

Student ID:  
**Islamic University of Technology (IUT)**  
Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)  
Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Marks:

Course no. : Phy 4421

Course Title : Semiconductor Devices

Class Test : 1A

Date : 23-12-2021

Time : 20 Minutes

Marks : 15

1. Classify compound semiconductors based on the valency (column position in periodic table) of the constituent elements. Give two examples of each class.

6

chapter 3

2. What do you understand by 'effective mass' of charge carriers in semiconductors?

3

17



$$n_i p_i = \frac{n_i}{\frac{n_i}{p_i}} = n_i$$

3. A Si sample is doped with  $6 \times 10^{16}$  boron atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>. What is the resistivity of the sample at 300 K? Mobilities of electron and holes in Si are 1350 cm<sup>2</sup>/V-s and 480 cm<sup>2</sup>/V-s, respectively.

3+3

$$n_0 = 6 \times 10^{16}$$

$$\mu_n = 1350 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V-s}$$

$$\mu_p = 480 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V-s}$$

$$q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$$

Charge of electron

$$n_0 p_0 = n_i^2$$

$$p_0 = \frac{n_i^2}{n_0} = \frac{(2.5 \times 10^{10})^2}{6 \times 10^{16}} = \frac{2.25 \times 10^{20}}{6 \times 10^{16}} = 0.375 \times 10^4 = 3750$$

$$\sigma = q n \mu_n + q p \mu_p$$

$$\sigma = q (n_0 \mu_n + p_0 \mu_p)$$

$$= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} (2.5 \times 10^{10} \times 1350 + 3750 \times 480)$$

$$= 4.392 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$R = \frac{\rho L}{A} = \frac{1}{\sigma}$$

$$\text{Resistivity} = \frac{1}{\sigma} = \frac{1}{4.392 \times 10^{-6}} = 227686.7 \, \Omega$$