OOP – Assignment 6 Operator Overloading

You are given a cpp file "YourRollNumber.cpp" which contains partial definition of class "MyString" and a driver program Main. Your task is to complete the definition of MyString such that it gives following output:

```
- - X
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
String 1 is Empty.
Str 1 =
Enter String 1: Happy
Enter String 2: Birthday
User Entered:
String 1 = Happy
String 2 = Birthday
Before str1 = str1; str1 = Happy
After str1 = str1, str1 = Happy
Before str4 = str3 = str1+str2
str1 = Happy
str2 = Birthday
str3 =
str4 =
After str4 = str3 = str1+str2
str1 = Happy
str2 = Birthday
str3 = HappyBirthday
str4 = HappyBirthday
Enter String 3: abcd
Enter String 4: abcD
str3 = abcd
str4 = abcD
String 3 is NOT Less than String 4.
Str5: HappyBirthday
Str5[7]: r
Str5: HappyBi$thday
str5(5, 10): Bi$thday
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Important:

You are not allowed to change main program.

YourRollNo.cpp

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class MyString
      //You can add your code here
private:
      char* str;
      int lenght; //including the null char here
      //Add GetStringFromBuffer as private member (helper)
      //Add Concatenate as private member (helper)
      //You can add your class members here
public:
      //-----DO NOT CHANGE REGION starts below-----
      //Do not change the prototypes given below
      MyString operator+(const MyString);
      MyString& operator=(const MyString&);
      bool operator<(MyString); //Comparison on the basis of ascii values</pre>
      //----End of DO NOT CHANGE REGION-----
      //Add your class members here
};
//-----Add your code here-----
//-----DO NOT CHANGE REGION starts below-----
void main()
{
      MyString str1, str2, str3, str4; //Default constructor will make a string of
lenght 1 having null character only i.e. empty string
      if(!str1)
      {
             cout<<"String 1 is Empty.\n";</pre>
             cout<<"Str 1 = "<<str1<<endl<<endl<;</pre>
      }
      cout << "Enter String 1:\t";</pre>
      cin >> str1;
      cout << "Enter String 2:\t";</pre>
      cin >> str2;
      cout << "\n\n\nUser Entered:\n";</pre>
      cout << "String 1 = " << str1 << endl;</pre>
      cout << "String 2 = " << str2 << endl<<endl;</pre>
      //What is following code testing?
      cout<<"Before str1 = str1; str1 = "<<str1<<endl;</pre>
      str1 = str1;
      cout<<"After str1 = str1, str1 = "<<str1<<endl<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"Before str4 = str3 = str1+str2\n";</pre>
      cout<<"str1 = "<<str1<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"str2 = "<<str2<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<"str3 = "<<str3<<endl;</pre>
```

```
cout<<"str4 = "<<str4<<endl;</pre>
       str4 = str3 = str1+str2;
       cout<<"\n\nAfter str4 = str3 = str1+str2\n";</pre>
       cout<<"str1 = "<<str1<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"str2 = "<<str2<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"str3 = "<<str3<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"str4 = "<<str4<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"\n\nEnter String 3:\t";</pre>
       cin >> str3;
       cout<<"\n\nEnter String 4:\t";</pre>
       cin >> str4;
       cout<<"\n\n\nstr3 = "<<str3<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"str4 = "<<str4<<endl;</pre>
       if(str3 < str4)
              cout<<"String 3 is Less than String 4.\n";</pre>
       else
              cout<<"String 3 is NOT Less than String 4.\n";</pre>
       MyString str5 = str1 + str2;
       cout << "\n\n\str5:\t" << str5 << endl;</pre>
       cout << "Str5[7]:\t" << str5[7] << endl; //Function Call: str5.operator[](7).</pre>
       str5[7] = '$';
       cout << "\n\nStr5:\t" << str5 << endl;</pre>
       cout << "\n\nstr5(5, 10):\t" << str5(5, 10) << endl;// Substring of lenght 10</pre>
starting from index 5 . Function Call str5.operator()(5,10) Let the returned MyString or
char* leak
//----End of DO_NOT_CHANGE REGION-----
```