LAB ASSIGNMENT

Roll NUMBER: IMH/10004/18

Question 1	Given an array of integers. The task is to rearrange elements of the array such that no two	Date : 04/06/2021
	adjacent elements in the array are same.	

NAME: Aashirwad Kumar

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define fast ios::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
typedef long long ll;typedef long double ld;typedef pair<int,int> pii;
#define F first
#define S second
#define PB push back
#define MP make pair
void solve(){
  int n;int i;int j;
      cin>>n;
  int a[n];
  for(i=0;i<n;i++){
     cin>>a[i]:
  if((n)\%2==0){
     i=1:
     j=floor(n/2);
     int k=j;
     for (i=1;i \le floor(n/2);i=i+2){
     swap(a[i],a[j]);
     j=j+2;
     if(j>=n){break;}
     }
     sort(a,a+k);
     sort(a+k,a+n,greater<int>());
  }
  else{
     i=1:
     i=floor(n/2)+1;
     int k=j;
     for (i=1;i <= floor(n/2);i=i+2){
     swap(a[i],a[j]);
     i=i+2;
     if(j>=n){break;}
     }
     sort(a,a+k);
```

```
sort(a+k,a+n,greater<int>());
  }
     for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        cout<<a[i]<<" ";
}
int main(){
  fast:
  int t = 1;
  while(t--){
     solve();
  }
  #ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
    cout<<"\nTime Elapsed : " << 1.0*clock() / CLOCKS_PER_SEC << " s\n";</pre>
  #endif
  return 0;
}
```

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```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define fast ios::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
typedef long long ll;typedef long double ld;typedef pair<int,int> pii;
#define F first
#define S second
#define PB push back
#define MP make_pair
class Graph{
int V;
list<pair<int,int>>*I;
public:
Graph(int v){
   V=v:
   l=new list<pair<int,int>>[V];
void addEdge(int u,int v,int w){
  I[u].push back(make pair(w,v));
  I[v].push back(make pair(w,u));
}
int find(bool* visited , int* weight ,int v){
   int minvertex=-1:
   for(int i=0;i<v;i++){
     if(!visited[i]&&(minvertex==-1||weight[i]<weight[minvertex]))</pre>
     {
        minvertex=i:
     }
   return minvertex;
}
void prim(){
   bool* visited = new bool[V];
   int *parent = new int [V];
   int* weight =new int[V];
  for(int i=0;i<V;i++){
     weight[i]=INT MAX;
     visited[i]=false;
```

```
}
  parent[0]=-1;
  weight[0]=0;
  for(int i=0;i<V-1;i++){
    int minvertex=find(visited,weight,V);
    visited[minvertex]=true;
    for(auto n:l[minvertex]){
       if(!visited[n.second]){
         if(weight[n.second]>n.first){
            weight[n.second]=n.first;
            parent[n.second]=minvertex;
         }
       }
    }
  }
for(int i=1;i<V;i++)
       cout<<i<"--"<<parent[i]<<" with weight "<<weight[i]<<"\n";
     }
}
};
int main(){
  fast;
  int n,m;
  cin>>n>>m;
  Graph g(n);
  for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
    int x,y,w;
    cin>>x>>y>>w;
    g.addEdge(x,y,w);
  }
  g.prim();
  #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    cout<<"\nTime Elapsed : " << 1.0*clock() / CLOCKS_PER_SEC << " s\n";</pre>
  #endif
  return 0;
```

Question	3
----------	---

Given a weighted undirected graph. Finds a subset of the edges that forms a tree that includes every vertex, where the total weight of all the edges in the tree is minimized by using prims approach.

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```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define fast ios::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
typedef long long ll;typedef long double ld;typedef pair<int,int> pii;
#define F first
#define S second
#define PB push back
#define MP make pair
class Graph{
int V:
list<pair<int,int>>*I;
public:
Graph(int v){
   V=v;
   l=new list<pair<int,int>>[V];
void addEdge(int u,int v,int w){
  I[u].push back(make pair(w,v));
  I[v].push back(make pair(w,u));
}
int find(bool* visited , int* weight ,int v){
   int minvertex=-1;
   for(int i=0;i<v;i++){
     if(!visited[i]&&(minvertex==-1||weight[i]<weight[minvertex]))</pre>
        minvertex=i;
   return minvertex;
}
void prim(){
   bool* visited = new bool[V];
   int *parent = new int [V];
   int* weight =new int[V];
```

```
for(int i=0;i<V;i++){
    weight[i]=INT MAX;
    visited[i]=false;
  }
  parent[0]=-1;
  weight[0]=0;
  for(int i=0;i<V-1;i++){
    int minvertex=find(visited,weight,V);
    visited[minvertex]=true;
    for(auto n:l[minvertex]){
       if(!visited[n.second]){
         if(weight[n.second]>n.first){
            weight[n.second]=n.first;
            parent[n.second]=minvertex;
         }
       }
    }
  }
for(int i=1;i<V;i++)
       cout<<i<"--"<<parent[i]<<" with weight "<<weight[i]<<"\n";
}
};
int main(){
  fast:
  int n,m;
  cin>>n>>m;
  Graph q(n);
  for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
    int x,y,w;
    cin>>x>>y>>w;
    g.addEdge(x,y,w);
  g.prim();
  #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    cout<<"\nTime Elapsed : " << 1.0*clock() / CLOCKS_PER_SEC << " s\n";</pre>
  #endif
```

