third Party Audit.
- Compliance Audit.

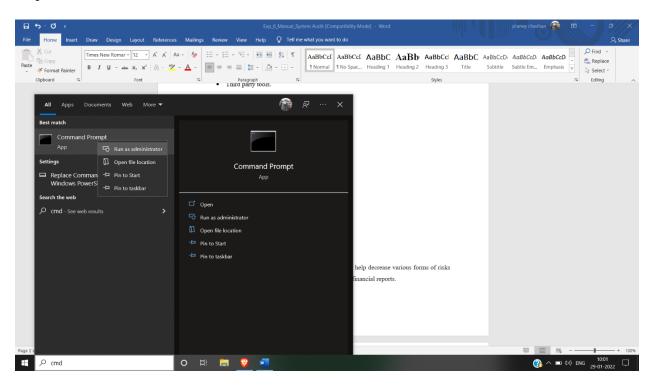
Tools used for System Audit:

- Compliance checklist.
- Inbuilt tools.
- Third party tools.

Steps of performing a system audit:

- I. Review.
- II. System Vulnerability is assessed.
- III. Threats are identified.
- IV. Internal Controls are analyzed.
- V. Final Evaluation.

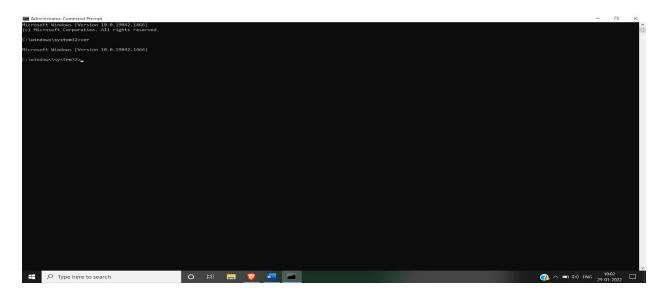
Step: 1 Run CMD as administrator



Step: 2

Check version of operating system to check updated version is used or not

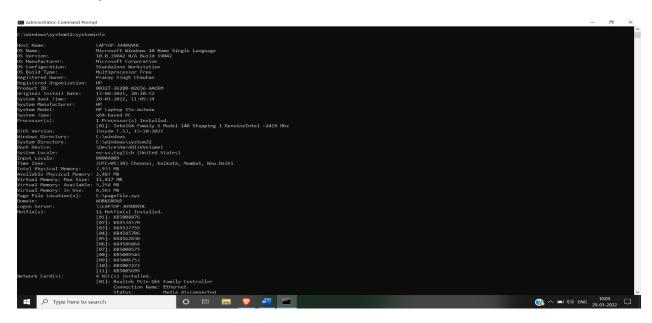
Command: ver



Step: 3: Check system information

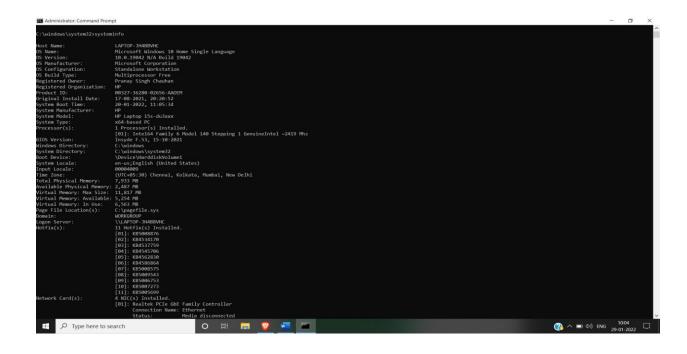
To check all the updates

Command: systeminfo



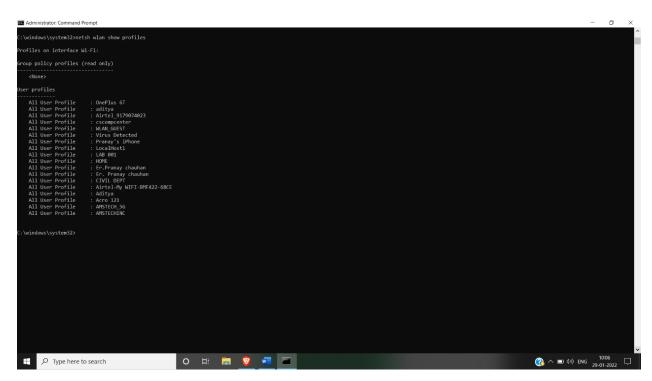
Step: 4: To check remotely open files

Command: openfiles



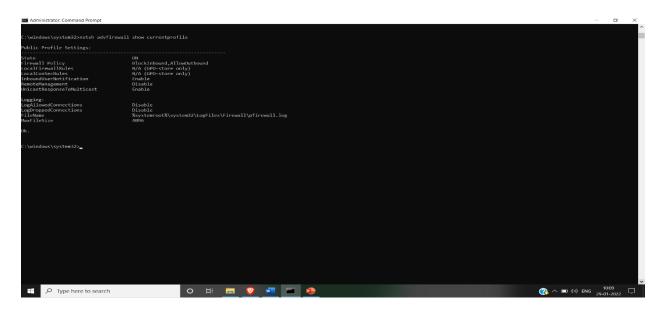
Step: 5: to Check all used wifi connections

Command: netsh wlan show profiles



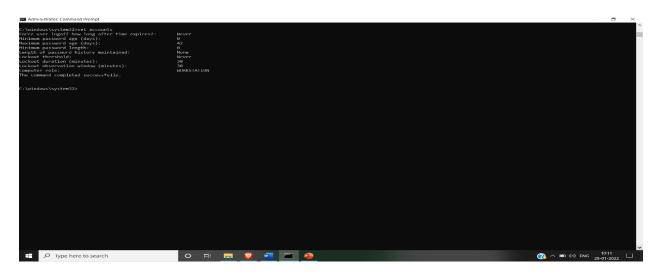
Step: 6: To check firewall enabled services in desktop

Command: netsh advfirewall show currentprofile



Step: 7: To check network account state

Command: net account



Step: 8: To check, scan and repair corrupted system file

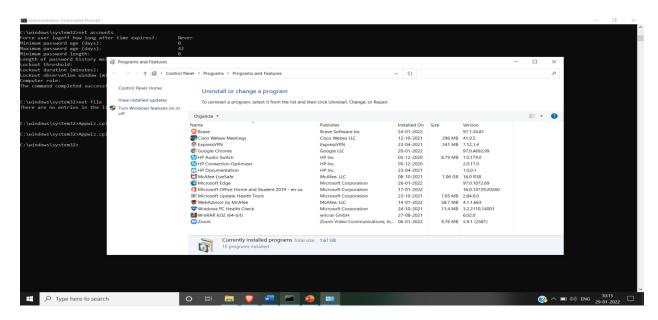
Command: sfc/scannow

Step: 9: To check network files

Command: net file

Step: 10: To check all installed softwares

Command: Appwiz.cpl



Other utilities can be used:

- query
- query termserver
- route table\
- route print
- arp –a
- services.msc (It will show all the services)

Note: Students can prepare audit checklist/ questionnaire based on above utilities.

Sample: Checklist for password policy

Password Policy

