# The babynames data

DATA MANIPULATION WITH DPLYR



Chris Cardillo

Data Scientist



### The babynames data

babynames

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 3
   year name
                 number
  <dbl> <chr>
               <int>
   1880 Aaron
                    102
   1880 Ab
                      5
   1880 Abbie
                     71
    1880 Abbott
                      5
   1880 Abby
                      6
   1880 Abe
                     50
    1880 Abel
   1880 Abigail
                     12
   1880 Abner
                     27
   1880 Abraham
                     81
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```

### Frequency of a name

```
babynames %>%
filter(name == "Amy")
```

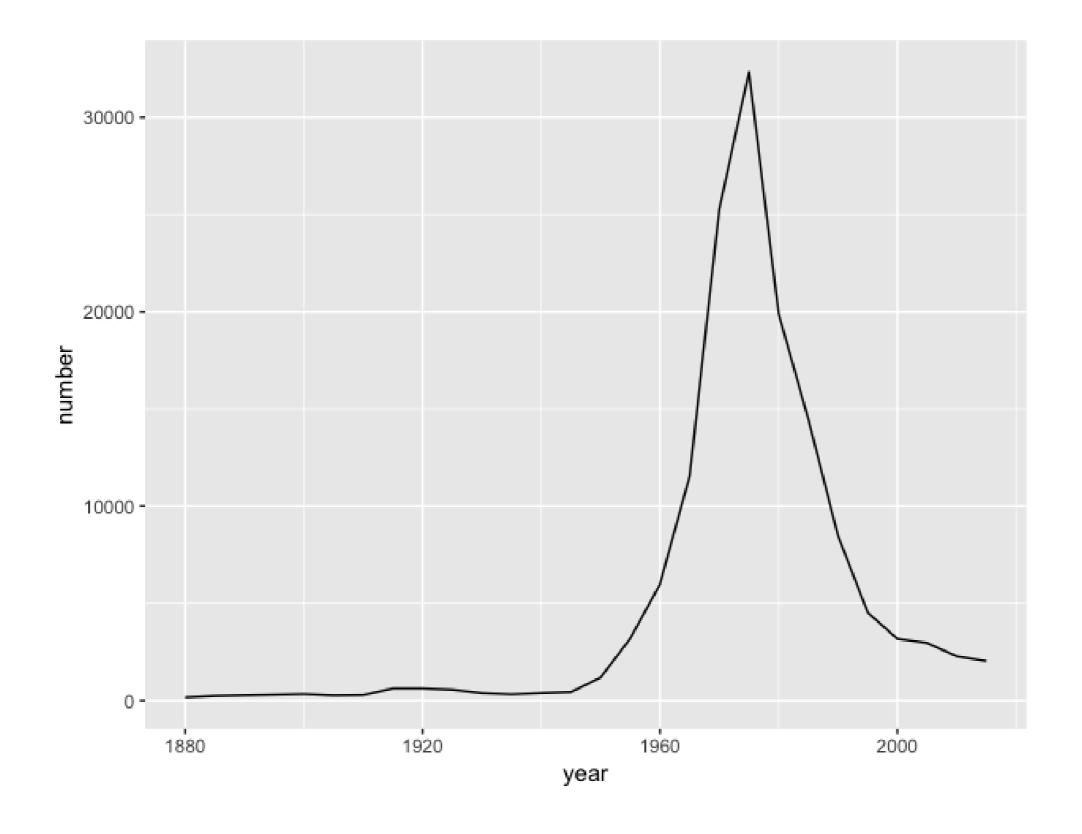
```
# A tibble: 28 x 3
    year name number
   <dbl> <chr> <int>
   1880 Amy
                 167
   1885 Amy
               240
   1890 Amy
                275
                 303
   1895 Amy
   1900 Amy
                 335
   1905 Amy
                 269
   1910 Amy
                 287
   1915 Amy
                624
   1920 Amy
                624
   1925 Amy
                 560
# ... with 18 more rows
```

# Amy plot

```
library(ggplot2)

babynames_filtered <- babynames %>%
  filter(name == "Amy")

ggplot(babynames_filtered, aes(x = year, y = number)) +
  geom_line()
```





### Filter for multiple names

```
babynames_multiple <- babynames %>%
filter(name %in% c("Amy", "Christopher"))
```



#### When was each name most common?

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(name) %>%
  top_n(1, number)
```

