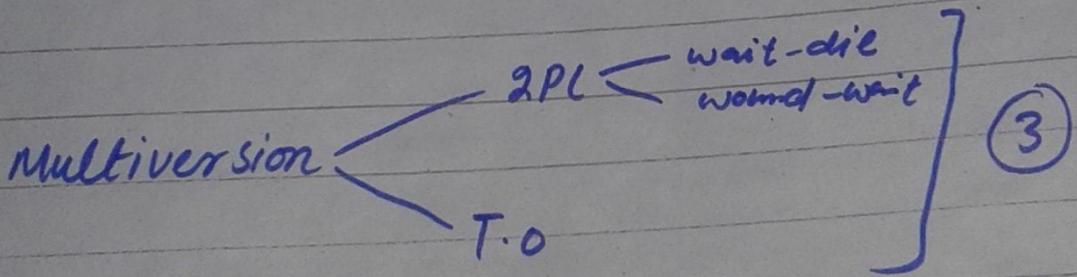
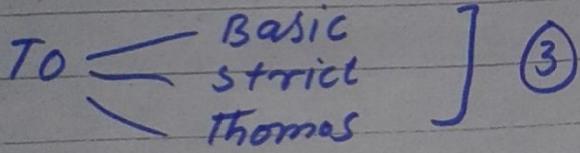
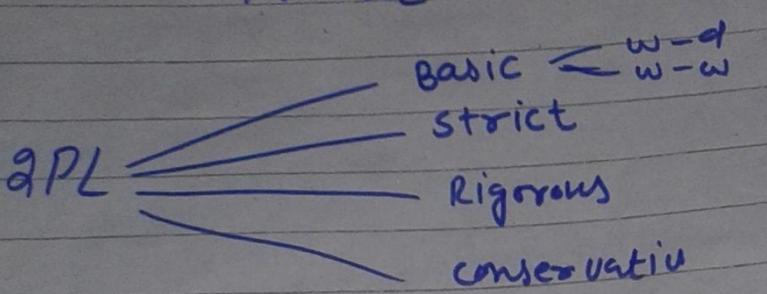




Total for Schedule 1 = 14

Total for Schedule 2 = 14

Grand total = 28



optimistic

Total = 14

## Schedule Number 1 :-

S<sub>1</sub>:  $r_1 l(x)$ ,  $r_1(x)$ ,  $w_2 l(4)$ ,  $w_2(4)$ ,  $w_1 l(z)$ ,  
 $w_2 l(x)$ ,  $w_1(4)$ ,  $ul_1(x)$ ,  $ul_1(4) \rightarrow C_1$ ,  $w_3 l(z)$ ,  
 $w_3(z)$ ,  $w_2(x)$ ,  $w_2 l(z)$ ,  $w_3 l(x)$ ,  $w_2(z)$ ,  $ul_2(4)$ ,  
 $ul_2(x) \rightarrow ul_2(z)$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $w_3(z)$ ,  $ul_3(z)$ ,  $ul_3(x)$ ,  $C_3$

The above Schedule is according to the 2 phase locking concept i.e growing & shrinking Phase a separate.

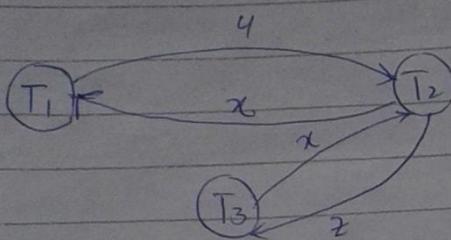
lets see the schedule

T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>
$r_1 l(x)$		
$r_1(x)$		
	$w_2 l(4)$	
	$w_2(4)$	
$w_1 l(4) \rightarrow (wait for T_2)$	.	$w_2 l(x) \rightarrow (wait for T_1)$
$w_1(4)$		
$ul_1(x)$		
$ul_1(4)$		
$C_1$		$w_3 l(z)$ $w_3(z)$
	$w_2(x)$	
	$w_2 l(z) \rightarrow (wait for T_3)$	
		$w_3 l(x) \rightarrow (wait for T_2)$

C1

we draw the previous schedule just to detect the dead lock. There are many problems in that.

### Wait for graph



The dead lock are detected in above schedule. Now resolve it using prevention schemes for different types of 2PL.

Here  $\rightarrow T_1 < T_2 < T_3$

### ① Simple 2PL (wait-die scheme)

$T_1$

$T_2$

$T_3$

$x_1 l(x)$

$y_1(x)$

$w_2 l(4)$

$w_2(4)$

$w_1 l(4)$

$\rightarrow T_1$  waits for  $T_2$   
wait-die scheme

$w_2 l(x) \rightarrow \text{Abort}$

due to wait die scheme

after  $T_1$  comes it will start again.

