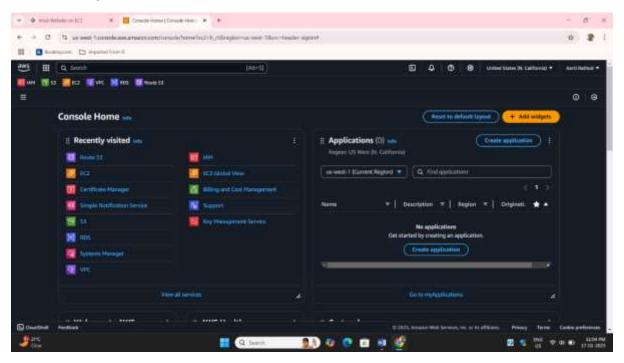
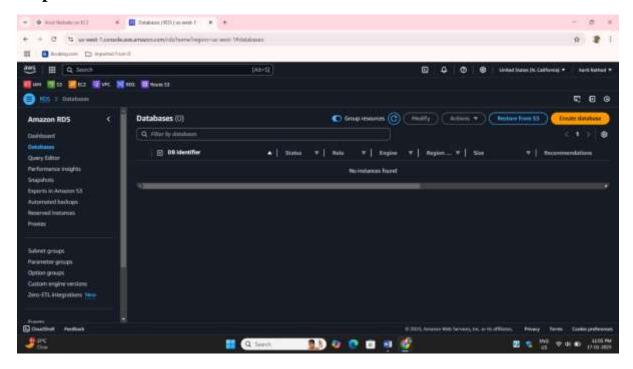
Successfully deployed a 2-tier application on AWS Set up an RDS database, configured Tomcat on an EC2 instance, and connected the application to the database.

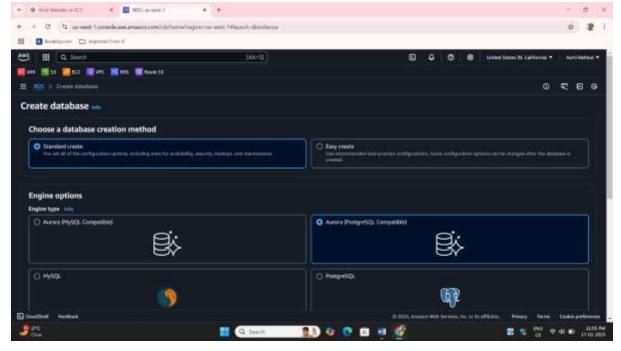
Step1: Goto AWS Management console go to the AWS RDS service and create a MySQL database.



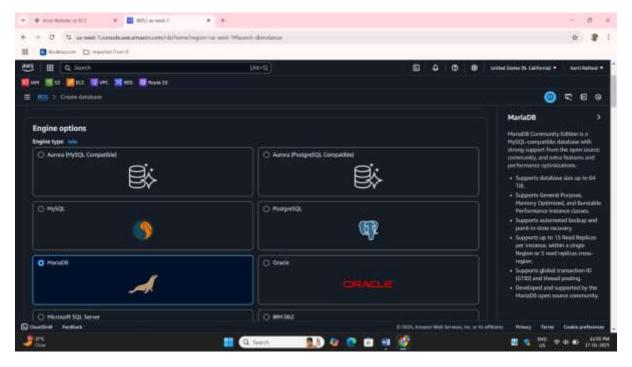
Step 2: Click On Create Database



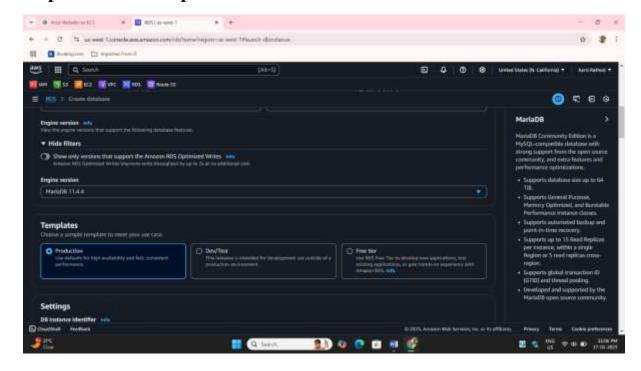
Step 3: Choose Standard database creation method



