

**SVKM's NMIMS**  
**MUKESH PATEL SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT & ENGINEERING**

Programme: B. Tech (COMPUTER)

Year: III

Semester: V

Batch: 2014-15/ 2015-16

**Academic Year: 2017-2018**

Subject: Theoretical Computer Science

Date: 04 December 2017

Marks: 60

Time: 2.00 pm to 5.00 pm

Durations: 3 (hrs)

No. of Pages: 02

**Re-Examination**



**Instructions:** Candidates should read carefully the instructions printed on the question paper and on the cover of the Answer Book, which is provided for their use.

- 1) Question No. 01 is compulsory.
- 2) Out of remaining questions, attempt any 04 questions.
- 3) In all 05 questions to be attempted.
- 4) All questions carry equal marks.
- 5) Answer to each new question to be started on a fresh page.
- 6) Figures in brackets on the right hand side indicate full marks.
- 7) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

- Q.1.** Solve any three.
- a. Design Mealy & Moore machine to calculate one's complement of the given binary number. [04]
  - b. Design PDA for accepting language  $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n > 0\}$ . [04]
  - c. Convert the Context Free Grammar (CFG)  $G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, P, S)$  in to equivalent Chomsky Normal form (CNF), whose production rules are  $\{S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow BSB \mid bB \mid b, B \rightarrow aS \mid aB \mid b\}$ . [04]
  - d. Differentiate between [04]
    - i. Pushdown Automata and Turing Machine.
    - ii. Finite Automata and Pushdown Automata
  - e. Explain Chomsky Hierarchy of Languages. [04]
- Q.2.**
- a. Convert the following regular expression in to equivalent English Statements [04]
    - i.  $(10+111)0^*1$ .
    - ii.  $(a+b)^*baa(b+a)^*$ .
    - iii.  $01(0+1)^*$ .
    - iv.  $a^*(a^*+b^*)^*$ .
  - b. Construct NFA with  $\epsilon$  & DFA for the regular expression " $ab(a+b)^*+aab$ ". [08]
- Q.3.**
- a. Show that  $L = \{x^n y^n z^n \mid n > 0\}$  is not a regular language. [06]
  - b. Give Mealy Machine to convert every sequence of "1000" in to "1001" over an alphabet  $\{0+1\}^*$ . [06]

- Q.4. a. Let  $G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, P, S)$  be a context free grammar with production rules,  
 $P = \{S \rightarrow AB \mid \epsilon, A \rightarrow aB, B \rightarrow Sb\}$  Find [06]  
 i. Leftmost derivation ii. Rightmost derivation & Derivation Tree for the string "aabbabb".
- b. Give Push Down Automata for accepting the strings of the language [06]  
 $L = \{\#w\#w^R\# \mid w \in \{0+1\}^*, w^R \text{ is the reverse of } w \text{ and } \# \text{ is any terminal symbol}\}.$
- Q.5. a. Give Post machine for the Language  $L = \{a^n b^n c^n d^n \mid n > 0\}$ . [06]
- b. Give Turing machine for the language  $L = \{wcw \mid w \in \{0+1\}^* \text{ and } c \text{ is any input symbol}\}$ . [06]
- Q.6. Give Turing machine for the following. (Any two)
- a. To evaluate the function  $F(x, y)$  such that [06]  
 $F(x, y) = x - y$ , if  $x > y$   
 $= 0$ , otherwise  
 Where  $x, y$  are any two unary numbers.
- b. To evaluate the multiplication of two unary numbers. [06]
- c. To accept the language containing equal number of 0's and 1's over an alphabet  $\{0+1\}^*$ . Also give proliferation for the input "0010011011". [06]
- Q.7. Explain (any four)
- a. Halting problem of Turing Machine. [03]
- b. Post Correspondence Problem. [03]
- c. Difference between Mealy and Moore Machine. [03]
- d. Application of Finite automata in compiler construction. [03]
- e. Ambiguity in Grammar. [03]
- f. Un-decidability problem. [03]
- g. Closure properties of Context Free Languages. [03]