- Is there any policy for minimum password characters?
- Did any mechanism for minimum password verification.
- Is there any two-step verification process for accessing passwords?
- Did Periodic password changes are mandatory
- Are there any options for least login attempts for user-entered passwords before blocking the account?
- Are there any options for password hints?
- Are there any options for multi-factor authentication (MFA)?

Need of system Audit: Strong audit systems can reduce or help decrease various forms of risks in businesses including the risk of material misstatement in financial reports.

It also helps reduce the risk of misuse of assets, fraud and low-quality management because of insufficient or lack of information on operations.

PART B

(PART B: TO BE COMPLETED BY STUDENTS)

(Students must submit the soft copy as per following segments within two hours of the practical. The soft copy must be uploaded on the Blackboard or emailed to the concerned lab in charge faculties at the end of the practical in case the there is no Black board access available)

Roll. No. A016	Name: Varun Khadayate
Class B.Tech CsBs	Batch: 1
Date of Experiment: 11-02-2022	Date of Submission: 11-02-2022
Grade:	

B.1 Software Code written by student:

(*Paste your Java code completed during the 2 hours of practical in the lab here*) Command Prompt is being used here.

B.2 Input and Output:

(Paste your program input and output in following format, If there is error then paste the specific error in the output part. In case of error with due permission of the faculty extension can be given to submit the error free code with output in due course of time. Students will be graded accordingly.)