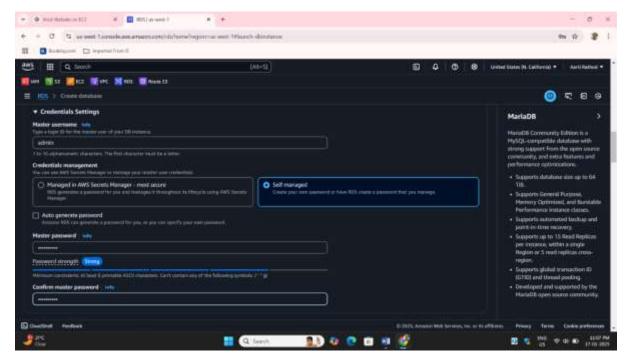
Step 4 : Choose mariadb engine options



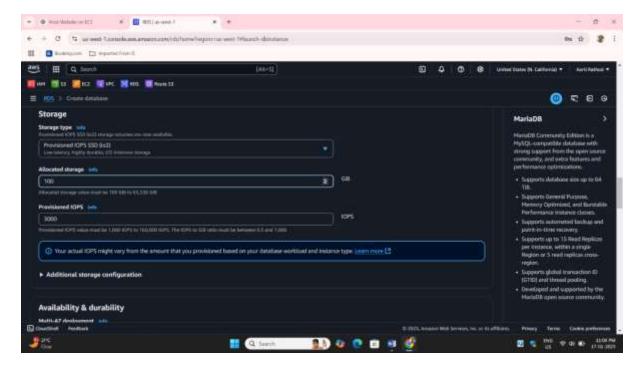
Step 5 : Choose template Production



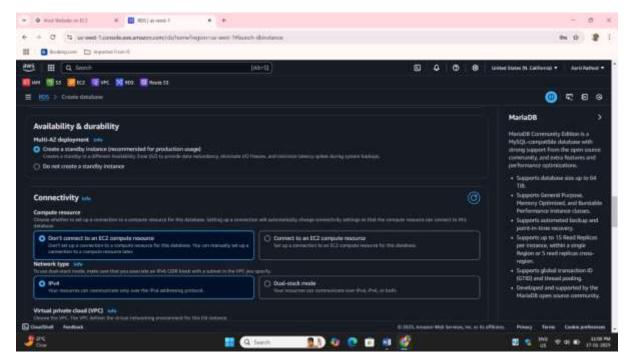
 $Step\ 6: Give\ master\ Username\ Choose\ self\ managed\ credentials\ give\ some\ strong\ master\ password$



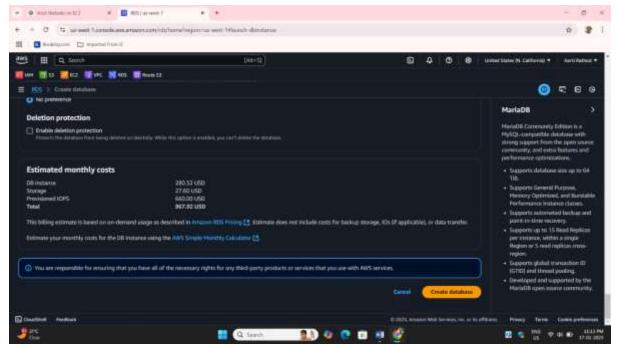
Step 7 : Choose Storage type, Allocate Storage as much as you want give Provisioned IOPS



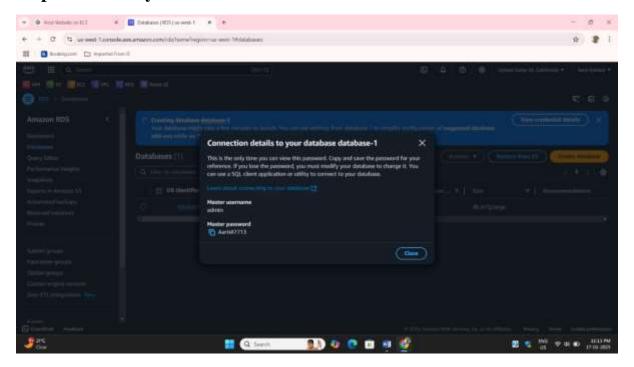
Step 8 : Create Standby instance if you want Select don't connect to ec2 compute resource select network type IPV4



