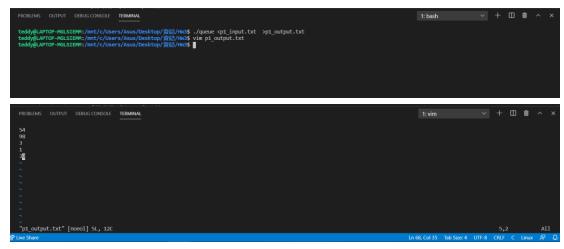
F74076108_蔡秉睿_hw3_Readme

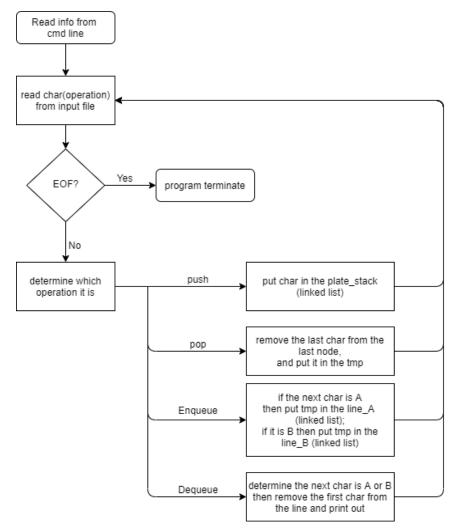
第一小題:

1. screenshot:



(visual studio 上執行 linux 環境)

2. program architecture:



3. program function:

i. int main():

把檔案用 scanf 輸入進來,然後判斷是甚麼 operation,再繼續執行下一步,然後利用 while 迴圈一直讀檔,直到 end of file。

ii. node *insert(node *head, int value):

新增一個 new_node,把 new_node->plate 設為傳入的值, 然後接在 head 這個 list 的最後面,再回傳 head。

Parameters:

node *head:要新增一個節點的 linked list int value:新增的節點的值

Return value:

return head;

iii. int remove stack(node **head):

把最後一個 node 的值取出並 free 掉 node。

Parameters:

node **head:指向(*head)的一個指標。

Return value:

return reStack;(會存在 tmp)

iv. int remove queue(node **head):

把第一個 node 的值取出,並把 head 指向 head->next,然後 free 掉第一個 node。

Parameters:

Node **head:指向(*head)的一個指標。

Return value:

return reQueue;(會存在 out)

4. Program design:

我利用 while 迴圈和 scanf 把檔案讀入並判斷是甚麼 operation,然後再利用 三個 function 做三個 linked list,其中 plate_stack(stack)和 line_A、line_B (queue)取出 node 的方法不一樣,前者是 LIFO,後者是 FIFO,所以要寫兩個 不一樣的 function。

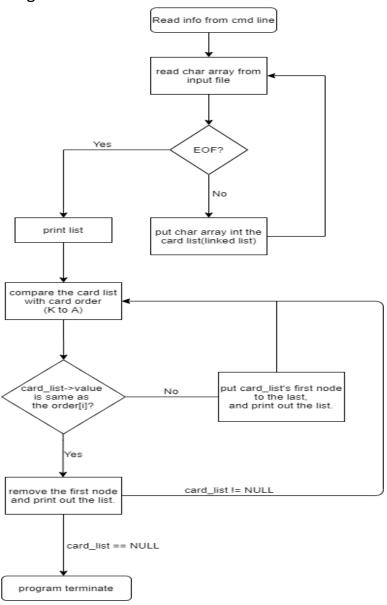
第二小題:

1. screenshot:

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2. Program architecture:



3. Program function:

i. int main():

先利用 while 迴圈把 char 陣列讀入並放入 linked list,然後用 for 迴圈比較 cardList(linked list)和 order 的值,相等的話就 remove list 的 first node,不相等的話就 shift list。

ii. node_t *putCard(node_t *head, char newValue[]):

新增一個 new_node 並把 new_node->value 附值為newValue,然後接在 list 的最後。

Parameters:

node_t *head:要新增一個節點的 linked list。char newValue[]:新節點所存的值。

Return value:

Return head:

iii. node_t *shift(node_t *head):

把第一個節點移到最後去。

Parameters:

node t*head:要移動的 linked list。

Return value:

Return head;

iv. node_t *remove_card(node *head):

把第一個節點刪除,並將 head 指向 head->next。

Parameters:

node t*head:要刪除節點的 linked list。

Return value:

Return head;

v. void printList(node t *head):

把 list 印出來。

Parameters:

node_t *head:要印出來的 linked list。

4. Program design:

先用 while 迴圈和 scanf 讀入字串,每讀入一個字串就放進 cardList,完成後再用 for 迴圈判斷 cardList->value 和 order(K~A)有沒有相同,如果沒有,cardList 就會 shift;有的話,就會 remove 第一個節點。當 cardList == NULL 時,就會跳出 for 迴圈並結束程式。