### **EIGEN-6**

# A new combined global gravity field model including GOCE data from the collaboration of GFZ-Potsdam and GRGS-Toulouse

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#### Data used for EIGEN-6C/S

#### LAGEOS-1/2 SLR dat

#### **GRACE GPS-SST and K-band range-rate data:**

- January 2003 ... June 2009 (6.5 years)
- within the GRGS RL02 GRACE processing
- normal equations including 5 time variable parameters for each spher, harm, coeff, up to d/o 50:

G(t)=
$$G(t_0)$$
+ $DOT^*(t-t0)$ + $C1A^*cos(\omega a^*(t-t0))$ + $S1A^*sin(\omega a^*(t-t0))$ + $C2A^*cos(\omega sa^*(t-t0))$ + $S2A^*sin(\omega sa^*(t-t0))$ 
with t=2005 0 = reference epoch

with  $t_0$ =2005.0 = reference epoch

where: DOT drift

C1A, S1A = annual terms

C2A, S2A = semi-annual terms

#### GOCE:

- GOCE SGG data: Txx, Tyy and Tzz
- processed by the direct approach (GFZ/GRGS within GOCE-HPF)
- individual normal equations for each SGG component
- application of a (100 8) sec band pass filter for all three SGG components
  - The SGG signal is filtered-out below degree ~ 50

#### Terrestrial data:

DTU10 global gravity anomaly grid (Andersen, Knudsen and Berry 2010 & Anderson 2010)

This is obtained from altimetry over the oceans and EGM2008 over land

The combination of the different satellite and surface parts has been done done by a band-limited combination of normal equations, which are obtained from observation equations for the spherical harmonic coefficients.





# The satellite-only model EIGEN-6S





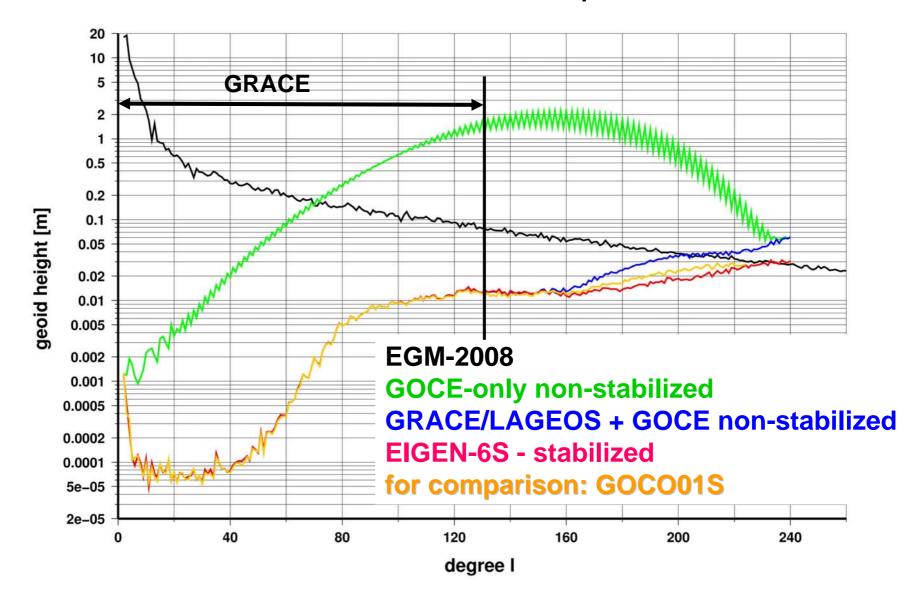
## Combination scheme of EIGEN-6S (satellite-only)

Application of external gravity field information over the polar gaps For EIGEN-6S: GRACE/LAGEOS to d/o 130 + zero coefficients to d/o 240 Algorithm: **Spherical cap regularization** (Metzler & Pail 2005)