Input:

Perform the system audit commands

ver

C:\Windows\System32>ver
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22543.1000]

systeminfo

```
S Manufacturer:
                                         varunkhadayate0810@gmail.com
ystem Boot Time:
ystem Manufacturer:
                                         \Device\HarddiskVolume3
/irtual Memory: Max Size: 16,782 ME
/irtual Memory: Available: 6,570 MB
/irtual Memory: In Use: 10,212 ME
                                                   IP address(es)
                                                                           Media disconnected
```

openfiles

netsh wlan show profiles

netsh advfirewall show currentprofile

```
C:\Windows\System32>netsh advfirewall show currentprofile

Public Profile Settings:

State ON
Firewall Policy BlockInbound,AllowOutbound
LocalFirewalRules N/A (GPO-store only)
LocalConSecRules N/A (GPO-store only)
InboundUserNotification Enable
RemoteManagement Disable
UnicastResponseToMulticast Enable

Logging:
LogAllowedConnections Disable
LogDroppedConnections Disable
FileName %systemroot%\system32\LogFiles\Firewall\pfirewall.log
MaxFileSize 4096
```

net account

```
C:\Windows\System32>net account
The syntax of this command is:

NET

[ ACCOUNTS | COMPUTER | CONFIG | CONTINUE | FILE | GROUP | HELP |
HELPMSG | LOCALGROUP | PAUSE | SESSION | SHARE | START |
STATISTICS | STOP | TIME | USE | USER | VIEW ]
```

sfc/scannow

```
C:\Windows\System32>sfc/scannow

Beginning system scan. This process will take some time.

Beginning verification phase of system scan.

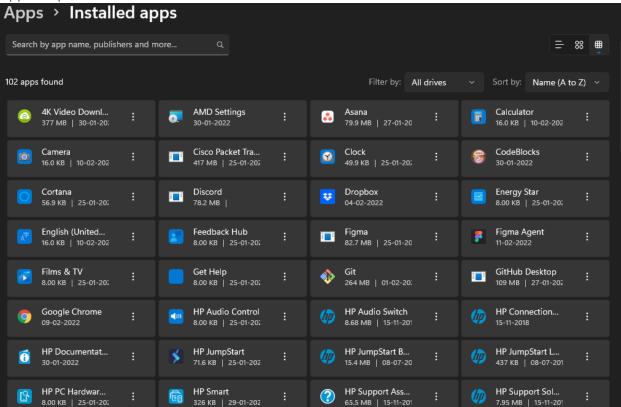
Verification 100% complete.

Windows Resource Protection did not find any integrity violations.
```

net file

C:\Windows\System32>net file There are no entries in the list.

Appwiz.cpl



query

query termserver

route table\

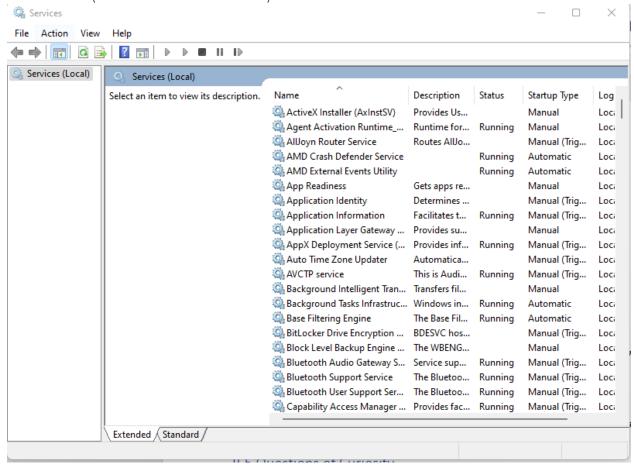
```
NOUTE [-f] [-p] [-4|-6] command [destination]
[MASK netmask] [gateway] [METRIC metric] [IF interface]
                                                                                                                                                            Clears the routing tables of all gateway entries. If this is used in conjunction with one of the commands, the tables are \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{
                                                                                                                                                            boots of the system. By default, routes are not preserved when the system is restarted. Ignored for all other commands, which always affect the appropriate persistent routes.
                                                                                                                                                            Specifies that the next parameter is the 'netmask' value. Specifies a subnet mask value for this route entry. If not specified, it defaults to 255.255.255.
    ll symbolic names used for destination are looked up in the network database ile NETWORKS. The symbolic names for gateway are looked up in the host name atabase file HOSTS.
            ttern match is only allowed in PRINT command.
```

