

CAAM 336 · DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Homework 7

Posted Wednesday 22 January 2014. Due 1pm Friday 31 January 2014.

7. [25 points]

Consider the temperature function

$$u(x, t) = e^{-\kappa\theta^2 t/(\rho c)} \sin(\theta x)$$

for constant κ , ρ , c , and θ .

(a) Show that this function $u(x, t)$ is a solution of the homogeneous heat equation

$$\rho c \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \kappa \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad \text{for } 0 < x < \ell \text{ and all } t.$$

(b) For which values of θ will u satisfy homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions at $x = 0$ and $x = \ell$?

(c) Suppose $\kappa = 2.37$ W/(cm K), $\rho = 2.70$ g/cm³, and $c = 0.897$ J/(g K) (approximate values for aluminum found on Wikipedia), and that the bar has length $\ell = 10$ cm. Let θ be such that $u(x, t)$ satisfies homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions as in part (b) and $u(x, t) > 0$ for $0 < x < \ell$ and all t . Use MATLAB to plot the solution $u(x, t)$ for $0 \leq x \leq \ell$ at times $t = 0, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20$ seconds, superimposing all six plots on the same axis.