

Pääsuke X-Road API descriptions

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1. Introduction

This document is accompanied by OpenAPI definitions:

<https://app.swaggerhub.com/apis/aasaru/paasuhalduxe-x-tee-teenused/<version number>>

1.1 Versions

Version	Date	Description and changes
0.2.0		First public draft with the services that are offered by parties who keep mandates on their side and want to publish that info to Pääsuke
0.2.1		Added chapter "3. X-road services offered by Pääsuke to query mandates that are stored in Pääsuke"
0.2.2		Added chapters "4. X-road services to modify mandates that are stored in Pääsuke" and "5. Integration with Pääsuke without implementing any X-road services"
0.3.1		Improved terminology and introduced different types of namespaces (parent, child, standalone and external). Header parameters changed back to query parameters (except "If-Modified-Since") Added chapter 3. "X-road services offered by Pääsuke to query mandates that are stored in Pääsuke" together with new endpoint getNamespaces Person type INDIVIDUAL changed to NATURAL_PERSON. Smaller adjustments and parameters.
0.4.0		Shortened "namespace" to "ns" everywhere. Added ns path parameter to all methods that change state. New endpoints addMandateToDelegate, addMandateSubdelegate, removeAllMandatesFromDelegate Added chapter 1.2. Preface to this document.
0.4.1		Changed the Translations object ("2letterLangCode":"translation") changed parent_namespace parentNamespace Person type LEGAL_ENTITY changed to LEGAL_PERSON (so it matches better with NATURAL_PERSON)
0.5.0	19.01.2023	Person IdentityCode changed into person identifier. Added description of responses to queries. Added description of custom data types used inside the API Added description of how sub-delegating a mandate takes place.
0.5.1	20.01.2023	validityPeriod, editMandate, Authorization
0.5.2	24.01.2023	Added mandatevalidityPeriodLimit

1.2 Preface

Pääsuke is a system designed for the following use-cases

1. Some e-services use Pääsuke to store the mandates centrally.
 - a. Pääsuke offers x-road services to these e-services to query mandates from Pääsuke when a person tries to authorize himself in that service
 - b. Pääsuke also offers a list of persons (like management board members, procurers, etc) defined in the Business Registry as a response to this query
2. Pääsuke displays the mandates that are stored in Pääsuke and it also displays a list of mandates that are stored in other e-services (like Tax and Customs Board)
 - a. To fulfill this goal other types of e-services offer x-road endpoints for Pääsuke (and such queries are standardized by Pääsuke)
 - b. Pääsuke queries the mandates and displays them to the representees and to the delegates that have signed into eesti.ee
3. For some systems, Pääsuke offers a combination of these two.

This document describes Use Case 2 where Pääsuke queries mandates from external systems.

External parties will have to offer a set of queries to Pääsuke and the format of these queries is standardized by Pääsuke.

Following is the description of that standard.

1.3 Terminology

- **Pääsuke** - central access rights management system hosted in eesti.ee
- **RIA** - Information System Authority (Riigi Infosüsteemi Amet), agency that develops and runs eesti.ee and Pääsuke

- **institution** - some party who has a self-service system that either queries mandates from Pääsuke and/or has mandates declared in the system and publishes them in Pääsuke.
- **representee** - a person (private or legal) who has given a mandate to a delegate to be represented by that delegate (or its sub-delegates)
- **delegate** - a person (private or legal), a representee has given the mandate to represent itself. Delegate normally always has the right to represent oneself (except if the person doesn't possess active legal capacity - in Estonian *piiratud teovõime*)
- **namespace** - a group of roles that are maintained by a single institution. Read more from the chapter [What is a namespace](#)
- **privilege** - individual right to perform some action in e-service
- **role** - a group of privileges to be used in an e-service that can be granted to delegate by the representee. Role always belongs to a namespace. Read more from chapter [What is a role](#)
- **mandate** - a role that is given to a delegate by some representee. Mandates can have a start date, and end date, and some mandates can be sub-delegated (in Estonian "*edasi delegeerima*").

1.3.1 What is a namespace

Any institution can own and query roles from multiple namespaces.

Namespaces can be standalone (regular namespaces) or form parent-child relationships to provide grouping (in Estonian "*katusrollide funktsionaalsus*").

- **STANDALONE** namespace (regular namespace)
- **PARENT** namespace - used to group together global roles ("*katusrollid*"), in programming terms each role in the parent namespace is like an interface
- **CHILD** namespace (in programming terms each role in the child namespace is like an implementation of a global role and it is allowed to have more than one implementation of the same role)

Besides these types, there are **AUTOMATIC** namespaces. Roles in automatic namespaces are automatically assigned based on external property, for example, a role in such a namespace could be assigned automatically to a person after becoming a management board member.