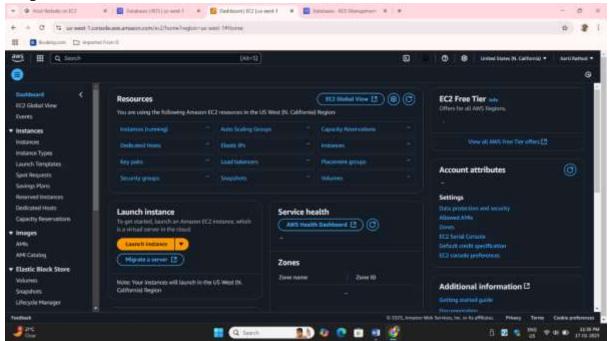
Step 9: If you want to enable deletion protection to can tick on the box and click on create database



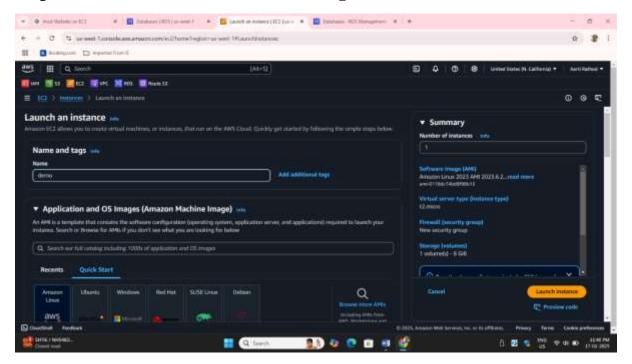
Step 10: Check your credentions



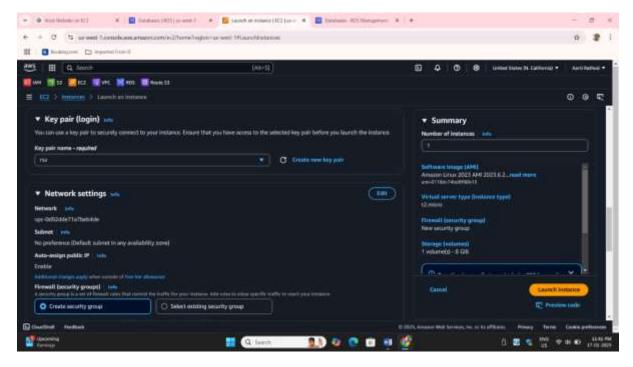
Step 11: Go to EC2 instance click on Launch an EC2 Instance



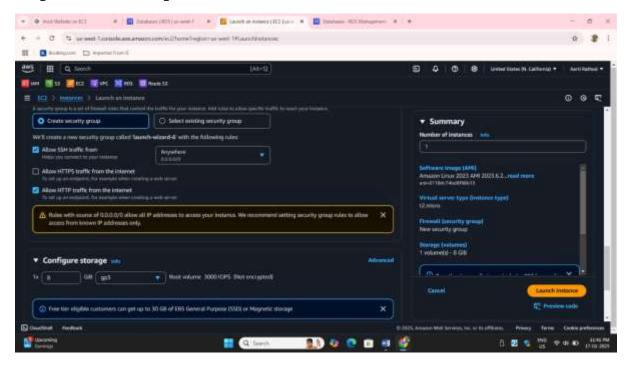
Step 12: Give a name and select OS Image Amazon Linux



