

1 Puzzle A

1. $\forall x \text{Baby}(x) \implies \neg \text{Rational}(x)$
2. $\forall x \text{ManageAnAlligator}(x) \implies \neg \text{Loathed}(x)$
3. $\forall x \neg \text{Rational}(x) \implies \text{Loathed}(x)$
4. **(conclusion)** $\text{Baby}(\text{Alex}) \implies \neg \text{ManageAnAlligator}(\text{Alex})$

Converting to clausal form:

1. $\neg \text{Baby}(x) \vee \neg \text{Rational}(x)$
2. $\neg \text{ManageAnAlligator}(x) \vee \neg \text{Loathed}(x)$
3. $\text{Rational}(x) \vee \text{Loathed}(x)$
4. **(conclusion)** $\neg \text{Baby}(\text{Alex}) \vee \neg \text{ManageAnAlligator}(\text{Alex})$

Proof by resolution refutation:

Adding negative of **conclusion** to KB (i.e. sentences 1, 2, 3):

5. $\text{Baby}(\text{Alex}) \wedge \text{ManageAnAlligator}(\text{Alex})$
6. $\text{Baby}(\text{Alex})$ 5, And-Elimination
7. $\text{ManageAnAlligator}(\text{Alex})$ 5, And-Elimination
8. $\neg \text{Rational}(\text{Alex}) \{ \text{Alex}/x \}$ 1,6 Modus Ponens
9. $\text{Loathed}(\text{Alex}) \{ \text{Alex}/x \}$ 3,8 Modus Ponens
10. $\neg \text{ManageAnAlligator}(\text{Alex}) \{ \text{Alex}/x \}$ 2,9 Modus Ponens
11. NIL 7,10 Modus Ponens

Therefore, the conclusion is **true**.

2 Puzzle B

Assumptions:

1. $\forall x(\exists y(Eats(x, y) \wedge Pizza(y)) \implies Happy(x))$
2. $\forall x(Foodie(x) \implies \exists y((Pizza(y) \vee Salad(y)) \wedge Eats(x, y)))$
3. $\forall x(\exists y(Eats(x, y) \wedge Salad(y)) \implies Healthy(x))$
4. $\forall x(Healthy(x) \implies Gyms(x))$
5. $\forall x(\forall y(Nice(x) \wedge Happy(y)) \implies \neg Dated(x, y))$
6. $Nice(Ann) \wedge Foodie(Peter)$

Goal:

$\neg Gyms(Peter) \implies \neg Dated(Ann, Peter)$

Input to Prover9:

```
formulas(assumptions).
all x (exists y (Eats(x, y) & Pizza(y)) -> Happy(x)).
all x (Foodie(x) -> exists y ((Salad(y) | Pizza(y)) & Eats(x, y))).
all x (exists y (Eats(x, y) & Salad(y)) -> Healthy(x)).
all x (Healthy(x) -> Gyms(x)).
all x (all y ((Nice(x) & Happy(y)) -> -Dated(x, y))).
Nice(Ann) & Foodie(Peter).
end_of_list.

formulas(goals).
-Gyms(Peter) -> -Dated(Ann, Peter).
end_of_list.
```