```
# A tibble: 54,881 x 3
# Groups:
           name [48,040]
                  number
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                   <int>
 1 1880 Arch
                      61
    1880 Bird
                      17
    1880 Ednah
                       6
    1880 Erasmus
                       5
    1880 Garfield
                     122
    1880 Harve
                      17
    1880 Lidie
    1880 Loula
                      13
    1880 Lovisa
                       5
    1880 Lulie
                       8
# ... with 54,871 more rows
```



# Let's practice!

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# Grouped mutates

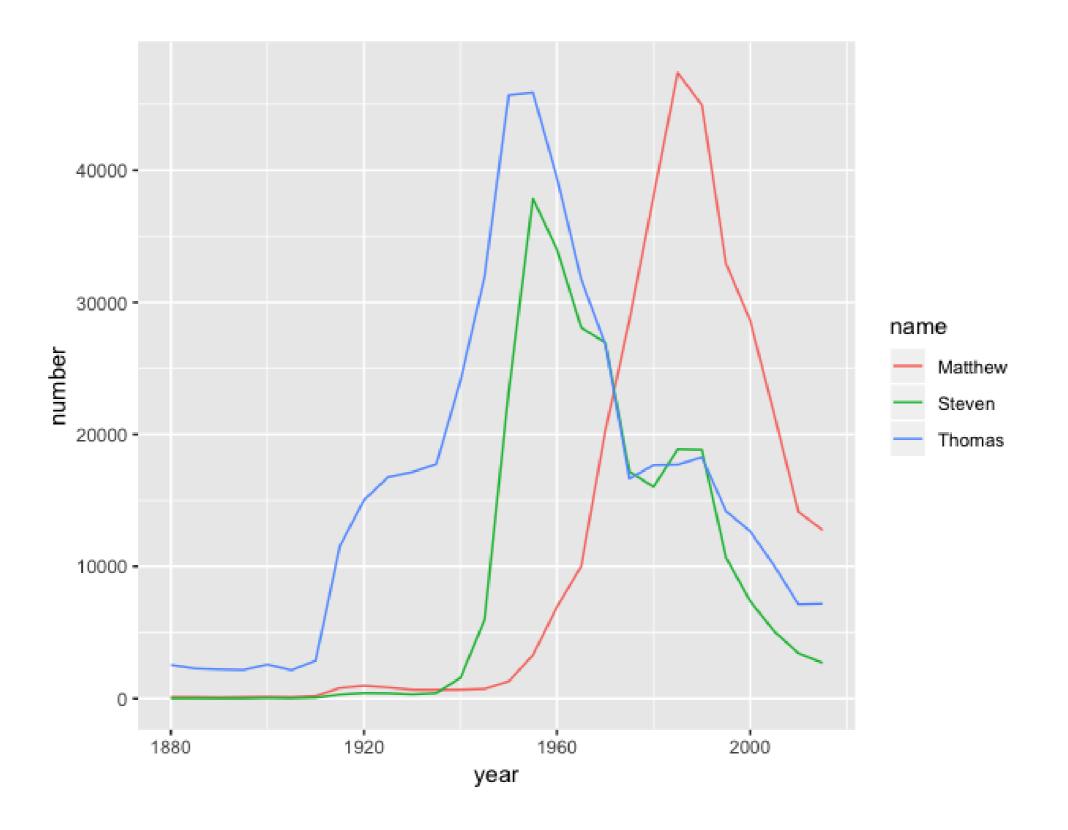
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# Review: group\_by() and summarize()

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarize(year_total = sum(number))
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 2
    year year_total
              <int>
   <dbl>
   1880
             201478
             240822
   1885
   1890
             301352
    1895
             350934
   1900
             450148
   1905
             423875
   1910
             590607
   1915
            1830351
   1920
            2259494
    1925
            2330750
# ... with 18 more rows
```

# Combining group\_by() and mutate()

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number))
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 4
# Groups: year [28]
                 number year_total
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                  <int>
                             <int>
    1880 Aaron
                    102
                            201478
    1880 Ab
                            201478
    1880 Abbie
                     71
                            201478
    1880 Abbott
                            201478
                            201478
    1880 Abby
    1880 Abe
                            201478
                     50
    1880 Abel
                            201478
    1880 Abigail
                            201478
    1880 Abner
                     27
                            201478
    1880 Abraham
                     81
                            201478
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```



# ungroup()

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number)) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 4
                 number year_total
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                  <int>
                             <int>
    1880 Aaron
                            201478
                    102
    1880 Ab
                            201478
    1880 Abbie
                     71
                            201478
    1880 Abbott
                            201478
    1880 Abby
                            201478
    1880 Abe
                            201478
                     50
    1880 Abel
                            201478
    1880 Abigail
                            201478
                     12
    1880 Abner
                     27
                            201478
    1880 Abraham
                     81
                            201478
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```