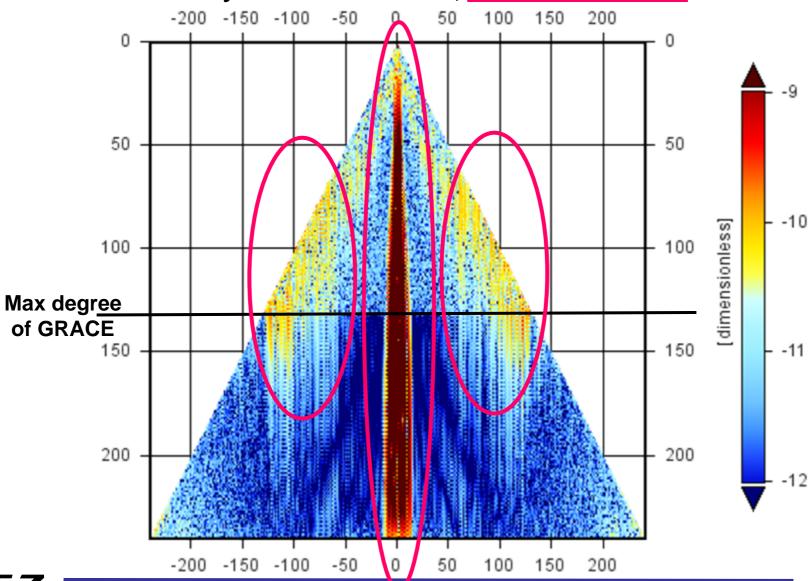




EIGEN-6S: GOCE Polar Gap stabilization for GRACE + GOCE The effect of the stabilization in the spectral domain



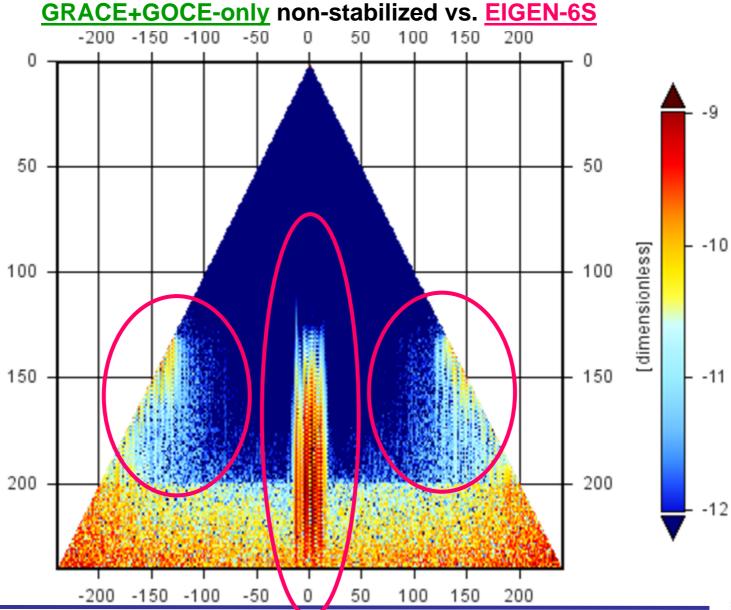
## The effect of the stabilization of GRACE on GOCE: GOCE-only vs. GRACE+GOCE, both non-stabilized







