

$$O_i(q) = \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ O_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P(O_i(q)) = \|O_i(q) - b\| = O_z - 32$$

$$O_i(q) - b = O_i(q) - \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ 32 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ O_z - 32 \end{bmatrix}$$

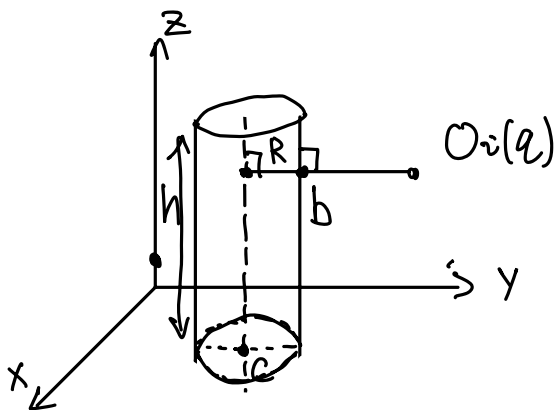
$$\nabla P(O_i(q)) = \frac{O_i(q) - b}{\|O_i(q) - b\|} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_{rep,i}(q) = \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{P(O_i(q))} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{P^2(O_i(q))} \nabla P(O_i(q))$$

$$= \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{O_z - 32} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{(O_z - 32)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ for } O_z \geq 32 \text{ mm}$$

$$F_{rep,i}(q) = \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{32 - O_z} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{(32 - O_z)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ for } O_z < 32 \text{ mm}$$

Let  $R$  be the Radius of the cylinder,  $C$  be the center of the bottom of the cylinder



$$C = \begin{bmatrix} C_x \\ C_y \\ 32 \end{bmatrix}, O_i(q) = \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ O_z \end{bmatrix}$$

For  $\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} > R$ ,  $0 < O_z \leq h$

$$P(O_i(q)) = \|O_i(q) - b\| = \sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} - R$$

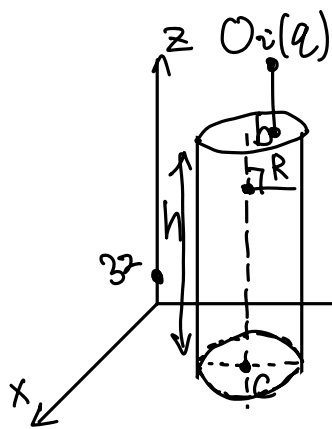
$$O_i(q) - b = \frac{O_i(q) - [C_x \ C_y \ O_z]^T}{\|O_i(q) - [C_x \ C_y \ O_z]^T\|} \cdot \left( \sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} - R \right)$$

$$\nabla P(O_i(q)) = \frac{O_i(q) - b}{\|O_i(q) - b\|} = \frac{O_i(q) - [C_x \ C_y \ O_z]^T}{\|O_i(q) - [C_x \ C_y \ O_z]^T\|}$$

$$F_{rep,i}(q) = \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{P(O_i(q))} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{P^2(O_i(q))} \nabla P(O_i(q))$$

$$= \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} - R} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{(\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} - R)^2} \frac{O_i(q) - [C_x \ C_y \ O_z]^T}{\|O_i(q) - [C_x \ C_y \ O_z]^T\|}$$

For  $\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} < R$  and  $O_z > h$



$$P(O_i(q)) = \|O_i(q) - b\| = O_z - (h + 3z) = O_z - h - 3z$$

$$O_i(q) - b = \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ O_z \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ h \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ O_z - h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla P(O_i(q)) = \frac{O_i(q) - b}{\|O_i(q) - b\|} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Frep}_i(q) &= \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{P(O_i(q))} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{P^2(O_i(q))} \nabla P(O_i(q)) \\ &= \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{O_z - h} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{(O_z - h)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

For  $\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} < R$  and  $O_z < 0$

$$P(O_i(q)) = \|O_i(q) - b\| = -O_z$$

$$O_i(q) - b = \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ O_z \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} O_x \\ O_y \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ O_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla P(O_i(q)) = \frac{O_i(q) - b}{\|O_i(q) - b\|} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Frep}_i(q) &= \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{P(O_i(q))} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{P^2(O_i(q))} \nabla P(O_i(q)) \\ &= \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{-O_z} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{(-O_z)^2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

For  $\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2} > R$ , but  $O_z > h$  or  $O_z < 0$

$$O_i - C = \begin{bmatrix} O_x - C_x \\ O_y - C_y \\ O_z - h \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} C_x \\ C_y \\ h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b = C + \begin{bmatrix} O_x - C_x \\ O_y - C_y \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{(O_x - C_x)^2 + (O_y - C_y)^2}} \cdot R$$

$$P(O_i(q)) = \|O_i(q) - b\| \quad \nabla P(O_i(q)) = \frac{O_i(q) - b}{\|O_i(q) - b\|}$$

$$\text{Frep}_i(q) = \eta_i \left( \frac{1}{P(O_i(q))} - \frac{1}{P_0} \right) \frac{1}{P^2(O_i(q))} \nabla P(O_i(q))$$