$w_1(4)$

$u_1(x)$

$u_1(4)$

②

C<sub>1</sub>

T<sub>1</sub> starts from here (from start)  
..... w<sub>1</sub> (x)

w<sub>3</sub> & L<sub>2</sub>)  
w<sub>3</sub> (z)

w<sub>2</sub>, l (z)

(wait for T<sub>3</sub>  
according to wait-die  
scheme)

w<sub>2</sub>, l (x)

Abort (wait-die)

w<sub>2</sub> (z)

ul<sub>2</sub> (4)

ul<sub>2</sub> (x)

ul<sub>2</sub> (z)

C<sub>2</sub>

from start

|

w<sub>3</sub> (x)

ul<sub>3</sub> (z)

ul<sub>3</sub> (x)

C<sub>3</sub>

## Simple (Basic) 2 PL (wait-die)

T<sub>1</sub>

r<sub>1</sub>, l (x)

r<sub>1</sub> (x)

T<sub>2</sub>

w<sub>2</sub>, l (4)

w<sub>2</sub> (4)

T<sub>3</sub>

3 S.t.o

$w_1 l(4) \rightarrow$	Aborted due to $T_1$	$T_1$
$w_1 (4)$		$T_1 l(x)$
$ul_1 (x)$		$u_1 (x)$
$ul_1 (4)$		
$C_1$		
	Starts from $T_2$ to	
	$\rightarrow T_2$ restart	
		$w_1 l(z)$
		$w_1 (z)$
$w_2 l(z)$	$(wound)$	$aborted$
	$T_3$	$to T_2$
$w_2 (z)$		
$ul_2 (4)$		
$ul_2 (x)$		
$ul_2 (z)$		
$C_2$		
	from start	
	$\rightarrow T_3$ restart	
		$w_3 l(x)$
		$w_3 (x)$
		$w_3 (z)$
		$ul_3 (x)$
		$C_3$

### ③ strict gpl (wait die)

$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$
$r_1, l(x)$		
$r_1(x)$	$w_2, l(y)$	
	$w_2(y)$	
$w_1, l(4) \rightarrow (\text{want for } T_2)$	$w_2, l(x) \rightarrow \text{Abort}$	
$w_1(4)$		
$ul_1(x) (w-l)$		
$c_1$		
$ul_1(4)$		$w_3, l(z)$
	$w_2(x)$	$w_3(z)$
	$w_2, l(z) \rightarrow (\text{want for } T_3)$	$w_3, l(x) \rightarrow \text{Abort}$
	$w_2(z)$	
	$c_2$	
	$ul_2(4) (w-l)$	
	$ul_2(x) (w-l)$	
	$ul_2(z) (w-l)$	
		$\rightarrow \text{starts from here again}$
		$w_3(x)$
		<del><math>c_3</math></del>
		$ul_3(z) (w-l)$
		$ul_3(x)$

#### ④ Strict (wound-wait)

$T_1$

$\sigma_1 l(x)$

$\sigma_1(x)$

$w_1 l(4)$  wound  $T_1$

$w_1(4)$

$u_1(x) (w-l)$

$C_1$

$u_1(4) \leftarrow w$

$T_2$

$w_2 l(4)$

$w_2(4)$

Aborted due to  $T_1$

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→ Start again from start

$w_2 l(x)$

$w_2(x)$

$w_2 l(z)$  wound ( $T_3$ )

→ Aborted due

$w_2(z)$

$C_2$

$w_2(4) (w-l)$

$w_2(x) (w-l)$

$w_2(z) (w-l)$

→ Starts ago

$w_3 l(y)$

$w_3(x)$

~~$w_3(y)$~~

~~$w_3(x)$~~

$C_3$

$w_3(z)$

$w_3(x)$

## 5) Rigorous (wait-die)

$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$
$w_{1l}(x)$		
$w_1(x)$		
	$w_2(4)$	
	$w_2(4)$	
$w_{1l}(4)$ (wait for $T_2$ )		
:		
$w_1(4)$		
$c_1$		
$w_{1l}(x)$ ( $x-l$ )		
$w_1(4)$ ( $w-l$ )		
	:	
		$w_{3l}(z)$
		$w_3(z)$
	$\rightarrow$ starts again	
	$w_2(x)$	
	$w_{2l}(z) \rightarrow$ (wait for $T_3$ )	
		$w_{3l}(x) \rightarrow$ Abort
	$w_2(z)$	
	$c_2$	
	$w_{2l}(4) - (w-l)$	
	$w_{2l}(x) - (x-l)$	
	$w_2(z) - (w-l)$	
		$\rightarrow$ starts again
		$w_3(x)$
		$c_3$
		$w_{3l}(z) - (w-l)$
		$w_3(x) - (w-l)$