There are several options for organizing roles into namespaces:

- Several institutions come together and together form a single namespace.
 - For example institutions active in agriculture could come together and define a common namespace "AGRICULTURE"
 - Institutions would agree with themselves which institution is maintaining the roles in this namespace
 - this is the most recommended solution for new systems as this is the easiest to understand for anyone operating in this field.
- Every institution always has at least one namespace (with their name)
 - This namespace could cover all (or most of) the roles of that institution. For example, the Estonian Tax and Customs Board has the namespace "EMTA".
- For one institution it is also possible to have multiple standalone namespaces.
 - This is only recommended for existing applications and not for new ones.
 - For example, Statistikaamet is going to have separate namespaces for two different systems: "STAT-ESTAT" and "STAT-NEW".
- An institution could have an additional child namespace
 - Such a namespace that implements some parent namespace is described in chapter 1.2.3.

In this document codes of namespaces are written in capital letters. If a namespace is written in pair with a role then we use a colon as a separator.

1.3.2 What is a role

Roles usually have descriptive code that indicates the profession that needs that role (Accountant) or what the owner can do (like Job.Ad.Editor).

Pääsuke is not limiting what the owner of the role can do in any of the systems that are pulling roles from Pääsuke.

If some institution AgencyX declares a role Editor and then it is solely the responsibility of Agency X to:

- Decide what anyone who has a mandate for that role can do
- Declare the code, title, and description of that role

Properties of a role:

- the role belongs to a namespace
- the role has a code (unique identifier, not shown out) that is unique in that namespace
- the role has a title in Estonian (and possibly also in English and Russian)
- the role can have a description (in any or all of the languages Estonian, English, and Russian)

1.3.3 Namespaces with parent-child relation

RIA defines global roles (in Estonian *katusrollid*) that can be supported by multiple institutions.

The idea is to provide all needed permissions in different institutions for a job as one single access role.

Let's look at this using an example. RIA has created a parent namespace "GLOBAL1" with the following configuration

Definition of a namespace

namespace	GLOBAL1
type	PARENT
parent namespace	<null>
title in Estonian	Asutusteülene (NB! See on töönimi)
title in English	Across institutions (NB! See on töönimi)

This namespace contains the following roles:

Definition of roles			
namespace	GLOBAL1	GLOBAL1	GLOBAL1
role code	Accountant	Human_Resources_Specialist	Data_viewer
title in Estonian	Raamatupidaja	Personalitöötaja	Andmete vaataja

However, it is not possible for anyone to directly grant roles to some delegate from such a parent namespace (as any role of type parent is an interface that declares some properties for any child roles).

Any institution can decide to support all or only a selection of these roles. Let's say the Estonian Tax and Customs Board (EMTA) has added support for all 3 roles.

For this Pääsuke has defined a separate namespace GLOBAL1_EM TA for EMTA:

Definition of a namespace	
namespace	GLOBAL1_EM TA
type	CHILD
parent namespace	GLOBAL1

In this namespace there are definitions of the same 3 roles with the same names for the roles (descriptions are different):

Definition of roles			
namespace	GLOBAL1_EM TA	GLOBAL1_EM TA	GLOBAL1_EM TA
role	Accountant	Human_Resources_Specialist	Data_viewer
title in Estonian	Raamatupidaja	Personalitöötaja	Andmete vaataja
description in Estonian	Samad õigused, mis raamatupidaja paketis		

If there is some other institution (let's say STAT) that only wants to add support for Accountant then a separate child namespace is created for that (that points to GLOBAL1 parent namespace) and STAT only declares Accountant role in that namespace:

Definition of a namespace	
namespace	GLOBAL1_STAT
type	CHILD
parent namespace	GLOBAL1

Definition of roles	
namespace	GLOBAL1_STAT
role	Accountant
title in Estonian	Raamatupidaja
description in Estonian	peakasutaja õigused

The following screenshot demonstrates how the Accountant role will be visible to the end user who starts to assign the Accountant role to some employee:

The screenshot assumes there are 4 agencies that support that role:

Esindaja volitused

Esindaja: Ülle Pääsuke (46414160202)

Esindatav: Väikefirma OÜ (EE12345678)

Uue volituse määramine

Roll: Asutusteülene: Raamatupidaja

Volituse algusaeg: Niipea kui võimalik

Volituse lõppaeg: ☒ Tähtajatu

Rolli kehtivus asutustes:

- ☒ Maksu- ja Tolliamet - samad õigused, mis raamatupidaja paketis
- ☒ Eesti.ee - töövõimetuslehtede kinnitamine
- ☒ e-Äriregister - majandusaasta aruannete sisestamine
- ☒ Statistikaamet - peakasutaja õigused

+ Lisa volitus

Tühista Kinnita

The person that is assigning the role can untick some of the institutions. Eventually, when the person clicks confirm (Kinnita) Pääsuke performs one POST request to each institution to add the role for each institution.

So if the person didn't untick anything then Pääsuke will make 4 separate post requests to add 4 separate roles.

1.3.4 Special namespace for representation rights loaded from Business Registry (Äriregistrist)

FROM_BUSINESS_REGISTRY is a namespace in Pääsuke that indicates that the representation rights are loaded by Pääsuke from Business Registry.

This namespace is used in Authorization (see chapter 1.6.5)

1.4 Notes

1.4.1 Prototype

Pääsuke offers its prototype publicly. The screenshots used in this document are taken from the prototype.