Output from Prover9:

```
===== Prover9 =====
Prover9 (64) version 2009-11A, November 2009.
Process 39550 was started by axy190020 on csgrads1.utdallas.edu,
Fri Mar 12 16:15:02 2021
The command was "LADR-2009-11A/bin/prover9".
===== end of head =====

===== INPUT =====

formulas(assumptions).
(all x ((exists y (Eats(x,y) & Pizza(y))) -> Happy(x))).
(all x (Foodie(x) -> (exists y ((Salad(y) | Pizza(y)) & Eats(x,y))))).
(all x ((exists y (Eats(x,y) & Salad(y))) -> Healthy(x))).
(all x (Healthy(x) -> Gyms(x))).
(all x all y (Nice(x) & Happy(y) -> -Dated(x,y))).
Nice(Ann) & Foodie(Peter).
end_of_list.
```

```
formulas(goals).
-Gyms(Peter) -> -Dated(Ann,Peter).
end_of_list.

===== end of input =====

===== PROCESS NON-CLAUSAL FORMULAS =====

% Formulas that are not ordinary clauses:
1 (all x ((exists y (Eats(x,y) & Pizza(y))) -> Happy(x))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
2 (all x (Foodie(x) -> (exists y ((Salad(y) | Pizza(y)) & Eats(x,y)))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
3 (all x ((exists y (Eats(x,y) & Salad(y))) -> Healthy(x))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
4 (all x (Healthy(x) -> Gyms(x))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
5 (all x all y (Nice(x) & Happy(y) -> -Dated(x,y))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
6 Nice(Ann) & Foodie(Peter) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
7 -Gyms(Peter) -> -Dated(Ann,Peter) # label(non_clause) # label(goal). [goal].

===== end of process non-clausal formulas ===

===== PROCESS INITIAL CLAUSES =====

% Clauses before input processing:

formulas(usable).
end_of_list.

formulas(sos).
-Eats(x,y) | -Pizza(y) | Happy(x). [clausify(1)].
-Foodie(x) | Salad(f1(x)) | Pizza(f1(x)). [clausify(2)].
-Foodie(x) | Eats(x,f1(x)). [clausify(2)].
-Eats(x,y) | -Salad(y) | Healthy(x). [clausify(3)].
-Healthy(x) | Gyms(x). [clausify(4)].
-Nice(x) | -Happy(y) | -Dated(x,y). [clausify(5)].
Nice(Ann). [clausify(6)].
Foodie(Peter). [clausify(6)].
-Gyms(Peter). [deny(7)].
Dated(Ann,Peter). [deny(7)].
end_of_list.

formulas(demodulators).
end_of_list.

===== PREDICATE ELIMINATION =====

Eliminating Eats/2
8 -Foodie(x) | Eats(x,f1(x)). [clausify(2)].
9 -Eats(x,y) | -Pizza(y) | Happy(x). [clausify(1)].
Derived: -Foodie(x) | -Pizza(f1(x)) | Happy(x). [resolve(8,b,9,a)].
10 -Eats(x,y) | -Salad(y) | Healthy(x). [clausify(3)].
Derived: -Salad(f1(x)) | Healthy(x) | -Foodie(x). [resolve(10,a,8,b)].

Eliminating Foodie/1
11 Foodie(Peter). [clausify(6)].
12 -Foodie(x) | Salad(f1(x)) | Pizza(f1(x)). [clausify(2)].
Derived: Salad(f1(Peter)) | Pizza(f1(Peter)). [resolve(11,a,12,a)].
13 -Foodie(x) | -Pizza(f1(x)) | Happy(x). [resolve(8,b,9,a)].
Derived: -Pizza(f1(Peter)) | Happy(Peter). [resolve(13,a,11,a)].
14 -Salad(f1(x)) | Healthy(x) | -Foodie(x). [resolve(10,a,8,b)].
Derived: -Salad(f1(Peter)) | Healthy(Peter). [resolve(14,c,11,a)].

Eliminating Healthy/1
15 -Salad(f1(Peter)) | Healthy(Peter). [resolve(14,c,11,a)].
```

```
16 -Healthy(x) | Gyms(x). [clausify(4)].
Derived: -Salad(f1(Peter)) | Gyms(Peter). [resolve(15,b,16,a)].
```

```
Eliminating Nice/1
17 Nice(Ann). [clausify(6)].
18 -Nice(x) | -Happy(y) | -Dated(x,y). [clausify(5)].
Derived: -Happy(x) | -Dated(Ann,x). [resolve(17,a,18,a)].
```

```
Eliminating Gyms/1
19 -Salad(f1(Peter)) | Gyms(Peter). [resolve(15,b,16,a)].
20 -Gyms(Peter). [deny(7)].
Derived: -Salad(f1(Peter)). [resolve(19,b,20,a)].
```

```
Eliminating Dated/2
21 -Happy(x) | -Dated(Ann,x). [resolve(17,a,18,a)].
22 Dated(Ann,Peter). [deny(7)].
Derived: -Happy(Peter). [resolve(21,b,22,a)].
```

```
Eliminating Salad/1
23 -Salad(f1(Peter)). [resolve(19,b,20,a)].
24 Salad(f1(Peter)) | Pizza(f1(Peter)). [resolve(11,a,12,a)].