## ⑥ Rigorous (wound-unit)

$T_1$

$w_1 l(x)$

$\sigma_1(x)$

$T_2$

$w_2 l(y)$

$\sigma_2(y)$

$T_3$

$w_1 l(y)$  wound  $T_2 \rightarrow$  aborted due to  $T_1$

$w_1(4)$

$C_1$

$wl_1(x) (n-l)$

$wl_1(4) (n-l)$

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→ starts again

$w_2 l(x)$

$w_2(x)$

$w_2 l(z)$  (wound  $T_3$ )

$w_2(z)$

↓

$wl_3(4) -(n-l)$

$wl_3(x) (n-l)$

$wl_3(z) (n-l)$

$wl_3(2)$

$w_3(2)$

$C_1$

→ Aborted

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→ starts again

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conservative is. More theoretical doesn't matter.  
hen praktische. NO dead lock

## ⑦ Conservative

~~(wait list) also (hand-held)~~ NO dead lock occurs

## ③ Time stamp (Basic)

\* No such scenario exist in PGS schedule for  
lock 74 a little by only

## ④ Time stamp ordering (Strict)

10 Thomas

$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$	$X$	$Y$	$T_1$
$w_1(x)$					
$(w_1(y))$	$w_2(y)$				
Abort			$w_3(z)$		
	$w_2(x)$			$\overline{T}_1, \overline{T}_2$	
			$x \text{ wait}$ $\uparrow w_3(x)$ $WTS(x) < T(z)$ So allocated but it is strict so wait till $T_2$ committed		
Property of strict					
	$w_2(y)$			$\overline{T}_1, \overline{T}_2$	
	$w_2(x)$			$\overline{T}_1, \overline{T}_2$	
	<del><math>\underline{C_2}</math></del>			$\overline{T}_2$	$\overline{T}_2$
			$w_3(z)$	$\overline{T}_2, \overline{T}_3$	
			$C_3$	$\overline{T}_3$	$\overline{B}$
Assign now P.S and start again				$\overline{T}_2, \overline{T}_3$	Completed
$y_1(x)$					
$C_1$					

10 Thomas write Rule

$T_1$	$T_2$	$X$	$Y$	$Z$
$R_{1S}$ $T_0$	$W_{1S}$ $T_0$	$R_{1S}$ $T_0$	$W_{1S}$ $T_0$	$W_{1S}$ $T_0$
$\gamma_1(x)$	$w_2(y)$	$T_1$		$T_1$
$\gamma_1(y) \leftarrow$ ignore it and proceed				
$C_1$	<del><math>w_3(z)</math></del>	$w_3(z)$		$T_0 T_3$
	$w_2(z)$		$T_0 T_2$	
$w_2(z) \leftarrow$ ignore it and proceed				
$C_2$	$w_3(x)$		$T_0 T_2 B$	$T_2$
		$C_3$		$T_3$

$\rightarrow T_1, T_2, T_3$  all completed successfully

Success

## II Multiversion 2PL (Wait-Die)

T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>	Multiver
w <sub>1</sub> (x)			b <sub>1</sub> (x)
b <sub>1</sub> (x)			b <sub>1</sub> (x)
w <sub>1</sub> (y) T <sub>1</sub> wants for T <sub>2</sub>	w <sub>2</sub> (y) w <sub>2</sub> (4)	w <sub>3</sub> (z) w <sub>3</sub> (2)	w <sub>1</sub> (4) w <sub>1</sub> (4) T <sub>2</sub>
	w <sub>2</sub> (x) (allowed in Multi)		
		Abort due	C <sub>1</sub> w <sub>1</sub> (4)
	w <sub>2</sub> (z)		C <sub>1</sub> (x)
	C <sub>2</sub> (4)		C <sub>1</sub> (4)
	C <sub>1</sub> <sub>2</sub> (x) ← Abort		C <sub>1</sub> w <sub>1</sub> (0)
w <sub>1</sub> (4)			w <sub>1</sub> (0)
C <sub>1</sub> (x)			
C <sub>1</sub> (4)			
C <sub>1</sub>			
w <sub>1</sub> (x)			
w <sub>1</sub> (y)			
	Starts again		
	C <sub>1</sub> <sub>2</sub> (x)		
	C <sub>1</sub> <sub>2</sub> (z)		
	C <sub>2</sub>		
	w <sub>2</sub> (x)		
	w <sub>2</sub> (y)		
	w <sub>2</sub> (z)		
		Starts again from	
		w <sub>3</sub> <sup>1</sup> (x)	
		C <sub>3</sub> (z)	
		(C <sub>3</sub> (x))	
		C <sub>3</sub>	
		w <sub>3</sub> (z)	
		w <sub>3</sub> (x)	