It is possible to download the prototype from here: <https://github.com/e-gov/PH/tree/main/proto>

The downloaded prototype can be run locally on the user's own computer.

The prototype is to illustrate how different mandates would be displayed to the user.

1.4.2 Mock service

In order to better illustrate what kind of responses are expected from external parties implementing these queries a mock service has been developed.

It is possible to run the mock locally using Docker or Java (see chapter 1.4.2).

The mock is also accessible over ee-dev X-Road (see chapter 1.4.3).

The same mock plays different parties (EMTA and STAT for example).

1.4.3 Running the mock service locally

Instructions can be found here: <https://github.com/e-gov/PH/tree/main/ph-xroad-api-mock>

1.4.4 Playing with the mock service over X-Road

A mock service has been set up in ee-dev X-Road that mimics the expected behavior of a system providing such services.

You can send requests against that service to better understand how the service has to work.

Throughout this document, the X-Road-specific headers (headers beginning with X-Road-...) are removed from the examples of HTTP requests.

If you want to test the queries then you always need to add the following x-road headers and the accept parameter:

```
curl \
-H "accept: application/json" \
-H "X-Road-Client: ee-dev/GOV/70001234/generic-consumer" \
-H "X-Road-User-Id: EE39912310123" \
-H "X-Road-Id: 08544bbd2f41473800309d16bd81c64c0f54193d84b53f8ad287446a2aacdf5e" \
-X GET "https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/roles"
```

You need to make the following replacements:

- ee-dev/GOV/70001234/generic-consumer - replace with your own details. RIA needs to grant access to this x-road client.
- replace <https://security-server> with your security server IP/DNS.
- You need to set X-Road-User-ID to your own personal id code.

1.5 Different types of X-Road services of Pääsuke

When considering X-Road services they come in two different types:

- The X-Road queries that are consumed by Pääsuke itself. There are two types:
 - "standardized services" are used by Pääsuke to get mandate-related information from systems that keep mandates on their side (like EMTA and STAT). These services used standardized API so Pääsuke could dynamically add new providers in the future.
 - all kinds of x-road services used by Pääsuke. These services are not standardized and not covered in this document.
- The X-Road queries that are provided by Pääsuke. There are two types of such services:
 - services to query mandate info
 - services to add mandate info into Pääsuke (employee of an e-service who keeps all its mandates in Pääsuke can insert mandates into the system)

1.6 Types

1.6.1 Person

Representee or delegate.

Property	Mandatory	Type	Description
type	mandatory	enum(LEGAL_PERSON, NATURAL_PERSON)	
firstName	nullable	string	given names of a natural person
surname	nullable	string	the surname of a natural person
legalName	nullable	string	legal person name
identifier	mandatory	string	<p>NB! Maximum length of this identifier is 256 symbols. Whitespaces should not be used in the identifier.</p> <p>If the person type is LEGAL_PERSON</p> <p>the value is "EE" + 8-digit Estonian registry code of the legal entity in the Estonian business registry. For example EE12345678</p> <p>Note about representees of type LEGAL_PERSON</p> <p>Pääsuke does not collect or query mandates from external systems about representees of type LEGAL_PERSON who are business entities registered in other countries besides Estonia.</p> <p>Note about delegates of type LEGAL_PERSON</p>

		<p>When a delegate is a legal person who is not registered in the Estonian business registry (as a separate business entity) then the response has to use the prefix "internal:" + 1...247 symbols.</p> <p>If the person type is NATURAL_PERSON</p> <p>The identifier has to be one of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "EE" + 11-digit Estonian national identity number <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ example: "EE3730112310123" • uppercase two-letter country code (according to ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 standard) + eIDAS identification (1...254 symbols) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ example: "CZ29d18705-fe88-4b23-9b4c-c073ae12673c" • "email:" + e-mail address of the natural person <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ example: "email:mari.maasikas@eesti.ee" • "internal:" + (1...247 symbols) - in case the identifier of the natural person is made up using internal rules <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ example: "internal:EE12111111"
--	--	--

1.6.2 Namespace

Namespace code cannot contain a slash, colon, semicolon, or space

1.6.3 Role and RoleDefinition

Property	Mandatory	Type
namespace	yes	string
code	yes	string (see chapter 1.6.3.1)
title	yes	Translation (see chapter 1.6.4)
description	no	Translation (see chapter 1.6.4). If the description is provided it must have at least the description translation in Estonian.
metadata	no	RoleMetadata (see chapter 1.6.3.3)

1.6.3.1 Role code

When some object has a property "role" it refers to role code.

The role code must be unique in the namespace (using case-insensitive comparison!)

Role codes can contain the following symbols:

- uppercase letters (A-Z)
- lowercase letters (a-z)
- numbers (0-9)
- underscore (_)
- dash (-)
- a dot (.)
- hash (#)
- a colon(:)

NB! In the parameters of some queries, the roles have to be prefixed with their namespace that is separated by a colon. This is why implementations have to keep in mind that roles can also contain colons - splitting has to happen only using the first colon in such a pair.