Derived: Pizza(f1(Peter)). [resolve(23,a,24,a)].
```

```
Eliminating Pizza/1
25 Pizza(f1(Peter)). [resolve(23,a,24,a)].
26 -Pizza(f1(Peter)) | Happy(Peter). [resolve(13,a,11,a)].
Derived: Happy(Peter). [resolve(25,a,26,a)].
```

```
Eliminating Happy/1
27 Happy(Peter). [resolve(25,a,26,a)].
28 -Happy(Peter). [resolve(21,b,22,a)].
Derived: $F. [resolve(27,a,28,a)].
```

```
===== end predicate elimination =====
```

```
Auto_denials: (no changes).
```

```
Term ordering decisions:
Predicate symbol precedence: predicate_order([ ]).
Function symbol precedence: function_order([ ]).
After inverse_order: (no changes).
Unfolding symbols: (none).
```

```
Auto_inference settings:
% set(neg_binary_resolution). % (HNE depth_diff=0)
% clear(ordered_res). % (HNE depth_diff=0)
% set(ur_resolution). % (HNE depth_diff=0)
% set(ur_resolution) -> set(pos_ur_resolution).
% set(ur_resolution) -> set(neg_ur_resolution).
```

```
Auto_process settings: (no changes).
```

```
===== PROOF =====
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```
% Proof 1 at 0.01 (+ 0.00) seconds.
% Length of proof is 29.
% Level of proof is 8.
% Maximum clause weight is 0.000.
% Given clauses 0.
```

```
1 (all x ((exists y (Eats(x,y) & Pizza(y))) -> Happy(x))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
2 (all x (Foodie(x) -> (exists y ((Salad(y) | Pizza(y)) & Eats(x,y))))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
```

```

3 (all x ((exists y (Eats(x,y) & Salad(y))) -> Healthy(x))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
4 (all x (Healthy(x) -> Gyms(x))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
5 (all x all y (Nice(x) & Happy(y) -> -Dated(x,y))) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
6 Nice(Ann) & Foodie(Peter) # label(non_clause). [assumption].
7 -Gyms(Peter) -> -Dated(Ann,Peter) # label(non_clause) # label(goal). [goal].
8 -Foodie(x) | Eats(x,f1(x)). [clausify(2)].
9 -Eats(x,y) | -Pizza(y) | Happy(x). [clausify(1)].
10 -Eats(x,y) | -Salad(y) | Healthy(x). [clausify(3)].
11 Foodie(Peter). [clausify(6)].
12 -Foodie(x) | Salad(f1(x)) | Pizza(f1(x)). [clausify(2)].
13 -Foodie(x) | -Pizza(f1(x)) | Happy(x). [resolve(8,b,9,a)].
14 -Salad(f1(x)) | Healthy(x) | -Foodie(x). [resolve(10,a,8,b)].
15 -Salad(f1(Peter)) | Healthy(Peter). [resolve(14,c,11,a)].
16 -Healthy(x) | Gyms(x). [clausify(4)].
17 Nice(Ann). [clausify(6)].
18 -Nice(x) | -Happy(y) | -Dated(x,y). [clausify(5)].
19 -Salad(f1(Peter)) | Gyms(Peter). [resolve(15,b,16,a)].
20 -Gyms(Peter). [deny(7)].
21 -Happy(x) | -Dated(Ann,x). [resolve(17,a,18,a)].
22 Dated(Ann,Peter). [deny(7)].
23 -Salad(f1(Peter)). [resolve(19,b,20,a)].
24 Salad(f1(Peter)) | Pizza(f1(Peter)). [resolve(11,a,12,a)].
25 Pizza(f1(Peter)). [resolve(23,a,24,a)].
26 -Pizza(f1(Peter)) | Happy(Peter). [resolve(13,a,11,a)].
27 Happy(Peter). [resolve(25,a,26,a)].
28 -Happy(Peter). [resolve(21,b,22,a)].
29 $F. [resolve(27,a,28,a)].

```

===== end of proof =====

===== STATISTICS =====

```

Given=0. Generated=1. Kept=0. proofs=1.
Usable=0. Sos=0. Demods=0. Limbo=0. Disabled=22. Hints=0.
Kept_by_rule=0. Deleted_by_rule=0.
Forward_subsumed=0. Back_subsumed=0.
Sos_limit_deleted=0. Sos_displaced=0. Sos_removed=0.
New_demodulators=0 (0 lex), Back_demodulated=0. Back_unit_deleted=0.
Demod_attempts=0. Demod_rewrites=0.
Res_instance_prunes=0. Para_instance_prunes=0. Basic_paramod_prunes=0.
Nonunit_fsub_feature_tests=0. Nonunit_bsub_feature_tests=0.
Megabytes=0.04.
User_CPU=0.01, System_CPU=0.00, Wall_clock=0.

```

===== end of statistics =====

===== end of search =====

THEOREM PROVED

Exiting with 1 proof.

Process 39550 exit (max_proofs) Fri Mar 12 16:15:02 2021

Therefore, the conclusion is **true**.