## **CAAM 336 · DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

## Homework 40

Posted Friday 28 March 2014. Due 1pm Friday 18 April 2014.

## 40. [25 points]

All parts of this question should be done by hand.

Let

$$f(x) = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} 1 - 2x & \text{if } x \in \left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right]; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{array} \right.$$

In this question we will consider the problem of finding the solution u(x,t) to the heat equation

$$u_t(x,t) - u_{xx}(x,t) = f(x), \qquad 0 \le x \le 1, \quad t \ge 0,$$

with boundary conditions

$$u(0,t) = 1, \quad t > 0,$$

and

$$u_x(1,t) = 2, \quad t > 0,$$

and initial condition

$$u(x,0) = x^2 + 1, \qquad 0 < x < 1.$$

Let

$$S = \left\{ w \in C^2[0, 1] : w(0) = w'(1) = 0 \right\}$$

and let the linear operator  $L: S \to C[0,1]$  be defined by

$$Lv = -v''$$
.

(a) The operator L has eigenvalues  $\lambda_n$  with corresponding eigenfunctions

$$\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{2n-1}{2}\pi x\right)$$

for  $n = 1, 2, \ldots$  Note that, for  $m, n = 1, 2, \ldots$ ,

$$\int_0^1 \psi_m(x)\psi_n(x) dx = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } m = n; \\ 0 & \text{if } m \neq n. \end{cases}$$

Obtain a formula for the eigenvalues  $\lambda_n$  for  $n = 1, 2, \dots$ 

(b) For  $n = 1, 2, \ldots$ , compute

$$\int_0^1 f(x)\psi_n(x) \, dx.$$

(c) Let w(x) be such that

$$w''(x) = 0,$$

$$w(0) = 1$$

and

$$w'(1) = 2.$$

Obtain a formula for w(x).

(d) Let  $\hat{u}(x,t)$  be such that

$$\hat{u}_t(x,t) - \hat{u}_{xx}(x,t) = f(x), \qquad 0 \le x \le 1, \quad t \ge 0,$$
  
$$\hat{u}(0,t) = \hat{u}_x(1,t) = 0, \qquad t \ge 0,$$

and

$$\hat{u}(x,0) = \hat{u}_0(x), \qquad 0 \le x \le 1,$$

where  $\hat{u}_0(x)$  is such that

$$u(x,t) = w(x) + \hat{u}(x,t).$$

Obtain a formula for  $\hat{u}_0(x)$ .

(e) For  $n = 1, 2, \ldots$ , compute

$$\int_0^1 \hat{u}_0(x)\psi_n(x) \, dx.$$

(f) We can write

$$\hat{u}(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n(t)\psi_n(x)$$

and

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \psi_n(x)$$

where, for  $n = 1, 2, \ldots$ ,

$$b_n = \int_0^1 f(x)\psi_n(x) \, dx.$$

What ordinary differential equation and initial condition does  $a_n(t)$  satisfy for n = 1, 2, ...?

- (g) Obtain an expression for  $a_n(t)$  for  $n=1,2,\ldots$
- (h) Write out a formula for u(x,t).