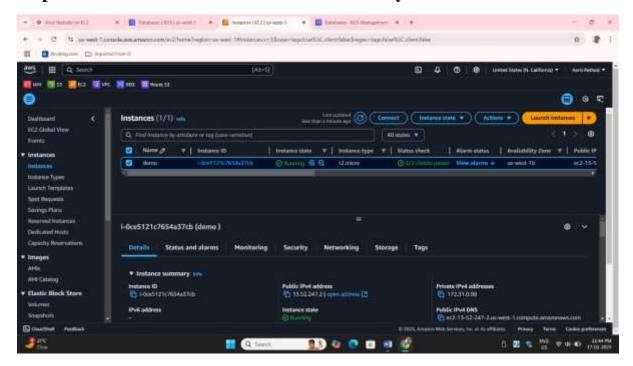
Step 13: Select key pair and create security group



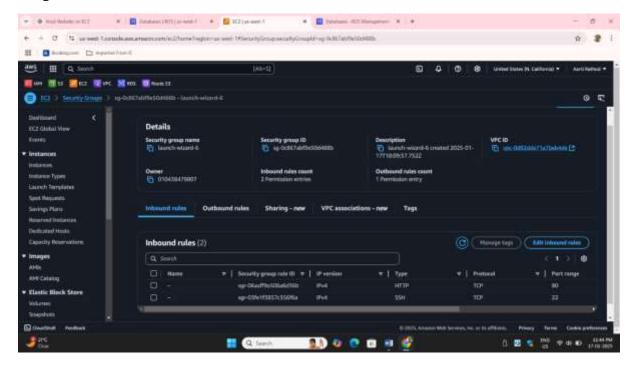
Step 14: Allow http and click on Launch Instance



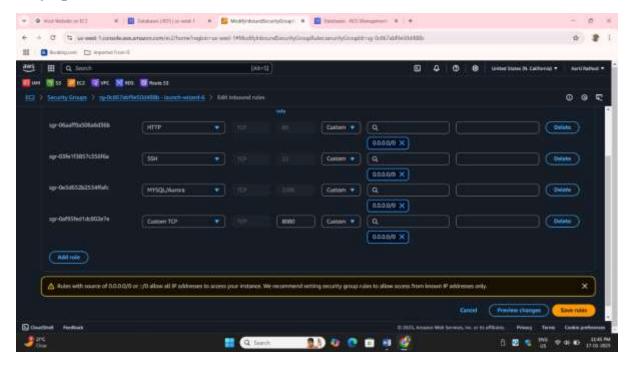
Step 15: Check Status and then click on security



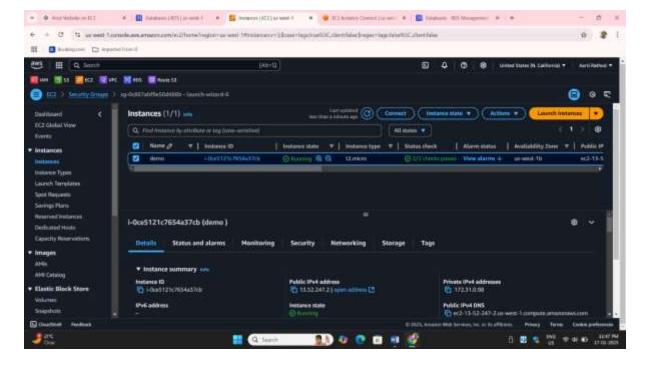
Step 16 : Go to Edit inbound rules



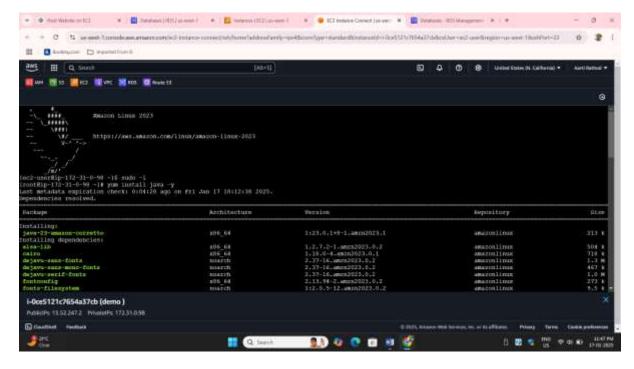
Step 17 : Allow inbound traffic for port 8080 (for Tomcat) and 3306 (Mysql/aurora)



