

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)
ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

Mid-Semester Examination
Course No.: Math 4121
Course Title: Mathematics I

Winter Semester, A.Y. 2019-2020
Time: 90 Minutes
Full Marks: 75

There are 4 (four) questions. Answer any 3 (three) questions. Marks in the margin indicate full marks. Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write on this question paper.

1. a) Find the value of k for which $6x^2 - 5xy - 6y^2 + 14x + 5y + k = 0$ represents a pair of straight lines. Find the separate equation of straight lines. 13
- b) Remove xy term from the equation $17x^2 + 18xy - 7y^2 = 1$ by using the invariants of transformation. 12
2. a) If $y = e^{ax} \sin bx$ find y_n . 13
- b) If $\ln y = \tan^{-1} x$ then show that
 $(1 + x^2)y_{n+2} + (2nx + 2x - 1)y_{n+1} + n(n+1)y_n = 0$ 12
3. a) (i) State and prove L'Hospital's theorem. 13
(ii) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}\pi} \sec x \left(x \sin x - \frac{1}{2}\pi \right)$.
- b) If $u = ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 + 2fyz + 2gzx + 2hxy$ and $\frac{\delta^2 u}{\delta x^2} + \frac{\delta^2 u}{\delta y^2} + \frac{\delta^2 u}{\delta z^2} = 2$ then find the value of $a + b + c$. 12
4. a) If $lx + my = 1$ touches the curve $(ax)^n + (by)^n = 1$ then show that
 $(l/a)^{\frac{n}{n-1}} + (m/b)^{\frac{n}{n-1}} = 1$. 13
- b) If (α, β) are the coordinates of the centre of curvature of the parabola $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$ at (x, y) then show that $\alpha + \beta = 3(x + y)$. 12