Problem Set 3: Differential Calculus CSSS 505 & SOC 512

Due: January 27, 2021

- 1. Plot the function f(x) = 3x + 2.
 - (a) By eye, what is the derivate of this function at x=4?
 - (b) Compute the derivative using the appropriate formula.

Compute the derivative:

2.
$$f(x) = x^5$$

3.
$$f(x) = 10x - 30$$

4.
$$f(x) = 2x^4 + x^2$$

$$5. \ f(x) = tan(x)$$

6.
$$f(x) = e^{\sin(x)}$$

7.
$$f(x) = xe^x + log(sin(x))$$

We can also have a function of a different variable. This is just changing the variable name and you will see this a lot in your statistics methods classes.

- 8. Compute the derivative of $g(\theta) = \theta^2 \theta^4$
- 9. Find the global minimum of $f(z) = z^2 6z + 8$
- 10. In the following function, treat x as a constant, and differentiate with respect to μ : $h(\mu) = x\mu^2$
- 11. In the following function of μ , treat $X_1, X_2,, X_n$ as constants. Maximize the function over μ . In other words, find the value of μ , expressed in terms of $X_1, X_2,, X_n$, at which the function reaches its global maximum: $L(\mu) = log(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\sum_{i=1}^{n}(X_i-\mu)^2})$