1.6.3.1 Role and namespace combination

Some query parameters use the combination of namespace and role that are separated by a colon.

1.6.3.3 RoleMetadata

Property	Mandatory	Type	Description
state	no	enum [ACTIVE, ACTIVE_GOVERNMENT, HIDDEN, REMOVED]	The role is ACTIVE if it can be assigned; ACTIVE_GOVERNMENT if the role can be assigned only to representees that are government agencies (representee registry code starts with 7); HIDDEN if the role is still supported but cannot be assigned to new employees; REMOVED if the role is no longer in action

modified	no	date-time	When this role definition was last modified. It is highly recommended to include this value in the response.
canSubDelegate	no	boolean	Can this role be given out with the right to sub-delegate it further
delegateType	no	enum [LEGAL_PERSON, NATURAL_PERSON]	What type of persons this role can be assigned to.
assignableBy	no		List of namespace:role combinations who are allowed to assign this mandate

1.6.4 MandateTriplet

This is called a triplet has it always has 3 components:

Property	Mandatory	Type	
representee	yes	Person (see paragraph 1.6.1)	The person being represented by the delegate
delegate	yes	Person (see paragraph 1.6.1)	The person who has the right to represent the representee
mandates	nullable	array Mandate (see paragraph 1.6.5)	List of mandates that the delegate has for this representee

1.6.5 Mandate

Property	Mandatory	Type	
namespace	yes	namespace code (see paragraph 1.6.2)	
role	yes	role code (see paragraph 1.6.3)	
validityPeriod	no	ValidityPeriod (see paragraph 1.7)	
validityPeriodLimit	no	ValidityPeriod (see paragraph 1.7)	<p>This is used to specify the limitations for the "validityPeriod" property in case the mandate would be edited.</p> <p>If mandate.validityPeriodLimit.from is given the validityPeriod.from cannot be set to an earlier date.</p> <p>If mandate.validityPeriodLimit.through is given the validityPeriod.through cannot be set to a later date.</p> <p>This property is usually set if this mandate is a sub-delegated mandate and only if editing of the mandate is allowed (mandate.links.xRoadPutEdit is not null - see chapter 1.6.6.2). The reason behind this is that the validityPeriod of sub-delegated mandate cannot exceed the validityPeriod of the original mandate.</p>
links	no	MandateLinks (see paragraph 1.6.6)	links are used to indicate what the user can do with the mandate

1.6.6 MandateLinks

MandateLinks is a key-value mechanism that allows the provider of the query to indicate what actions can be done with the mandate in the Pääsuke UI.

The list of properties is fixed but new keys might be added at over time.

The value of each property has to follow a pre-defined format, but the format lets the provider of the query use identifiers inside the value

All the keys of this type are nullable so if some action is not supported by the mandate then the corresponding value of the key is null (or not included at all in the response).

Property name	Format of the value NB! Everything that is not surrounded by curly brackets is fixed.
xRoadDeleteMandate	/ns/{ns}/representees/{representeeIdentifier}/delegates/{delegateIdentifier}/mandates/{mandateIdentifier}
xRoadPutEdit	/ns/{ns}/representees/{representeeIdentifier}/delegates/{delegateIdentifier}/mandates/{mandateIdentifier}
xRoadPostSubDelegate	/ns/{ns}/representees/{representeeIdentifier}/delegates/{delegateIdentifier}/mandates/{mandateIdentifier}/subdelegates
uiExternalView	has to be a valid URL
uiExternalEdit	has to be a valid URL

1.6.6.1 xRoadDeleteMandate

If this property is present with a non-null value it indicates that the mandate can be removed using Pääsuke.

If the property is missing or null then Pääsuke forbids the user from removing this mandate.

If the user confirms removing this mandate from Pääsuke then Pääsuke sends out the removeMandate (see paragraph 2.6) query using parameters parsed from the value.

The value of the "{ns}" has to match the namespace of the role of the mandate.

Fragment of example output

```
"links": {
  "xRoadDeleteMandate": "/v1/ns/EMTA/representees/1234/delegates/5678/mandates/901234"
}
```

When the user decides to remove the mandate from Pääsuke then Pääsuke sends out the following query to the same party that returned the response.

So if the mandate to be deleted was served to Pääsuke by "ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-enta" then Pääsuke sends out the following query:

Query to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
curl -X 'DELETE' 'https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-enta/ns/EMTA/representees/1234/delegates/5678/mandates/901234'
```

1.6.6.2 xRoadPutEdit

If this property is present with a non-null value it indicates that the mandate can be edited using Pääsuke.

If the property is missing or null then Pääsuke forbids the user from editing this mandate.

If the user confirms editing this mandate in Pääsuke then Pääsuke sends out the editMandate (see paragraph 2.8) PUT query using parameters parsed from the value.

The value of the "{ns}" has to match the namespace of the role of the mandate.

Fragment of example output

```
"links": {
  "xRoadPutEdit": "/ns/EMTA/representees/1234/delegates/5678/mandates/901234"
}
```

When the user decides to edit the mandate from Pääsuke then Pääsuke sends out the following query to the same party that returned the response.

If the mandate to be deleted was served to Pääsuke by "ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-enta" then Pääsuke sends out the following query:

Query to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
curl -X 'PUT' \
  'https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-enta/ns/EMTA/representees/1234/delegates/5678/mandates/901234' \
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
  -d '{
    <payload described in chapter 2.8>
  }'
```

1.6.6.3 xRoadPostSubDelegate

If this property is present with a non-null value it indicates that the mandate can be further sub-delegated.