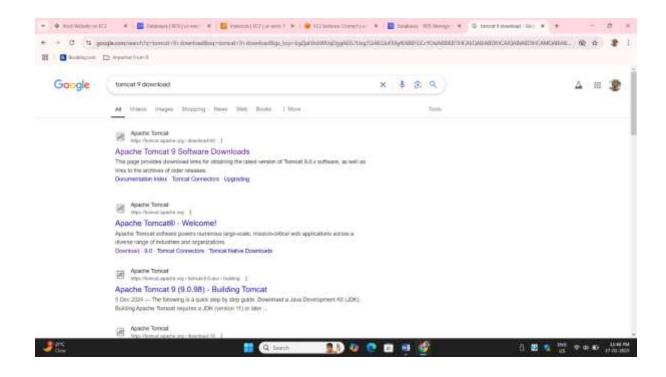
Step 18: Goto Instance select your instace and connect



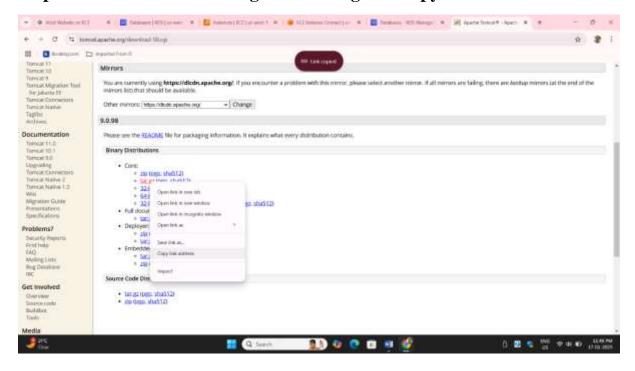
Step 19: Switch to root user and install java



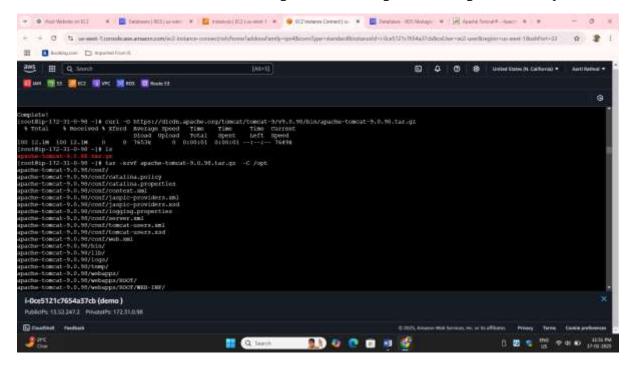
Step 20: Go to Google search download tomcat 9



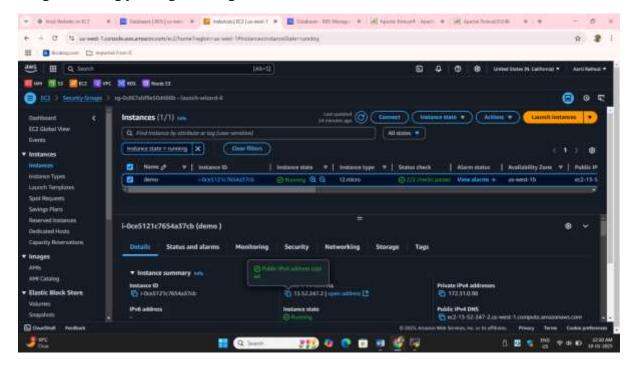
Step 21: Go to official link right click tar.gz file copy link address



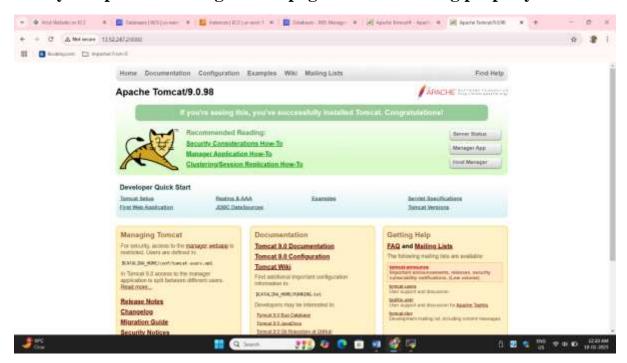
Step 22: Paste the click and download using curl –O command and unzip with the command tar –xzvf and put that unzip file on /opt directory