```
return 0;
}
```

```
Current > ≡ input.txt
      7 8
      0 3 4
      0 1 6
      1 2 5
      3 2 7 3 4 2
      4 6 3
  9
≡ outρut.txt ×
Current > ≣ output.txt
  1 1--0 with weight 6
2 2--1 with weight 5
      3--0 with weight 4
      4--3 with weight 2
      5--6 with weight 1
      6--4 with weight 3
      Time Elapsed : 0.003337 s
```

Question 4	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected	
	undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find	
	algorithms in your program.	

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```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define fast ios::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
typedef long long II;typedef long double Id;typedef pair<int,int> pii;
#define F first
#define S second
#define PB push_back
#define MP make pair
const II mod = 1e9+7, N = 2e6+7, M = 2e6+7, INF = INT MAX/10;
II powe(II x, II y) { x = x\% \mod, y=y\% \pmod{-1}; II ans = 1; while(y>0) { if (y&1) { ans = (1|I|
* x * ans)%mod;}y>>=1;x = (1|| * x * x)%mod;}return ans;}
class Edge{
  public:
  int src:
  int dest:
  int weight;
};
int findParent(int v,int *parent){
  if(parent[v]==v){
     return v;
  return findParent(parent[v],parent);
}
bool compare(Edge e1, Edge e2){
  return e1.weight<e2.weight;
}
void Kruskals(Edge *input,int n,int E){
  sort(input,input+E,compare);
  Edge *output = new Edge[n-1];
int *parent = new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
  parent[i]=i;
```

```
}
  int count =0;
  int i=0;
  while(count!=n-1){
    Edge currentEdge=input[i];
    int sourceParent=findParent(currentEdge.src ,parent);
    int destParent=findParent(currentEdge.dest ,parent);
    if(sourceParent != destParent){
       output[count]=currentEdge;
       count++;
       parent[sourceParent]=destParent;
    i++;
  for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){
    cout<<output[i].src<<" "<<output[i].dest<<" "<<output[i].weight<<endl;</pre>
  }
}
int main(){
  fast;
  int n,E;
  cin>>n>>E;
  Edge *input =new Edge[E];
  for(int i=0;i<E;i++){
    int s,d,w;
    cin>>s>>d>>w;
    input[i].src=s;
    input[i].dest=d;
    input[i].weight=w;
  }
Kruskals(input,n,E);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Current > ≡ input.txt
      6 11
      0 1 2
      1 3 1
     0 2 4
      2 4 9
     4 5 5
      3 5 7
     4 3 11
      2 5 10
     0 3 3
 10
 11
      2 1 8
     2 3 6
 12
 13

■ output.txt ×
Current > ≡ output.txt
      1 3 1
      0 1 2
      0 2 4
      4 5 5
      3 5 7
```

Question 5 Write a program to implement BFS and DFS Date : 01/06/20	21
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```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define fast ios::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
typedef long long ll;typedef long double ld;typedef pair<int,int> pii;
#define F first
#define S second
#define PB push_back
#define MP make_pair
```

```
class Graph{
int V;
list<int> *adjList;
public:
Graph(int v){
   V=v;
   adjList=new list<int>[V];
}
void addEdge(int u,int v,bool bidir=true){
   adjList[u].push back(v);
   if(bidir){
     adjList[v].push_back(u);
   }
}
void printAdjList(){
   for(int i=0;i<V;i++){
     cout<<i<" ->";
     for(int node:adjList[i]){
        cout<<node<<",";
     cout<<endl;
   }
}
void bfs(int src){
  queue<int>q;
  bool *visited=new bool[V+1]{0};
  q.push(src);
  visited[src]=true;
  while(!q.empty()){
     int node = q.front();
     cout<<node<<" ";
     q.pop();
    for(int n:adjList[node]){
       if(!visited[n]){
         q.push(n);
          visited[n]=true;
       }
     }
  cout<<endl;
}
```

```
void dfs_helper(int src,bool* visited){
cout<<src<<" ";
visited[src]=true;
for(int n:adjList[src] ){
  if(!visited[n]){
    dfs helper(n,visited);
  }
}
}
void dfs(int src){
  bool *visited = new bool[V+1]{0};
  dfs helper(src,visited);
}
};
int main(){
  fast;
  Graph g(6);
  g.addEdge(0,1);
  g.addEdge(1,2);
  g.addEdge(2,3);
  g.addEdge(3,4);
  g.addEdge(4,5);
  g.addEdge(3,0);
  // g.printAdjList();
  cout<<"BFS"<<endl;
  g.bfs(0);
  cout<<"DFS"<<endl;
  g.dfs(0);
  cout<<endl;
  #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    cout<<"\nTime Elapsed : " << 1.0*clock() / CLOCKS_PER SEC << " s\n";</pre>
  #endif
  return 0;
}
```

```
Current > ≡ output.txt

1 BFS
2 0 1 3 2 4 5
3 DFS
4 0 1 2 3 4 5
5
6 Time Elapsed : 0.003464 s
```

Instruction:

- 1 Don't try to copy and paste the code from each other or from the internet and write all the lab assignment in the above format only.
- 2 After writing all the lab assignments convert the word file to PDF then submit it in the google classroom in the assignment section.
- 3 All the file names must be your roll number in proper format .