If the property is missing or null then Pääsuke forbids the user from sub-delegating this mandate.

If the role definition metadata states that the role cannot be sub-delegated then Pääsuke forbids the user from sub-delegating this mandate even if this property is present in the output.

If the user sub-delegates this mandate in Pääsuke then Pääsuke sends out the addMandateSubDelegate (see paragraph 2.7) query using parameters parsed from the value.

The value of the "{ns}" has to match the namespace of the role of the mandate.

Fragment of example output

```
"links": {
  "xRoadPostSubDelegate": "/ns/GLOBAL1_EMta/representees/R987/delegates/D654/mandates/M321/subdelegates"
}
```

When the user adds a sub-delegate then

So if the mandate to be deleted was served to Pääsuke by "ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-ema" then Pääsuke sends out the following query:

Query to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
curl -X 'POST' \
  'https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-ema/GLOBAL1_EMta/representees/EE10391131/delegates/EE38302250123/mandates/M321/subdelegates' \
  -H 'accept: */*' \
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' payload of the message is described in paragraph 2.7
```

1.6.6.4 uiExternalView

URL to self-service where the mandate information can be displayed to the user.

1.6.6.5 uiExternalEdit

URL to self-service where the mandate information can be displayed and edited by the user.

1.6.4 Translation

Pääsuke runs within eesti.ee portal that is offered to end users in Estonian, English, and Russian.

Returning translations in Estonian is mandatory.

If the English or Russian translation is missing then for that part the user interface of Pääsuke uses the Estonian translation instead.

Property name	Mandatory	Type	Description
et	yes	string	Translation in Estonian.
en	no	string	Translation in English
ru	no	string	Translation in Russian

1.6.5 Authorization

This list is added to some of the payloads to reflect the information on why the person doing a modification was allowed by Pääsuke to perform the action.

There are several options

1.6.5.1 Person has a role that allows creating, editing, and removing mandates

```
"authorizations": [
  {
    "userIdentifier": "EE49028099999",
```

```

    "hasRole": "STAT:Peakasutaja"
  }
]

```

1.6.5.2 Person is on the board and has the right to represent the legal entity alone

```

"authorizations": [
  {
    "userIdentifier": "EE49028099999",
    "hasRole": "FROM_BUSINESS_REGISTRY:MANAGEMENT_BOARD_MEMBER_FULL"
  }
]

```

1.6.5.3 Several people who are on the board and they have partial rights (ühisesindusõigus) but together they can represent the legal entity

```

"authorizations": [
  {
    "userIdentifier": "EE49028099999",
    "hasRole": "FROM_BUSINESS_REGISTRY:MANAGEMENT_BOARD_MEMBER_PARTIAL"
  },
  {
    "userIdentifier": "EE39211110000",
    "hasRole": "FROM_BUSINESS_REGISTRY:MANAGEMENT_BOARD_MEMBER_PARTIAL"
  }
]

```

This use case (ühisesindusega juhatuse liikmed saavad Pääsuke abil roller peale panna) is not yet supported but the API is already designed to be able to support it in the future

1.7 ValidityPeriod

Property	Mandatory	Type	Description
from	nullable	date	The first day (inclusive). Can be both in the past and in the future.
through	nullable	date	The last day (inclusive). Null means end date is not specified (infinity). If this date is in the past then normally the mandate should not be returned at all.

2. Standard X-Road services that are consumed by Pääsuke

These services are used to show all the mandates from a central system. This way:

- any representee has visibility all over the Estonian e-services of the mandates that are currently valid.
- any delegate has information about all the mandates assigned to him by different representees.

Pääsuke uses the following services to query systems that among other things store mandates. These services are called standard services and although data providers are different (Statistics Estonia, Estonian Tax and Customs Board, etc) these systems have all agreed to use the same query and data format.

This data that is pulled is displayed in Pääsuke UI (that is going to reside under eesti.ee)

2.1. Clarifications

2.1.1 Historical data is not returned

The services only return mandates that are currently valid or will become valid in the future. Records that are no longer valid are not available through this API.

2.2 Query "getRoles"

OpenAPI definition: <https://app.swaggerhub.com/apis/aasaru/paasuhalduse-x-tee-teenused/0.5.1#/Offered%20to%20P%C3%A4%C3%A4suke/getRoles>

CURL query