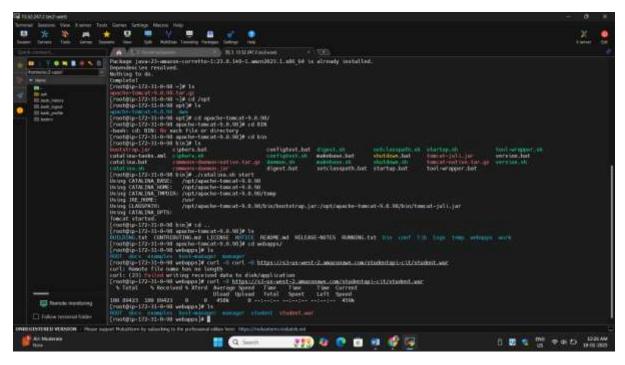
Step 23: Copy the public ip of instance



Step 24: Paste on the tab and see if tomcat page is showing put: 8080 port after your ip if its showing tomcat page then its working properly

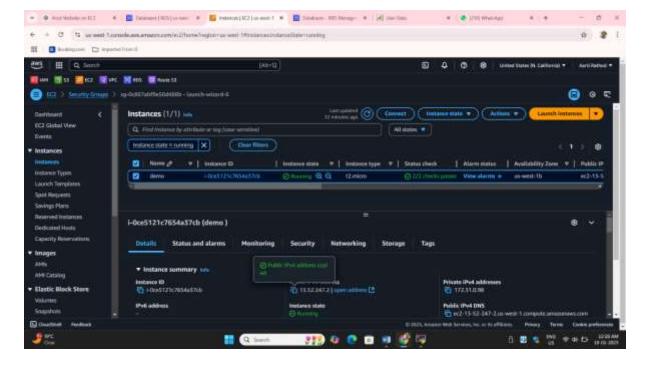


Step 25: Now go to /opt directory there is two directory apache and aws. Goto apache directory cd apache. go to cd bin then start catalina file. Move the .war file your application to the /webapps folder of Tomcat. Go to cd webapps/ paste .war file curl -O https://s3-us-west-



Step 26: Go to instance copy public ip

2.amazonaws.com/studentapi-cit/student.war



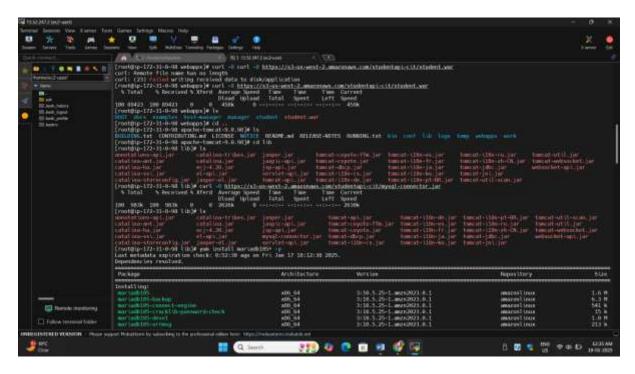
Step 27: Paste on tab and search 13.52.247.2:8080.student/search and check the form is visible or not



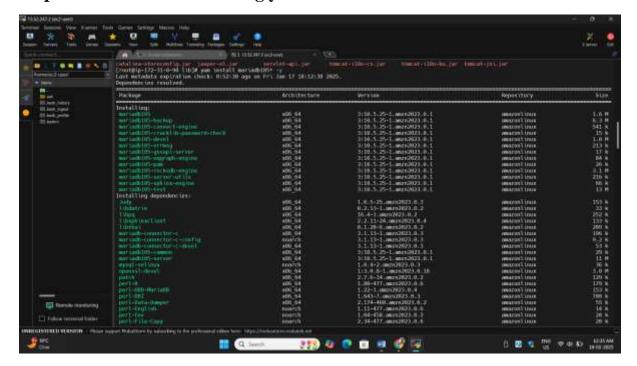


Step 28 : Place the JDBC connector .jar file in the /lib folder of Tomcat. go to lib file paste .jar file curl -O https://s3-us-west-

