

Open quantum systems and quantum thermodynamics
Mid-Sem 2022
Full marks 50 (10 × 5)

1. Consider the following operation

$$|0\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad |1\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}},$$

with $|0\rangle = (1, 0)^T$ and $|1\rangle = (0, 1)^T$ (T is transposition). Find (i) the corresponding unitary matrix, (ii) the unitary matrix for the inverse operation.

2. Find the following matrices.

$$\exp(t(|0\rangle\langle 1| + |1\rangle\langle 0|)) \text{ and } \exp(t(|0\rangle\langle 1|)) \exp(t(|1\rangle\langle 0|)).$$

$|0\rangle, |1\rangle$ are the same as the previous questions. Are the two matrices same or not?

3. Consider the following unitary transformation for a two qubit bi-partite system:

$$U_{AB} |0\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|0\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}; \quad U_{AB} |1\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|0\rangle|0\rangle - |1\rangle|1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \\ U_{AB} |0\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|0\rangle|1\rangle + |1\rangle|0\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}; \quad U_{AB} |1\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|0\rangle|1\rangle - |1\rangle|0\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

Find the Kraus operators for the following CPTP map: $\Lambda(\rho_A) = \text{Tr}_B[U_{AB}\rho_A \otimes \rho_B U_{AB}^\dagger]$ with $\rho_B = |1\rangle\langle 1|$.

4. Check whether the following matrix is positive or not

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ d & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

5. Check the following operation is complete positive or not

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} i & f & c \\ h & e & b \\ g & d & a \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|100\rangle + |111\rangle) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (|100\rangle\langle 001| + |100\rangle\langle 010| + |111\rangle\langle 010| + |111\rangle\langle 100|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|100\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \left(\frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\langle 0| + \langle 1|}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$|0\rangle\langle 1| |1\rangle\langle 0| = |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$|1\rangle\langle 0| |0\rangle\langle 1| = |1\rangle\langle 1|$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|00\rangle + |11\rangle + |22\rangle$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ b \\ c \\ d \\ e \\ f \\ g \\ h \\ i \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\phi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\phi\rangle\langle\phi| = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} (100010001)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\lambda & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1-\lambda & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -\lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-\lambda(-\lambda(1-\lambda)) + 1(0 - 1 + \lambda)$$

$$\lambda^2(1-\lambda) + (\lambda - 1) = 0$$

$$(1-\lambda)(\lambda^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 1, -1, 1$$

not a complete
+ve map

3. Consider the following unitary transformation for a two qubit bi-partite system :

$$U_{AB} |00\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|00\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}; U_{AB} |11\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|00\rangle - |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

$$U_{AB} |01\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|01\rangle + |10\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}; U_{AB} |10\rangle \rightarrow \frac{|01\rangle - |10\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

Find the Kraus operators for the following CPTP map : $\Lambda(\rho_A) = \text{Tr}_B[U_{AB}\rho_A \otimes \rho_B U_{AB}^\dagger]$ with $\rho_B = |1\rangle\langle 1|$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

U_{AB}

$$|00\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|01\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|10\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|11\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{AB} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P_A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P_B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P_A \otimes P_B = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & a \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 & c & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & d & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Tr}_B \left(\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a & 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c & 0 & d \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$\text{Tr}_B \left(\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & c & 0 & d \\ 0 & a & 0 & b \\ 0 & a & 0 & b \\ 0 & -c & 0 & -d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$\text{Tr}_B \left(\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} d & c & c & -d \\ b & a & a & -b \\ b & a & a & -b \\ -d & -c & -c & d \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$N \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a+d}{2} & \frac{c-b}{2} \\ \frac{b-c}{2} & \frac{a+d}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} & \Lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \Lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} & \Lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} - \lambda & -\frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} - \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \lambda\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \lambda = \pm \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\lambda_3, \lambda_4 = 0, \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} - \lambda\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \lambda = \pm \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{4} \mp \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\boxed{\lambda_1, \lambda_2 = 0, \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -d \\ c \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$

$c, d \rightarrow \text{free}$

$$a = -d$$

$$b = c$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad K_2 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K_1^+ K_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$