### The effect of the stabilization on the spherical hermonic coefficients:

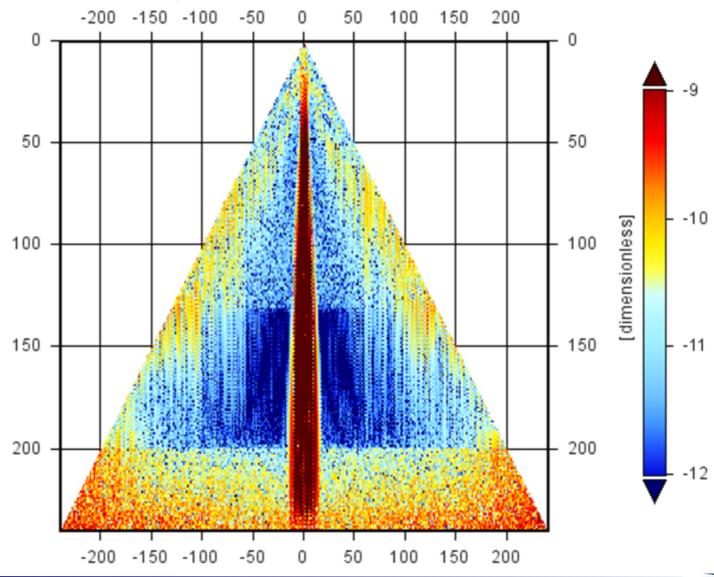






### The effect of the stabilization on the spherical hermonic coefficients:

### **GOCE-only** non-stabilized vs. **EIGEN-6S**







# The combined model EIGEN-6C





#### Combination scheme of EIGEN-6C

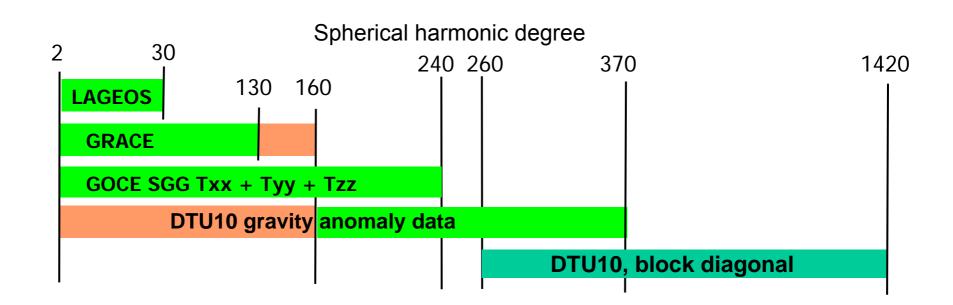
Accumulation of a **full normal matrix** up to d/o 370:

~200.000 parameters, ~ 250 GByte

contribution to the solution:

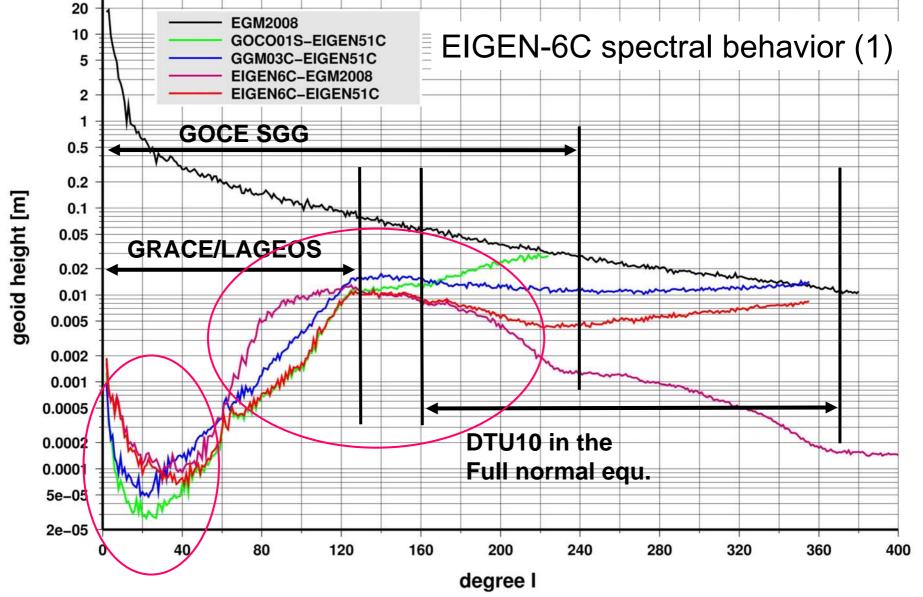
kept separately:

Separate block diagonal solution:





