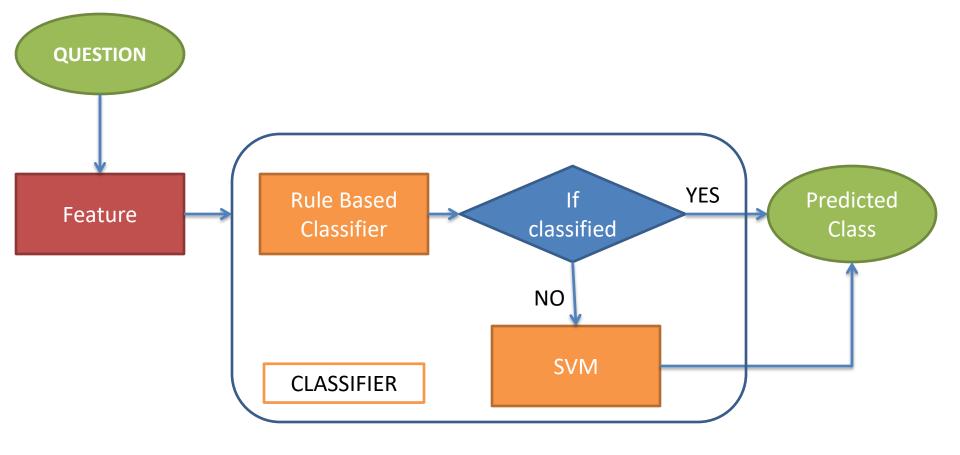
Amazon-Qlearn

https://inclass.kaggle.com/c/amazon-qlearn/

Aashraya Sachdeva https://www.kaggle.com/aashsach aashrayasachdeva2@gmail.com +91-9582254549 Software Engineering And Analysis Lab Department of CSA Indian Institute of Science Bangalore, 560012



Architecture

Feature Extraction

The input question text is represented by following vectors:

- 1. Input text/ Text tokens (**TOKS**): Its just input text tokenized to words.
- 2. Part-of-Speech (**POS**) of text: Part of speech tagging for every token[1].
- 3. Entity Tagging(EnT): Assigns labels to contiguous spans of tokens[2].
- 4. Noun-vector (**NV**): All words in **EnT** are added. Every noun word that's not in **EnT** is mapped against a **synonym dictionar**y. If matched, the synonym is kept in Noun-vector else dropped. All words which are not Noun are dropped. Finally, all the words in **NV** are stemmed.

Synonym Dictionary

A dictionary is created which maps common words to their closest synonyms using one of following ways:

- 1. Xin and Roth[3] has a list of synonyms available at [4].
- 2. A synset of phrases: "person", "place", "substance", "quantity" using wordnet[5] was created. A Noun is classified into to closest synset group (if not found in above list) if its distance is less than 6.
- [1] https://spacy.io/docs/usage/pos-tagging

[5] https://wordnet.princeton.edu/

[4] http://cogcomp.cs.illinois.edu/Data/QA/QC/QC.tar

- [2] https://spacy.io/docs/usage/entity-recognition
- [3] Xin Li, Dan Roth, Learning Question Classifiers. COLING'02, Aug., 2002.

Rule Based Classifier

- Rules are created manually using following:
- 1. Unigram and bigram frequency distribution of TOKS and POS in Test Data.
- 2. English Domain knowledge.

Class 0: Abbreviation

- 1. An acronym and "*mean*" in TOKS
- 2. An acronym and "What is" in TOKS
- 3. TOKS contains any of: "stand for", "abbreviation", acronym".

Class 1: Human

1. TOKS starts with any of: "Whom", "Whose"," Who".

Class 2: Location

- 1. TOKS starts with "Where".
- 2. TOKS starts with "Is there" and TOKS contains "place".
- 3. TOKS starts with "Which" and TOKS contains "place".

Class 3: Description

- 1. TOKS starts with any of: "Why", "If"., "Define", "Describe", "Explain", "Suggest", "Give reason".
- 2. TOKS starts with "Which" and not followed by a POS-JJ or POS-RB.

Class 4: Entity:

NO RULES

Class 5: Description

1. TOKS starts with "Which" and followed by a POS-JJ or POS-RB.

Support Vector Machine (SVM)

Class Prediction:

- SVM is trained for classes 1,2,3,4,5. Class 0 data is excluded from training.
- 2. Thus does not predict class 0.
- 3. Class 0 prediction is done only by Rule based Classifier.

Classifier: ONE-VS-REST

Input Feature: Bag-of-word representation of NV and TOK

Kernel: Linear

Regularization Constant (C): 1.0.

Training Procedure:

- 1. Cross-validation Grid search: C was estimated by training SVM on 80% of training data and validation on rest 20%.
- Train SVM on entire train Data with estimated C.