2.amazonaws.com/studentapi-cit/mysql-connector.jar

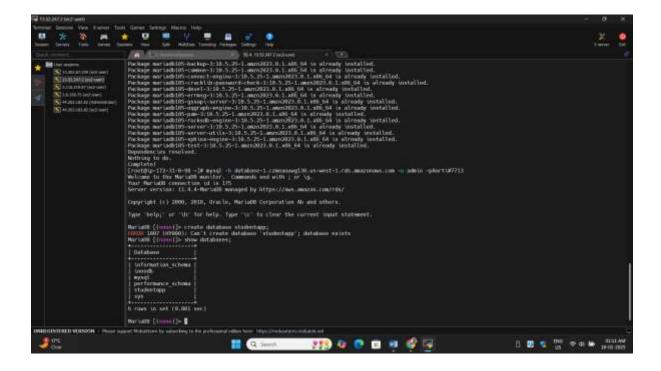


Step 29: Install mariadb using yum



Step 30: This is the MySQL Client Command, used to connect to a MySQL database which we create on RDS. It allows you to run queries and manage the database directly from the terminal.

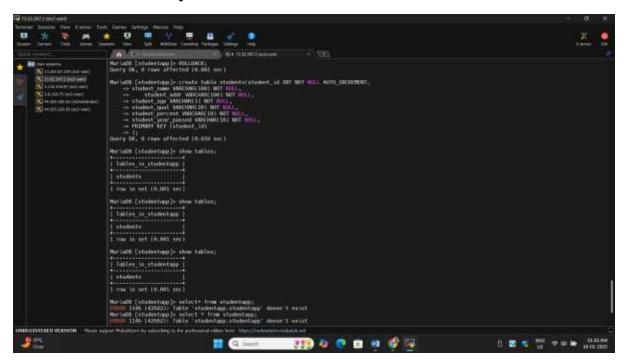
Create one database name studentapp.



Step 31: Use studentapp. And then create one table :- create table students(student_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT, student_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,

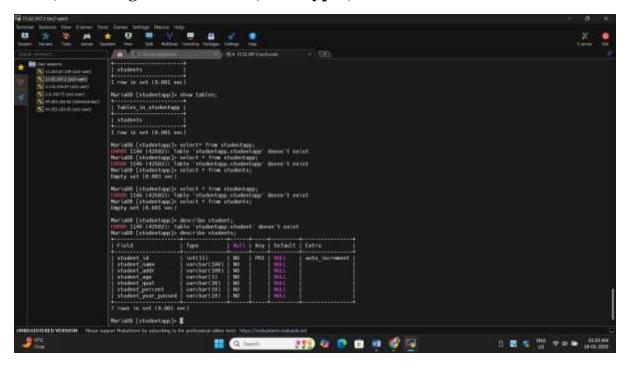
student_addr VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
student_age VARCHAR(3) NOT NULL,
student_qual VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
student_percent VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
student_year_passed VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (student_id));

Show tables check if your table student is created or not.

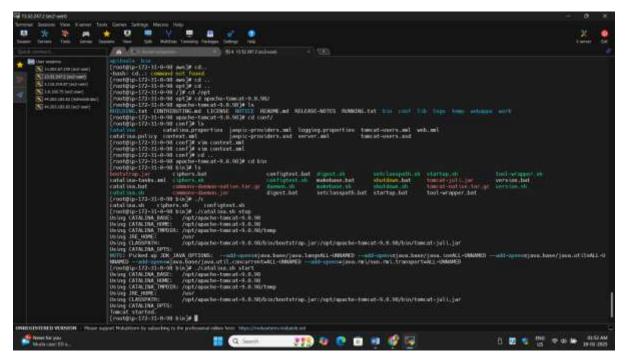


Step 31: Now run the SELECT * FROM student; is used to retrieve all records and columns from the student table in the database.