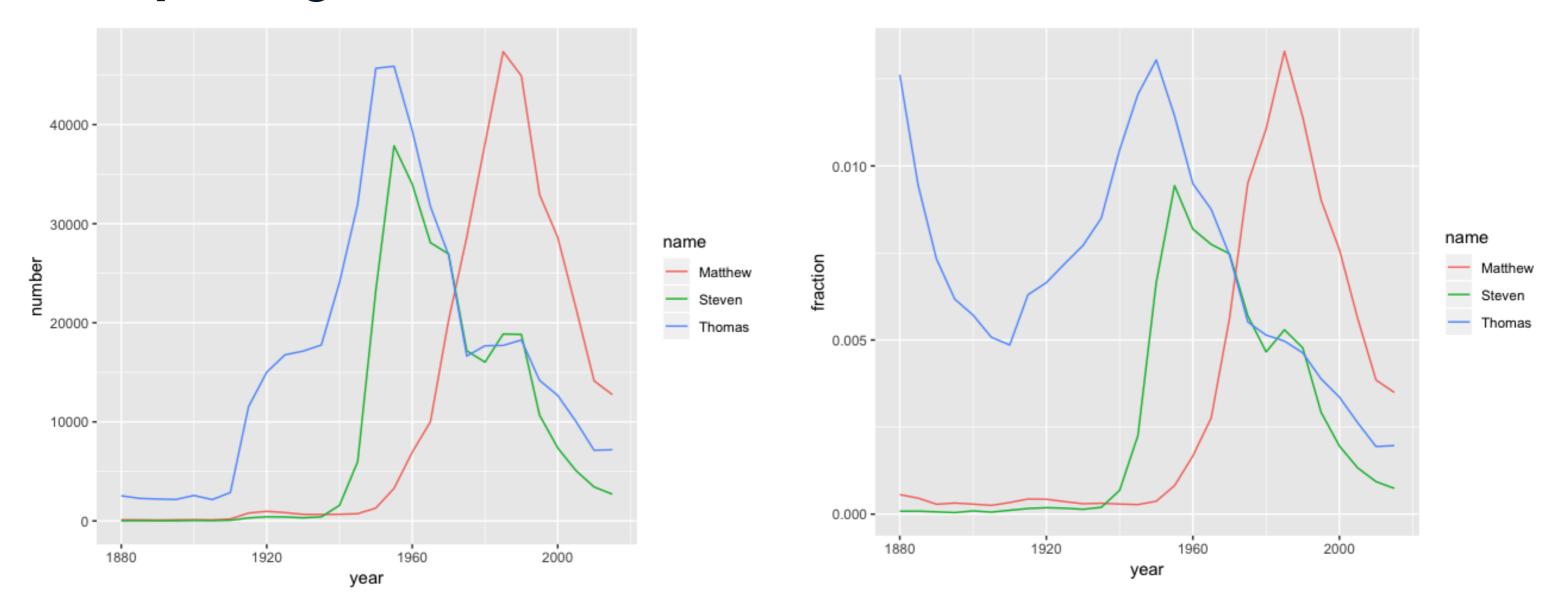
#### Add the fraction column

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(fraction = number / year_total)
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 5
                 number year_total fraction
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                             <int>
                 <int>
                                       <dbl>
                    102
                            201478 0.000506
   1880 Aaron
    1880 Ab
                     5
                            201478 0.0000248
    1880 Abbie
                     71
                            201478 0.000352
    1880 Abbott
                            201478 0.0000248
    1880 Abby
                            201478 0.0000298
    1880 Abe
                            201478 0.000248
    1880 Abel
                            201478 0.0000447
   1880 Abigail
                            201478 0.0000596
    1880 Abner
                            201478 0.000134
    1880 Abraham
                            201478 0.000402
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```