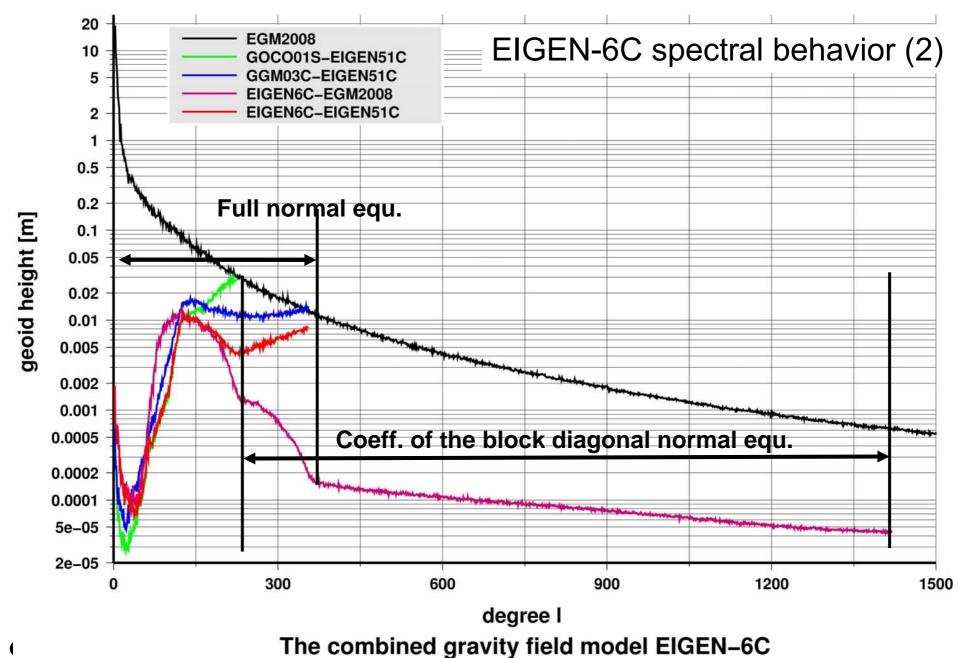




The combined gravity field model EIGEN-6C









## **Evaluation Results**

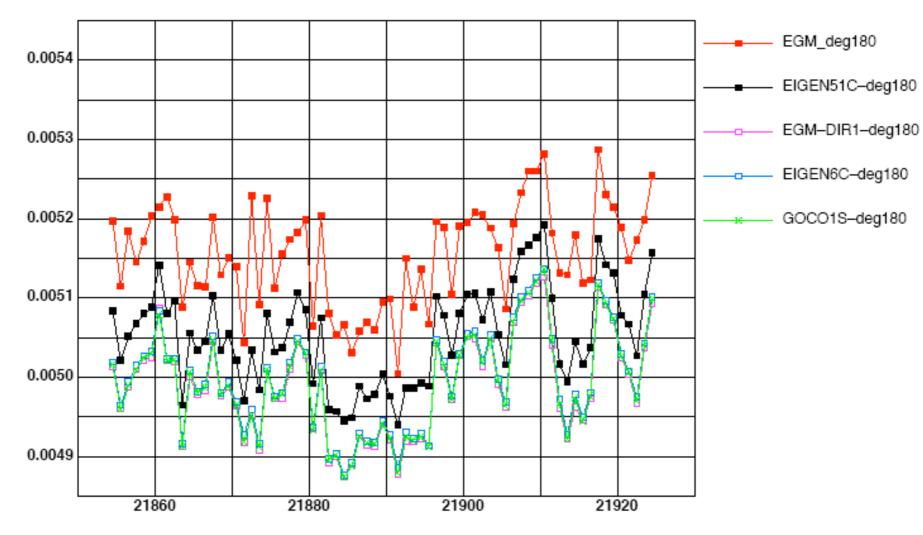




## Evaluation by computation of residuals

RMS of filtered SGG residuals: GOCE measurements (cycle 1) - model

#### **GOCE models - Improvement with GOCE compared to GRACE**



Days since 1/1950

## **GOCE** Orbit adjustment tests

- Observations: GO CONS SST PKI 21 (kinematic GOCE orbit positions)
- Dybamic orbit computation
- 60 arcs (01.11. 31.12.2009), Arclength = 1.25 days
- · Parametrization:
  - Accelerometer biases: 2/rev for cross track / radial / along track
- Accelerometer scaling factor: along track fixed (set to 1.0), 1/arc for cross track / radial

Rms values [cm] of the orbit fit residuals (mean values from the 60 arcs)

