



# NIM GAME

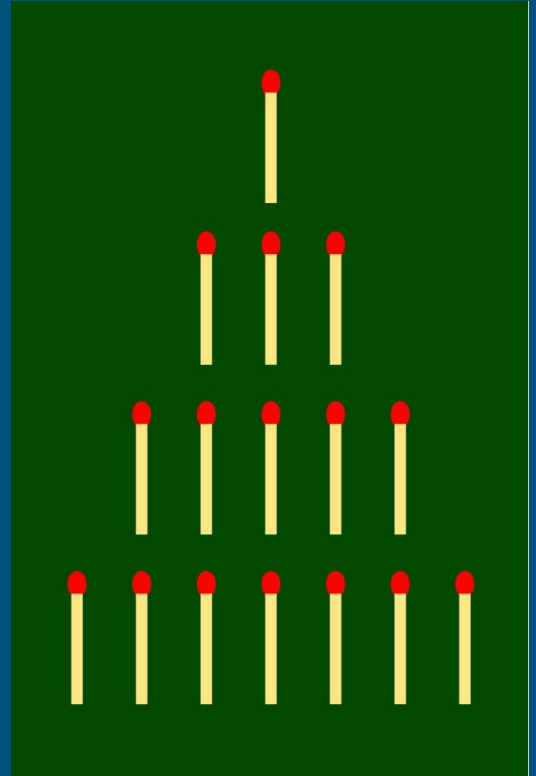
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# Context

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## Nim Game :

- At each turn you can take as many item from one row as you want.
- The player who takes the last one loses



# What is an individual in this context?

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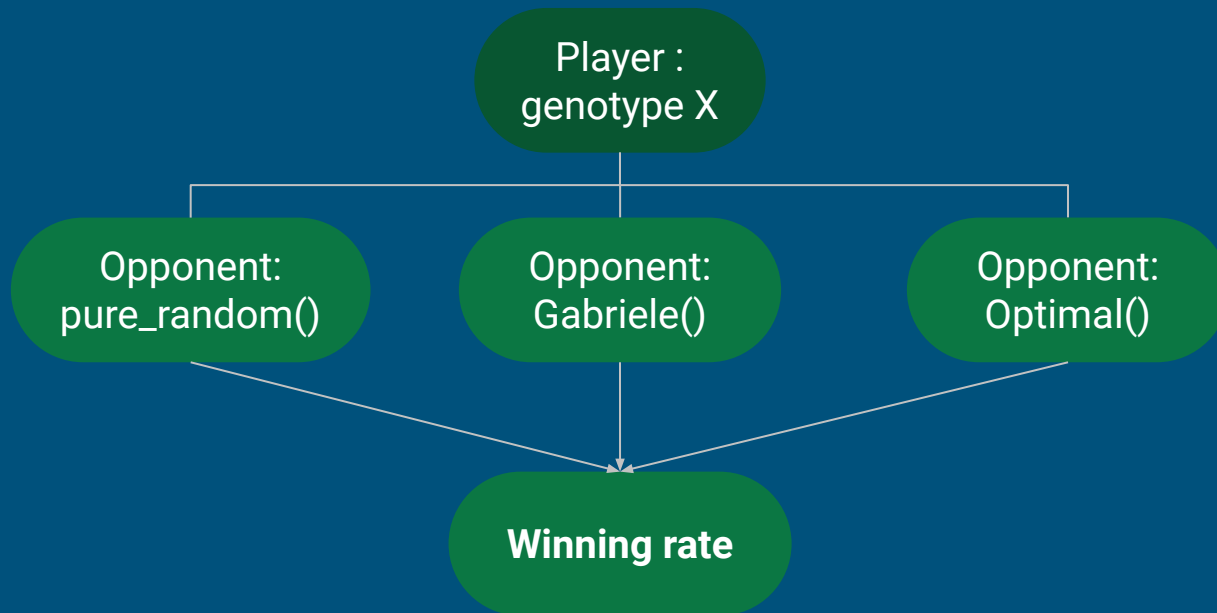
- **Genotype** : A list of probabilities where each element of the list represents the probability of using a certain strategy at each move (can use different strategies within a game)

```
list_strategies =[pure_random, gabriele, optimal]
genotype         =[ 0.3          , 0.1    , 0.6   ]
```

- **Fitness**: Calculates the rate of winning the game after N tries when the player uses a specific genotype against an opponent who plays with different strategies in every try.

# Fitness function explained

- Who plays first?  $\Rightarrow$  It alternates between the 2 players in every match
- Number of matches  $\Rightarrow$  Fixed parameter to 20 matches for each individual (can be modified)



# Offspring

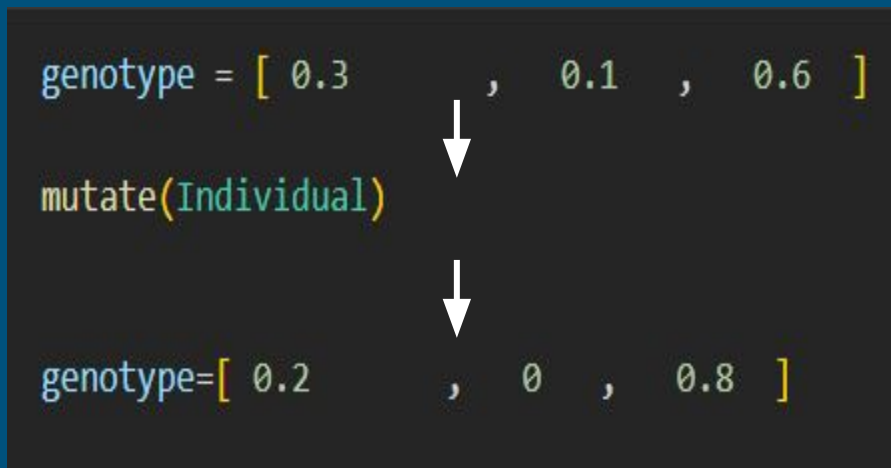
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- The selection pool of the parents is random.
- The chosen one is the parent who has the best fitness.
- Each individual of the offspring list has a probability of 80% to mutate

# Mutation

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- The function *mutate* (*Individual*) modifies randomly the genotype of an individual by changing the rate of using one of the strategies:



# Results

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```
best ind
0.6333333333333333
[0.4883741711253023, 0.23603751235012566, 0.275588316524572]
The player who won is
0
```

Still very variable, it would be better to add more rules to the genotype and play more games to have an accurate win rate and create more generations.

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# Do you have any questions ?

githubs : <https://github.com/Paul-Raphael/Computational-Intelligence>

<https://github.com/aasalma/Computational-Intelligence>