

### Assignment 3

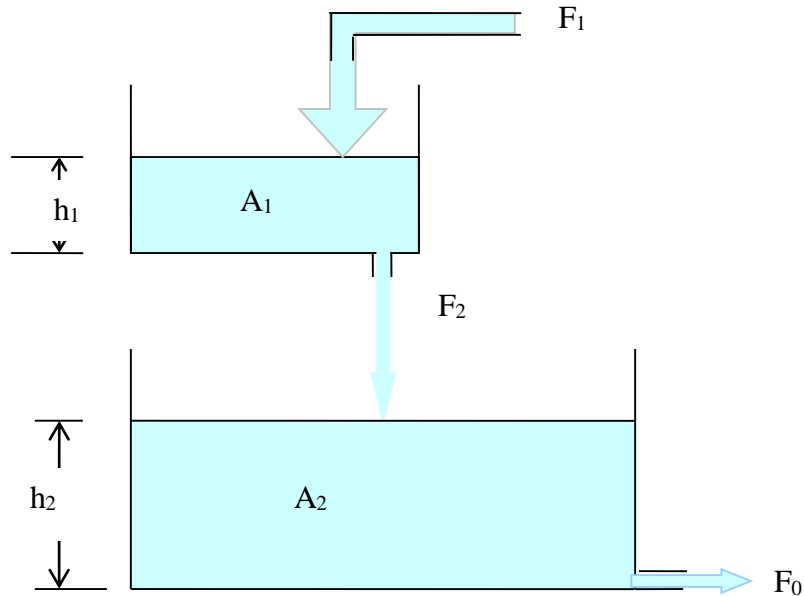
1. The “coupled tank” problem is described as a set of two differential equations as follows:

$$A_1 \cdot (dh_1/dt) = F_1 - F_2$$

$$A_2 \cdot (dh_2/dt) = F_2 - F_0$$

Where;  $A$  is the area of the tank,  $h$  is the height of the fluid, and  $F$  is the rate of flow.

- a. Write a simulation program to solve the following
- b. Describe how you would run the simulation for a case such as :  $A_1 = 1.0$ ,  $A_2 = 2.0$ ,  $F_0 = 0.02$ ,  $F_1 = 0.01$ ,  $F_2 = 0.01$  , and varying initial values for  $(h_{10}, h_{20})$  such as:  $(0,0)$ ,  $(2,0)$ ,  $(0,1.5)$ ,  $(1,0)$ ,  $(0,1)$ .
- c. Analyze your results and discuss them?

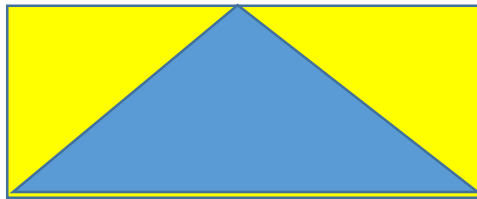


2. Show the pseudo-code for computing random variates that follow the triangle distribution (with probability density function  $f(x)$  defined below) using the inverse distribution function method. Assume there is a function  $\text{rand}()$  that returns random numbers that are uniformly distributed between 0 and 1.

Show all work in deriving your solution.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x < 1 \\ f(x) &= 2-x \quad \text{for } 1 \leq x < 2 \\ f(x) &= 0 \quad \text{otherwise} \end{aligned}$$

Report and explain some sample results.



3. In an interview, a human resource (HR) specialist asks candidates 20 questions with 5 possible multiple choice answers to each question. What is the probability of the following candidates for success given the following assumptions:

- HR has the last answer always correct, candidates select answers at random.
- HR's solution is in a random location and student selects an answer at random.

Note: assume the interview has only 3 questions, trace some (approx. 10) random candidates for each scenario but run a larger sample on the computer and do not respond philosophically without support.

4. A software process is represented as a network with some process time between nodes having Uniform distribution (U) and others with Deterministic values.
- Analyze the performance of the system,
  - After adequate samples, show how you quantify the criticality of each path.
  - Briefly explain your redesign perspective of such a system.

- (1, 2): U (4,6)
- (1, 5): 6
- (2, 3): 6
- (2, 4): U (6,8)

- (3, 4): U (4,8)
- (4, 7): 4
- (5, 3): 8
- (5, 4): 11
- (5, 6): U (8,10)
- (6, 7): U (9, 10)