### 1) Orbit computation with different spher. harm. max. degree

Gravity field model / max. d/o	120x120	150x150	180x180
EGM2008	4.0 —	2.9	2.8
GGM03C	3.6	2.4 —	<b>2.3</b>
EIGEN-5C	3.4 —	2.3	→ 2.2
EIGEN-51C	3.2 —	2.0	1.8
ITG-GRACE2010S	3.3	1.8	1.7
GO_CONS_GCF_2_DIR	3.9	2.6	2.4
GOCO01S	3.3	1.8	1.6
EIGEN-6S (epoch 01.12.2009)	3.2	1.6	1.5
EIGEN-6C (epoch 01.12.2009)	3.2	1.6	1.5

The best orbit fits for max deg. 180 for all models





## **GOCE** Orbit adjustment tests

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- · Parametrization:
- Accelerometer biases: 2/rev for cross track / radial / along track
- Accelerometer scaling factor: along track fixed (set to 1.0), 1/arc for cross track / radial

Rms values [cm] of the orbit fit residuals (mean values from the 60 arcs)

#### 2) Obit fits without and with GOCE-containing models

Gravity field model / max. d/o	180x180
EGM2008	2.8
GGM03C	2.3
EIGEN-5C	2.2
EIGEN-51C	1.8
ITG-GRACE2010S	1.7
GOCE TIM-2	4.2
GOCE DIR-2	2.4
GOCO01S	1.6
EIGEN-6S (epoch 01.12.2009)	1.5
EIGEN-6C (epoch 01.12.2009)	1.5

**GRACE** 

**GOCE-only** 

**GOCE+GRACE** 

GOCE-only models are not better than most of the GRACE models GOCE-GRACE models give better results than GRACE models





#### **GPS/Levelling test with EIGEN-6C**

## Comparison with geoid heights determined point-wise by GPS positioning and levelling:

 Root mean square (cm) about mean of GPS-Levelling minus model-derived geoid heights (number of points in brackets).

#### Maximum d/o 360 ®

Maximum d/O 300							
	GGM03C	EIGEN- GL04C	EIGEN- 5C	EIGEN- 51C	EIGEN-6C	<b>EGM2008</b> (till d/o 360)	
<b>Europe</b> (1234)	33.3	33.6	30.2	28.8	27.5	26.9	
Germany (675)	18.8	17.8	15.2	14.8	15.4	14.2	
<b>Canada</b> (1930)	27.8	25.3	25.1	24.4	22.9	22.9	
<b>USA</b> (6169)	34.5	33.9	33.9	33.3	31.6	31.8	
Australia (201)	25.8	24.4	24.3	23.3	23.6	23.6	

#### Used GPS/Leveling data sets:

- USA: (Milbert, 1998)
- Canada: (M. Véronneau, personal communication 2003, Natural Resources Canada)
- Europe/Germany: (Ihde et al., 2002)
- **Australia:** (G. Johnston, Geoscience Australia and W. Featherstone, Curtin University of Technology, personal communication 2007)

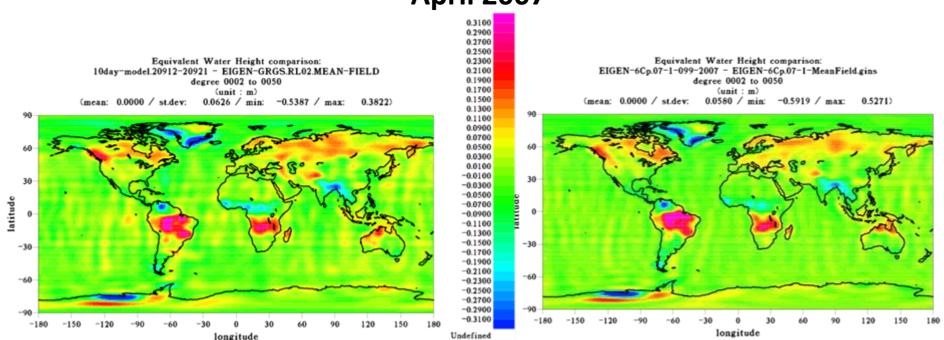




10-day model at

Mean model EIGEN-6C interpolated to

**April 2007** 



#### **Geoidheight differences**

between the time variable gravity field at the epoch and the corresponding mean field expressed in equivalent water heights (meter)

