

# Data Structures and Algorithms

## Tutorial 1

1. Write a function `fibonacci_iterative(n)` that generates the first  $n$  Fibonacci numbers using iteration.
2. Write a function `fibonacci_recursive(n)` that returns the  $n$ th Fibonacci number using recursion.
3. Implement the function `pow(x, n)`, which calculates  $x$  raised to the power  $n$  (i.e.,  $x^n$ ) using binary exponentiation.
4. Implement a recursive algorithm using the **merge sort** technique to sort an array of integers in non-decreasing order.
5. Given a matrix  $A$  of size  $N \times M$ , determine the maximum sum of elements that can be obtained by following a valid path from the top-left corner  $A[1][1]$  to the bottom-right corner  $A[N][M]$ .

At each step, you can move in the following directions:

1. Down: From  $A[i][j]$  to  $A[i+1][j]$  (if  $i < N$ ).
2. Right: From  $A[i][j]$  to  $A[i][j+1]$  (if  $j < M$ ).

Your task is to compute the maximum sum of the elements encountered along any valid path.