# Data Structures and Algorithms

## Tutorial Week 2

### **Coding Problems**

- 1. Implement either the **Merge Sort** or **Quick Sort** algorithm, but modify it to accept a **comparison function** as an argument.
  - For example:
    - If the function is greater\_than, the sorting will be in descending order
    - If the function is less\_than, the sorting will be in ascending order.
  - Note: Ensure that everyone implements at least one of these sorting algorithms as it can be reused in **Assignment 1**.
  - Example function signature:
    void merge\_sort(int arr[], int n, bool (\*comp)(int, int));

### Discussion Problems

- 1. Lower Bound of Comparison-Based Sorting Algorithms:
  - Why do comparison-based sorting algorithms have a theoretical lower bound of O(nlogn)?
- 2. Three-way or k-way Merge Sort:
  - What would be the time complexity of the **Merge Sort** algorithm if we partition into three (or *k*) parts instead of two?
- 3. Quick Sort Worst case:
  - For what input does **Quick Sort** have a worst-case time complexity of  $O(n^2)$ ? (How can we avoid this?)