## National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences



## **Laboratory Manual**

for

# **Computer Organization and Assembly Language Programming**

(EL 213)

| Course Instructor | Ms. Aatira Anum                   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Lab Instructor(s) | M. Salman Mubarik<br>Rasaal Ahmad |
| Section           | Н                                 |
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Department of Computer Science

FAST-NU, Lahore, Pakistan

### **Objectives**

After performing this lab, students shall be able to:

- ✓ Subroutines
- ✓ Display Memory
- ✓ String Instructions
- ✓ Hooking
- ✓ Interrupts

**Exercise 1:** Write a program that takes a c-string *myStr* and two characters *charToFind* and *charToReplace* from the user and replaces all the occurrences of *charToFind* with *charToReplace* in *myStr* and shows it on display memory. Your program should create a space of 50 characters on the heap in order to save *myStr*.

### **Sample Output:**

InputString: ddsdfhgrtsdfhjghjksdd

CharToFind: d
CharToReplace: \$

ModifiedString: \$\$s\$fhgrts\$fhjghjks\$\$

Exercise 2: Hook int 80h such that whenever Left, Up, Down, and right keys are pressed the asterisk onscreen will mow Left, Up, down, and right respectively.

Initially, your start code should do the following:

#### customISRforINT80h:

; check what input key is pressed and move the asterisk on the screen accordingly.

#### start:

- ; clear screen
- ; print an asterisk in the middle of the screen.
- ; hook int80h
- ; infinite loop for testing

<u>Exercise 3:</u> The following program keeps taking a key from the user and filling the screen with this key. Fix the code such that it exits when the user presses ESC (Escape).

```
; Infinite Key Printing
[org 0x0100]
jmp start
;-----
printKey: push ax
                   pop bx; bx=ax
                   push es
                   push ax
                   push cx
                   push di
                   mov ax, 0xb800
                   mov es, ax; point es to video base
                   xor di, di ; point di to top left column
                   mov al, bl
                   mov ah, 0x07; normal attribute
                   mov cx, 2000; number of screen locations
                   cld ; auto increment mode
                   rep stosw; clear the whole screen
                   pop cx
                   pop ax
                   pop es
                   ret
start: mov ah, 0 ; service 0 - get keystroke
            int 0x16; call BIOS keyboard service
            call printKey ; clear the screen
            jmp start
            mov ax, 0x4c00; terminate program
            int 0x21
```

**Exercise 4:** Write a code to read a key from the keyboard and displays the next character on screen. For example, if 'e' is pressed then 'f' is displayed.

Exercise 5: Write an assembly code that performs following functions.

| Clear the screen.  |
|--|
| Write "C" on screen at coordinates (12,40)                           |
| Wait for a key to be pressed,  |
| If a 'L' is pressed, display 'Left' on left of 'C' (output = Left C) |
| If a 'R' pressed, display 'Right' on right of 'C' (Output = Right C) |