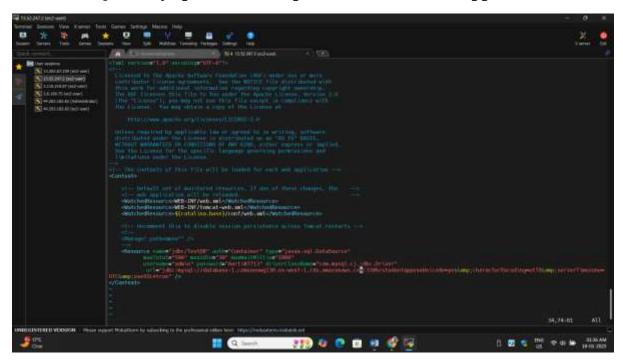
Run DESCRIBE student; is used to display the structure of the student table, including column names, data types, and constraints.



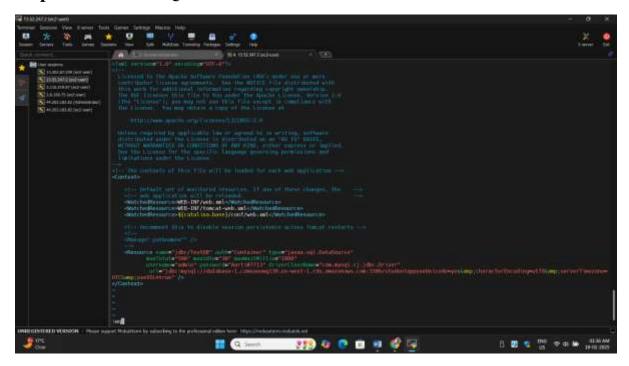
Step 32 : Now exit from mariadb .go to cd /opt -> cd apache -> ls -> cd conf/ -> open vim context.xml file



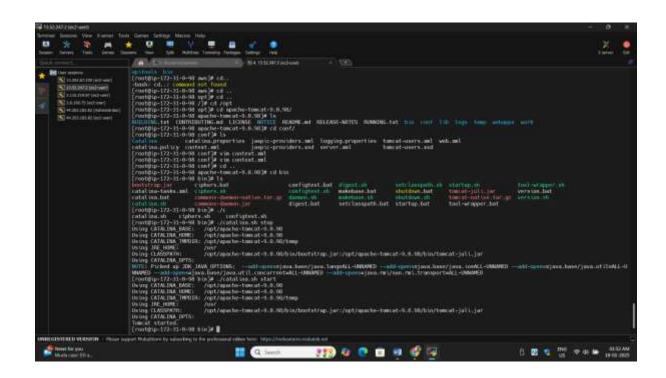
Step 33: Edit the context.xml file in the Tomcat conf folder to add the <Resource> element for the database connection. Example:



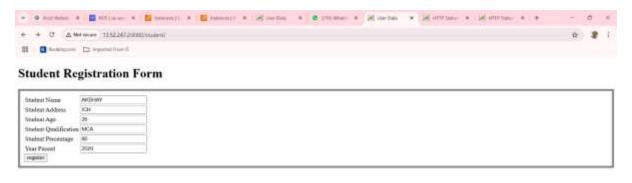
Step 34: Save And Quit.



Step 35: Go to cd apac-> go to cd bin -> stop catalina -> again start catalina

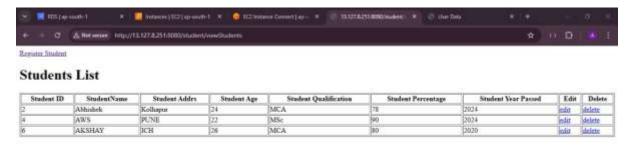


Step 36 : Copy public ip paste on new tab run 13.52.247.2:8080/student/ fill the data and click on register





Step 47: Here your data are stored



This demonstrates a classic 2-tier architecture:

Tier 1: The web application running on Tomcat (EC2).

Tier 2: The MySQL database hosted in AWS RDS.