```
curl -H "If-Modified-Since: 2022-11-12T00:00:00+02:00" \
-X GET \
"https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/roles
?ns=STAT,GLOBAL1_STAT"
```

The return type is the array of RoleDefinition (described in chapter 1.6.3).

Pääsuke uses this query to periodically fetch all translations of roles and also the metadata about roles. This metadata tells Pääsuke who is allowed to assign a particular role.

2.2.1 Why query "getRoles" is needed

The queries that return mandates use namespace codes and role codes in the mandate payload. For the Pääsuke UI to translate these codes into different languages

2.2.2 Limiting the data that needs to be transferred with each request using 'If-Modified-Since' header

Pääsuke does not include the 'If-Modified-Since' header in the first request.

When the service returns the list of roles, Pääsuke goes over all the returned roles and memorizes the latest modification date (if at least one of the roles had a value for metadata.modification).

If the latest modification date has been stored by Pääsuke then on the next request it includes this value on the 'If-Modified-Since' header in the request. This is done to indicate the date and time of the latest role modification Pääsuke has already copied over.

The service can:

- Respond with HTTP Status code 304 if no roles have been changed since that time. The service provider is also allowed to ignore that property.
- Otherwise, all results (that match the filters) are returned (even the ones that have modified time earlier than the If-Modified-Since parameter).

2.2.3 Filtering by namespace

Pääsuke keeps track of what kind of namespaces are used by different service providers.

The list of namespaces currently configured is included in the "ns" filter when Pääsuke makes the request.

Even if the service provider returns roles with other namespaces Pääsuke ignores such roles in the output.

2.3 Query "getRepresenteeDelegatesWithMandates"

CURL query

```
curl -X GET \
"https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/representees/
{representee}/delegates/mandates"
```

Returns all delegates (with mandates), who have a right to represent the representee currently or in the future.

2.3.1 View "Ettevõtte esindajad ja volitatud isikud"

This query is used to serve the following view in the Pääsuke UI. It displays all mandates that the representee has given out to others or that are assigned by law (Äriregistrist).

Väikefirma OÜ (EE12345678)

Ettevõtte esindajad ja volitatud isikud

Ettevõttele antud volitused

Lisa uus volitus

Ava otsing

Mari Maasikas (49028099999)	Äriregistrist: Juhatus liige	Vaata
Kaupo Kuusik (37925050002)	Äriregistrist: Prokurist	Vaata
Jüri Vaarikas (39211110000)	Maksu- ja Tolliamet: Raamatupidaja pakett Statistikaamet (eSTAT): Andmeesitaja e-Äriregister: Majandusaasta aruannete sisestaja-esitaja Asutusteülene: Raamatupidaja (alates 6.11.2023)	Muuda Kopeeri Eemalda
Kalle Kuusk-Konstantinov (37425050015)	Statistikaamet (eSTAT): Andmeesitaja Transpordiamet: Üldvolikiri Transpordiamet: Volikiri konkreetse sõiduki kohta Riigihanked: Peakasutaja e-Äriregister: Majandusaasta aruannete sisestaja	Muuda Kopeeri Eemalda
Raamatupidajad OÜ (EE23456789)	Asutusteülene: Raamatupidaja PRIA: Dokumentide vaataja	Muuda Kopeeri Eemalda

2.3.2 View "Ettevõtte <ettevõtetnimi> poolt antud volituste edasivolitused"

In the future, Pääsuke will have a view to see a list of sub-delegators. Let's look at the following screenshot:

Raamatupidajad OÜ (EE23456789)

Ettevõtte esindajad ja volitatud isikud

Ettevõttele antud volitused

Väikefirma OÜ (EE12345678)	Asutusteülene: Raamatupidaja PRIA: Dokumentide vaataja	Vaata edasivolitusi Volita edasi Loobu
----------------------------	---	---

Screenshot describes the following situation. Väikefirma OÜ (EE12345678) has given roles GLOBAL:Accountant and PRIA:DocumentViewer to Raamatupidajad OÜ (EE23456789) with the right to sub-delegate these roles (so Raamatupidajad OÜ can further delegate it to its employees).

Now Raamatupidajad OÜ has sub-delegated (by pressing "Volita edasi") this role to its employees Reijo Raamatukogu and Raili Raamatukoi.

Now a representative of Raamatupidajad OÜ wants to know to whom Raamatupidajad OÜ has sub-delegated these mandates. For that the representative opens "Ettevõttele antud volitused" in the row of "Väikefirma OÜ" he clicks "List sub-delegators" (Vaata edasivolitusi).

UI asks the back end to perform the following query to several parties who support Accountant mandate:

CURL query

```
curl -X GET \
  "https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/representees/EE1111111/delegates/mandates?namespace=AGENCYX&subDelegatedBy=EE23456789"
```

And the query returns Raamatupidajad OÜ employees Reijo Raamatukogu and Raili Raamatukoi as these mandates were subdelegated by Raamatupidajad OÜ (EE22222222).

If Väikefirma OÜ has given mandates to other parties then they are not returned (since in the query there is subDelegatedBy filter parameter in place).

2.3.3 View "Minu esindajad"

In the future natural person can use Pääsuke to see what kind of natural persons he/she has given mandates to represent himself/herself. To show the mandates the application also performs the query described at the beginning of this paragraph (2.3).

2.3.4 Response structure of query getRepresenteeDelegatesWithMandates

This is described in paragraph 2.5

2.4 Query getDelegateRepresenteesWithMandates

GET