# Comparing visualizations





# Let's practice!

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# Window functions

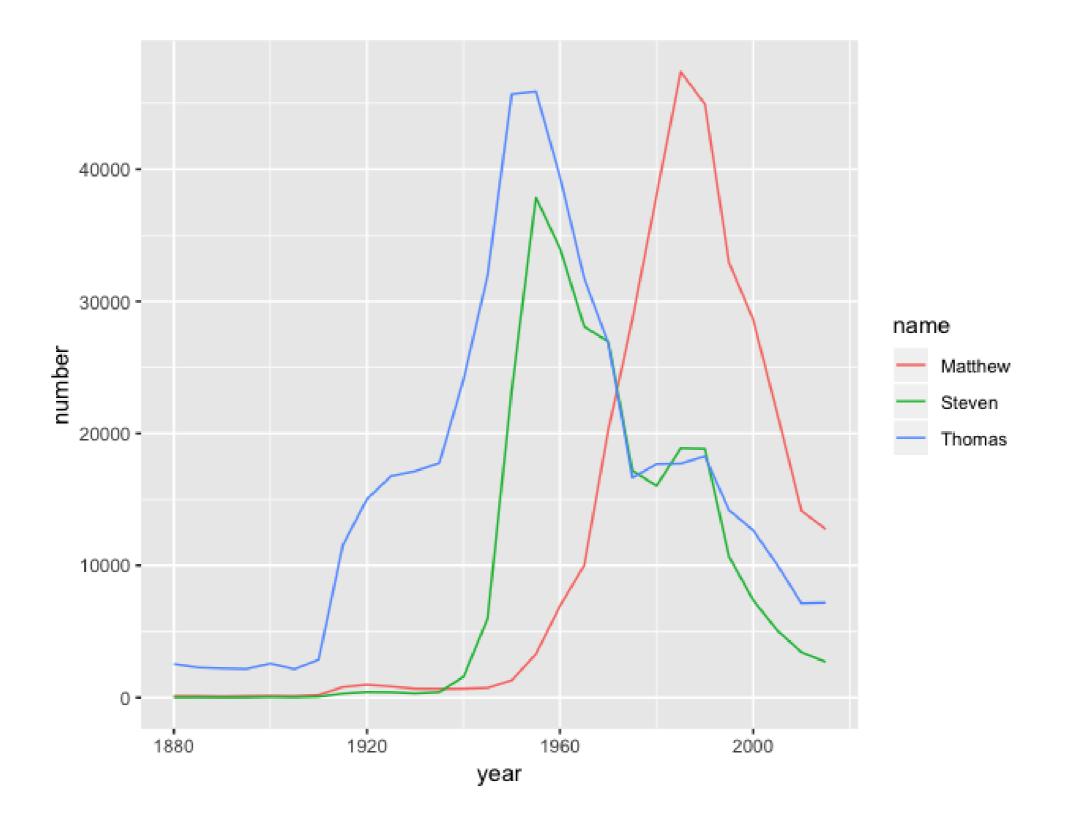
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#### Window function

```
v <- c(1, 3, 6, 14)
v
```

[1] 1 3 6 14

lag(v)

[1] NA 1 3 6

## Compare consecutive steps

```
v - lag(v)
```

[1] NA 2 3 8

# Changes in popularity of a name

```
babynames_fraction <- babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(fraction = number / year_total)
```



#### Matthew

```
babynames_fraction %>%
  filter(name == "Matthew") %>%
  arrange(year)
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 5
                 number year_total fraction
    year name
                                       <dbl>
   <dbl> <chr>
                  <int>
                             <int>
                    113
   1880 Matthew
                            201478 0.000561
    1885 Matthew
                    111
                            240822 0.000461
    1890 Matthew
                     86
                            301352 0.000285
    1895 Matthew
                    112
                            350934 0.000319
   1900 Matthew
                    130
                            450148 0.000289
                            423875 0.000252
    1905 Matthew
                    107
    1910 Matthew
                    197
                            590607 0.000334
   1915 Matthew
                    798
                           1830351 0.000436
   1920 Matthew
                    967
                           2259494 0.000428
    1925 Matthew
                    840
                           2330750 0.000360
# ... with 18 more rows
```

#### Matthew over time

```
babynames_fraction %>%
  filter(name == "Matthew") %>%
  arrange(year) %>%
  mutate(difference = fraction - lag(fraction))
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 6
                 number year_total fraction difference
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                  <int>
                             <int>
                                      <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
    1880 Matthew
                    113
                            201478 0.000561 NA
    1885 Matthew
                    111
                            240822 0.000461 -0.0000999
    1890 Matthew
                     86
                            301352 0.000285 -0.000176
    1895 Matthew
                    112
                            350934 0.000319 0.0000338
    1900 Matthew
                    130
                            450148 0.000289 -0.0000304
    1905 Matthew
                    107
                            423875 0.000252 -0.0000364
   1910 Matthew
                    197
                            590607 0.000334 0.0000811
   1915 Matthew
                    798
                           1830351 0.000436 0.000102
    1920 Matthew
                    967
                           2259494 0.000428 -0.00000801
    1925 Matthew
                    840
                           2330750 0.000360 -0.0000676
# ... with 18 more rows
```

