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## PH108: Electricity & Magnetism Weekly Quiz 1 - Use of Plane Polar Co-ordinates

24 January, 2018

Instructions: Read these before beginning!

- 1) Fill out the details carefully & correctly, else the quiz will NOT fetch you marks or attendance.
- 2) You have 5 min to fill all the answer(s) at the specified location(s), for a total of 1 mark.
- 3) There will be NO partial marking. Only answer(s) at specified location(s) will be considered.
- 4) Any sort of malpractice will be strongly penalised!

All the Best!

Use the backside for rough work.

## Question

Let  $I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx$ . The goal is to find I. (Don't worry, we are here to help.)

Notice that it is a definite integral, making I independent of x.

(x is a dummy variable and can be replaced  $\rightarrow$  integration variable)

Consider  $I^2 = I * I$ . We can write the first I with x and second I with y as integration variable.

Observe something familiar about the double integral, emerging out of the product...

(Use: x and y are INDEPENDENT, use standard r and  $\theta$ )

Carefully, write out  $I^2$  with correct limits in polar co-ordinates:

$$\int \int dr \, r \, d\theta \qquad \qquad \left[\frac{1}{2} \, \mathbf{mark}\right]$$

Integrate the expression, and find the value of I (careful here).

Hint: You may want to substitute for r

$$\mathbf{I} = [rac{1}{2} \ \mathbf{mark}]$$



P.S.: For more information, read about 'Error Function'.