```
curl -X GET \
  "https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/delegates/{delegate}/representees/mandates"
```

Returns all representees (with mandates) that the delegate has the right to represent.

This query serves the following UI-s.


2.4.1 View "Ettevõttele antud volitused"

Legal entity (like an accountant bureau) is looking, at what kind of mandates other legal entities have given him.

Punased Õhupallid (EE12345678)

Ettevõtte esindajad ja volitatud isikud

Ettevõttele antud volitused

 **Pikad Puud OÜ** (EE88765432)

Ettevõtlus: **Andmete edastaja** ⓘ

[Muuda](#) [Volita edasi](#)

in the future, there will be a user interface available to display the list of persons that points to view "Ettevõtte <ettevõttenimi> poolt antud volituste edasivolitused" described above.


2.4.2 View "Mulle antud volitused"

A natural person opens Pääsuke to see what kind of mandates he has been given anywhere in the Estonian e-services (that are present in Pääsuke).

Mari Maasikas (49028099999)

Mulle antud volitused

Minu esindajad


 **Raamatupidajad OÜ** (EE23456789)

Ärregistrist: **Juhatusel liige** (ühisesindus) ⓘ

Statistikaamet (eSTAT): **Andmeesitaja** ⓘ

Asutusteülene: **Raamatupidaja** ⓘ

[Vaata edasivolitusi](#) [Volita edasi](#) [Loobu](#)

 **Väikefirma OÜ** (EE12345678)

Ärregistrist: **Juhatusel liige** ⓘ

[Vaata](#)

2.4.3 At least one of the mandates has a link that allows adding a sub-delegate

The user (legal person or a natural person) is viewing the list of mandates that have been given by different representees.

If at least one of the mandates has a flag to sub-delegate, then the UI adds a button to initiate adding a sub-delegate ("Volita edasi").

2.5 Response structure of queries getRepresenteeDelegatesWithMandates and getDelegateRepresenteesWithMandates

Both queries have the same response structure.

This is list of MandateTriplets.

2.6 Query removeMandate

```
curl -X DELETE \
  "https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/ns/{ns}/representees/{representeeIdentifier}/delegates/{delegateIdentifier}/mandates/{mandateIdentifier}"
```

Removes role from a delegate in the given namespace (denoted {ns}).

Values of representeeIdentifier, delegateIdentifier, and mandateIdentifier are taken by Pääsuke from the output of the query that produced the list (link with rel "xroadDelete").

2.6.1 View to remove mandates from delegate

Serves the following view of the Pääsuke UI. This view allows the user to individually pick the mandates to be removed.

Esindaja volitused

Esindaja

Raamatupidajad OÜ (EE23456789)

Esindatav

Väikefirma OÜ (EE12345678)

Asutusteülene: Raamatupidaja

Rolli kehtivus järgnevatel asutustel:

☒ Maksu- ja Tolliamet - samad õigused, mis on raamatupidaja pakettis (alates 14.12.2022 - tähtajatu)

☒ Eesti.ee - tööviimetuslehtede kinnitamine (alates 14.12.2022 - 31.12.2023)

☒ e-Äriregister - majandusaasta areuannete sisestamine (alates 20.12.2022 - tähtajatu)

☐ Statistikaamet - peakasutaja õigused

Märgitud eemaldamisele

PRIA: Dokumentide vaataja

6.11.2020 - 31.12.2021

[Alusdokument](#)

Märgitud eemaldamisele

+ Lisa volitus

Eemalda kõik

Tühista

Kinnita

For each mandate that was selected for removal - Pääsuke performs this delete request.

2.7 Query addMandateSubDelegate

2.7.1 View where adding a sub-delegate can be started

The user (legal person or a natural person) is viewing the list of mandates that have been given to her/him by different representees.

These use cases are described in chapters 2.3.2 and 2.4.2.

If at least one of the mandates has a link xRoadPostSubDelegate (described in chapter 1.6.6.3) then the UI adds a button to initiate adding a sub-delegate ("Volita edasi")

If the user clicks on that button a view opens up prefilled with copies of the original mandates:

Esindaja volitused

Esindaja

Sisesta isikukood või registrikood

Esindatav

Eesti Volitused MTÜ (EE34567890)

Delegeeritav volitus

Roll

Eesti.ee: Töövõimetuslehtede täiendamine

Delegeeritavus

Edasivolitamine pole lubatud

Volituse algusaeg

20.01.2023

Volituse lõppaeg

☒ Tähtajatu

Delegeeritav volitus

Roll

Eesti.ee: A1 (E101) tõendi ja taotluste toimingud

Delegeeritavus

Edasivolitamine pole lubatud

Volituse algusaeg

20.01.2023

Volituse lõppaeg

☒ Tähtajatu

Tühista

Kinnita

The user is allowed to:

- set of the delegate as long as it is natural person
- edit the start date as long as it is later than the original start date.
- edit the end date as long as it is earlier than the original end date.
- delete a role from the list - this means only a portion of roles get sub-delegated, not all

The user is restricted from:

- changing role
- adding a new mandate on this screen
- setting a start date to the past
- setting the mandate to be allowed for sub-delegation
- setting the end date to be today or earlier

2.8.2 Path parameters

The parameters of the payload are set by the response that loaded the mandates. The parameters are described in paragraph 1.6.6.3.

2.8.3 Payload

- subDelegate is of type Person (described in chapter 1.6.1)
- validityPeriod from is only present if it was changed by the user
- validityPeriod through is the last day when the sub-delegated mandate is valid. this cannot exceed the validityPeriod->through of the initial mandate.
- validityPeriod through without a value (null) means it is valid indefinitely. This is only allowed if the original mandate was valid indefinitely

Query to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
{
  "subDelegate": {
    "type": "NATURAL_PERSON",
    "firstName": "Jüri",
    "surname": "Juurikas",
    "legalName": "Juurikas",
    "identifier": "EE38302250123"
  },
  "validityPeriod": {
    "from": "2017-07-21",
    "through": "2024-02-21"
  }
}
```

