

**SVKM's NMIMS**  
**MUKESH PATEL SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT & ENGINEERING**

Programme: MBA Tech (ALL STREAMS)

Year: I

Semester: I

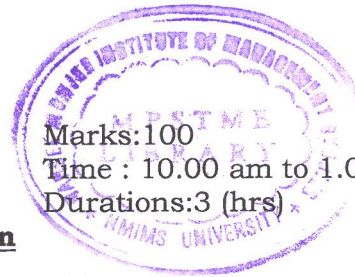
**Academic Year: 2014-15**

Batch: 2013-14

Subject : Basic Electrical Engineering

Date : 10/06/2015

**Re-Examination**



**Instruction:** Candidates should read carefully the instructions printed on the question paper and on the cover of the Answer Book, which is provided for their use.

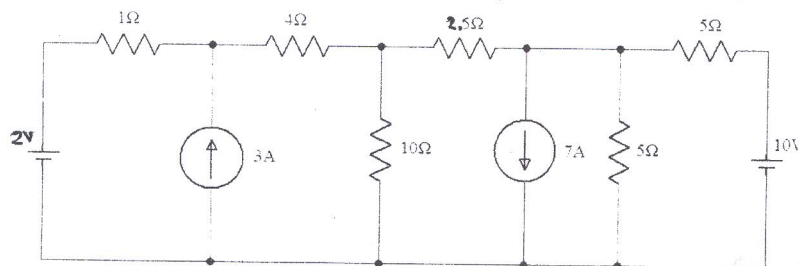
- NB:**
- 1) Question No. 01 is compulsory.
  - 2) Out of remaining questions, attempt any 04 questions.
  - 3) In all 05 questions to be attempted.
  - 4) All questions carry equal marks.
  - 5) Answer to each new question to be started on a fresh page.
  - 6) Figures in brackets on the right hand side indicate full marks.
  - 7) Assume Suitable data if necessary

**Q1) Attempt any four**

- a) State and explain Kirchhoff's voltage and current law. **05 marks**
- b) List advantages of 3-phase system over 1-phase system **05 marks**
- c) Define magnetic flux, magnetic flux density, permeability and susceptibility. **05 marks**
- d) Compare ideal and practical transformer. **05 marks**
- e) With neat figures classify different types of DC motors and give their applications. **05 marks**

**Q2)**

- a) Find the current through  $10\Omega$  resistance using source transformation. **10 marks**



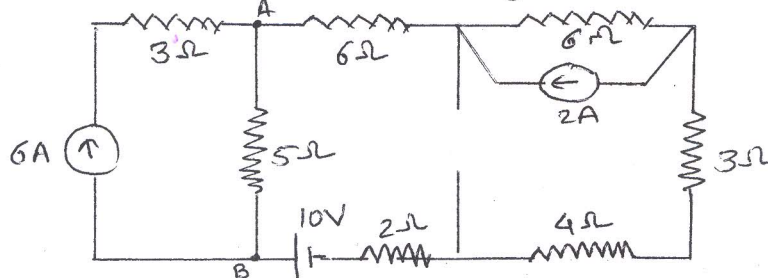
- b) RLC series circuit with resistance of  $10\Omega$ , inductance of  $0.2H$  and capacitance of  $40\mu F$  is supplied with the  $100V$  supply at variable frequency. Find resonant frequency, current at resonance, power, power factor, voltage across resistor, inductor and capacitor, quality factor and bandwidth. **05 marks**
- c) Compare series and parallel resonance circuit. **05 marks**

Q3)

- Explain the construction and working principle of a transformer and derive the emf equation of the same. **10 marks**
- Explain the construction and working principle of a DC motor and derive the emf equation of the same. **10 marks**

Q4)

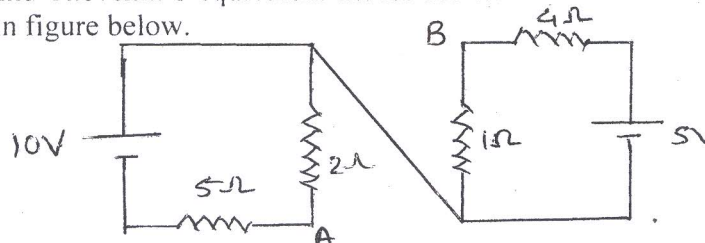
- Determine the current in 5ohm resistor using nortons theorem. **10 marks**



- Give the differences between a core type and shell type transformers. How the iron losses are minimized. **05 marks**
- An 80kVA, 3200/400 V, single phase, 50 Hz, transformer has 111 turns on the secondary winding. Calculate **05marks**
  - Number of turns on primary winding
  - Secondary full-load current
  - Cross-sectional area of the core, if the maximum flux density is 1.2 tesla.

Q5)

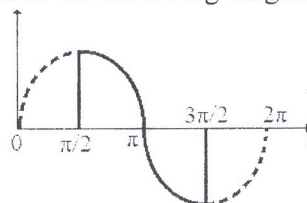
- Determine Thevenin's equivalent across the terminals AB for the circuit shown in figure below. **10 marks**



- Draw the phasor diagram of a single phase transformer with load having a leading power factor and explain. **10 marks**

Q6)

- Evaluate  $V_{avg}$  and  $V_{rms}$  of the following diagram. **05 marks**



- Draw the phasor diagram for star connected 3 phase supply with capacitive load. **05 marks**
- Explain the construction and working of a 3 phase induction motor and explain how rotating magnetic field is set up. **10 marks**

**Q7)**

- a) State faraday's law of electromagnetic induction and explain in brief self and mutual inductance. **07 marks**
- b) State and derive the condition for maximum power transfer. **07 marks**
- c) AC voltage of  $(50+j20)$  V is applied to the RL Circuit the current is  $(2-j3)$  **06 marks**  
A. Evaluate impedance, power consumed, and phase of the circuit and power factor.

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