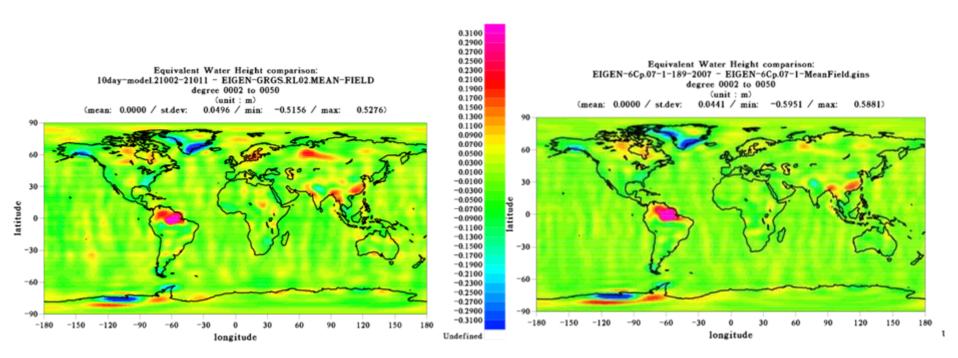




10-day model at

Mean model EIGEN-6C interpolated to

## **July 2007**



#### **Geoidheight differences**

between the time variable gravity field at the epoch and the corresponding mean field expressed in equivalent water heights (meter)

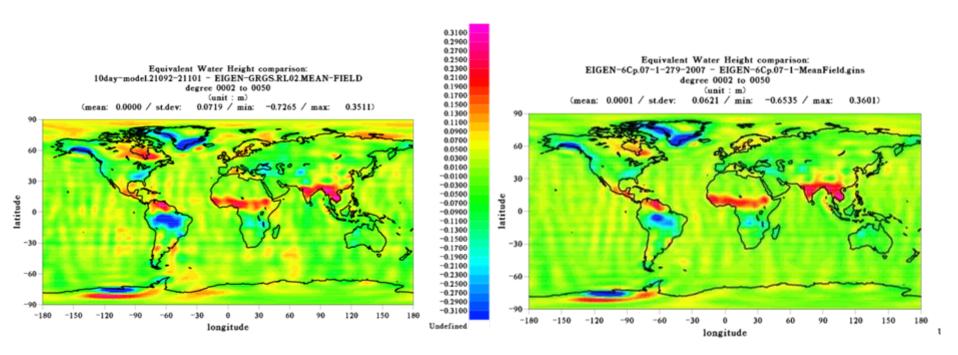




10-day model at

Mean model EIGEN-6C interpolated to

#### October 2007



#### **Geoidheight differences**

between the time variable gravity field at the epoch and the corresponding mean field expressed in equivalent water heights (meter)

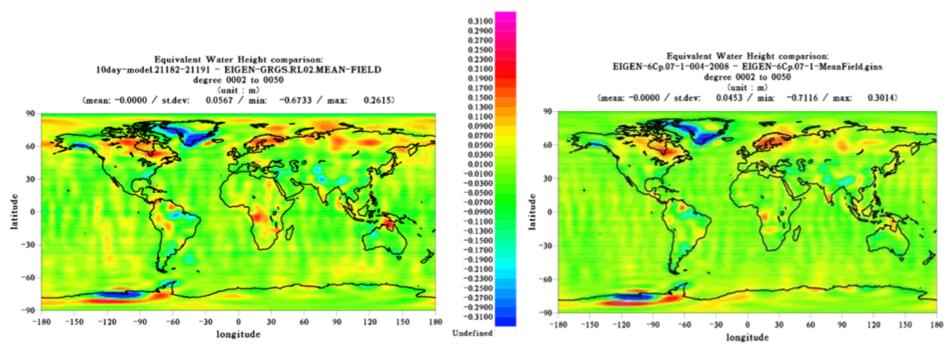




10-day model at

Mean model EIGEN-6C interpolated to

## January 2008



#### **Geoidheight differences**

between the time variable gravity field at the epoch and the corresponding mean field expressed in equivalent water heights (meter)