# Biggest jump in popularity

```
babynames_fraction %>%

filter(name == "Matthew") %>%

arrange(year) %>%

mutate(difference = fraction - lag(fraction)) %>%

arrange(desc(difference))
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 6
                 number year_total fraction difference
    year name
                                                 <dbl>
  <dbl> <chr>
                             <int>
                                      <dbl>
                  <int>
                                             0.00389
   1975 Matthew
                 28665
                           3014943 0.00951
    1970 Matthew
                 20265
                           3604252 0.00562
                                             0.00286
                           3563364 0.0133
    1985 Matthew
                 47367
                                             0.00223
    1980 Matthew 38054
                           3439117 0.0111
                                             0.00156
    1965 Matthew
                 10015
                           3624610 0.00276
                                             0.00109
    1960 Matthew
                   6942
                           4152075 0.00167
                                             0.000853
   1955 Matthew
                           4012691 0.000819
                   3287
                                            0.000447
   1915 Matthew
                           1830351 0.000436 0.000102
                    798
   1950 Matthew
                           3502592 0.000372 0.0000967
                   1303
   1910 Matthew
                    197
                            590607 0.000334 0.0000811
# ... with 18 more rows
```



# Changes within every name

```
babynames_fraction %>%
  arrange(name, year) %>%
  mutate(difference = fraction - lag(fraction)) %>%
  group_by(name) %>%
  arrange(desc(difference))
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 6
# Groups: name [48,040]
                 number year_total fraction difference
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                                      <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                  <int>
                             <int>
 1 1880 John
                                                0.0481
                   9701
                            201478
                                     0.0481
   1880 William
                  9562
                            201478
                                     0.0475
                                                0.0475
 3 1880 Mary
                   7092
                            201478
                                     0.0352
                                                0.0352
   1880 James
                                                0.0295
                   5949
                            201478
                                     0.0295
   1880 Charles
                                                0.0266
                   5359
                            201478
                                     0.0266
   1880 George
                   5152
                            201478
                                     0.0256
                                                0.0256
                                                0.0162
   1880 Frank
                   3255
                            201478
                                     0.0162
 8 1935 Shirley
                 42790
                           2088487
                                                0.0137
                                     0.0205
   1880 Joseph
                   2642
                            201478
                                                0.0131
                                     0.0131
   1880 Anna
                   2616
                            201478
                                     0.0130
                                                0.0129
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```



# Let's practice!

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# Congratulations!

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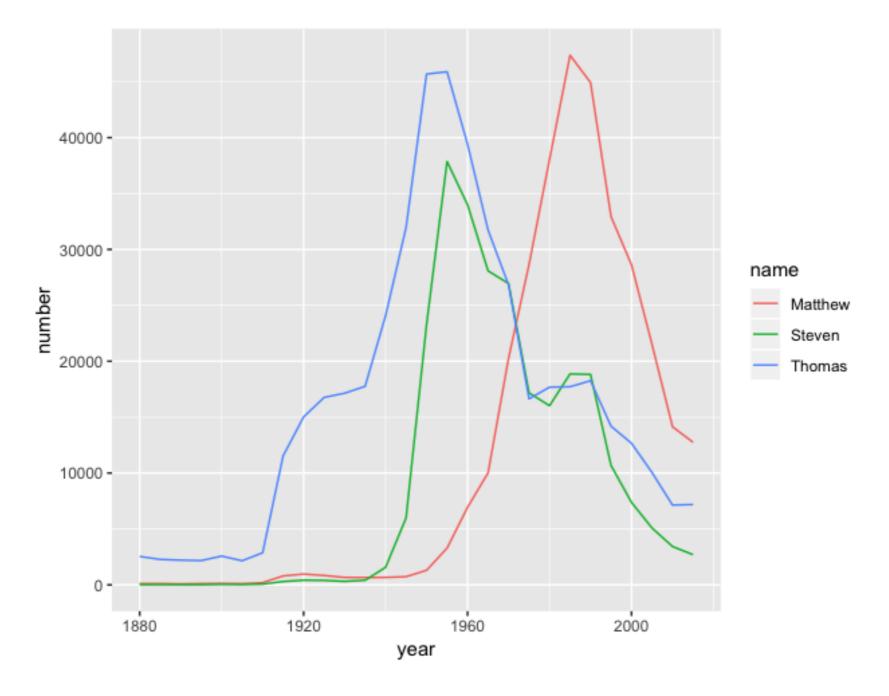
### Summary

- select()
- filter()
- mutate()
- arrange()
- count()
- group\_by()
- summarize()

#### Verbs table

	Keeps only specified variables	Keeps other variables
Can't change values	select	rename
Can change values	transmute	mutate

# babynames data





### Other DataCamp courses

- Exploratory Data Analysis in R: Case Study
- Working with Data in the Tidyverse
- Machine Learning in the Tidyverse
- Categorical Data in the Tidyverse



# Congratulations!

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