

## MA 108 - Spring 2018

### Tutorial Sheet 4

1. Given one solution  $y_1$  of homogeneous part, find a particular solution of the ODE by putting  $y = vy_1$  into the ODE and solving for  $v$ .

(a)  $y'' + 4xy' + (4x^2 + 2)y = 8e^{x(x+2)}$ ;  $y_1 = e^{-x^2}$ .

(b)  $4x^2y'' - 4x(x+1)y' + (2x+3)y = 4x^{5/2}e^{2x}$ ,  $y_1 = x^{1/2}$ .

(c)  $xy'' - y' + 4x^3y = 0$ ,  $x > 0$ ;  $y_1(x) = \sin x^2$ .

2. Find the general solution of the ODE and then solve the IVP. Here  $y_1$  is a solution of homogeneous part.

(a)  $x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = 4x^4$ ,  $y(-1) = 7$ ,  $y'(-1) = 8$ ;  $y_1 = x^2$ .

(b)  $(3x-1)y'' - (3x+2)y' - (6x-8)y = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = 3$ ;  $y_1 = e^{2x}$ .

3. Find a general solution to the following ODE and IVP where mentioned.

(a)  $y''' - y = 0$ .

(b)  $y^{(4)} + 64y = 0$ .

(c)  $y^{(5)} + y^{(4)} + y''' + y'' + y' + y = 0$ .

(d)  $y^{(4)} + 2y'' + y = 0$ .

(e)  $y''' - 2y'' + 4y' - 8y = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = -2$ ,  $y''(0) = 0$

(f)  $y''' - 6y'' + 12y' - 8y = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = -1$ ,  $y''(0) = -4$

(g)  $y^{(4)} + 2y''' - 2y'' - 8y' - 8y = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 5$ ,  $y'(0) = -2$ ,  $y''(0) = 6$ ,  $y'''(0) = 8$ .

4. Find the fundamental set of solutions for the following equations.

(a)  $(D^2 + 9)^3 D^2 y = 0$ .

(b)  $D^3(D-2)^2(D^2+4)^2 y = 0$ .

(c)  $[(D-1)^4 - 16]y = 0$

5. Using the annihilator method, find the general solution (i.e.  $y = y_p + c_1y_1 + c_2y_2$ , where  $y_p$  is a particular solution of ODE and  $y_1, y_2$  is a basis of solutions of homogeneous part).

(a)  $y'' - 2y' - 3y = e^x(-8 + 3x)$ .

(b)  $y'' + 5y' + 6 = \cos x + \sin x$ .

(c)  $y''' - y'' - y' + y = 2e^{-x} + 3$

6. Find the form of the particular solution (without explicitly finding the particular solution) of ODE's.

(a)  $y'' + y = e^{-x}(2 - 4x + 2x^2) + e^{3x}(8 - 12x - 10x^2)$ .

- (b)  $y'' + 6y' + 13y = e^{-2x}[(4 + 20x) \cos 3x + (26 - 32x) \sin 3x]$ .
- (c)  $y'' + 2y' + y = 8x^2 \cos x - 4x \sin x$ .
- (d)  $y^{(4)} - 4y'' = 3x + \cos x$ .
- (e)  $y''' - y'' - y' + y = e^x(7 + 6x)$ .
- (f)  $4y^{(4)} - 11y'' - 9y' - 2y = -e^x(1 - 6x)$ .
- (g)  $y''' + 3y'' + 4y' + 12y = 8 \cos 2x - 16 \sin 2x$ .
- (h)  $y^{(4)} + 3y''' + 2y'' - 2y' - 4y = -e^{-x}(\cos x - \sin x)$

7. Consider the ODE  $Ly = f$ . Find the annihilator  $A$  for  $f$ . Then write down a basis for the solutions of the equation  $ALy = 0$ .

- (a)  $y''' - 2y'' + y' = x^3 + 2e^x$
- (b)  $y^{(4)} - y''' + y'' + y' = x^2 + 4 + x \sin x$ .
- (c)  $y^{(4)} + 4y'' = \sin 2x + xe^x + 4$ .
- (d)  $y''' - 2y'' + y' - 2y = -e^x[(9 - 5x + 4x^2) \cos 2x - (6 - 5x - 3x^2) \sin 2x]$
- (e)  $y^{(4)} - 7y''' + 18y'' - 20y' + 8y = e^{2x}(3 - 8x - 5x^2)$ .
- (f)  $y^{(4)} + 5y''' + 9y'' + 7y' + 2y = e^{-x}(30 + 24x) - e^{-2x}$ .