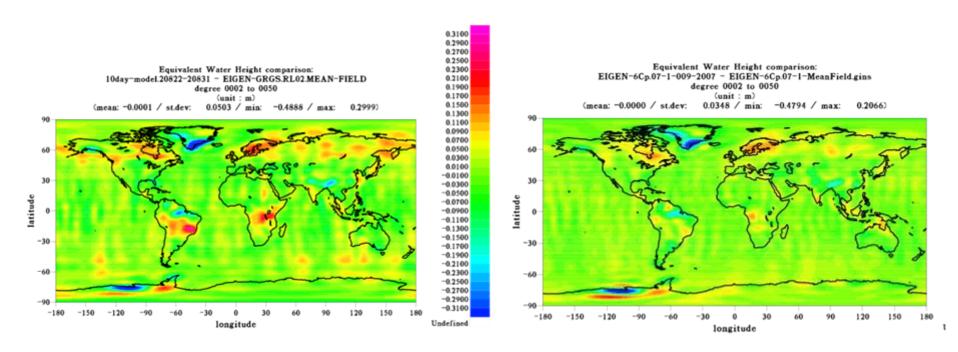




10-day model at

Mean model EIGEN-6C interpolated to

### January 2007



#### **Geoidheight differences**

between the time variable gravity field at the epoch and the corresponding mean field expressed in equivalent water heights (meter)





## The impect of time variable models in satellite orbit computation:

### GOCE orbit adjustment fit: Static vs. Time variable Gravity model

- Dynamic orbit computation
- Observations: **GO\_CONS\_SST\_PKI\_2I** (kinematic GOCE orbit positions)
- <u>60 arcs</u> (01.11. 31.12.2009), Arclength = <u>1.25 days</u>
- Rms values [cm] of the orbit fit residuals (mean values from the 60 arcs)
- Parametrization:

Accelerometer **biases**: 2/rev for cross track / radial / along track

Accelerometer scaling factor: along track fixed (set to 1.0), 1/arc for cross track / radial

Gravity field model / max. d/o	150x150
GRACE 2003-2010 (static)	2.1 ± 0.7
GRACE 2003-2010 (at epoch 20091201)	1.8 ± 0.7
GRACE 2003-2009.5 (static)	2.0 ± 0.7
GRACE 2003-2009.5 (at epoch 20091201)	1.7 ± 0.7
EIGEN-6C (static)	1.8 ± 0.8
EIGEN-6C (at epoch 01.12.2009)	1.6 ± 0.7





## **Summary / Conclusion**

- EIGEN-6S is new satellite-only model from the combination of LAGEOS/GRACE & GOCE.
- **EIGEN-6C** is a new combined gravity field model from the EIGEN-6S satellite data and the DTU10 global gravity anomaly grid of a **maximum degree 1420**.
- Over land and beyond degree 240, EIGEN-6C is in principle a reconstruction of EGM2008 (Due to the inclusion of DTU10)
- EIGEN-6C/S contain **time variable parameters** for all spher. harm. coeff. **up to degree 50** (drift, annual and semiannual terms).
- GOCE-only models are not as good as GRACE models for **GOCE orbit computation**. The best GOCE orbit fit results are obtained with combined **GRACE+GOCE models**. Thereby, the maximum degree should be taken **up to 180**.
- The application of **time variable gravity field components** in GOCE orbit computations gives a futher improvement in the orbit fit results (best results with EIGEN-6C).
- Thus, **time variable gravity field components** should be used in satellite orbit computations generally
- **GPS/Leveling comparisons** show an improvement of EIGEN-6C compared to the previous EIGEN-models. The EIGEN-6C results are comparable with EGM2008
- Meanwhile the generation and inversion of normal equations > 300 Gbyte of more than 200.000 parameters is technically feasible
- EIGEN-6C/S will be published on the ICGEM data base at GFZ Potsdam within the next weeks <a href="http://icgem.gfz-potsdam.de">http://icgem.gfz-potsdam.de</a>





## Thank you for your attention