## ② Multiversion 2PI (wound wait)

$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$
$w_1(x)$ $w_1(x)$ $w_1(4)$ wound $T_2$ $w_1(y)$	$w_2(4)$ $w_2(4)$ Aborted due to $T_1$	
<del><math>C_1(x) \leftarrow w_0</math></del> wound $T_3$		$w_3(2)$ $w_3(2)$ $w_3(2)$ $w_3(x)$ allowed in multi Aborted due to $T_1$
$C_1(x)$ $C_1(y)$ $C_1$ $w_1(x)$ $w_1(y)$	Starts again from here	
	$w_1(x)$ $w_2(x)$	$\rightarrow$ Starts again but aborted again due to $T_2$
	$w_2(2)$ $w_2(2)$ $C_2(4)$ $C_2(x)$ $C_2(z)$ $w_2(2) w_2(2) w_2(2)$	
		$\rightarrow$ Starts again $C_3(2)$ $C_3(x)$ $C_3$ $w_3(2)$ $w_3(x)$

## 13 Multiversion Time stamp ordering

14

## Optimistic CCT

WT <sub>T<sub>0</sub></sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>3</sub>
T <sub>0,1</sub>	x <sub>1</sub> (x)		
		w <sub>2</sub> (4)	
w <sub>1</sub> (4)		w <sub>3</sub> (2)	
C <sub>1</sub>	w <sub>2</sub> (x)		
	w <sub>2</sub> (2)		
	C <sub>2</sub>	w <sub>3</sub> (x)	
			C <sub>3</sub>

For T<sub>1</sub>

Backward validation = T<sub>1</sub> R = {x}, T<sub>1</sub> w {y}

T<sub>1</sub> R ∩ committed w

$$\{x\} \cap \{\} = \{\}$$

Forward

T<sub>1</sub> w ∩ Active R

$$\{y\} \cap \{\} = \{\}$$

For T<sub>2</sub>

Backward

T<sub>2</sub> R ∩ committed w = {} ∩ {} = {}

Forward

T<sub>2</sub> w ∩ Active R = {x, y, z} ∩ {} = {}

For T<sub>3</sub>

Backward

T<sub>3</sub> R ∩ committed w = {} ∩ {x, y, z} = {}

Forward

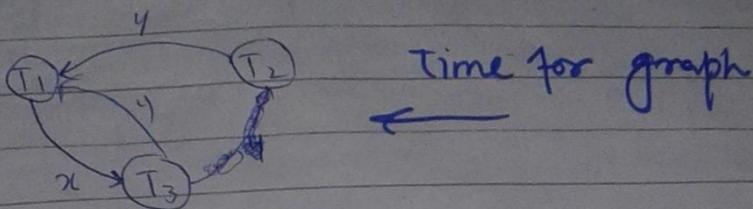
T<sub>3</sub> w ∩ Active R = {x, z} ∩ {} = {}

No issue in optimistic schedule will run correctly Ans

## Schedule NO 2

$S_2 = \gamma_1(z), \gamma_1(y); w_1(4); w_2(4); \gamma_2(z), \gamma_3(x)$   
 $= w_3(x), w_1(x); c_1; w_2(z); \gamma_3(y), c_2, c_3$

lets detect the dead lock first.



dead lock detect by wait for graph  
on above schedule.

$$T_1 < T_2 < T_3$$

## ① Basic 2PL (wait-die)

$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$
$\gamma_{l_1}(z)$		
$\gamma_1(z)$		
$\gamma_{l_1}(y)$		
$\gamma_1(y)$		
$w_{l_1}(4)$		
$w_1(4)$		
	$w_{l_2}(4)$	
		$\gamma_{l_3}(x)$
		$\gamma_3(x)$
		$w_{l_3}(x)$
		$w_3(x)$

Abort - die

, , , , ,

(2) Basic

W<sub>1</sub>(x)

Wait for T<sub>2</sub>

:

W<sub>1</sub>(x)

W<sub>1</sub>(z)

W<sub>1</sub>(y)

W<sub>1</sub>(x)

C<sub>1</sub>

→ Starts from here again

Y<sub>1</sub>(y)

Y<sub>1</sub>(z)

Y<sub>1</sub>(y)

Y<sub>1</sub>(y)

W<sub>1</sub>(y)

W<sub>1</sub>(y)

Abort:

and in waiting  
Que for lock.  
its turn will be  
after T<sub>2</sub>

~~████████~~

W<sub>2</sub>(y)

Y<sub>2</sub>(z)

W<sub>2</sub>(z)

W<sub>2</sub>(z)

W<sub>2</sub>(y)

W<sub>2</sub>(z)

C<sub>2</sub>

→ Starts from  
again

Y<sub>3</sub>(y)

W<sub>3</sub>(x)

W<sub>3</sub>(y)

C<sub>3</sub>

W<sub>1</sub>(x)

round T

W<sub>1</sub>(x)

W<sub>1</sub>(z)

W<sub>1</sub>(y)

W<sub>1</sub>(z)

C<sub>1</sub>