2.8 Query addMandatesToDelegate

2.8.1 View to add mandates to a delegate

This is how a new mandate can be added:

Esindaja volitused

Esindaja

Sisesta isikukood või registrikood

EMA Aruandja TÜ (EE77543210)

Esindatav

Uue volituse määramine

Roll

Maksu- ja Tolliamet: Raamatupidaja pakett

Delegeeritavus

☒ Edasivolitamine lubatud

Volituse algusaeg

20.01.2023

Volituse lõppaeg

31.12.2025

☐ Tähtajatu

+ Lisa volitus

Tühista

Kinnita

2.8.2 Path parameters

Query to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
curl -X 'POST' \
  'https://security-server/r1/ee-dev/GOV/70006317/volitused-mock/volitused-estat/v1/representees/EE10391131'
```

```
/delegates/EE38302250123/mandates' \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d ' <Payload is described in next paragraph> '
```

2.8.2 Payload

Query to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
{
  "representee": {
    "Person to be represented"
  },
  "delegate": {
    "Person getting the representation rights"
  },
  "mandates": [
    {
      "namespace": "GLOBAL1_EMTA",
      "role": "ACCOUNTANT",
      "canSubDelegate": true,
      "validityPeriod": {
        "from": "2017-07-21",
        "through": "2024-02-21"
      }
    }
  ],
  "authorizations": [
    {
      "userIdentifier": "string",
      "hasRoles": "MANAGEMENT_BOARD_MEMBER"
    }
  ]
}
```

Authorizations are used to carry the information who has confirmed that change and on what grounds.

2.9 Query editMandate

2.8.1 View to edit an existing mandate

Esindaja volitused

Esindaja

Jüri Vaarikas (39211110000)

Esindatav

EMA Aruandja TÜ (EE77543210)

Majandusaasta aruannete portaal:

7.1.2023 - 31.12.2024

Sisestaja-esitaja ?

[Alusdokument](#)

Volituse kehtivusaja muutmine

Volituse algusaeg

07.01.2023

Volituse lõppaeg

31.12.2024

☐ Tähtajatu

+ Lisa volitus

Tühista

Kinnita

2.8.2 Path parameters

The parameters of the payload are described in paragraph 1.6.6.2.

2.8.3 Query payload

Payload to be sent out by Pääsuke

```
{
  "canSubDelegate": false,
  "validityPeriod": {
    "from": "2017-07-21",
    "through": "2024-02-21"
  }
}
```

- canSubDelegate - this is only included
 - if the corresponding Role (returned by /roles query described in chapter 2.2) has canSubDelegate = true
 - if the mandate itself is not a sub-delegated mandate
 - if the user has actually changed this value. If it is not included in the payload (or is null), the value must not be changed by the service providing the x-road query.
- validityPeriod.from - this is only included if the user changed this value. Pääsuke only allows for the new value to be in the future.
- validityPeriod.through - this value always has a meaning even if it is not present in the payload. A null value means the validity was changed to be valid indefinitely.

3. X-road services offered by Pääsuke to query mandates that are stored in Pääsuke.

This use case is going to be described in another document.

4. X-road services to modify mandates that are stored in Pääsuke

This use case is going to be described in another document.

5. Integration with Pääsuke without implementing any X-road services

Currently, for most Estonian government e-services the authentication service is provided by Tara.

For any e-service using Tara, there is no need to implement x-road services as Tara provides signed proof to e-services about the authenticated person.

GovSSO is Tara with SSO and it provides single sign-on functionality on top of Tara.

It would be technically possible for GovSSO to offer additional UI flows for authenticated users to select a representee.

This way GovSSO would provide the selected representee as part of the OpenID connect flow together with details of the authenticated person.

If the user later wants to switch to a different representee then that would be possible as the e-service would anyway have to keep the session alive with GovSSO.

To switch are representee the e-service would have to send the user's browser back to GovSSO for that and the user would return with details of the selected representee that would be signed by GovSSO.

This integration pattern is currently seeking interested parties. Please connect with Pääsuke team if you would be interested in using that flow.