CAAM 336 · DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Homework 19

Posted Wednesday 25 September 2013. Due 5pm Wednesday 2 October 2013.

19. [25 points] All parts of this question should be done by hand. Let the inner product $(\cdot, \cdot) : \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \times \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined by

$$(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}) = \sum_{j=1}^{2} \sum_{k=1}^{2} a_{jk} b_{jk},$$

where

$$\mathbf{A} = \left[\begin{array}{cc} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{array} \right] \text{ and } \mathbf{B} = \left[\begin{array}{cc} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{array} \right].$$

With this inner product we associate the norm $\|\cdot\|: \mathbb{R}^{2\times 2} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $\|\mathbf{A}\| = \sqrt{(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A})}$. In the parts below best approximation is defined to be best approximation with respect to this norm.

- (a) Verify that (\cdot, \cdot) is an inner product on $\mathbb{R}^{2\times 2}$.
- (b) Consider the subspace of $\mathbb{R}^{2\times 2}$ consisting of symmetric matrices:

$$V_3 = \left\{ \mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} : \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}^T \right\} = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}.$$

Compute the best approximation M_3 to the matrix

$$\mathbf{M} = \left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 9 \end{array} \right]$$

from the subspace V_3 .

- (c) Now let $\mathbf{M} \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$ be any 2×2 matrix, and let \mathbf{M}_3 be its best approximation from V_3 . Explain why the error $\mathbf{M} \mathbf{M}_3$ must always have zero diagonal entries.
- (d) Carefully consider the subspace

$$\widehat{V}_3 = \left\{ \mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} : \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}^T \right\} = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}}\\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \right\}.$$

What is the best approximation $\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_3$ to the matrix

$$\mathbf{M} = \left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 9 \end{array} \right]$$

from the subspace \hat{V}_3 ?