route print

```
:\Windows\System32>route print
interface List
6...f8 b4 6a 23 e5 b0 .....Realtek PCIe GbE Family Controller
4...c0 b5 d7 30 bc c5 ......Realtek RTL8821CE 802.11ac PCIe Adapter
 8...c0 b5 d7 30 bc c6 ......Bluetooth Device (Personal Area Network)
 1.....Software Loopback Interface 1
Pv4 Route Table
Active Routes:
                                                     Interface Metric
                                     On-link
                                       On-link
                                                      127.0.0.1
                                                                   331
                                       On-link
                                                      127.0.0.1
                                                                   331
     192.168.0.0 255.255.255.0
                                       On-link
                                                                   306
                                       On-link
                                                                   306
                                       On-link
                      240.0.0.0
                                                     127.0.0.1
                                       On-link
                                                   192.168.0.106
                                                                   306
                                                   127.0.0.1
                                                                   331
                                       On-link
                                                   192.168.0.106
                                                                   306
ersistent Routes:
IPv6 Route Table
Active Routes:
If Metric Network Destination
                                 On-link
     306 fe80::/64
                                 On-link
     306 fe80::b504:ff2d:1d1f:bffc/128
     331 ff00::/8
     306 ff00::/8
                                 On-link
ersistent Routes:
```

arp -a

services.msc (It will show all the services)



Output:

Checklist for Internal System Audit

Is there any policy for minimum password characters?

No

Did any mechanism for minimum password verification.

No

Is there any two-step verification process for accessing passwords?

Yes

Did Periodic password changes are mandatory

Yes

Are there any options for least login attempts for user-entered passwords before blocking the account?

Yes

Are there any options for password hints?

No

Are there any options for multi-factor authentication (MFA)?

Yes

Is the Windows Software Updated?

Yes

Is there any integrity violation?

No

Are the active routes same as available routes?

Yes

Are there any open shared files on the network?

No

Are there any persistent routes on your server?

Yes

Did your system have disabled remote management in firewall?

No

Does your firewall have blocked inbound?

Yes

Has your system connected to any malicious WiFi that you don't know about?

Νo

Does your system show any malicious software in sfc/scannow?

No

B.3 Observations and learning:

(Students are expected to comment on the output obtained with clear observations and learning for each task/ sub part assigned)

Hence, we were able to make the system audit internally

B.4 Conclusion:

(Students must write the conclusion as per the attainment of individual outcome listed above and learning/observation noted in section B.3)

Hence, were able to perform an Internal System Audit.

B.5 Questions of Curiosity

(To be answered by student based on the practical performed and learning/observations)

Q1: Tools used for system audits

SolarWinds Network Configuration

Top pick for network security auditing. Configuration management tool with vulnerability scanning, reporting, and alerts.

Intruder

A cloud-based vulnerability scanner with the monthly scans, on-demand scanning, and the services of a pen-testing team.

ManageEngine Vulnerability Manager Plus

This package of system security checks sweeps your network and checks for security weaknesses. Runs on Windows and Windows Server.

N-able RMM

Remote monitoring and management software that includes a risk intelligence module to protect and report on PII.

Atera

A SaaS platform for managed service providers that includes remote monitoring and management systems, such as its auditor report generator.

Netwrix Auditor

Network security auditing software with configuration monitoring, automated alerts, and a Rest API.

Nessus

Free vulnerability assessment tool with over 450 configuration templates and customizable reports.

Nmap

Open-source port scanner and network mapper available as a command-line interface or as a GUI (Zenmap).

OpenVAS

Vulnerability assessment tool for Linux users with regular updates.

Acunetix

A Web application security scanner that can detect over 50,000 network vulnerabilities when integrated with OpenVAS.

Kaseya VSA

RMM software with IT asset discovery, custom dashboards, reports, and automation.

Spiceworks Inventory

Network inventory tool that automatically discovers network devices.

Network Inventory Advisor

Inventory scanning tool compatible with Windows, Mac OS, and Linux devices.

Metasploit

Penetration testing tool that allows you to hack into exploits in your network.